## RECIPROCITY IS DIVIDING PARTIES

Democrats Assail Democrats and Republicans Denounce Republicans.

DEBATE IN HOUSE LIVELY

Representatives From Agricultural Sections Declare Agreement With Canada Would Work Harm to American Farmers.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—Party af-fillations were broken repeatedly today in the House in the concluding hours of the fight on the Canadian reciprocity

Democrats denounced fellow Democrats for supporting a Republican pro-tective principle and Republicans huried criticism against fellow Republicans for marching with the Demo-crats toward the free-trade goal. Dur-ing the seven hours of debate 24 men spoke on the measure.

Most criticisms of the bill were from agricultural sections and were based on the position that reciprocity with Canada under the agreement would inunited States. Differences in the United States. Differences in the North Carolina delegation, all Democrats, were vigorously aired on the floor. Representative Webb said Claude Kitchin, who opened the reciprocity fight last Friday, had no test to criticiae him or other men. right to criticise him or other mem-bers of the state delegation who pro-posed to vote against the reciprocity agreement, because they thought it was opposed to Democratic ideals.

Minnesota Delegation Split.

The Minnesota delegation broke on The Minnesota detegation orace on the rocks of reciprocity. Representa-tive Nye spoke for the bill and Repre-sentatives Steenerson, Anderson, Davis and Volstead opposed it. The Michi-gan delegation showed a like division, Representative Doremus advocating the bill and J. M. C. Smith opposing it. From Pennsylvania Representatives Bowman and Farr advocated its pass-age and Representative Focht de-

From California Representative Needham spoke for the bill and Representative Kahn against it. Representatives Hobson, of Alabama, and Murray and Curley, of Massachusetts, advocated its passage, and Representatives Good and Frouty, of Iowa; Morgan of Oklahoma, Burke of South Dakota, Helgeson of North Dakota, French of Idaho, Young of Kansas and LaFollette of Washington spoke

the next measure to be taken up by the Democrats, was made by Goode of Iowa, Republican, during the reciproc-

ode said the enactment of the freelist bill would throw the farmers and stockraisers of the West into direct competition with the cheap cattle, cheap labor and cheap lands of Mex-co. He declared that the Democratic measures keep up protection for the southern farmer and reduce it for the

ortherner. Messrs. Needham, of California, and

Offering an amendment to the reciprocity bill, which provides for placing on the free list manufactured articles to compensate the agricultural interests of the country, Representative Prouty, of Iowa, made his maiden speech in the House today in opposition to the proposed agreement as submitted by the ways and means committee. This treaty," said Mr. Prouty, "compels the farmer to sell his products in competition with Canada, but compels him to buy in a protected market. That is unfair to the farmer, Representing as I do a farming constituency, I should rather like to see it tried out on somebody else first. Must all these experiments be tried on the farmer? I think it is time to try them on somebody else."

General debate on the reciprocity agreement will close tomorrow at 3

agreement will close tomorrow at 3 o'clock, with speeches by Representatives Underwood, McCall and Daizell. The bill will then be taken up under the rule giving permission for amend-

### ALASKA INQUIRY ORDERED

La Follette Suspects of Favoring Monopoly by Guggenheims.

WASHINGTON, April 20.-Without ex-planation or opposition, La Foliette put through a resolution in the Senate today calling upon the Secretary of the In-terior to furnish all facts connected with coal entries made upon land withdrawn from the Chugach National Forest in Alaska and later restored to the public domain under order of President Taft. The resolution also calls for detailed in-formation as to what assignments, if any, have been made of such claims and

It was stated that La Follette has in view an inquiry to ascertain whether any favoritism has been shown to the Gug-genheim interests and whether a monopoly of waterfront rights, available for rallroad terminals, has been allowed

### WYOMING OFFICER RESIGNS

Trustee of State University Heeds Demands of Governor.

LARAMIE. Wyo., April 20.—Otto Gramm, president of the board of trus-tees of the University of Wyoming, whose resignation was demanded by Governor Carey shortly after the in-auguration of that official last Janu-ary, voluntarily resigned today.

ary, voluntarily resigned today.
At the time the demand was made upon him he refused to resign, defying the Governor to prefer charges and re-

Gramm was an issue in the last political campaign, being the Albany County member of the Republican State Committee and vice-chairman of the committee. He lives in this city and has mittee. He lives in this city and has been a member of the board of trustees of the university for 16 years, being first appointed in 1895.

## LORIMER FINDS DEFENDER

Heyburn Protests When Works

the Senate today. The speech was delivered in support of the initiative, referendum, recall and direct election of Senators.

The Senator touched on the Lorimer case in connection with his plea for honest politics. Senator Works was named in the resolution introduced at the present session by Senator La Follette calling for another investigation of the Lorimer case, as chairman of the committee on investigation.

tion of the Lorimer case, as chairman of the committee on investigation.

"This widespread uprising against the corruption that, if persisted in, must eventually overthrow our representative form of government," he said, "is founded upon the most convincing evidence that corruption is eating at the very vitals of the republic and threatening the perpetuity of our free institutions.

'We need not go outside of this chamber to find evidence of this fact. The pages of the Congressional Record of the past few months will disclose a condition that has brought the whole Nation to shame. It was charged that the election of a member of this body the congruent practices and was procured by corrupt practices and the bribery of votes in the Legisla-

Heyburn of Idaho raised the point of order that the speaker had violated the rules of the Senate by reflecting on the course of the committee which investi-

gated the Lorimer case.
"The Senator cannot impugn the honor or integrity of any Senator or any member of a Senate committee," any member of a Senate committee, said Heyburn. "Neither have I done so nor attempt

Neither have I done so nor attempted to do so," promptly responded the California Senator.

"When the Senator reads his remarks in the Record he will find that he has done so," insisted Heyburn.

La Pollette and Cummins came promptly to the defense of their fellow insurgent.

promptly to the defense of their levelow insurgent.

While not ruling on the point, because Mr. Works had not been directly called to order, Senator Townsend, of Michigan, who occupied the chair, expressed the opinion that the California Senator understood and would observe the rules of the Senate.

CENSUS MEN MAY NOT BE IN-DICTED FOR PADDING.

Discrepancies Said to Be Due to Lodging-House Transients - Walla Walla Inquiry Is On.

SPOKANE, April 30 .- (Special.) -- That no indictments against Spokane enumerators will be returned by the Federal grand jury now investigating alleged census "padding" is the bellef of those familiar with the cases. The differences between the Spokane count and the re-check made by special agents are declared to have been due entirely to a misunderstanding as to methods to be

The most serious investigations of The most serious investigations of those now under way are believed to be concerned with the count at Walla Walla, and it has been declared probable that indictments may be returned against enumerators there. The enumerators who took the Walla Walla County census were examined Wednesday by a Federal grand jury, and many hotel proprietors testified.

Special Agent W. A. McKennie's recheck in Spokane was almost wholly con-

check in Spokane was almost wholly con-fined to the lodging-house district be-tween Post and Division streets, and

tween Post and Division streets, and Riverside avesue and the river.

The proprietor of a certain rooming-house is said to be prepared to testify for the enumerators that on the day the census was taken and for weeks before, and after the day on which noses were counted, he took care of no less than 50 persons a day, although he had only 30 beds. Many of the guests slept on improvised bunks in the corridors and in a large sitting-room.

Mesors. Needham, of California, and Focht, of Pennsylvania. favored and Mesors. Mondell, of Wyoming, and Prouty, of Iowa, all Republicans, opposed the reciprocity agreement.

The second of the fact that the many transients in Spokane at the time many transients in Spokane at the time census was taken are responsible.

lodging-houses.

The offense of padding census returns is a misdemeaner and is punishable by imprisonment and a \$600 fine.

STORK ALIGHTS IN JAIL Sybil Wolfe, Vancouver Prisoner, Is

Mother of Boy Babe.

VANCOUVER, Wash, April 20.—
(Special.)—Sybil Wolfe, convicted of grand larceny a few days ago and sentenced to serve from six months to 15 years in prison, is the mother of a five-pound baby boy. The infant was born in the County Jail here tonight, Sheriff Cresap engaging two doctors and a nurse for the occasion. The babe will accompany its mother to the prison at Walla Walla if the mother so elects. The young mother says her brother

at Walla Walla if the mother so elects. The young mother says her brother works in a bank in Idaho, but refuses to give her address, that relatives may be told of her plight.

Sybil Wolfe was found guilty of stealing money, jewels and clothing from Mrs. L. B. McClane, of this city, who provided her with a home, the girl saying she was penniless and sought work.

Rheumatism, Nervousness and all kindred complaints are the result of excess uric acid in the system. The only remedy is to remove the cause. Electropodes will do it. They eliminate, through the large pores of the feet, all poisons and impurities from the entire system, strengthen the nerves, promote circulation and ald each organ

to perform its functions properly. Mr. Doc Wilson, of Bakersfield, Calif., writes: "Thanks, to Electropoder. I am sixty years of age but feeling twenty years younger and perfectly free from inflammatory rheu-

matiem of long standing." Chas. E. Lathrop, of Omaha, Nebraska, writes: "I have had another won-derful experience with your ELECTRO-PODES. Have neglected wearing any of late, and consequently have had quite a bit of Rheumatism, so thought I would try them again. Have been wearing a pair only twenty-four hours.

and find the pain all gone." Read what Thos. Condon, of East Las Vegas, New Mexico, says about Electropodes: "When in Des Moines, Iowa, in December, 1910, I purchased a pair of your ELECTROPODES, and have worn them continually since. I had been afflicted with sciatic rheumatism for the past fifteen years and never tried a remedy that I derived so much benefit from in the same length of

time."
What Electropodes have done for others they will do for you. Nothing is so convincing as the actual test. Electropodes will convince you. Wear risk

pair 30 days absolutely at our risk. looklets upon request. At druggists, or by mail, postpaid. Makes Him "Horrible Example."

Washington, April 20.—Senator Works maiden speech caused a brief revival of the Lorimer controversy in

Blocks R and S Pooled at \$500,000 Each, Is Testimony in Suit.

PRICE CUT DOWN LATER

Offer Made Subsequently by Henry to Forego Commission-Condemnation Proceeding Will Go to Jury Today.

That Dr. Andrew C. Smith and Charles K. Henry entered into an agreement while the Government's representatives were endeavoring to fix a postoffice site, by which Mr. Henry offered block R, Couch addition, for \$500,000, and Dr. Smith agreed to offer block S at the same price, was the testimony of Dr. Smith yesterday. United States District Attorney McCourt made him a witness for the Government in rebuttal, in the condemnation suit wherein the Government is seeking to secure the east half of block S for \$150,000.

Dr. Smith said that Mr. Henry went to him and said he had put block R in at \$500,000, and he wanted Dr. Smith to put block S in at the same price. This Dr. Smith said he agreed to do. A contract was thereupon drawn up, by which each agreed that whichever sold his property would pay the other \$5000 as a commission for the sale.

Reduction First Refused.

Senator Bourne came to Portland later, said Dr. Smith, and wanted the price reduced. "Bourne sent Henry to us," said Dr. Smith, "to tell us that if we did not knock down the price he would not recommend the purchase of the block. Henry recommended that we cut down our price, so as to meet Senator Bourne's demand. I refused at tirst. Then he said. I have told Sen-Senator Bourne's demand. I refused at first. Then he said, 'I have told Senator Bourne that I have nothing at stake in this matter, and if you will give an option on your east half of the block at \$200,000 for 30 days I will cancel this contract I have with you for \$5000.' He did so.

"He asked me to interview A. King Wilson and to get him to reduce his

Wilson, and to get him to reduce his price. We would reduce ours, and then we could make a quick sale,' he said. we could make a quick sale, he said.
Mr. Wilson, representing the Espey
Estate Company, owner of the west
half of block S. refused to reduce his
price a dollar. When I talked to him
he made some joshing remark about
that being Uncle Sam's usual way of
doing business, and said he would stick
to his price.
"We then cut the east half \$15.000.

Contract on Prescription Blank.

"We made this \$5000 contract on his we made this \$5000 contract on his declaration that he had put in block R at \$500,000 when we put in our bid for block S at \$340,000. Although it was cheap at that money, he thought he could get it through at \$500,000. Otherwise, he said, the two blocks he could get it through at \$500,000. fendant this morning, and Assistant Otherwise, he said, the two blocks would be opposing each other, and he guire will complete the argument for churches will hold a union service at Bible as Related to Health,

thought it would be better to come together. He was to assist in the disposal of block S at \$340,000. This contract for the \$55000 was written by C.
K. Henry in my office, on one of my
prescription blanks, and in it he held
me for \$5000 in case block S was sold.
If block R was sold I was to have
\$5000. It was discovered, however,
there were parts of block R to which
he had no more right than he had to
block S in 1802. Therefore block R

block S in 1909. Therefore block R was a holdup.
"Mr. Henry seems to think he is the whole thing down there," continued Dr. Smith, in answer to another question put to him by Mr. McCourt. "He says put to him by Mr. McCourt. "He says that after he had worked up this sale for the Government I took the property away from him and gave it to Bollam & Thompson. It is infamously false. I never had anything to do with Henry except to negotiate this Sixth and Everett streets property through him." Charles K. Henry was then recalled to the witness stand by District Attorney McCourt, and was asked regardtorney McCourt, and was asked regard-ing his written statement to former Postmaster Young, in which he offered the block for \$275,000. This testimony was ruled out upon objection being made by counsel for the defendants.

Henry Admits Commission.

Mr. Henry said the \$5000 item came up in the latter part of 1910, "Dr. Smith gave an option to somebody else," said Mr. Henry. "I was to get a commission from him for the sale of the block. I was to get a commission of \$5000 if block S went and he was to of \$5000 if block S went, and he was to get a commission of \$5000 if block R went. I went to him and told him I was willing to forego a commission of any kind if they would reduce the price of the property so the Government would take it. After A. King Wilson had agreed to sell the Espey Estate's half block for \$125,000 I wrote out a similar proposal for the other half. "In 1909, when I first went to him.

"In 1909, when I first went to him.
Dr. Smith made me a price of \$150,000.
There was no talk at that time as to
who the buyer was to be. There was
talk then of paying the usual commission of 5 per cent on the first \$2000 and
2½ per cent, on the balance."

"I never authorized Mr. Henry to offer this property to the Government for
\$150,000," said Dr. Smith, "I had a conversation with him in July, 1919, in
which I offered the property for \$240,000."

In arguing the case before the jury, Arthur C. Spencer figured the entire block as worth \$275,000 in September, 1909. Adding \$41,250, the interest at 6 per cent for two and a half years; \$116,000, the 40 per cent of uncarned increment which witnesses said prop-erty in that section had gained since the talk of the Broadway bridge, and \$5000 as commission, the entire block would be worth today \$431,250. Half of this would be \$215,625.

East Half More Valuable.

Mr. Spencer said he believed the east Mr. Spencer said he believed the east half worth \$100,000 more than the west half of the block, which would make the present value of the east half \$265,-625, and of the west half, \$165,625. Andrew C. Smith, the Security Sav-ings & Trust Company and the Pacific Trust & Investment Company value the east half at \$250,000 and the Espey Estate Company is holding the west half at \$179,000. The Government wishes to pay \$250,000 for the entire block, \$150,000 for the east half and \$100,000 for the west half. District Attorney McCourt argued to

the jury that bootblack stands, fruit stands, bicycle stands, small cigar stands and small saloons would go in in the vicinity of Seventh and Glisan streets, near the new Postoffice, or on "We then cut the east half \$15,000, which was, in reality, a cut of only \$10,000 for us, because we disposed of C. K. Henry's graft of \$5000. It is a dream of his that we ever offered to sell the property for \$150,000. Mr. Henry thought at that time that this property was a great bargain at making it \$175,000, but don't hold up to the Government by compelling it to the Government by compelling it to the Government by compelling it to pay the exorbitant price of \$250,000,"

he said. The evidence was all in at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Two hours were spent with the arguments of counsel. Attorney John M. Gearin or Attorney E. V. Littlefield will argue for the de-

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The Quality Store

Made exclusively to our order in Fashion's center—New York Modestly Priced

Shown on Third Floor-Take the Elevator

## BEN SELLING

LEADING CLOTHIER Morrison at Fourth

the Government. The case probably will go to the jury at noon today.

ADVENTISTS TO ASSEMBLE

south Anniversary of Bible Translation to Be Honored.

the Central Seventh-Day Adventist Church, at East Eleventh and East Everett streets, today, in commemoration of the translation of the King James version of the English Bible 300 years ago. The morning session will be from 11 o'clock to 12:30 and the afternoon session from 2 o'clock to

Among the subjects to be presented are: "The Bible as Related to Science,"
E. A. Rowell; "The Prophetic Setting
of the Bible," Adolph Johnson; "The Holden; "The Value of the Bible," Elder A. M. Dart; "Biblical Translations," Elder G. W. Pettit; "The Bible and the Reformation," Elder C. F. Folkenberg; "The Bible as Related to Publishing Work," C. A. Wyman; "Education and the Bible," R. W. Airey; "The Bible Call to Seventh-Day Adventists," Elder

P. A. Hanson.
Special music will be given under the direction of Mrs. Grace W. Reith. Sweet potatoes are exposed to the attacks

# The End, So Long Delayed, Is Now Here

Delayed material for the new Eilers Music House at 7th and Alder streets has finally arrived.

Within the next few days we shall commence moving into our new home the elegant new stock now waiting at our wholesale depart-

ment, at 16th and Pettygrove streets. Regularly Worth \$ 350 Reduced Warranted Worth\$250 \$157 Reduced \$102 Guaranteed Worth\$22. \$500 a Month. Now \$140 \$500 Cash,\$500 a Month Stocks there are pretty well thinned

Guaranteed Worth \$300 Now \$169

Regular \$32

Actually Worth \$37.5 Reduced \$147

In the meanwhile, the sale in the old piano house continues.

out, but some of the choicest and biggest bargains of this tremendous closing-out sale are yet to be secured. The old Washington-street establishment must be completely emptied. Prices on everything have been cut to pieces. Whether

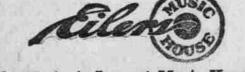
you want a \$2000 Welte Mignon, a \$1500 Church Organ, a \$1000 Baby Grand, or a \$1000 Player Piano, or the ordinary \$200 or \$300 Upright, now is the time to buy at a reduc-Fair warning! Come in at once! tion in price positively unprecedented.

These low prices, and also these easy terms on instruments of highest intrinsic value and merit will never again be offered. Besides the above, there are some truly astounding bargains in our big old Piano Exchange.

The following are a few of those remaining-pay all cash or little payments:

THE INTOWING OF STAM OF	OHONO TOWNS	
Tale	Ludwig	1
7ose	Knabe	I
merson\$ 82	Kohler & Chase\$142	P
Mason & Hamlin \$ 96	3 Excellent Player Pianos \$320	]
tobler \$105	Regent \$165	

H. M. Cable ..... \$215 Bush & Lane .........\$220 Baby Grand, well-known 



The Nation's Largest Music House. Still at 353 Washington.