DEALERS TESTIFY IN MILK INQUIRY

Farmers, Consumers and System of Delivery Here Are Blamed.

BUSINESS NOT PROFITABLE

Loss on Bottles Not Returned Declared to Be Enormous-Remedy for Unsatisfactory Service Is Suggested.

Cost of delivering milk to the homes, faults of the milk producers and the expenses attached to the business of retailing milk, little thought of by the general public, were among the subjects discussed at the meeting of the
dollar banquet dairy committee, appointed in March, at the Commercial
Club dinner. There were present at the
meeting at noon yesterday Henry Hewsett, T. S. Townsend and Dr. Calvin S.
White. W. W. Cotton, chairman of the
committee, was absent, having been detained in Tacoma with rate cases, which
are being argued before the State Railway Commission of Washington.
H. H. Carey, of the Sanitary Milk
Company, Robert Ireland, of the Halleweod Cream Company, and William E.
Graham, of the Portland Dairy Association, were in attendance and gave testimony to the committee from the view. general public, were among the sub-

tion, were in attendance and gave testimony to the committee from the viewpoint of the creamery man.

Notices had been sent by Dr. White
to the various creamery men to be present at this meeting and give such information as would permit the committee to work out some sort of solution
of the present difficulties—the shrinking of the industry, the difficulty of
delivery and the improved condition of
milk from a sanitary point of view.

Conditions Elsewhere Cited.

In response to this Mr. Carey de-clared that he knew of the conditions in San Francisco and Los Angeles and in San Francisco and Los Angeles, and in both of these places the milkmen had created a selling-distributing agency, by which the cost of the operation had been materially reduced, but that in the end the milk producer did not get any more for his product than he is getting in Portland today. He said that the small dealers in Portland were now selling milk to restaurants and hotels for much less than the dealers are paying for it. He said that his ers are paying for it. He said that his loss from collections amounted to 15 per cent, and the loss from broken bot-

loss from collections amounted to 15 per cent, and the loss from broken botties approximated \$75 a month.

W. E. Graham was the next witness to give his experiences. He said that he had been in the dairy business for 12 years, and told of the methods in us now as compared with those of years ago. He called attention to the fact that all of the changes have brought additional expense, while the cow has produced no more milk and little, if any, better grade. He spoke with reference to the average. He was willing to admit that there were some progressive dairymen who were engaged in improving their breed and trying to get better milks at base and the swhole he felt that the improvement was slight. He said that he lianded about 1500 quarts of milk a day and 500 quarts of cream. During March 2500 quarts of cream. During March 2500 quarts of milk a day and a saving as well as better regulation. He criticised a recent assertion by Mr. Cotton that the producer was paid 4 cents for his milk, and the retailer got 6 cents for the dilevery, making 16 cents the cost milk, and the retailer got 6 cents for the delivery, making 10 cents the cost to the consumer. He said that three-fourths of the milk in Portland was retailed for 6 cents. He instanced the oversupply during April, May and June and the difficulty in taking care of all the supply. Mr. Graham said that 100 pounds of milk makes 10 to 11 pounds of cheese, and cannot be sold for what the milk cost. He declared that, as a matter of fact, the retailers received about 3 cents a quart.

Books Quoted as Evidence.

Mr. Graham cited the following expense and receipt account as a sample of bookkeeping which confronts the milkman in Portland;

Qts. Price. csipta.

Qts. Price. csipta.

In April, milk sold...0,438 qts. 842- qt. \$804
In April, cream sold. I,420 pts. 20c pt. 284

bages of driver 85.00 ottles, washing and breakent. light, etc. entriperation deintenance, wagons, etc. 365.00

\$ 20.30 From this table he pointed out that there was little left for the man who had his money tied up in the business. He spoke of country producers seiling straight to the hotels and restaurants in three-gallon cans for 60 cents a gal-lon, and said that the average bottle sold in a restaurant contained 10 or 13 ounces. He asserted that at 5 cents a hottle they would sell for 85 cents what they had paid 20 cents for, and the restaurant keepers were making a much larger profit than they could make on

beer, even with no license to pay. Farmers Are Blamed.

Robert Ireland asserted that the farmers were to blame in that they were keeping unproductive cows on high-priced land. He instanced three cases in Ontario, where tests were made of herds in the country which showed 27 pounds a cow in one place, 15 pounds in another and 10% in another. He said that the amount of money paid by the farmers had been mistepresented and that in November they had been paid \$2.61 an hundredweight, in December \$2.52, in January \$2.52, in February \$2.57, and in March \$2.54. He said that his special agent had found whole milk routes in the country where the averof herds in the country which showed routes in the country where the average cow produced nine pounds a day. He said that the average of 10 milk

He said that the average of 10 milk routes was 250 quarts a day. He gave an instance of one route where the teams covered 18 miles in delivering 250 quarts and that the average number of customers was three to a block; that the average cost of lost bottles was \$1.80 a day on each route.

Mr. Ireland further asserted that the selling price, both wholesale and retail, in the milk business was 71% cents a quart, or 10 cents a gallon. He said that, as a matter of fact, Oregon farmers were receiving \$1 more a hundred for their milk than the famers of Pennsylvania, New York and Illinois. sylvania, New York and Illinois.

PRINCIPALS IN RUNAWAY WEDDING TO TAKE PLACE TODAY.



TENNIS STARTS ROMANCE

Friend of Miss Hazel Hotchkiss and

Sutton Sisters, Eludes Mother in

Europe and Comes to Portland

to Marry Man of Choice.

Family Opposition Seen.

Sixteen-Day Trip Made.

Miss Lippitt.

The wedding ceremony will take place this morning, though regarding it Mr. Gross was decidedly non-committal when questioned yesterdaay and would give no information save that the witnesses will include Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Wheeler, Miss Louise Huesner and W. A. Proie. As to the honeymoon he would say nothing. Regarding the bride he told only of her relationships in this city and but few brief details as to the three years of their courtship, which would all go to prove that the course of true love certainly did not run smoothly in their case.

Miss Myer is a graduate of a girls' school in San Francisco and has since, and by reason of her attachment to young Gross, seen the greater part of the world. Traveling extensively the control of the world. Traveling extensively though Surrose and Asla. Mr. Gross

the world, traveling extensively through Europe and Asia. Mr. Gross is a graduate of the Berkeley High School and was a student at the Uni-

School and was a student at the University of California for some time, where he was prominent in fraternity cincles, being a member of the Phi Kappa Psi and also one of the leading men on the college gies club. His father is connected with the California Fruit Growers' Exchange. Since coming to Portland three months ago Mr. Gross has been engaged in the real state business.

estate business.

After the honeymoon Mr. Gross says that Portland will be the future home of himself and his bride.

SPOKANE SEEKS ADVANTAGE

Coast Shippers Charge Inland City

With Plan to Kill Rivals.

TACOMA, May 5.-With Tacoma switch-

her husband.

Italy.

G12055 Fred S. Hail, rate expert for the Spo-kane Merchants' Association, developed that Spokane's demands would result in that Spokane's demands would result in the wholesalers of that city getting goods from the seaboard in carloads at such a rate that her existing 20 per cent distributive tariff reduction in a 190-mile some and the present requests for still lower jobbing rates westward, as well as in other directions in less than car-loads, would allow goods to go into Spo-kane from the coast and come back again to retailers so low that Tacoma and Seattle merchants would be com-pletely shut out of their own tributary territory. After stealing away from her mother in Naples and traveling 7000 miles to wed the choice of her heart, Miss Golda

WORTHINGTON

Wash, is at the Perkins. R. H. Cowden, a lumberman of Silverton, is staying at the Oregon.

Ever since the friendship began it has been opposed by Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Rosenheim, mother and stepfather of Miss Myer, and by Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Gross, of Berkeley, parents of the prospective bridegroom. This opposition is based on a difference in religious faiths of the two families. In an effort to end the friendship Mrs. Rosenheim has made two trips to Europe, taking with her the strongminded Miss Myer, who, by the way, is just 21 years old and one year the junior of the man who will today become her husband. E. R. Bryson, an attorney of Eugene, is registered at the Cornelius. M. E. Lewis, a business man of Moscow, Idaho, is at the Oregon.

A J. Johnson, a banker of Corvallis, is registered at the Cornelius.

William Poliman, a capitalist of Baker, is staying at the Imperial. F. L. Trillinger, a leading business man of Yamhili, is at the Cornellus. C. B. Cannon, an attorney of Rose burg, is registered at the Imperial. D. A. Parrish, a pioneer resident of Seaside, is registered at the Bowers.

The last trip consumed only four months when Miss Myer, unable to get trunks with which to bring her be-Frank Roberts, a sheep man of Hepp-ner, Of., is registered at the Perkins. longings, enlisted the aid of a frater-nfty brother of young Gross and "si-iently stole away," leaving her mother, as it were, weeping on the shores of R. A. Hutchinson, a merchant of Gobel, Or., is registered at the Perkins. J. E. Barnes, a sawmill operator of Centralia, is registered at the Cornelius. N. Peterson, a merchant of Grants Pass, registered yesterday at the Ore-Miss Myer sailed on the Cincinnati

Miss Myer sailed on the Cincinnati from Naples 16 days ago and, traveling under the name which she will today assume, Mrs. L. W. Gross, kept her future husband posted with elever cablegrams of her moves across the continent. She has a number of relatives among the prominent families of Portland, including the Sellings, Sichels and the Lippitts.

Miss Myer officiated as maid of honor last November at the wedding of Miss Lippitt.

The wedding ceremony will take place this morning, though regarding Dr. D. A. Paine, president of the Euperikk A. Johnson, a hardware dealer of The Dalles, is registered at the Im-

Walter L. Tooze, merchant of Falls registered yesterday at the Im-M. Stewart and S. C. Stewart, mer

chants of Dayton, Or., are registered at the Oregon. H. R. Loughlin, a prominent land owner of Hermiston, Or., registered yesterday at the Bowers.

P. L. Campbell, of Eugene, president of the University of Oregon, registered yesterday at the Imperial.

L. W. Robbins, a general merchant

and E. Robbins, a automobile man of Moialia, Or., are at the Oregon. L. F. Chester, of Spokane, an attorney for the Great Northern Railway Company, is registered at the Imperial. H. A. Schoenfeld, a merchant of Se-attle, and wife and children are reg-istered at the Oregon. They are on their way home from Southern Cali-

W. H. McDonough, of New York, a w. H. McPonough, of New York, a brother-in-law of John L. Proctor, of the bureau of investigation, Department of Justice, who was recently here on a Federal bank inquiry case, is in Portland on his first trip West. Mr. McDonough may locate in Oregon. Lewis Baker, a Frisco Railroad en-gineer, from Southwest Missouri, is in Portland, visiting his mother and sis-ter, Mrs. N. J. Baker and Mrs. Dr. L. M. Davis, at 868 Commercial street. They had not met before for nearly 20

Lieutenant Frederick Mears, of the United States Army, who is chief en-gineer for the Panama Railroad, has gineer for the random salitation, has arrived in Portland to be the guest of his brother, E. C. Mears, 668 Everett street, for a few days. Lieutenant Mears said yesterday that work was being pushed forward rapidly on the Panama Canal. He is delighted with

CHICAGO, May 5 .- (Special.) -- North western people registered at the hotels All the dealers thoroughly agreed that economy in the delivery was necessary, and that a remedy for returns of bottles was essential. In one case if was pointed out one driver found lot mands as calling for a combination of necessary, and that are remedy for returns of bottles was essential. In one case if was pointed out one driver found lot mands as calling for a combination of mands as calling for a combination of return of the latter of the l

Tull & Gibbs, Inc. Morrison, at Seventh.

Tull & Gibbs, Inc.

Watch Our Windows.

Tull & Gibbs, Inc.

Morrison, at Seventh.

STORE OPENS THIS MORNING AT 9. REMAINS OPEN THIS EVENING UNTIL 9:30 O'CLOCK.

Remarkable Has Been the Response to Our Closing-Out Sale Wonderful Are the Opportunities It Has Offered and Continues to Offer

Search the Records of Retail Merchandising in the West and You'll Find No Event to Compare With it in Value-giving, in Magnitude. Be Convinced That This Is Your Opportunity for Buying Dependable Furniture, Homefurnishings and Merchandise at Bottom Prices. Thousands Have Shared in the Offerings so Far—Thousands Will Take Advantage in Next 8 Weeks.

We Are Determined That Every Article of This \$500,000 Stock Shall Be Cleared by July the First, and We Have Marked It Accordingly

Brief Notes of Some of Today's Offerings in the Apparel Sections

\$5.95 and \$6.50 Silk Petticoats for \$3.39. Women's and Misses' Wash Dresses at Half Price, a new lot of them just received. \$2.75 to \$5.95 are their Regular Prices-They're to go at \$1.38 to \$2.98. Children's Wool Coats all to go at Half Price; were \$2.95 to \$15, now \$1.98 to \$7.50. Children's \$2.98 Rain Capes at \$1.19. Children's \$8.75 Rain Coats at \$2.98. Children's Wash Dresses at Half Price. They were \$1.25 to \$7.50; now at 63¢ and to \$3.75.

Prices in Dependable Furniture Were Never So Low as Right Now SOME OF OUR CLOSING OUT SALE PRICES ON DINING TABLES,

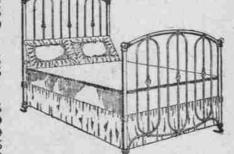


BOME OF COST CECONETIC CE	adm or
and to the terminal and the seal of the extension now	Om. 116.
\$23.50 Pedestal Table in golden oak, 8-foot extension, now	814.75
\$14.00 Pedestal Table in Tunied Onk, O'Too Cartes	.813.50
\$21.00 Pedestal Table in fumed oak, 8-foot extension, now \$36.00 Pedestal Table in fumed oak, 8-foot extension, now	. 040.40
\$30,00 Pedestal Fable in Function now	.847.25
\$36.00 Pedestal Table in fumed oak, 8-foot extension, now	926 50
\$50.00 Fedestal lable in quantity and R foot avension now.	.830.00
\$42.00 Pedestal Table in finest quartered oak, 10-foot extension, now	.000.10
protest a series and a series a	

CENTER TABLES SOME OF THE PRICES: \$6.50 Table, golden oak, now.......\$4.75 \$2.00 Table, golden oak finish, now \$7.00 Table, golden oak, now......\$4.75 \$2.50 Table, golden oak finish, now \$1.50 \$4.00 Table, mahogany finish, now \$2.95 \$6.00 Table, mahogany finish, now \$3.45 MORRIS CHAIRS LOWERED IN PRICE CONSIDERABLY.

\$18.00 Golden Oak Morris Chair, now .. \$14.75 \$14.00 Golden Oak Morris Chair, now....\$9.00 \$16.00 Golden Oak Morris Chair, now...\$10.75 \$23.00 Golden Oak Morris Chair, now ... \$13.25

SOME OF OUR IRON BED PRICES: \$10.00 full size Bed for.....\$6.25 \$5.50 full size Bed for.....\$3.25 \$11.00 full size bed for \$7.50 \$2.75 full size Bed for.....\$1.95 \$13.00 full size Bed for......\$9.00 \$6.00 full size Bed for \$20.00 full size Bed for.....\$9.25 \$6.75 full size Bed for \$17.75 full size Bed for\$12.00 \$7.50 full size Bed for.....



Toys and Dolls

All Going at

HALF PRICE

Children's Vehicles at Cost, Autos, Coasters. The Glassware, Silverware and Crockery of Our Tea Room is on sale in Basement

The Entire Crockery Stock

SHOWS GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICE. As an Example We Quote These Closing Out Prices in

Basset's Best English Semi-Porcelain. Two Patterns.

One a conventional daisy decoration in blue and gold. The

other a poppy decora	tion in blue and gold.
60e Bowls at	40c Dishes, 9 in., at



2.50	Soup D	ishes,	do		.\$1	.60
1.50	Plates.	4-in.,	at i	doz	8	80¢
1.75	Plates,	5-iu.,	at,	doz.	.81	.10
2.25	Plates,	6-in.,	at,	doz.	.\$1.	.30
2.50	Plates,	7-in.,	at,	doz.	31	.60
3.00	Plates,	8-in.,	at,	doz.	.\$1	.80

Graniteware, Tinware, Kitchen and Laundry Helps, Lawn and Garden tools and a Hundred and One Other Things in the Basement Department at Closing Out Prices.

Jury Chosen to Hear Accusation of Perjury.

THEFT OF IDEA CHARGED

Charles A. Patterson, Convicted in 1909 of False Swearing and Sentenced to Term in Prison, to Have Another Chance.

Charles A. Patterson, convicted two years ago of having perjured himself in making application for a patent on a harness buckle, will be tried again before Federal Judge Bean Monday. The jury was selected yesterday.

When tried before Patterson was senenced to 13 months on McNell's Island The grand jury indicted him March 31, 1909, while the trial and conviction occurred in June, the same year. The false swearing is alleged to have occurred before C. W. Hodson March 14, 1907.

The statute provides the form of oath the applicant for a patent must make. The department required, however, that the applicant state whether he is the "sole" inventor or a "joint" inventor of April 30. the article to be patented. Patterson swore he was the "sole" inventor, and upon this one word the United States Court of Appeals reversed the case. It held that the department had no right to require what the United States law did not, and that if Patterson swore he was the sole inventor while the statute did not require it, the judge could not instruct the jury to convict him on this

ground. According to the testimony at the former trial. Lillian C. Parrish. A. Fl. Van Emmon and Patterson were negotiating in 1905 to buy an application for a buckle patent from Ludwig B. Larsen. Van Emmon, it is said, made some improvements in the buckle after which the three made a joint application for a patent, which was a modification of the Larsen buckle.

When Emmons heard of it, in 1968, he A model whittled from a potato was in-

DEPOSITORS TO GET \$120,000 Title Guarantee Dividend of 20 Per

Cent Authorized by Court.

Depositors of the Title Guarantee & Trust Company, which failed, are to receive another \$120,000 at once. Federal Judge Bean signed an order yesterday, authorizing R. S. Howard, receiver of the bank, to pay this amount, which is 20 per cent of the approved claims. Since the bank failed in 1907 and

the receiver was appointed payments to depositors have been made periodical-ly. The six months period for making ly. The six months period for masses a 20 per cent payment had not expired yesterday, but Receiver Howard said the money was on hand, and could as well be paid over to the depositors as to be held in the vault.

A 26 per cent dividend was paid February 4 1910 and a 10 per cent diviruary 4, 1910, and a 10 per cent divi-dend September 19, 1910.

Telephone Receiver Discharged.

W. D. Tyler was finally discharged by Eederal Judge Bean yesterday as receiver of the Northwestern Long-Distance Telephone Company, except as relates the suit of the Northwestern Company against the United Telephone Company. A demurrer in this case was recently construed in favor of the Northwestern company, but the suit is still pending, as an opportunity has been given the United Telephone Company to answer. In the meantime it is restrained from disconnecting its lines from those of the Northwestern company. C. H. Judson, general manager of the Northwestern company, has given Receiver Tyler a receipt for \$4308.62, the amount of cash on hand April 30. W. D. Tyler was finally discharged

Siletz Indian Sentenced. Newton Sutton, an Indian, was sentenced by Federal Judge Bean yesterday to two months in the County Jail, and to pay a fine of \$100 for introducing liquor on the Suers Indian rese ducing liquor on the Siletz Indian reservation. Ira Strong, another Indian, pleaded guilty to having introduced liquor on the reservation. He had previously pleaded not guilty, but decided to change his plea.

Northwestern People in New York. NEW YORK, May 5.-(Special.)-Pa-cific Northwest arrivals at New York

to change his plea-

hotels today were:
From Portland—O. F. Graves, Mrs.
O. F. Graves, at the Victoria.
From Pendleton—R. T. Bishop, at the

From Spokane—Mr. and Mrs. Wood-cock, at the Seville; E. McBride, at the Park Avenue; W. L. Ziegler, at the Victoria; R. L. Powell, at the Wolcott.

From Seattle—W. E. Boening, L. H. Herritt, at the Ritz-Carlton; C. B. Hewitt, at the Ritz-Carlton; C. B. Cooper, H. Lauphier, W. L. Parker, at

JAMES G. CANNON, OF NEW YORK, ARRIVES TODAY.

Distinguished Visitor Probably Will Be Received at Commercial Club.

James G. Cannon, vice-president of the Fourth National Bank of New York, one of Be strongest financial institutions in the country, will arrive in Portland this morning in his private car from the south and will remain in the city for two days to investigate conditions. He is accompanied by a conditions. He is accompanied by a party of ten, men notable in finance and New York affairs. Mr. Cannon is a brother of Henry White Cannon, a director of the Great Northern Railway. United States Guarantee Company, Manhatian Trust Company, Guarantee Company. pany of North America and a dozen similar institutions. James G. Can-non, in addition to being virtually at the head of the Fourth National Bank, is a director of the Fifth Avenue Bank, Bankers Trust Company, Franklin Sav-

ings Bank, and chairman of the committee on finance and currency of the New York Chamber of Commerce.

It is expected that an entertainment of some character will be given at the Commercial Club in Mr. Cannon's honor. It has been suggested that a meeting of the hankers be held similar to that of the bankers be held similar to that which took place when Frank A. Van-derlip was in the city. Mr. Cannon has a broad conception of the currency situation and is author of a work en-titled "Clearing-Houses-Their History,

Methods and Administration." He has appeared before Congressional committees on several occasions to outline his views upon the currency and the bank-ing methods.

MORE WOMEN ARRESTED Police Activity in April Sets New

High Record.

Women vagrants arrested by the police in April numbered 45, this being a noticeable increase over ordinary months. Opinions vary as to the influence the recent grand jury investi-

gation had upon the increase.

Captain Slover and Patrolman

Pressey went to a house at 335 Davis Pressey went to a house at 335 Davis street early yesterday morning and ar-rested Beatrice St. Clair, the proprie-tress; Mabel Kerk, an inmate, and E. R. Wilkins and J. F. Ryan, salesmen, R. Wikins and J. F. Ryan, Salashen, who were visiting the place. They were released on ball and secured a continuance in Municipal Court yes-terday meming. An additional charge was placed against the St. Clair woman, was placed against the St. Clair woman, of selling liquor without a city license. Minnie Sullivan was arrested by Patrolmen Webster and Bewley at \$5½ North Second street, and Bessie Brown, a negress, was taken from 408 Hoyt street by Sergeant Goltz and Patrolman Burks. She had opium in her possession, it being the second time that she was caught with the drug. A disorderly scene at 194 Fourth A disorderly scene at 194 Fourth street caused Patrolman Stanton to arrest Marguerite Miller, Mary Anders

Eight years are required to bring the average cocount tree into bearing. There are usually 60 or 70 trees to the acre, and the profits from cocount culture are usually seed.

NATURE'S

The need of a tonic in the Spring is almost universally recognized. Bodily fatigue, fickle appetite, poor digestion, nervousness, lack of energy, etc., prove that the proper amount of nourishment is not being supplied to the body through the circulation. The stomach, bowels, and digestive members are sluggish from lack of stimulating nutrition, and in consequence the entire body suffers from the effects of a poorly nourished constitution. The use of a real blood-purifying tonic when the system is deranged from lack of nourishment, will often prevent the development of some serious sickness, because weak systems cannot resist disease, while healthy, well nourished constitutions are able to ward it off. No medicine is of value as a tonic except one which purifies and enriches the blood, for until this is done the body will not receive its required stimulus and disease-resisting powers. S. S. S. is the best Spring tonic because of its genuine ability and worth as a blood purifier. It builds up the depleted system in the true way, by purifying the blood and supplying an increased amount of nourishment to every portion of the body. S. S. S. removes all impurities from the circulation, and overcomes the unpleasant physical ailments of Spring. S. S. S. is for sale THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.