

# REYES IS CALLED TO SIDE OF DIAZ

### General Will Return to Aid President but Not Seek Office, He Says.

## MISSION PLEASING TO HIM

### Ex-Minister of War in Mexico Intimates He Will Not Be Candidate for Chief Office in Republic, but To Advise.

PARIS, April 23.—General Bernardo Reyes, the Mexican ex-minister of war, has received a call from President Diaz to return to Mexico. Diaz asks his aid in the attempt to settle the revolution. General Reyes expects to sail for New York within a fortnight—perhaps within a week.

This, in brief, is the distinguished soldier's declaration to the Associated Press. For many months General Reyes has been living the life of a retired officer engaged in research work on the problem of reconstructing the Mexican army. Now all is changed.

The Reyes house in Neuilly-Sur-Seine, on the border of the Bois de Boulogne, is the center of intense activity. Men are coming and going and whispered conferences are continually under way. As thousands of Sunday strollers were sipping beverages in the cafe nearby, General Reyes sat in his study surrounded by documents, bent over his desk, arranging and discussing plans for his new, and what he considers his greatest, mission.

### Reyes Is Pleas'd.

"I am going home to help my country," he said. "After all, my mission in Europe is terminated. I am only too happy to return to try to end the present crisis. I am going back to help President Diaz and the Mexican people."

As he referred to Diaz, General Reyes' eyes shone. He is an ardent supple and nervously energetic. One hand continually stroked the pointed gray beard. Reyes did not look old enough to have fought against Maximilian's invasion in 1864.

"Diaz is a grand man," he continued, "a grand statesman who loves his people. He is ready to make any sacrifice to have peace, but I do not believe that he will resign the presidency."

"My plans are scarcely formulated, but I think the leaders of the revolution will consent to an armistice pending discussion of the questions on which they seek reform. This civil strife must be settled on the broad question of the honor and the salvation of the country. Yet the army must be strengthened to stamp out the guerrilla warfare, which is liable to continue in various places."

### General Not Candidate.

"Will you be a candidate for office on your return?" was asked, and the general responded:

"I do not expect to be a candidate. The commission in which I figure has not yet been arranged, but I may be Secretary of War."

General Reyes expressed the hope that the United States would adhere to its decision not to intervene.

"In my opinion," he said, "that will not be necessary. If the United States intervenes, it must be expected that the Mexicans, forgetting their internal quarrels, would unite with the common aim of crushing the invader, just as they did against the French."

During the conversation, General Reyes alluded to what he termed "the absurdity of the legend" that the Mexican government had a private arrangement with Japan hostile to the United States. Even a slight examination of the situation between the United States and Japan, he added, would suggest that if the United States were menaced by Japan, the natural ally of the United States would be Mexico. He would suppose that the American Government would consider Mexico as having the same interest in the United States in respect to non-American antagonism. For this reason, he thought that the United States and Mexico should be allies.

General Reyes returned here yesterday from a brief visit to Madrid. He probably will embark from Liverpool for New York.

## PASTOR TALKS POLITICS

### Rev. C. T. McPherson Tells Congregation Why He Is Candidate.

Rev. Charles T. McPherson, pastor of Epworth Methodist Church, preached yesterday on "Why I Am a Candidate for Councilman-at-Large." He said he was not in favor of graft or special privilege, that he did not favor taxing the people of the city \$1,000,000 to build a municipal parking plant, and that he favored a larger police force. In substance, the sermon was as follows:

"I did not declare myself for the office which I am seeking until many prominent citizens urged me to make the race, pledging me their support. One-half of the city should not be arrayed against the other half. What will benefit one class of the people will help all the people."

"I shall favor progress. We need more public parks and clean places of amusement for the people."

"We should remove the dens of vice from the gaze of the children and young people. One rotten apple in a barrel will finally infect all the rest. The old curfew law should be rigidly enforced. The children and young people should be at home with their fathers and mothers before 9 o'clock."

"As long as the majority of the people vote for and support the saloons, we must expect them. I shall use my influence to force them to keep the strict letter of the law. The Council should be held responsible for the enforcement of the law and should be recalled if they fail to do their duty."

"I shall use my influence to have all unsightly obstacles removed from the city limits. Every citizen should be urged and required to keep his premises clean and attractive. As soon as practicable the City Crematorium should be removed outside the city limits. The health of the people is paramount to the future success of the city."

"Street paving should be done by contract, competitive bids being advertised for. Let small contracts at a time and pay the cash when complete."

### Springfield to Get New Band.

SPRINGFIELD, Or., April 23.—(Special.)—The city band is to be reorganized during the next few days. The band of last year gained considerable recognition because of its excellence, and this year there is said to be even better material. William Perran, formerly from Roseburg, will be leader.

## AMERICAN OFFICERS IN IMPORTANT COMMAND ON BORDER



ABOVE, COLONEL J. L. CLEM, GENERAL J. W. DUNCAN, MAJOR SCOTT, BELOW, ON LEFT, BRIGADIER-GENERAL J. W. DUNCAN, COMMANDING DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS AND IN CHARGE OF BORDER PATROL.

## REVOLT IS HALTED

### Armistice in Mexico Presages Peace in Republic.

## TWO ARMIES IDLE 5 DAYS

### In Sun-Baked Adobe House, Home of ex-Bandit, Rebels Meet Government Representatives and End of War Seeps in Sight.

(Continued From First Page.)  
dreams of the revolutionists themselves. All telegrams which have been exchanged in the pourparlers and all documents in the case were handed from one to another and carefully read by all, including Senora Madero. The leaders under Madero assured him as they have done before, that any terms arranged by him will be faithfully kept by them.

When the conference adjourned for luncheon, a long telegram was dispatched to Mexico City. Presumably it suggested detail changes or additions in the outline plan which serves as a basis of discussion.

### Armistice Terms Given.

The terms of the armistice are: 1. Both forces which operate in the rectangle formed by Culhuacan, Juarez, Casas Grandes and Minca shall remain at the points they actually occupy on this day (April 23), with neither side advancing, nor the forwarding of reinforcements.

2. All work on fortifications, trenches, battlements of any and all fortifications on the repair of any and other military works shall be suspended.

3. It shall be permitted to bring in by way of Juarez all provisions, forage, clothing, medicine and other necessities of life, without payment of duty. Intoxicating liquors are excluded from this provision.

4. This armistice shall remain in effect five days, beginning today at noon. 5. Passes to and from camp shall be granted to members of the Madero family, police commissioners, those hauling supplies and others whose legitimate duties require their passage to and from camp. The form of the pass shall be agreed upon.

### Madero First to Sign.

General Madero was the first to sign the armistice. He placed it in the hands of Oscar Braniff and Toribio Equivel Obregon, who rode on their mission to Juarez. General Navarro then signed an identical letter, with which the messengers returned to the rebel camp. Braniff is a wealthy citizen of Mexico City and an amateur sportsman and aviator. Obregon is a leading lawyer there.

The peace meeting began in the rear of an adobe house on the banks of the Rio Grande across from the smelter on the American side. Crowds of sight-seers had crossed from the American side and a guard was thrown around the house and its meager, dusty grounds to protect the conference. Along the river for a mile the soldiers gathered, confronting a long row of curious persons on the other side of the narrow stream.

### Commissioners Go Inside.

Commissioners entered the house and the discussion became business-like and serious. The parlor was unusually roomy for a native "dobe," and with the five chairs, eked out by a few boxes, all found seats. Pancho Villa seemed greatly pleased. Don Pancho was a bandit.

For three years he haunted the mountain passes for bullion trains or descended on lonely haciendas for food, clothing and horses. Then came the revolt and with his 25 men he joined. The pasture was rich for a bandit, and after two months of being good, Don Pancho in a moment of exaltation burned two grocery stores, drove a station agent from Federales and generally let off steam.

Pascual Orozco ordered his arrest, but could not catch him, and the Federal Government placed a price of \$2000 on his head.

Then Madero came into the field and placated Don Pancho. He put ambition in the soul of the robber and the latter began a recruiting campaign which presently gave him 500 men. He was no longer Villa, the bandit, but Colonel Don Francisco Villa, in service in the cause of liberty.

Finance Minister Limantour and Foreign Minister De La Barra are understood to be handling the Government side of the negotiations in Mexico City. Late this afternoon, presumably in reply to telegrams sent by General Madero, a long message was received in camp.

### Maderos Keeping House.

General Madero has begun housekeeping in a little "dobe" but near a brickyard and there he and his wife had their luncheon today on a box, covered with a white tablecloth, a few minutes after the signing of the armistice.

All those interesting messengers in the peace plans are jubilant tonight. The father of the insurrecto leader, Messrs. Obregon and Braniff, unofficial representatives from President Diaz, and others interested in peace, appear to believe that a basis has been reached on which there can be a settlement. It is said that one of the conditions of the disbandment of the insurrectos is that they will be allowed to retain their arms, that it is not to be a surrender, but merely a disbandment.

### Men Will Ride to Work.

Madero is to make the men a speech, a farewell address, and they are all to get up and ride off to their work and their homes, to await the return of property that all confidently expect is to come to Mexico following the agreement that undoubtedly will be reached within the next few days. Having faith that the army will soon be disbanded, labor contractors are beginning to arrive here to hire men for railroad work.

While the two armies rest in peace very near each other, excellent conditions, considering the general character of the men, appear to be prevailing. There has been no lawlessness. The insurrectos are camped along the American border, only a few miles away in the Rio Grande separating the two countries.

### Federals Keep Watch.

In Juarez the federal soldiers spent the day in the barracks. Scouts continued on duty in the outskirts of the town, and they continue there tonight, just as watchful as ever, but there is no intensity of feeling that has prevailed for several days past.

## Healthy Mothers

and sometimes chronic ailments. This can be avoided if Mother's Friend is used before the coming of baby, and the healthy woman can remain a healthy mother. It is the only remedy that perfectly and thoroughly prepares the system for healthy motherhood, and brings about a natural and easy consummation of the term. Women who use Mother's Friend recover quickly, and with no ill effects, or chronic troubles. Every expectant mother should safeguard her health by using Mother's Friend, thus preparing her physical condition for the hour of motherhood. This medicine is for sale at drug stores. Write for free book for expectant mothers.

THE BRADFIELD CO., Atlanta, Ga.

## SOUTHWEST STILL REBUFS SEATTLE

### 40 Clubs of Development Pay No Heed to Sound's Dinner Invitation.

## COUNCIL'S ACT IS UPHELD

### Members Contend That Executives Declined After Study and That Good Roads Policy Compels Estrangement.

CHEHALIS, Wash., April 23.—(Special.)—So far as heard here there is no disposition on the part of any of the members of the 40 clubs represented in the Southwestern Washington Development Association to reconsider their expressed refusal on the invitation to attend the banquet scheduled to be given in Seattle next Thursday evening under the auspices of the Commercial Club of that city.

The action of the Executive Council in declining to decline the Seattle invitation seems to be accepted generally as settling the case, despite the press dispatches from Seattle that the invitations would be sent as if nothing had happened. Members of the Southwestern Association say that the Executive Council speaks for the united bodies.

It is not believed there will be a disposition on the part of any local clubs to accept any private invitation to go to Seattle after having received the letter from the Executive Council. The action of the Executive Council was taken after mature deliberation and not until after all interests had been considered fully.

### Road Plan Not Liked.

One vital point at issue was that in the outline of the proposed highway programme, which Judge Ronald and Senator Nichols had sanctioned, apparently absolutely no provision had been made for the \$40,000 appropriation for the Columbia River road in Skamania County. This road would help provide the only real practicable outlet for most months of the year by wagon road from Eastern to Western Washington when the Snoqualmie Pass and other roads are buried in snow.

Members of the council, although all from counties north of the Columbia, took the position that since Skamania and Klickitat are both loyal members of the association it would be unfair to agree on any good roads programme that did not take into full consideration the rights of every county in the organization. If the Southwestern Association means anything, members argue, the men responsible for the business management must stand loyally by every community if it hopes to succeed in its fight for the interests and welfare of Southwest Washington.

### Seattle Manner Disliked.

The association is not intended as a social organization, but a business organization, say members. When Seattle interests were not united on anything definite to offer in a satisfactory good roads programme, the Executive Council deemed it unwise to ask 200 business men of this section to spend their time and money on a useless trip there. Executive Council members declare that had they been satisfied that Seattle commercial interests were united and that sincere and effective effort had been made to harmonize various interests to insure tangible results, they would have been pleased to accept the banquet invitation.

## GUS M. STEARNS BURIED

### Native Son of Oregon Also Early Settler in Klondike Region.

The funeral of the late Gus M. Stearns was held from the family residence in Sunnyside yesterday. Interment was in Lone Fir Cemetery. Mr. Stearns was a pioneer of Portland and Oregon. He was born September 18, 1867, on the Stearns donation land claim, in Jackson County, in which the City of Medford is now partially built. Coming with the family to Portland, in 1885, he became one of the early carriers of the Oregonian, later learning the trade of iron moulding in what was then known as Smith Brothers Iron Works. Later he engaged in the real estate business, being a member of the Teifer-Stearns Real Estate Company. When the Klondike excitement came on, Mr. Stearns joined in the rush for that territory, leaving Portland on the first trip of the Geo. W. Elder.

He lived continuously near Dawson until a few weeks ago, when failing health caused his return to Portland. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. Susan McDuffee; two sisters, Mrs. L. O. Stewart and Mrs. Anna M. Miles; three brothers, J. O. Stearns, David R. Stearns and A. J. Stearns, and two sons, Charles and Gus.

## ENGLISH OPPOSE MORMONS

### Demonstrations Against Propaganda Occur at Birkenhead.

LONDON, April 23.—Anti-Mormon demonstrations were held at Birkenhead and other provincial towns today. There was much excitement and a strong feeling was displayed against the Mormon propaganda. Because of police precautions there were no disorders.

Tull & Gibbs, Inc.

Morrison at Seventh

Tull & Gibbs, Inc.

Store Opens at 8:30

Watch Our Windows

### The Fourth Week of Portland's Greatest Bargain Event

# Our Closing-Out Sale

## \$500,000 in Dependable Merchandise Being Sacrificed

Every Article to Be Disposed Of

### By July First

See Yesterday's Full-Page Announcement of Some of the Closing-Out Offerings—Section 1, Page 9.

### The Greatest Glove Sale Ever Held in Portland

Begins Today. Our Entire Line at

## 25% Below the Maker's Price

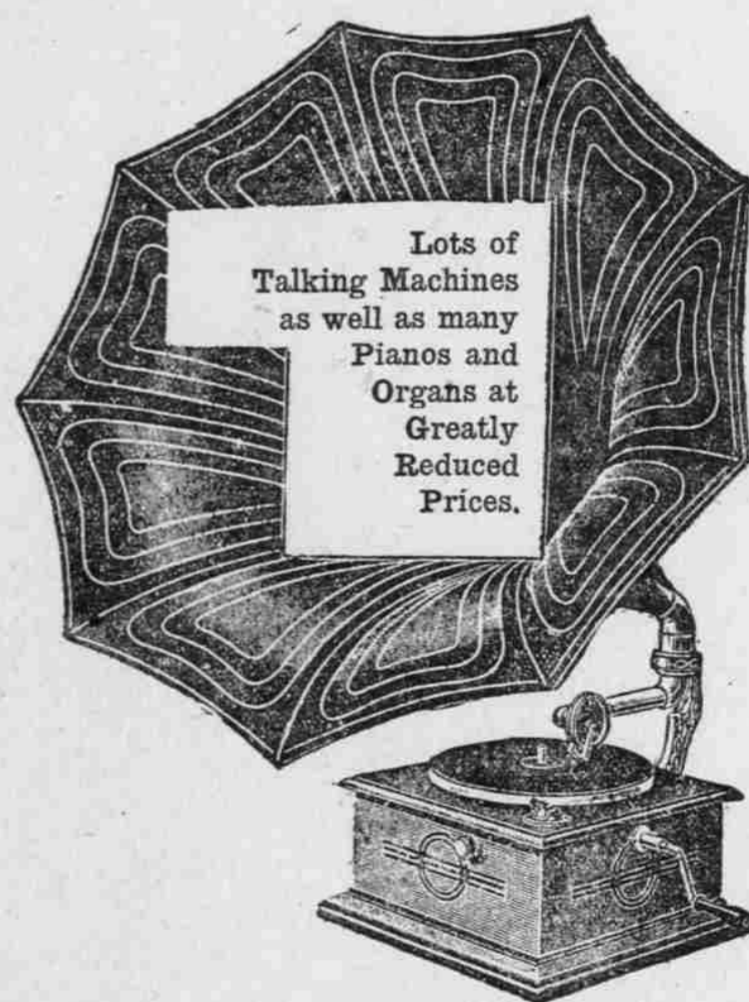
4000 Pairs and All New, Fresh Stock. Women Should Anticipate Their Glove Needs for Many Months. The Entire East Section of Our First Floor Has Been Cleared to Make Room for This Great Sale.

Refer to Yesterday's Paper for Prices and Rules Governing This Event—Section 1, Page 9.

## Tull & Gibbs, Inc.

Morrison at Seventh.

### The Opportunity Still Here! But Only For a Few Days! The Finishing Touches Are Now Being Put on Our New Building. Act Quickly!



Lots of Talking Machines as well as many Pianos and Organs at Greatly Reduced Prices.

These are busy hours at the old store, the Eilers Music House on Washington Street. There we are closing out our entire stock of Pianos, Grands, Player Pianos and lots of Talking Machines. There have been many unlooked-for delays in the final completion of the new building, and now we are assured that we will be completely installed in our elegant new home very shortly, on a day's notice, in fact. Thus the closing-out sale is very near the end. But before then, whether you wish to buy an elegant \$1000 Baby Grand, or the best in Player Pianos, or a high-grade Upright, or even a piano that usually sells for \$200 or \$250, you will find now a reduction in price positively unprecedented, in some cases almost half. As we have repeatedly said, we cannot and will not move a single instrument from the old premises into the new. Everything for the new establishment has been provided. The low prices on instruments of highest value remaining at the old place will never be offered again! The little terms of payment makes buying doubly easy now. Here are just a few of the choice bargains still to be had in the old piano exchange department. Pay all cash or little payments.

- Vose .....\$ 75
- Emerson .....\$ 82
- Steck .....\$ 90
- Gaylord .....\$110
- Steinway .....\$115
- Kimball .....\$160
- Player Piano, new...\$345



The Nation's Largest Music House

- Weber, genuine .....\$165
- Weber, genuine .....\$190
- H. M. Cable .....\$210
- Bush & Lane .....\$160
- Kohler & Chase .....\$140
- Elegant Baby Grand...\$245
- Still another Grand...\$385

### STILL AT 353 WASHINGTON STREET