



LIMANTOUR IS NOT BEARER OF TERMS

Minister Brands Report as Absurdity.

HE CAN'T TREAT WITH REBELS

They Must Lay Down Arms if They Desire Reforms.

PRESIDENCY NOT WANTED

Mexican Statesman on Arrival at Capital Denounces as Traitors Men With Whom He Was Said to Have Negotiated.

MEXICO CITY, March 20.—With a warning to all Mexicans that, with every day the rebellion continues the danger of international complications increases, a plea to them to rally to the support of General Diaz and a declaration that the government never can enter into peace negotiations with individuals in arms, Finance Minister Limantour today entered upon the task of pacification which the world, at least, has set for him and in the outcome of which the world is interested.

Mr. Limantour called on the President at the National Palace late this afternoon. The meeting was cordial in the extreme, the old-time friends shaking hands and embracing repeatedly.

Then followed a conference lasting more than an hour, at which no other person was present. At its conclusion, Senator Limantour said only generalities were discussed.

The special car in which he traveled from New York reached here at 10 o'clock. Hundreds among whom were many officials and a sprinkling of women, were on hand to greet the traveler, and with the salutations of many personal friends, the reading of addresses of welcome by representatives of various bodies and the shouting of "vivas" by the crowd, the reception was a high tribute to the minister's popularity.

President Diaz, greeting was conveyed through one of his official family, the meeting between the two most talked-of men in the republic having been deferred until later.

No Dealings With Armed Rebels. The evasion over, Senator Limantour and the members of his family went by automobile to the Limantour home in Mexico, a suburb, where later the minister received representatives of the press.

Senator Limantour said the statement that he was the bearer of conditions for the establishment of peace, placed in his hands by the Maderos in New York, was an absurdity.

"With bad grace could I be the bearer of such a paper, when publicly I have declared that the government could never enter into negotiations with individuals in arms. A government should do that which a reasonable public opinion demands, but it should not and cannot, on pain of extinguishing itself, accede to the armed pressure of misguided sons of the country. They must lay down their arms if they wish to bring about the reforms that may be necessary."

Danger From Abroad Grows. "It is a crime of 'lese patrie' that those Mexicans who are fighting in the ranks of the insurgents are committing, because every day the danger of international complications increases. I hope earnestly that those misguided citizens who have taken part in this movement will soon open their eyes to the light of reason and not remain longer deaf to the persuasive voice of patriotism."

In reply to a suggestion that great results were expected to follow his return to Mexico, he said: "It is a heavy burden that public opinion would place upon my shoulders, and no one man can carry it without the co-operation of all good Mexicans. I furthermore cannot understand why such an effort is demanded of me, when the direction of the policy of our government is in the hands of no less a man than the illustrious statesman who has formed the country, who has developed it and has given it a high place among the nations."

Put Confidence in Diaz. "We must then place our confidence in the expert helmsman who in the past has met the greatest dangers and lend him all the aid of which we are capable, each in his respective sphere of action doing all possible to the end that harmony may reign again among all Mexicans, for the removal to a greater distance of danger from without, as well as for the searching close at hand for a method of implanting the reforms, more or less urgent, required by the present political situation."

There was published this morning, it was suggested, "a dispatch from New York in which Gustavo Madero said that he had returned to Mexico to take charge temporarily of the presidency of the republic."

He Does Not Seek Presidency. "Another absurdity," said Senator Limantour, "already in times past, when some of my friends have been

UNAPPRECIATED BOY COMMITS SUICIDE

GIVES WARNING TO PARENTS UNFAIR TO CHILDREN.

Rebelling Against Farm Routine, Boy Has Week's "Good Time," Then Takes Morphine.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20.—(Special.)—Leaving a farewell note that his death by suicide was a "warning to parents who allow their sons to work without appreciation," Joseph Schoenfeldt, 24 years of age, of Paso, San Luis Obispo County, took an overdose of morphine this morning in a hotel at 118-Powell street and died before aid could be given him.

Schoenfeldt had been in this city for about a week, having come from the family ranch at Paso. From the note that he left and other scraps of information it was evident that he had rebelled at the routine work of the farm and had come to San Francisco with the deliberate intention of putting in one week having a good time and then ending his life.

In a statement addressed "To the public," Schoenfeldt said: "To disprove the statement that will be on everybody's lips (wine, woman and song), I want to give a statement that these three and money matters had nothing to do with my taking this course. There is no one to blame. This is a warning to my parents who allow their sons to work without appreciation that they have done their best. In this they are certainly unfair to their children."

RICH GOLD LEDGE IS FOUND

Report of New El Dorado in Nevada Stirs Reno.

RENO, Nev., March 20.—(Special.)—The residents of this city are excited over the news of a rich quartz discovery in Washoe County, Nevada, about 18 miles from the California line.

The scene of the discovery is about 80 miles from Reno on the line of the Nevada-California & Oregon Railroad, and about 35 miles from Amadeo in Lassen County, California. Not since rich finds were made in Tonopah and Goldfield has there been so much excitement here, or so many old desert prospectors in town. Several hundred started today for Amadeo, with outfits ready for prospecting.

Meager details received by telephone from the scene of the discovery are to the effect that six prospectors Friday came to a long ledge of gold on a high quartz ridge which they followed over the desert for two miles. The average width of the croppings was two feet and the richness of the gold and silver that it seemed more than half metal.

When taken to assays in Susanville, the quartz was said to average over \$20,000 in gold to the ton with much silver. The Southern Pacific Railroad manager in Reno has received two contracts for the richness of the discovery. Already 150 homesteaders are located on the new mineral range, but they will be dispossessed unless they file new mineral claims.

LOGGERS TO START FIGHT

Forestry Bill Will Put Small Dealers Out of Business, 'Tis Said.

HOQUIAM, Wash., March 20.—(Special.)—Local loggers, headed by ex-Senator Alex Polson, the largest logger in the Northwest, are prepared to start a fight on the forestry bill which was passed by the last Legislature and was signed by Governor Hay last Saturday. The bill, they declare, will not only cost the loggers thousands of dollars, but put many of the smaller loggers out of business.

Senator Polson declares the bill is vicious and works a great injustice on the loggers, it providing that the loggers shall clear up after they have logged a tract of land and has several other objectionable clauses. He says it would be impossible to obey it and that the only thing to do is to put the law to a test or go out of business.

BADGE MAY MARK DRUNKS

Walla Walla Saloonmen Want Habitual Inebriates Placarded.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., March 20.—(Special.)—To protect saloonmen from the habitual drunkards' list, dealers are said to be preparing an ordinance requiring all probated drunkards to wear buttons or badges showing that they are on the list.

This grows out of two cases instituted recently against local men for furnishing liquor to probated drunkards, when in both cases it was contended by the saloonmen that they did not know the men were on the list. The City Council will probably be asked to pass a law requiring the buttons to be worn.

EXPENSES NOT ALLOWED

Presidential Preference Law Gives Authority for \$200 Outlay.

SALEM, Or., March 20.—(Special.)—Chief Clerk Corey, of the Secretary of State's office, today made the discovery that under the Presidential preference primary law, passed by the people at the last election, he has no authority to issue warrants for the supposedly prescribed \$200 which is mentioned in the bill for payment of expenses of delegates to National conventions.

The bill fails to make an appropriation for this purpose and the chief clerk says that it will be impossible for him to issue such warrants when the time comes to do so.

RUSSIAN CABINET, DEFEATED, QUILTS

Rejection of Its Reform Measure Is Cause.

REACTIONARY INTRIGUE WINS

Czar Tries Vainly to Change Stolypin's Decision.

KOKOVSOFF IS NEW MAN

New Premier was Formerly Extreme Reactionary, but Has Moderated Opinions and Saved Millions by His Reforms.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 20.—P. Stolypin, Premier and Minister of the Interior resigned today and the resignation was promptly accepted by Czar Nicholas. V. N. J. Kokovsoff, Minister of Finance in the Stolypin Cabinet, will be the new Prime Minister, and unless unexpected circumstances intervene, his appointment will be gazetted tomorrow.

The Council of Ministers is in session tonight and it is believed the members will tender their resignations as an indication of solidarity and adherence to the ex-Premier. M. Makaroff, assistant to the Minister of the Interior, it is said, will receive the post of Minister of the Interior. While M. Kokovsoff desires to retain, as far as possible, his present colleagues, it is possible two or three of the ministers will retire.

Self-Government Rejected.

Premier Stolypin presented his resignation personally to the Emperor. His action was due to the rejection by the Council of the Empire of the Zemstvo bill for self-government in the nine western provinces.

The Premier decided to make the crisis a personal issue and the quickness of the Emperor's answer was accepted in certain quarters as substantiating the report that the Emperor had abandoned the Premier to his fate by telling the Conservatives in the Council of the Empire, through M. Trapoff, to vote "according to their conscience."

Reactionary Robbed of Pleasure.

But it was learned later that the rejection of M. Kokovsoff was made by the Emperor on M. Stolypin's recommendation after his majesty had exhausted all means to persuade the latter to retain his post. The reactionary groups which plotted Stolypin's fall, thus got small satisfaction.

The resignation of the Premier came as a surprise to the Emperor, who was greatly disturbed for a time. He did not wish to hear of it, but M. Stolypin explained his motives and indicated his firm intention to withdraw from public life.

Emperor Requires Inquiry.

In the meantime the Emperor instituted an inquiry into Treppoff's account of his conversation with his majesty (Continued on page 4.)

INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

The Weather. YESTERDAY—Maximum temperature, 50 degrees; minimum, 40 degrees. TODAY'S—Fair; westerly winds.

Mexico. Limantour denies he bears peace terms from Madero, calls rebels traitors and swears by Diaz. Page 1. Madero ready to make armed truce when terms accepted at Mexico City. Page 2. Rebels advance against Hermosillo, capital of Sonora. Page 3. Taft assures Mexican Ambassador troops were only sent to border for maneuvers. Page 4. Taft finds Army maneuvers prove efficiency, but will order no forward movement. Page 5. Deserving Mexican soldier captured by Diaz appears in court. Page 6. Russian Premier resigns when reactionaries defeat self-government bill. Page 7.

Foreign. Government begins suit against Smelter Trust & Exploitation Company to recover \$5,000,000 for coal mines obtained by fraud. Page 8. Attorney-General Wickersham speaks against direct legislation and recall. Page 1. Roosevelt upholds Arttona's right to adopt direct legislation, but condemns recall of judges. Page 2. Democrats honor Bryan at banquet in Lincoln, Neb. Page 3.

National. Boy who says parents are unfair commits suicide. Page 1. Ben Henderson, outlaw pitcher, is reinstated; will report to McGraw. Page 7. Dudley Clark elected baseball captain at Multnomah Club. Page 7.

Pacific Northwest. Strange woman arrested at Moscow says she is ex-wife of President McLean of University of Idaho. Page 4. Another prison employe resigns; others expected to follow. Page 5. Vancouver, Wash., Mayor calls Chief of Police to throw out Councilmen who oppose his veto. Page 4.

Commercial and Marine. Grain dealers offer higher prices for wheat. Page 10. Chicago wheat market affected by Kansas stock market strong in face of large offerings. Page 10. Cattle and sheep prices advance at Portland stock yards. Page 10. Portland sea rate south is cheaper for Puget Sound travelers. Page 10.

Portland and Vicinity. Mayor Simon announces he will not be candidate for re-election. Page 10. Railway officials start tour of Central Oregon. Page 10. Commercial bodies and railroad officials meet that large percentage of colonists stay in Portland. Page 6. Oregon Agricultural College annual husbandry class grades stock show exhibits. Page 10.

United Railways now sends trains through Central Ore tunnel. Page 10. Safely orphan fund increases. Page 10. With withdrawal from race of Simon, candidates for Mayor to begin to appear. Page 10. M. G. Mundy declares Chamber of Commerce "Mafia" made port member quit. Page 10. \$500,000 bonds to be asked for new auditorium. Page 10.

CHINA CONCEDES DEMANDS

Russia Allowed Consulates and Free Trade in Empire.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 20.—China's reply to the Russian ultimatum, dealing with the treaty of 1851, was delivered today. It complies with Russia's demands for the opening of consulates and the establishment of free trade in certain districts, but leaves the limitation of monopolies for further negotiations.

The Foreign Office is disposed to consider the reply satisfactory.

DIRECT LAWMAKING IS NOT REPUBLICAN

Wickersham Speaks on Progressive Method.

RECALL AROUSES ANTAGONISM

Attorney-General Would Not Subject Judges to It.

FEAR OF MOB WOULD ENSUE

Cleveland Audience Hears Exposition of Principles of Republic as Opposed to Pure Democracy of "Progressives."

CLEVELAND, O., March 20.—The principle of representative government as opposed to direct legislation was upheld by Attorney-General Wickersham tonight in a speech on "The State and Nation" delivered at a banquet dedicating the new \$4,000,000 Federal building.

The banquet was given under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce and 350 of the city's leading men and distinguished guests were present.

Republic Is Representative.

Mr. Wickersham had a strong plea for an independent judiciary, and scored the recall as "the latest invention of self-characterized 'progressive' government."

"Representative republican government," said he, "is founded on a practical recognition of the fact that in a busy, prosperous community the average citizen can give but little time to the details of his government. He therefore joins with his fellow-electors in selecting representatives to frame the laws from which to be governed and in choosing the principal officers who are to execute them. His life, liberty and property are protected from undue invasion in either branch of the Government by means of Constitutional restriction upon their powers; and by limiting the terms for which they are chosen there is required of them a periodic accounting of their stewardship."

Reform Abuses Don't Destroy.

"Abuses of power occur under all forms of government. Representatives chosen to make laws for state or Nation have not always been faithful to their trust. The greater importance of the National legislature, upon which the eyes of the Nation are directed, has as a rule, preserved it from the corruption and the inefficiency of many of the state legislatures. The history of the latter has been too often a history of venality and stupidity.

"But is the remedy to be found in direct legislation?" (Continued on page 5.)

"VIVA TAFT," SAYS RESCUED MEXICAN

FEDERAL DESERTER IS TURNED OVER TO AMERICANS.

When Diaz's Agents Abduct Soldier From Arizona United States Officer Secures Freedom.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., March 20.—A Federal sergeant who had deserted and was today captured by Mexican officials on American soil, and then hurried back to Agua Prieta, was the cause of no little excitement here today.

When the facts became known both Americans and Mexicans in Douglas gathered and made a demonstration. The demand was general that the prisoner should be returned to this side of the border.

Major John Gardner, commanding the First United States Cavalry here, took a hand in matters and requested Comisario Vasquez, of Agua Prieta, to bring the man to the American line.

An automobile was then dispatched to Agua Prieta and the sergeant was brought back. He still wore his uniform and was given an ovation by the crowd.

BANK WILL BE MEMORIAL

Relatives of Late E. H. Harriman to Erect Institution.

NEW YORK, March 20.—A dispatch from Washington announces that a charter for the Harriman National Bank of New York was issued today. The incorporators are members of the family of the late E. H. Harriman, and the bank is designed to be a lasting monument for the perpetuation of his memory.

Mrs. Harriman, with the aid of her lawyers and financiers, who were closely associated with her husband, has worked out all the details of the new bank. In addition to its own capital and resources, the Harriman National Bank will take over by absorption those of the Night and Day Bank, in the organization of which the late Mr. Harriman was prominently interested.

The new bank will rank with the strongest in the city and will start off with an immense business through the influence of the Harriman estate, the Harriman railroads and steamship lines. Joseph W. Harriman, a nephew of E. H. Harriman, will be president of the new bank.

AMELIE TO GET ALIMONY

John A. Chaloner Killing to Pay Her \$3600 a Year.

NEW YORK, March 20.—(Special.)—George M. McKellar has been appointed by the Supreme Court to take proofs in regard to the application of Thomas T. Sherman, custodian of the person and property of John Armstrong Chaloner, who was declared incompetent by the New York courts, to pay Princess Amelia Troubetzkoy an annual income of \$3600 a year.

Chaloner is now living in Virginia and affidavits are presented from him stating that he does not oppose the application.

REVENUE RETURNS GREAT

All Records Broken During First Two Months of Present Year.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The Government's receipts from internal revenue are at their high mark. In the first two months of the present year \$199,837,080 was collected, an increase of more than \$22,000,000. Receipts for February alone were \$1,622,000 greater than a year ago.

Higher taxes on tobacco are largely responsible, increased receipts from that source being about \$300,000 a month. The greater consumption of beer was responsible for an increase of \$366,900 in February alone. Taxes on oleomargarine are falling off.

JAPAN'S POLICY UNCHANGED

Condemnatory Resolution Defeated by Large Majority.

TOKYO, March 20.—The resolution offered in the Diet by the opposition, condemning the government's foreign policy in connection with England's and America's foreign policy, was defeated today by a large majority. Count Komura reiterated the government had made no change in its foreign policy.

RATE-WAR JOINED BY COAST LINERS

Sweeping Cut Made on Pacific Coast Ships.

YALE-HARVARD RATES ARE MET

Diminishing Business Forces Company to Act.

AFFECTS SOUTHERN ROUTE

Governor and President Will Compete in Fight From San Francisco to San Diego, Santa Rosa to Santa Barbara.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20.—(Special.)—After a few preliminary skirmishes, the rate war in coastwise water transportation, instituted by rival companies against the Pacific Navigation Company, began in earnest today, when the Pacific Coast Steamship Company announced a sweeping reduction in its rates between San Francisco, San Pedro and San Diego.

The action of the Pacific Coast Company was taken after due consideration by the officials of the diminishing size of their steamer passenger lists and the increase in travel on the huge turbines, Yale and Harvard.

Rates Effective at Once.

The cut made by the Pacific Coast Company is larger than the slice in rates taken by the San Francisco-Portland Company a week ago. The rates on the Pacific Coast Steamship Company's steamers in the southern traffic will now be the same as those of the Yale and Harvard, except that berth and meals will be included in the flat sum as an inducement. General Manager Higbee, of the Pacific Coast Company, stated that the new rates will go into effect immediately.

The fare on the Governor and President from San Francisco to San Pedro is cut from \$11.50 to \$3.35; on the Santa Rosa from San Francisco to Santa Barbara, from \$3.50 to \$7. The fare on the two big steamers between San Francisco and San Diego comes down from \$14.15 to \$9, and on the Santa Rosa from \$13.50 to \$9.

Yale and Harvard Fast.

"Unless the cut made by the Pacific Coast Steamship Company affects us more than the one made by the San Francisco-Portland Steamship Company, we will not take notice of the cut rates. However, if it appears that both companies are combining to run the Yale and Harvard off the route they are on now, we wish to state that both ships can average 21 knots per hour, and with that speed, we are in position to compete with any rates put into effect by either company and cover the Coast from San Diego to Puget Sound, giving better service and more frequent sailings than are being given now."

While the other companies are wailing their rate-cutting blades, the Pacific Navigation Company stands by its guns and will not take the offensive until it appears that the business of the Yale and Harvard is interfered with.

Service to Be Considered.

Captain James H. Bennett, of Bennett & Goodall, operators of the Yale and Harvard, made the following statement after the new rates of the Pacific Coast Company had been announced.

"We understand that Pacific Coast Steamship Company has followed the San Francisco-Portland Steamship Company by cutting rates from here to Los Angeles to \$8.35, and from here to San Diego to \$10, including berth and meals. We consider that they have been very liberal in making this arbitrary differential, considering the class of ships they are operating on the route, and the service they are giving in comparison to the Yale and Harvard."

FRENCH LICK IS SHAKEN

Dynamic Explosion Arouses Guests and Causes Excitement.

FRENCH LICK SPRINGS, Ind., March 20.—The 500 guests at the French Lick Hotel were roused from their beds early today by an explosion of dynamite in a new building being constructed by the hotel company. The explosion caused considerable excitement, but little damage was done.

The cause of the explosion is not known by Thomas Taggart, president of the company. He said the explosive was used by the contractors in blasting rock to make way for the foundation of the new building, and that the explosion probably was accidental.

WAR ON TIMBER BEETLES

Aggressive Campaign Planned, State and Nation Co-operating.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—An aggressive campaign by the Department of Agriculture to control the depredations of timber-destroying beetles in South-eastern Oregon, was announced today. The Forest Service, the General Land office, the Bureau of Entomology, the Oregon Land Board and an organization of private owners and independent foresters, will co-operate as soon as the weather conditions permit.

