

MUCH PATROLMAGE TURNS ELECTION

Mayor Has Many Appointments, Lucrative and Honorary, All Sought After.

EXECUTIVE BOARD LEADS

Chairmanship of Council Committees Carry Prestige, and Other Bodies Deal Out Places With Good Salaries.

Whoever is elected Mayor June 5 will have a large number of appointments, some of which are lucrative and much sought after, and others purely honorary but nevertheless desired by many. The most coveted jobs with salaries attached are those of Chief of Police, City Health Officer, City Engineer and Building Inspector, each worth \$250 a month. Under the present charter, the Mayor has the appointment of an Executive Board of five members, Board of Health of three members, Water Board of four members and Park Board of four members, and he also fills vacancies on the Civil Service Commission, and in the course of a term invariably has various other important appointments to make. The Mayor also will have the naming of committees for the next term of the City Council, which is an important work. There are some highly important committees, the most responsible being the ways and means and the street committees. There will be a good many changes in the personnel of this body, it is believed, and the task of naming the members to the respective committees will be a serious one. There is always much wrangling over the chairmanships of the more prominent committees.

Executive Board Important. Perhaps the most important appointments the Mayor will have to make is that of the Executive Board. The 19 men who are placed there have authority under the charter to administer all of the city departments, such as the police, fire, street-cleaning and the City Engineer. Their actions govern to a large degree and make the city's history while they are in power. The sympathies, beliefs and policies of the individual members are reflected in the different branches of the municipality. On this Board, the chairmanships of the committees on police, fire, streets and bridges are particularly sought, as they are positions carrying much prestige in a growing city like Portland.

While the other boards are, under the charter, supposed to be appointed for a term of years, the Executive Board beyond the tenure of the executive naming the members, still there is invariably a complete shifting around when there is a new Mayor. Probably within a week or two after a Mayor takes office July 1, there will be a sweeping change in the personnel of all boards. The Civil Service Commission is the only one which usually pays no heed to a change of this nature. It works in non-political and the members hold over.

Mayor's Power Extensive. The Board of Health is supposed to be composed of physicians, and while it nominally elects a health officer at a salary of \$150 a month, it usually presents the name of some one for the place and it has never as yet been rejected. The employees under this board are not under Civil Service rule and should the new Mayor wish to, he can effect a complete change. The superintendent of the garbage crematory, whose salary is \$1,000 a year, is one of the employees in this department, and this position is always sought after by some.

The Water Board is one of the most important of all those to be appointed by the Mayor. It has supervision of millions of dollars' worth of property and construction work and forms policies governing the supply of water for the city; fixes rates and has complete charge of this business. Members of the Park Board have supervision of all parks and the employment of numerous men, including a superintendent at a salary of \$208 a month. If the new Mayor should see fit, he could remove the present superintendent and install another. The Board also selects and recommends to the City Council new park sites and has general charge of all park business. The more radical the change in the policy of the new Mayor, the more certain it is that there will be a new deal all the way through, as each executive surrounds himself with those in sympathy with him.

CANDIDATES DEBATE TONIGHT

Werlein and Lombard to Discuss Issues at Masonic Temple.

J. B. Werlein and Gay Lombard, candidates for Mayor in the Republican primaries, will debate at the Masonic Temple, West Park and Yamhill streets, tonight at 8 o'clock. T. J. Fording, an attorney, will preside, and a musical program will be given under the direction of Leo Shapiro. Mr. Werlein will open the debate with a 30-minute speech. Mr. Lombard will follow and do his part of the talking in the next 30 minutes, and Mr. Werlein will close with a talk of 10 minutes. There is no limit on what the speakers may bring up for discussion. Nothing has been given out in advance as to what will be said. It is believed that each of the candidates will ask some pointed questions of the other. It is the first of a series of debates. Councilman Rushlight, the other candidate on the Republican ticket, is not in it because he declined to take any part. The idea was proposed by Mr. Werlein.

A. E. GERHARDT IN FIELD

He Files Petition as Candidate for Municipal Judgeship.

Bearing the signatures of approximately 600 Republicans and representing nearly every precinct in the city, the nominating petition of Albert E. Gerhardt, Republican candidate for Municipal Judge, was filed Tuesday in the City Auditor's office. During a residence of 20 years in Portland, Mr. Gerhardt has formed a wide acquaintance in professional and business circles through his long association with the legal firm of Williams, Wood & Lintchum.

PERSONAL MENTION.

A. Bush, Jr., of Salem, is at the Portland. W. C. Hawley, of Roseburg, is at the Imperial. G. H. Plummer, of Tacoma, is at the Portland. Thomas R. Roberts, an insurance

man of Seattle, registered yesterday at the Oregon. F. H. Baker, of Tacoma, is staying at the Lenox. Fred M. Cummings, of Medford, is at the Portland. W. E. Campbell, of Rainier, Or., is at the Imperial. E. Jacobson, a rancher of The Dalles, is at the Lenox. Mrs. H. G. Boardman, of Olympia, is at the Perkins. M. G. Woods, of Salem, is registered at the Perkins. W. B. Moore, Jr., of Oswego, is registered at the Bowers. Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Wheeler, of St. Paul, are at the Bowers. M. Musgrove, a business man of Milton, is at the Cornelia. H. R. Hoefler, of Astoria, registered yesterday at the Imperial. I. B. Headley, of La Center, Wash., is staying at the Perkins. Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Vaughn, of Hood River, are at the Imperial. Alfred Bachiole, a merchant of Walla Walla, is at the Cornelia. O. P. Hoff, of Salem, State Labor

"MADAME BUTTERFLY" WILL BE READ SUNDAY AT Y. M. C. A.

As an innovation among the Sunday programmes at the Portland Young Men's Christian Association, the beautiful story of "Madame Butterfly" is to be read at the meeting next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The reader will be Miss Mabel Peritz, who recently came to Portland from Washington, D. C., and parts of her narrative will be accompanied by instrumental music played by Mrs. J. W. McMichael. The reading of "Madame Butterfly" will take up nearly an hour, and the usual address will be omitted. F. W. Kramer, baritone soloist, will sing. R. B. Perkins, religious work director, is confident that the programme will prove unusually attractive. The meeting is open to all men.

Miss Mabel Peritz.

Commissioner, is registered at the Imperial. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith, of Eugene, are registered at the Perkins. Edward Larkin, a prominent lumberman of Aberdeen, is at the Oregon. Dr. and Mrs. Malcolm Bronson, of Hood River, are at the Cornelia. V. Carlson, of Lewiston, Idaho, registered yesterday at the Portland. Henry Seng, City Marshal of Redding, Cal., is registered at the Cornelia.

CLEAN NEWSPAPER BEST MEMBER OF PROMINENT FIRM OF MERCHANTS GIVES VIEWS.

W. F. Lipman Addresses 100 Admen on Science of Advertising Business Successfully Worked Out.

"Put your advertisements in newspapers that are fit to go into the home," was the advice of W. F. Lipman, of the Portland Ad Club, at the weekly luncheon yesterday. The speaker was at the club as chairman of the day and before proceeding with the addresses on the programme he took occasion to digress sufficiently to give his views upon the "ad" question. He said: "Today 99 per cent of the advertising is accomplished through newspapers. It is the most successful and the only correct medium when results are to be obtained. Today, no matter what the business, the first question to be determined is the advertising medium. The medium and it is of the medium which I wish to talk. Marshall Field, I believe, was said to have laid down the rule in the paper of the home and I will take up the question of the size of my advertising." "In other words," Mr. Field held to the theory that the newspaper must be a home paper and to be a home paper you must first print the news that is fit to print. He always said a paper that failed to print the news that was of interest to the home and the by-ways. "Fake" advertising, even in papers of the home, in the end will bring failure. "Primarily, a concern to last in the advertising field must tell the truth. The goods must be of the value as represented. No man can succeed in the establishment of a business upon a false foundation. Quality and square treatment are the sound watchwords of a sound business. I would rather have an ad in a paper that went to the homes, no matter how small, than the entire contents of a paper which circulated here and there and lived by false representation. A newspaper to secure a foundation must tell the truth, be accurate and be clean in the treatment of the affairs which it presents to the public. Pick out the clean paper to do your advertising. Never select the mushy kind, for they will do you no good. Advertise in the paper that reads at home, is liked for the comfort it brings to the home and for the truthfulness and the care with which it prepares its reading matter. You surely will get results." Adolph Wolfe, of the same firm, gave a very interesting talk upon the value of "truth in advertising." He referred to the advertiser in the days of Virginia City, Nev., when the Comstock lode was in its prime and of the progress which the country had made since that time. Frank A. Spencer, manager of Allen & Lewis, spoke upon the qualifications of doing business and will H. Knight told of the wonders performed by the use of printer's ink. He said that in a measure all of his success in the shoe business was due to the form of advertising.

F. O. Baker, representing the Spokesman-Review, of Spokane, had a few words to say.

ELLIS REVERSES BROOKLYN CHARGES

Youths Accused of Forging Signatures to Petition Held to Grand Jury.

DETECTIVE NAMES LAWYER

Defendants Do Not Testify and Police Judge Rules That "Certain Features" of Case Warrant Investigation.

Councilman Ellis repeated under oath his charges of bribery against Seneca Fouts at a preliminary hearing yesterday of four youths accused of perjury in filing portions of Ellis' competitive paying petition. Other features of the hearing were a reluctant admission that L. A. McNary, a lawyer, was back of the prosecution and the announcement of Judge Tawell that the grand jury had "a job cut out for it." Incidentally to the case, Attorney W. T. Vaughn, Ellis' predecessor and defeated rival in the Council, "grilled" Ellis. The defendants were held to the grand jury. From the start, the hearing bristled with innuendo and even with open charges of criminal work in connection with the fight for and against the measure, and at one time, when Vaughn was speaking, the Councilman leaped to his feet in evident anger, but was jerked back by Attorney O. M. Hickey before he could make a demonstration.

Private Prosecutor Appears.

Charles Cleveland, James O'Connell, alias Frank Davis, C. A. Rowland and J. H. McCarthy, were on trial, on charges of having entered lists of false names and addresses and sworn to them as part of Ellis' proposed charter amendment. John H. Stevenson, who has previously refused to say who his client is, acted as private prosecutor and the defendants Vaughn and W. M. Davis. Ellis was called early in the day as a witness for the prosecution and at once became the target of an examination which placed him on the defensive and put the real defendants far in the background. Judge Tawell allowed an unusually wide range, holding that this was the time to air a scandal that appeared to ramify in many directions. Ellis said that in all he had about 30 men circulating the petition, paying them 25 cents for each name. This was the extent of his testimony direct, and his former opponent seized upon the cross-examination with avidity.

Ellis Denies Sale of Names.

Vaughn soon drew out the fact that among the lists of petitioners filed with the City Auditor were 45 names signed to another measure, the amended petition drawn up and circulated by Hickey in Ellis' absence, but later withdrawn. Ellis thought that this was done by mistake, but that it might possibly have been switched by "the interested."

"Did you not tell many people to take out these sheets, fill them up with 'phony' names, sell them to the paving people, and divide the proceeds with you?" he was asked. "I did not," I did tell some of the men to sell the blank sheets of the amended petition, which I had no good, thinking that it would be a good joke on the paving people to make them furnish the money to fight them with, but I warned the men that if they sold a signature they would go to jail."

When under oath, Ellis repeated his charge that Seneca Fouts had offered him \$500 to "lie down" in the paving matter. Ellis said that he furnished all the money for his campaign. In his testimony he referred to a two weeks' absence from the city, and this precipitated a warm attack by the attorney for the defense demanding to know where he had gone and why. Ellis pleaded professional privilege, but the court held that he must answer, "unless he wishes to plead that he may incriminate himself," interpolated Vaughn.

Ellis Tells of Absence.

"The defense sought to make it appear that Ellis had left the city at the instigation of the paving people. He said he was retained by a new client in New York, E. O. P. and he went to look up some records in Idaho, in connection with an irrigation project. He did not know how Mayor had come to employ him. "We must go through," said Vaughn. "There's something rotten in Denmark," said Attorney Davis. "There are a good many things this gentleman does not want to divulge. These fairy stories about detectives and people around his office and attempts to bribe him don't sound very well. Who employs this private prosecutor and these detectives? The state won't pay them. This was a bad time for Mr. Ellis to be away from the city, when his ordinance was being launched. This competitive paying title would sound awful good in case of a recall election or if the author wanted to be Mayor. Let's see if Mr. Ellis is mixed up in this thing himself. We want to know whether he is being buncoed or is in on the bunco himself."

Detective Names Employer.

Only one witness was called by the defense. He was L. L. Levings, proprietor of the detective bureau which made the investigation. He was asked who had employed him and a long fight ensued over the admissibility of the evidence. The court directed Levings to answer and he named McNary. Davis at once demanded a subpoena for McNary, which the court refused, saying that the dragnet had gone far enough. The defense rested without calling the accused youths to the stand. There are some features of this case that certainly ought to go to the grand jury," said Judge Tawell. "I shall therefore hold the defendants under the same amount of bail."

Midnight in the Oaks

And yet sleepless Hiram Scanlon, of Clay City, Ill., coughed and coughed; he was in the mountains on the advice of five doctors, who said he had consumption, but found no help in the climate, and started home. Hearing of Dr. King's New Discovery, he began to use it. "I believe it saved my life," he writes. "For it made a new man of me. For all lung diseases, coughs, colds, grippe, asthma, croup, whooping cough, fever, hemorrhages, hoarseness, or quincy, it's the best known remedy. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle given. Guaranteed by all druggists."



You'll find your ideals in style and service are made real in these clothes; you'll find they are everything that the most fastidious young man could wish his clothes to be.

The energetic lines of **THE SYSTEM**

Spring models make an instantaneous appeal to your best judgment. Apply the "Eye Test" and you'll decide to try the "Wear Test."

BEN SELLING

Young Men's Dept., Second Floor.

MILLIONS AT STAKE

Federal Judge to Decide Big Land Case Monday.

FAMOUS GRANT IS ISSUE

Wolverton Will Give His Opinion of Southern Pacific's Claim to at Least \$60,000,000 Worth of Oregon Holdings.

Federal Judge Wolverton will decide the famous Southern Pacific land grant case at 10 A. M. Monday. He instructed the Clerk of the Court to notify the defendant's attorneys that he would read his opinion at that time. The case involves title to about 2,300,000 acres of the richest agricultural and timber land in Oregon. Estimates as to the value of the land place it at from \$30,000,000 to \$75,000,000.

The suit on behalf of the Government was brought over two years ago by E. D. Townsend, special assistant to the Attorney-General, and since has been vigorously prosecuted by him. Judge Wolverton has had it under consideration only a few days and has not yet rendered his opinion. A printed brief submitted by Mr. Townsend covers more than 800 pages.

The suit is based upon two grants to the Oregon & California Railroad Company, since absorbed by the Southern Pacific, in which Congress gave the railroad every alternate section of land in Oregon in return for the building by the company of a railroad line from Portland to San Francisco. The first grant, made by the act of March 3, 1857, and amended in 1858, gave the company 32 sections of land for every mile of road built. The second grant was made May 4, 1870.

In the act Congress provided that the lands were to be sold to actual settlers at a price not in excess of \$2.50 an acre, and in blocks not exceeding 160 acres to each individual.

It is the contention of the Government that these provisions have been violated; that the railroad company having sold the land in blocks larger than 160 acres and at prices more than \$2.50 an acre. The land is said to have been sold slowly at first, and in the panic of the '90s sold more readily and the railroad company raised the price to \$10 an acre.

Those persons who bought the land in larger pieces than 160 acres are made parties to separate suits, held in abeyance till after this decision. Bona fide purchasers who bought less than 160 acres are not sued.

Whatever the disposition of the case by Judge Wolverton, it is probable that it will be taken to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals or to the United States Supreme Court.

Postal Law Alleged Broken

Salesman Charged With Sending Obscene Cards in Mails.

Daniel W. Coate, salesman for the United States Casket Company, formerly a ticket agent at the Seattle, Portland & Spokane Railroad Company, was given a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Cannon yesterday and released upon \$250 bond. He is charged with having sent seven obscene postal cards through the mails last month.

Passing of Bad Money Denied.

Americus Martindell and Lorenzo Blonaid pleaded not guilty before Federal

Judge Bean yesterday morning. They are charged with the passing of spurious \$5 notes of the Merchants' & Metals' National Bank of New York City. These counterfeit notes are said to be made in Italy by the Madia. Pete Lovelo pleaded guilty yesterday morning of having sent an obscene postal through the mail, and was sentenced by Judge Bean to serve 15 months on McNeil's Island. A charge of violating the white slave law by transporting a woman into Oregon for illegitimate purposes was dismissed.

J. M. Howell, a popular druggist in Greensburg, Ky., says, "We use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in our own household and know it is excellent." For sale by all dealers.

Particularly the Ladies.

Not only pleasant and refreshing to the taste, but gently cleansing and sweetening to the system, Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is particularly adapted to ladies and children, and beneficial in all cases in which a wholesome, strengthening and effective laxative should be used. It is perfectly safe at all times and dispels colds, headaches and the pains caused by indigestion and constipation so promptly and effectively that it is the one perfect family laxative which gives satisfaction to all and is recommended by millions of families who have used it and who have personal knowledge of its excellence.

Its wonderful popularity, however, has led unscrupulous dealers to offer imitations which act unsatisfactorily. Therefore, when buying, to get its beneficial effects, always note the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package of the genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna.

For sale by all leading druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

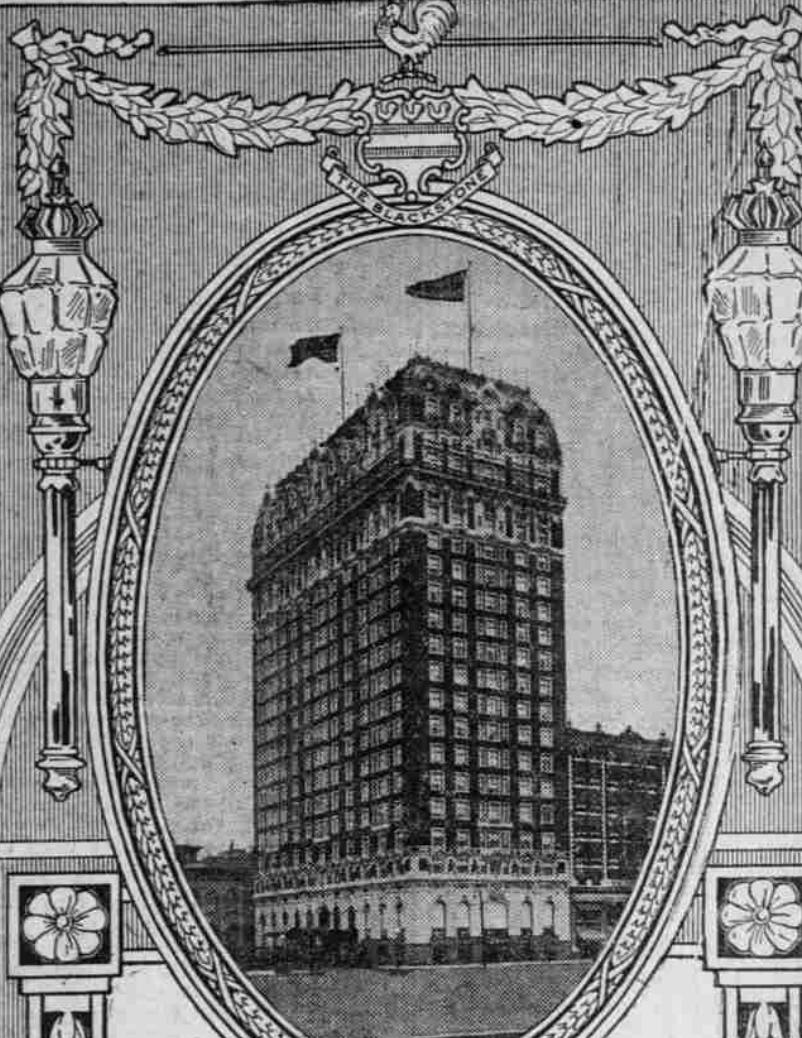
HIS ECZEMA GONE AND BOILS CURED

Eczeema Began When Three Weeks Old. Arms, Shoulders and Breast a Solid Scab. Boils Broke Out During Teething. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and He Was the Picture of Health.

"My son was about three weeks old when I noticed a breaking-out on his cheeks, from which a watery substance oozed. A short time after, his arms, shoulders and breast broke out also, and in a few days became a solid scab. I became alarmed, and called our family physician who at once pronounced the disease eczema. The little fellow was under his treatment for about three months. By the end of that time, he seemed no better. I became discouraged. I dropped the doctor's treatment, and resorted to the use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and in a few days noticed a marked change. The eruptions on his cheeks were almost healed, his shoulders, arms and breast were decidedly better. When he was about seven months old, all traces of the eczema were gone."

"During his teething period, his head and face were broken out in boils which I cured with Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Surely he must have been a great sufferer. During the time of teething and from the time I dropped the doctor's treatment, I used the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, nothing else, and when two years old he was the picture of health. His complexion was soft and beautiful, and his head a mass of silky curls. I had been afraid that he would never be well, and I feel that I owe a great deal to the Cuticura Remedies. (Signed) Mrs. Mary W. Ramsey, 224 E. Jackson St., Colorado Springs, Colo., Sept. 24, 1910.

The Cuticura Remedies afford the speediest and most economical treatment for skin troubles. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, 130 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass. Send free samples of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, with 25-c. book on skin treatment.



THE BLACKSTONE CHICAGO

Stop at THE BLACKSTONE in Chicago. The appointments of themselves make it the accepted place for the best people. The quiet dignity and elegance which characterize THE BLACKSTONE create an atmosphere different from that of any other hotel in the United States.

World-wide travelers say that THE BLACKSTONE is the best equipped and managed hotel in the world. The service is perfection.

The accommodations for men are unexcelled. There are rooms designed especially for business conferences. The grill room is the mid-day meeting place of the representative men of Chicago.

Women will find at THE BLACKSTONE the refined atmosphere of a well appointed home. At luncheon, dinner and during the tea hours from four to six o'clock, especially after the matinee, THE BLACKSTONE is the most delightful spot in Chicago.

Located on Michigan Avenue, at Hubbard Place, facing the lake front, THE BLACKSTONE is within walking distance of all the theatres, retail stores, the banks and the business district.

And the prices charged at THE BLACKSTONE are no more than you would expect to pay at any first class hotel.

Single rooms with lavatory, \$2.50 and up.
Single rooms with bath, 3.50 and up.
Large, double rooms with bath, 5.00 and up.
Parlor, reception hall, bedroom and bath, 10.00 and up.
(Each bathroom has an outside window)

The Drake Hotel Co.
Owners and Managers

Excursion Fares East VIA THE SAFE LINE

OREGON-WASHINGTON RAILROAD & NAVIGATION CO.

DURING THE SUMMER SEASON, 1911 From All Points on the O.-W. R. & N. Co.

Sale Dates

May 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28 and 29.	To Chicago.....	FARES. \$72.50
June 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 16, 17, 21, 22, 28, 29 and 30. <td>Chicago via Council Bluffs.....</td> <td>\$60.00</td>	Chicago via Council Bluffs.....	\$60.00
July 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 19, 20, 26, 27 and 28. <td>Omaha.....</td> <td>\$63.90</td>	Omaha.....	\$63.90
August 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 23, 28, 29, 30. <td>Minneapolis direct.....</td> <td>\$60.00</td>	Minneapolis direct.....	\$60.00
September 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7. <td>Minneapolis via Council Bluffs.....</td> <td>\$63.90</td>	Minneapolis via Council Bluffs.....	\$63.90
	St. Joseph.....	\$70.00
	St. Paul, via Council Bluffs.....	\$63.90
	St. Louis.....	\$70.00
	Boston, Mass.....	\$110.00
	New York, N. Y.....	\$108.50
	Washington, D. C.....	\$107.50

Stopovers going and returning. Final return limit October 31, 1911. One Way Through California \$15 Additional. City Ticket Office, Third and Washington streets, for any information desired. Also for sleeping-car reservations, or address, W. M. McMURRAY, General Passenger Agent, Portland, Or.