

ARMISTICE MADE FOR ALL MEXICO

Peace Conference at Juarez Agrees to Suspend Hostilities Five Days.

TREATY SOON TO FOLLOW

Terms Are Arranged in General and Diaz' Offer to Resign Removes Last Obstacle--Madero Picks Men for Cabinet.

JUAREZ, Mexico, May 17.—Judge Carbajal, representing the Mexican federal government, and Dr. Vasquez Gomez, Jose Pino Cuarez and Francisco Madero, Sr., representing the provisional government, agreed at 5 o'clock tonight to declare a five days' armistice throughout Mexico, to take effect immediately upon receipt by Judge Carbajal of formal authorization from Mexico City, which came at 11 o'clock tonight.

The signing of an armistice is a military prerogative and was not included in Judge Carbajal's diplomatic instructions. There is no federal military commander here, General Navarro having been deposed by the taking of Juarez. Hence the need of authority from Mexico City.

Armistice First Complete One.

The armistice will be the first general cessation of hostilities since the revolution began last November and was decided upon by Provisional President Madero this afternoon immediately after the receipt of an Associated Press dispatch from Mexico City stating that President Diaz had offered to resign before the end of the present month.

News of vigorous warfare in Central and Southern Mexico, which Madero considers unnecessary in view of the progress made toward a possible settlement of the revolt, also induced the rebel chief to act quickly and prevent further loss of life or suffering.

Both Madero and Judge Carbajal expressed the belief tonight that the five-day armistice would be superseded by the signing of a definite peace agreement calculated to restore in Mexico an era of complete tranquillity within a month.

It is expected that Minister of Foreign Relations Senor De la Barra, by constitutional authority, will assume the provisional Presidency of the republic upon the resignation of President Diaz.

The armistice terms include the neutralization of railway and telegraph lines and the cessation of hostile troop movements.

When Madero was shown an Associated Press dispatch from Mexico City concerning Diaz' intention of resigning before the month ended, he asked: "What day is it?"

"The 17th," was the answer. "Buena" (good), commented the rebel leader, as he began to be excused to continue his work of drafting the peace treaty.

Cabinet Members Chosen.

Earlier today Madero confirmed the announcement of the Associated Press last night that General Gonzales Salas, Senor Vasquez Tagle and Dr. Vasquez Gomez have been named by him for the portfolios of war, justice and government, respectively.

He conferred today with his Cabinet about the gubernatorial appointments of the 14 states to be controlled by the revolutionists, and it may be several days before all the governors are selected, as the rebel chiefs wish to get in touch with public opinion in distant states.

Some of the leaders have raised a technicality which tonight is somewhat of a dilemma to those who are trying to bring about peace. It is that no peace agreement can be reached until the appointment of provisional governors, as such officials are elected by the State Legislatures and that these bodies might not feel disposed to follow the dictates of the compact. Madero, however, believes that the State Legislatures are by this time of strong Maderista tendencies.

Madero Proclaims Armistice.

Immediately after Judge Carbajal signed the armistice, the following proclamation to the military chiefs of the revolution, which contains the terms of the armistice, was made public by provisional President F. I. Madero, Jr.:

"I hereby make known to all the chiefs of the army of liberation in the whole republic that, General Porfirio Diaz, having announced his intention of resigning from the military office of representative of my government and the representatives of the government of General Diaz have signed a general armistice for five days which will terminate on this month at 11 P. M. In substance, I have agreed to suspend all kinds of hostilities respecting which the armistice contains the following clauses:

"First—Both contending armies shall suspend any advance of troops.

"Second—Each one of the contending parties shall reserve the right to direct the mobilization of its forces within the territory under its control with the object of seeking good quarters.

"Third—The safe conduct which the various conferences of both armies may ask shall be respected and facilities for the free use of the telegraph and mail shall be given.

"Both parties are obliged to communicate immediately by telegraph or otherwise this armistice to the military officers to whom they look for an immediate fulfillment of these conditions."

AMERICANS ARE DRIVEN OUT

Mexicans at Ensenada Said to Have Shot Two Foreigners.

SAN DIEGO, May 17.—Refugees arriving by steamer from Ensenada today bring reports of chaotic conditions in the Lower California capital and of the execution yesterday of an American and a man supposed to be a Norwegian. None of the refugees witnessed the execution and their information was drawn from reports current in Ensenada the day they left.

Work on the big pier being built at Ensenada was stopped yesterday. It is stated by a mob of Mexican soldiers, who for a time threatened to attack the American workmen, Charles Moore, one of the refugees, said today that the result was an order of the Governor for all American workmen there employed to return to the United States.

Moore also declared that an American and a Norwegian were compelled yesterday morning to dig their own graves in the burial ground near Ensenada and were afterward shot by a squad of Mexican soldiers.

All the books and records of a British

PEACE CONFEREES IN SESSION NEAR JUAREZ, AND INSURRECTO LEADER'S BODYGUARD.



PHOTOS COURTESY OF AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION. ABOVE—JOSE MAIRE TUARY, DR. VASQUEZ GOMEZ, FRANCISCO MADERO AND LIEUTENANT CARBAJAL. BELOW—CAPTAIN OF GUARD ON DUTY AT MADERO'S 'WHITE HOUSE'.

REBELS MAY DEFTY MADERO

Interior Bands Threaten to Keep Up War, in Spite of Leader.

JUAREZ, Mex., May 17.—Indications of unrest among the insurrectos who are operating in the interior and intimations that they might begin a campaign apart from Madero were brought to insurrecto headquarters today.

TRICKERY IS CHARGED

HOOD RIVER MILLIONAIRE IS SUED BY EX-WIFE.

Mrs. Montgomery, Seeking Custody of Children, Says Oregon Man Changed Wording of Decree.

OAKLAND, Cal., May 17.—(Special.)—Suit has been filed in the Superior Court here by Mrs. A. E. Montgomery, formerly Miss Ethel Meek, against her former husband, Albert Sutton, the millionaire Hood River apple grower, for the custody of her two children, who were taken from the jurisdiction of the California courts at the time of the divorce decree and taken to Oregon.

Mrs. Montgomery, whose present husband is a prominent realty owner, is a resident of the Clatsop district and is the daughter of the late William Meek, the Hayward millionaire land-owner. Sutton secured a divorce from her two years ago on the simple plea of desertion, the custody of the two daughters, Alberta, 14, and Anna, 12, being awarded to the father.

In granting the interlocutory decree the following words were inserted: "The defendant shall have the right to visit her children at any reasonable time at the home of their father in the city and county of San Francisco."

This gave the mother the right to visit her children and also prohibited the father from removing them from the state without her consent.

But when the final decree was granted, Sutton, according to Attorney Clarence Reed, has the words "in the city and county of San Francisco" omitted, leaving only the sentence "at the home of their father." This omission was noticed by either the judge or the attorneys for the defense, and the order was signed.

Sutton immediately moved to Oregon with the two girls and obtained letters of guardianship for the two children through the Oregon courts. He later married and has one child by his last wife.

Rebels Trust De la Barra.

The reservation made regarding the foreign office probably will be acceptable to the revolutionists. At no time has De la Barra incurred the personal antagonism of the revolutionists, but he has done everything in his power to bring the two factions together. It is almost entirely through his efforts that an understanding is so near.

The proposition that the affairs of his office be conducted by a sub-secretary named by Mr. De la Barra in effect will be filling the post with a new man and it is not improbable this man will not be chosen until after Madero has been consulted, and the stipulation made by the government.

It is considered that Madero will concede the fairness of De la Barra in his desire to get an amicable adjustment of affairs and that he will not object to the mutual selection of remaining cabinet officers, as proposed.

It is not to be expected that the armistice will result in immediate cessation of hostilities. Without doubt the government will place at the disposition of Madero the telegraph and railroads to facilitate the transmission of the news that an agreement has been reached and his orders to cease fighting, but it is not improbable that battles will be reported from time to time in the next two weeks, and probably even later, in districts isolated from communication.

Diaz Still Heroic Figure.

The scene wherein Porfirio Diaz renounced the scepter he has wielded so many years would have been pathetic had it not been for the heroic character of the man who was its central figure.

In much pain, relieved by morphine, able to utter but few words and these with difficulty, recumbent on his bed, relinquishing his power—he was still the dominant figure of the council.

"Not once did he think of himself,"

DEMOCRATS NAME SUGAR COMMITTEE

Day's Wrangle Over Henry's Nomination Ends With No Dissension.

INQUIRY TO BE STARTED

Representative Olmstead Resigns From Group Which Is to Investigate Steel Corporation Because of District.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—After a day's fight over the proposal to elect the sugar investigating committee nominated by Chairman Henry, of the rules committee, the Democrats of the House came together and elected the committee practically without dissent. It consists of these members:

Hardwick, Georgia, chairman; Garrett, Tennessee; Sulzer, New York; Jacobway, Arkansas; Baker, California; Malby, New York; Fordney, Michigan; Madison, Kansas; Hinds, Maine.

The Union of Democratic forces came after conciliating words by those who attacked Henry and his resolution yesterday.

Republican Leader Mann said the committee incident had shown the desirability of leaving committee appointments to the Speaker.

The resolution for an investigation of the American Sugar Refining Company was adopted last week.

Olmstead Quits Committee.

Representative Olmstead, of Pennsylvania, who was elected to the special committee to investigate the United States Steel Corporation, resigned today, saying one of the companies whose affairs were to be investigated was located in his district, and he preferred not to serve on the committee.

Mr. Henry yesterday attempted to designate the personnel of the sugar trust committee. He declared today that he had not nominated the committee as chairman of the rules committee, but as a private individual.

"There is no disposition to rob the Democratic caucus of any powers," he said. "If I have to be subjected to such criticism, I give warning that I shall not hesitate to discuss things as plainly as I see them. Gentlemen who are opposing this action must come out with their motives."

This provoked sharp queries from Richardson of Alabama as to what Mr. Henry meant by such statements.

Method Objected To.

Representative Martin, of Colorado, objected to the method of selecting the committee, and Representative Fitzgerald declared the entire principle of Democratic management of the House at stake.

Prolonged cheers and applause followed a statement in the House today by Speaker Clark was being considered by the Democratic party for the Presidency in 1912.

Rules Issued for Siletz Settlers.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, May 17.—The general Land Office has issued instructions governing the re-entry of Siletz homesteads under the act of March 4. The Portland office is directed to notify all entrants to present their applications

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REBELS KEEP GOOD ORDER.

As already reported, a mob looted at will for several hours. Meanwhile, however, the better element formed a vigilance committee, which within six hours and without bloodshed rid the town of the disorderly element and maintained order until the coming of a rebel detachment in the night.

The latter handled the situation with discretion, tact and firmness that could not have been exceeded had the federal forces been in control. Recently, too, the government has delegated to the rebel leaders in the south the task of maintaining order in their respective districts and has found the insurrectos fully equal to the task.

Minister Limantour said the government has paid its own war expenses out of the contingent funds and that no new bond issues will be necessary. The revolutionary debt is estimated at 6,000,000 pesos (\$3,000,000), which it is said the government can pay without embarrassment.

Lightning Strikes Automobile.

MINOT, N. D., May 17.—The path-finding automobile of the Minnesota Automobile Association, en route to Helena, Mont., near Tunbridge yesterday was struck by lightning and Driver Overhine and C. E. Babcock, a telegraph operator, were stunned, but soon recovered. The wiring of the car was burned out, but no other injury was done.

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for patents within 60 days from the date of the receipt of notice. The instructions require resubmission of proofs of improvements and cultivation, but Representative Hawley has an agreement with the general Land Office of instructions may be had from the office to waive these in cases where

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