TARIFF BILLS GO

Reciprocity Measure in Line With Taft's Canada Treaty Is Reported.

BOTH PARTIES OF ONE MIND

Division on Party Lines Comes on Free List Bill-Dalzeli Starts Opposition to Reciprocity at First Opportunity.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The Canadian reciprocity bill introduced in the House yesterday was reported favorably to the House today by the new ways and means committee. The committee also passed favorably on the free list tariff measure, but will not report will hour reserve.

report until tomorrew.

The Canadian reciprocity bill was taken up first by the committee, and, after a brief discussion, McCall, its sponsor in the 61st Congress, moved that it be approved. This was done without division.

Parties Divide on Free List.

The free list bill, however, was not unanimously approved, the vote on it in the committee having been a strictly party vote, the Democrats favoring it party vote, the Democrats lavoring it and the Republicans being solidly against it. Republican members, with Sereno Payne as spokesman, declared that the proposed bill was hasty and ill-advised, that the measure had not been referred to the tariff board and that Chairman Underwood and his

Democratic colleagues on the commit-tee had not sufficient data to show what effect the changes would have. When the House met Underwood submitted the report of the committee. The reciprocity bill will be called up tomorrow for discussion.

Opposition to the reciprocity bill from the same Republicans who opposed it in the last session developed quickly. Dalzell of Pennsylvania quickly. Dalzell of Pennsylvania asked the privilege of filing a minority

The clause in the bill providing that the President continue negotiations with Canada to insure further recipro-

cal relations will not in any way jeo-pardize the bill itself, in the opinion of pellifical leaders of both parties. Underwood, of the ways and means committee, McCall and President Taft himself conferred as to the aded clause before it was proposed to incorporate before it was proposed to incorporate it in the Underwood bill. Secretary Knox also was consulted. It is reported on good authority that

the ways and means committee will offer a bill putting all woolen importa-tions on the free list.

Senator Cummins today gave notice of a motion amending the Senate rules so as to require amendments to tariff bills to be germane to the schedule affected. A rule of similar import has been adopted by the House.

TARIFF BOARD CANNOT HELP

New Wool Tariff Must Be Prepared Without Its Information.

iff board is not yet in a position to fur-nish information on the wool schedule. The board has informed Chairman Underwood that it has unanimously decided that submission of the incom-plete data on wool-growing, now in its possession, would be misleading and unfair to the board.

The work of inquiry into the cost of

The work of inquiry into the cost of production of domestic wool has been practically completed for the country east of the Mississippi. Reports from Texas, Minnesota, Arisona, Utah, New Mexico, Idaho and Wyoming are lack-

MORE REVISION IS PLANNED Democrats Will Cut Duties to Reduce Cost of Living.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Encouraged by the smooth working of their new Legislative machine, which today began to grind, Democratic leaders of the House planned to extend their tariff revision programme.

Iff revision programme.

Until now the only tariff tipkering determined upon included Canadian reciprocity, the fixe list to benefit farmers opposed to the reciprocity bill as it stands, and the wool and cotton schedules, but now it has been determined

to revise the agricultural schedule.

Chairman Underwood, of the ways and means committee, said the House at the present rate would complete the business outlined much earlier than generally anticipated. The agricultural schedule will be at-

tacked by the Democrats because of the high cost of living and an effort will be made to reduce the duties on those food products that are most necessary to the public.

HOUSE FOR DIRECT BALLOT

(Continued From Pirst Page.) amendment should be offered without any language that might be dangerous to the future Congressional supervision of Senstorial elections.

Insurgents Force Record Vote. Democratic leaders declared that the Rucker resolution was open to no such construction, and that it offered the construction, and that it offered the most nearly perfect constitutional amendment that could be devised. An amendment offered by Young of Eichigan, adding language that resembled that of the Sutherland amendment, adopted in the Senate two months ago, was defeated by a party vote 121 to 190. The Republican insurgents, led by was defeated by a parry vote 121 to 190. The Republican insurgents, led by Lenroot and Cooper of Wisconsin, ferced a record on the final passage of the resolution. The House voted overwhelmingly in favor of the measure, when Speaker Clark called for the viva voce vote, but the insurgents demanded a rollcall in order to put the House on record. The Democrats outsity see. record. The Democrats quickly sec-onded this demand. It was a day of lively debate. Prac-

tically every man who spoke favored the direct election amendment. The differences arose mainly over the form of the resolution and constitutional argument on whether the powers of the Federal Government were in any way threatened. New members jumped into the fray with enthusiasm.

Lafferty Jumps to Front. Lafferty of Oregon was a prominent figure among these, and told the House at the beginning that he was an in-surgent Republican and proposed to support any good measure without re-

gard to politics. He sided with the

Republican forces in urging a modifi-

Republican forces in urging a modification of the amendment.

O'Shaughnessy, a nowly elected Democrat from Rhode Island, informed the House that the Legislature of Rhode Island did not represent the people of that state; that his state was the "victime of archale laws and a moribund constitution," and that he hoped the amendment for direct election of Senators would be "a short cut across lots that would give the people of poor downtrodden Rhode Island those privileges that had been taken from them by moth-caten charters."

Baker of California, Tribble of Georgia, and other new members figured in the debate.

Georgia, and other figured in the debate.

Insurgents Find Fault.

Norris of Nebraska, Cooper of Wis-consin, and other leading Republican insurgents declared that everybody favored the general idea, and that the Democrats did wrong to couple with it language that might create doubt in the minds of voters and among mem-bers of the State Legislatures as to the powers that were actually being surrendered by the Federal Govern-ment.

Chairman Rucker, with the approval of his Democratic colleagues, urared the House to defeat any amendments to the resolution. He admitted that the report on the resolution had been available to examination only about 36 minutes, but said that the whole subject had been threshed out time after time for 40 years.

SCHOLARS CAN SUCCEED IN POLI-TICS, SAYS CLARK,

Speaker Encourages Them to Enter Democratic Ranks, and Says Ern Is Fortunate.

WASHINGTON, April 13,-Scholar ship acompanied by common sense will enable a college man to win success in politics, but scholarship alone is of little avail.

This was Speaker Clark's advice to the college Men's Democratic League at its meeting tonight in celebration of the birthday anniversary of Thomas

Addresses also were made by Warren Jefferson Davis, of Virginia, president of the league; Thomas Nelson Page and Representative James Hamill, of New

Mr. Clark extended a welcome to col-lege men "to enter Democratic poli-tics" and deplored the fact that "It is fashionable in this country to sneer at the "scholar in politics."

"I am rather inclined to think," Mr. Clark said, "that this is only an exer-cise of the humorous faculty which is almost universal in America. almost universal in America. It is incredible that there ever should be, is now or ever will be any general prejudice against learning or learned men. The scholar in politics is all right, but a pedant is ridiculous, whether in politics or out of it."

Mr. Clark contrasted the opportunities in politics today with those of 50 years ago, saying:

years ago, saying:
"Young men of America of this day,
collegians and non-collegians, come collegians and non-collegians, come upon the scene in a fortunate era. This is the day of great things. It is the age of the world's intensest activity and highest development."

SALESMAN DENIES GUILT

Barnes Says He Did Not Force Way Into Woman's Sleeping-Car Berth.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Revision of the wool schedule of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law, accomplished as forming part of the programme of the Democratic House of Representatives, will have to be undertaken without the assistance of the tariff board.

It was announced today after the first full meeting of the House committee on ways and means that the tariff board is not vet in a position to fur. chicago, while on a train that passed through here the night of January 26 last, took the stand today and made a general denial of Miss Hill's charges. He admitted that he was on the train and had occupied berth No. 6. He contended, however, that if Miss Hill thought he was her assailant it was a case of mistaken identity.

Before the state rested this morning, members of the train crew were on the

bersled Large Sums.

ST. LOUIS, April 13.—John M. Healy estified today in the trial of John Nicolal, former president, who is on trial charged with embezziement, that he and Nicolal each took \$10 a day from the police relief fund receipts during the 1908 benefit. He also testi-fled he took from \$25 to \$40 a day from the proceeds to spend with his friends at the benefit. He also ad-mitted that in his accounts covering the benefit of 1908 there was a short-

Healy is also under indictment, and is charged with having taken more than \$12,000 for his own use.

W. W. Rockhill.

Children's Easter Togg'ry

Dainty little trimmed Hats in all the new shapes for little children; pretty turbans and mushroom effects trimmed in light blue and pink ribbon, mingled here and there with a touch of little roses. \$1 to \$7.50 OHILDREN'S COATS—Strictly mannish tailored Coats for the little one in all colors. Pongee, serges in black and white stripes, shepherd checks, velvet in black and white stripes, shepherd checks, velvet collars, trim'd brass and pearl buttons. \$3 to \$12

QUALITY TECONOMY

EASTER GLOVES

Our lines of Kid Gloves are the best obtainable n all the latest shades and stitchings. We fit every ove sold and guarantee them to be fitted perfect; \$1.00, \$1.50, \$1.25 and \$2.00. KAYSER SILK GLOVES—In all the new shades. These gloves are known the world over for their Come in short or long styles. Prices, 50¢ up to \$3.50.



One-fourth off on all Trimmed Millinery for Easter. The most exquisite and elaborate display of hats ever shown in this community will be placed on sale Friday and Saturday for quick selling. This beautiful line includes all the latest designs in Millinery, Picture Hats, Turbans, Mushroom and Sailor effects. Your choice

island, said:

FINAL EASTER SALE (1) TAILORED SUITS D

Unusual preparations have been carried out in connection with this Easter sale. We know our customers expect great values in our \$19.50 Suits, therefore we are constantly on the alert, employing a thousand ways and means to secure suits to sell at this price that not only meet but exceed the expectations.

We have been very successful in getting the very best models in serges, whipcords The materials and workmanship are the same in our garments that sell at \$27.50 and \$80.00. They are lined with excellent quality of Peau de Cygne and have the fashionable hip-length coat, tailored and trimmed with silk or braid.

EASTER SALE OF COATS \$10.50, \$12.50, \$15 and \$20

The new Coats have just arrived for the Easter selling, tailored and trimmed styles with long roll collar, two and three button effects. Some have sailor collars with silk set in or fancy checks and stripes. Colors: Blue, Black, Brown, Tan, Gray and White.

ONE-FOURTH OFF

In Guam usefulness only as a cable base, and, speaking sarcastically of the

session of the Island of Guam for a cable station, he declared that, if such was the purpose, it could not be justi-fled under international law. He found

Not Think War Will Come.

CONFIDENCE HELD IN TAFT

Maryland Democrat Ridicules Idea That Japan Wants Island of Guam, Which He Says, Is Not Worth Much.

Mexico. He said:
"I am willing to admit that if Japan
is entering into negotiations for coaling stations and bases for naval suping stations and bases for naval supplies for military purposes with Mexico, we are entitled to know what those negotiations are. Congress is, however, without any information or evidence on the subject. This country would not ordinarily be entitled to know the secret treaties or alliances that other countries may make, but on the part of Mexico we unquestionably would be entitled to an explanation." would be entitled to an explanation. War Is Not Sought.

He was confident that Japan does not seek war with the United States, and declared there could be no cause for hostilities between the two coun

While he did not so express himself in exact terms, it was evident that Mr. Rayner had in mind the reports that

Rayner Tells Senate He Does

island, said:

"Guam is a charming spot, and one of the most lustrous and brilliant jewels in our Oriental galaxy. Its principal products are vipers, snakes, lixards, wild swine, rats and castor oil, and if the island were put up at auction today, with all of the inhabitants in it, beyond its value as a military post, it would not bring a dollar and a half in any of the markets of the world." Monroe Doctrine Discussed. Much of the Maryland Senator's speech was devoted to the contention that the Monroe doctrine is not in-

volved in the Mexican situation. Quoting authorities to show that the original Monroeism looked only to the prereal Monroeism looked only to the pre-vention of the establishment of new monarchical institutions in the West-ern Hemisphere, he sought to discredit the position in relation to the collec-tion of claims against Western nations taken during the Roosevelt adminis-tration in the Santo Domingo contro-

WASHINGTON, April 13.-The first

Japan is exerting herself to procure a coaling station on the Pacific Coast of Mexico. He said:

Discrediting the report that Japan might desire to take surreptitious pos-

Curtis Guild, Jr.

NEW AMBASSADORS TO TURKEY AND RUSSIA NAMED BY THE

PRESIDENT.

Russia. Is a new member of the diplo matic Corps. He is proprietor of the Boston Commercial Bulletin, founded by his father. He served on General Fitzhugh Lee's staff as Inspector-General during the Spanish-American war, and was commended for his work. He has been prominent in Republican poli-

AIM TO DISCREDIT HINES

Monros doctrine.

At the conclusion of Mr. Rayner's address, Senators Lodge and Culiom took

occasion to confirm the Maryland Sen-ator's statement regarding the improb-

ability of a misunderstanding between the United States and Mexico.
"I have examined the official cor-

respondence with care and I have been unable to discover any allusion to Japan," said Mr. Lodge, "and so far as

I am able to judge, the reports in the press are a mere fabrication."

Confessing ignorance as to the mo-tive for the circulation of these re-ports, he expressed the opinion that there was strong interests back of them.

Saying that he, too, had examined the Mexican correspondence, Senator Cul-

lom expressed the opinion "that there is not a scintilla of truth in the re-

ports involving Japan."

(Continued From First Page.) with Charles Ward, of Duquoin, and John I. Hughes, of Chicago, in a Springfield hotel in the Spring of 1909. He was asked if he was in a room in

the hotel about this time when a bag or satchel was displayed containing \$30,000 or \$35,000 in money. The witness said he had no recollec

tion of any such occurences. Mr. Hettler sald he met Hines in the Union League Club in Chicago on May

Hines Brags of Success.

"I stepped in the Union League Club on the day of Senator Lorimer's election," said Mr. Hettler. "I was leaving Chicago for a trip to Toronto. As I was buying some cigars, I felt a tap on my shoulder. I looked around and saw Mr. Hines.
"Mr. Hines was apparently elated. He said, 'I have just had a phone call from Springfield and I have elected our next Senator." Mr. Hines was emphatic in his statement that he personally had effected the election of Mr. Lorimer.
"I was not interested in the Senato-

"I was not interested in the Senatorial fight and with a view of changing the subject, I brought up the subject of

"Mr. Hines said he had been having a great time in Washington and that he (Hines) had beaten President Taft on the tarin."

on the tariff."

Mr. Hettler declared under cross-examination that Mr. Rines had said nothing in regard to money or the use of improper methods in the election of simply took Mr. Hines' actions the day that I met him in the Union League Club as an outburst of personal vanity or egotism. He was bragging more or less about the election of Mr. Lorimer."

Hines Admits Raising Money.

W. W. Rockhill.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Two important appointments to the Diplomatic Corps were made by President Taft today, when the nominations of William W. Rockhill, as Ambassador to Turkey, and Curtis Guild. Jr., as Ambassador to Russia, were sent to the S enate.

Since 1992 Mr. Rockhill has been U nited States Ambassador to Russia and is a veteran in the corps. He was the representative of the United States at the congress in Pekin for the settle ment of the Boxer troubles in 1991, being one of the signers of the final pro tocol September 7 of that year.

Mr. Rockhill is a Philadelphian, and d began his diplomatic career as second secretary of the American legation in Pekin in 1884. He made two expeditions to China and Thibet under the auspices of the Smithsonian Institution; was First Assistant Secretary of State from 1896 to 1897, and served as Minister to Greece, Roumania and Serv is and to China before his appointment to St. Petersburg.

Curtis Guild, Jr., ex-Governor of Massachusetts, the new Ambassador to Russia, is a new member of the diplo matic Corps. He is proprietor of the N. B. Coan, special investigator for the Senate bribery committee, told of talking with Frank J. Russell, Robert C. Lowe, E. D. Moser, Rush Cuiver and Shelby B. Jones on a recent trip to Marquette, Mich. Coan said that he had obtained affidavits from the first three of the five men. The investigator stated that these men said they had met Edward Hines in the Marquette Hotel in the Summer of 1909, and that Hines had boasted of "putting over" William Lorimer as Senator from Illinois.

"Mr. Jones refused to make an affi-davit," said Mr. Coan, "but he told substantially the same story as the other men." According to this story. Hines, while drinking with these Marquette

men, declared that he had financed the election of Lorimer and personally had raised a large sum of money to effect this election.

Attorney Healey then read an affi-davit from Frank J. Russell. This affidavit stated that Hines had declared "we put Lorimer over and it cost us a lot of money, but he is well worth all of it to us."

The affidavit further stated that this

conversation resulted from a discus-sion of the tariff on lumber. Lowe's affidavit, which was next read stated that Hines had declared the reason for raising the \$100,000 fund to elect Lorimer was to assure a high tariff on

Checkley Can't Remember.

William Checkly, postmaster at Mattoon, Ill., said he discussed Lorimer's election with various members of the Legislature. He was asked if ex-Representative Carl Burgett, a friend of Checkly, had ever spoken of receiving money for having voted for Lorimer. "He did not," replied Checkly.

"He did not," replied Checkly.

The witness said he had no recollection of any conversation in which any members of the Legislature told him that he received money to vote for Lorimer. Ex-Senator Cyril R. Jandus, of Chicago testified that he was a Democrat and had voted for Lorimer for versy. This he characterized as the "Roosevelt doctrine," rather than the he was in State Senator John Broder-ick's saloon on West Madison street, Chicago, where he met ex-State Senator Holtsiaw. He was questioned at length regarding his personal finances.

Missouri to Fix Express Rates. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 13.-Governor Hadley today signed the House bill which gives the Railroad Commissioners power to fix rates for express companies, to establish free delivery zones in cities of 1000 persons and to fix the amount which such companies shall pay railroads for caracter bill signed. rying expenses. Another bill signed gives the Railroad Commissioners pow-er to require one or more regular passenger trains to be run daily on all railroad lines.

Am Stranded

My house failed. I am stranded here without a dollar. I must sell the contents of my 10 big sample trunks to raise money to pay my hotel bills and get back to New York. My house, which was one of the finest on Broadway, made nothing but men's high-class clothing to sell from \$15 to \$35. There are 255 high-grade, custom-tailored suits and 63 overcoats in the entire sample outfit, and in order to tailored suits and as overcoits in the entire sample outfit, and in order to raise sufficient cash with which to defray my expenses to New York I will sell these garments at 50 cents on the deliar of netual cost of production—a true confession. I have tried to sell the samples to merchants, but as they know of the predicament I was in, the knew of the predicament I was in, the advantage they tried to take was outrageous. Therefore I decided to retail these high-grade suits direct to the public at 50 cents on the dollar. Come, if only to look. You will profit by your trip. Following is the price. Read it carefully and come assured to get every suit as advertised: \$15 suits and overcoats for \$7.50; \$20 suits and overcoats, \$10; \$35 suits and overcoats, and overcoats are tripled to the suits and overcoats. Sale begins today and will end Saturday night. Sale takes place in sample room, next to the Oregon Hotel, 85 Seventh, between Stark and Oak streets.

WALTHAM

THE oil that can be lifted on the head of a pin will lubricate an entire Waltham Watch. That is because a Waltham Watch is mechanically per-fect with friction almost "It's Time You Owned a Waltham" Send for Descriptive Booklet Waltham Watch Co., Waltham, Mass.

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ORDON hats—they stand grief! That's one reason men prefer the Gordon; another reason is style. Buy a Gordon.

The Gordon Hat\$3.00

The Triple Ring \$4.00

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Dear to the Hearts of the Women. DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S



CPLAX COURAGE

Every woman owes it to herself and loved ones to retain the charm of youth nature has bestowed upon her. For over half a century this article has been used by actresses, singers and women of fashion. It renders the skin like the softness of velvet leaving it clear and pearly white and is highly desirable when preparing for daily or evening attire. As it is a liquid and non-greasy preparation, it remains unnoticed. When attending dances, balls or other entertainments, it prevents a greasy appearance of the complexion caused by the skin becoming heated.

Gouraud's Oriental Cream cures skin

Meated.

Gouraud's Oriental Cream cures skin diseases and relieves Sunburn. Removes Tan, Pimples Blackheads, Moth Patches, Rash, Freckles and Vulgar Redness, which every woman desires.

No. 10 For sale by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. Ferd. T. Hopkins, Prop., 37 Great Jones Street, New York.



DURING THE LONG SCHOOL SEASON

A SCHOOLHOUSE without a telephone would seem strangly isolated in these days of constant communication. Parents know that the school is always within call and this knowledge gives

them a sense of security and comfort. The Bell Telephone carries the same confidence into all the relations of life. Your friends are brought within reach of your voice by the universal service of the Bell

One great advantage of the Bell Telephone is its readiness to serve your sudden and unexpected needs.



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EVERY BELL TELEPHONE IS THE * CENTER OF THE SYSTEM,

