

OREGON LOSES BY LACK OF EFFORT

Irrigation Fund Divided According to Pull and This State Loses Share.

GETS BEGGARLY FRACTION

West Umatilla Turned Down as New Project, Yet Millions Are Given Other New Projects Because Senators Pull Hard.

(Continued From First Page.)

ing, is \$4,000,000, or approximately \$50 per acre for 80,000 acres. The dam, estimated to cost \$1,000,000, is included in the above figure.

East Side Umatilla Held Good.

The East Side Umatilla project, for which \$25,000 is allotted, is declared by the board to be both feasible and practicable, and the amount set apart is estimated to complete it according to the present approved plans, taking in land between the present irrigated area and the Columbia River. There will also be sufficient money to drain some of the swamp area.

The board says original charge on this project was \$60 per acre, but this will not cover the cost of construction, and it is now expected the Government will charge \$75 per acre for one unit of 3130 acres and \$100 per acre for one unit of 3200 acres. If all the land is taken, the return on the East Side project will be \$1,500,750, the approximately estimated cost of construction. The board is of the opinion that the land can stand this high cost, though the highest-priced land will be taken less rapidly than on which the charge is \$50 and \$75 per acre.

Klamath Project to Cost \$4,470,195

The total estimated expenditure that must be made to complete the Klamath project, according to existing plans as revised last Spring, is \$4,470,195, of which approximately \$1,500,000 was expended up to June 30, 1910. The board estimates that the lower project upland unit can be built for \$20 per acre and this unit is said to be feasible and worthy of completion. To this unit most of the \$600,000 allotment will be applied. The Tule Lake unit will cost \$25 per acre and the board recommends that this unit be taken up tentatively to allow further study of reclaimed lands and to determine the efficiency of the proposed means of controlling the lake area.

Modoc Scheme Must Wait.

The Modoc sub-project, which will cost \$613 per acre, is also found to be feasible, but is not approved by the board. Owing to the large amount of public land in this unit and owing to the fact that water is already provided by the Clear Lake reservoir, it is regarded as worthy of completion as funds are available, subject to adjudication of water rights in the Upper Langille Valley. The board, however, apparently contemplates that this unit will not be constructed until the funds recently allotted are all expended elsewhere and additional funds become available.

Yakima Needs Much Storage.

Before the Government projects in the Yakima Valley can be carried to completion, \$4,100,000 must be expended in building a great storage system, with a total capacity of 23,000 acre-feet. This storage, with the natural flow of the streams, will be ample to supply all available land of the valley. To date only \$750,000 has been spent on storage. The storage thus far developed is ample only to meet the present needs of the Sunnyside and Tieton units.

Because of the general demand for money from the \$45,000,000 fund, the board did not feel justified in recommending any allotment for the high-line Benton Canal, especially as the project is so land to be irrigated under it is in private ownership. This canal, complete, will cost \$20,000,000, and, if built at this time, must be built by private capital, though the board is of opinion that it will be impossible to raise sufficient capital to put through such a gigantic undertaking. Until the cost of this unit is ascertained, the board recommends that no action be taken that will obligate the Reclamation Service to furnish stored water for the high-line project.

The allotment of \$1,250,000 for the Sunnyside unit will complete it to Prosper. Proposed extensions to this unit are turned down, as 16 per cent of the land is in private ownership. This unit is estimated to cost \$4,250,000 or \$53 per acre. The board believes the land could stand this charge. While this unit by executive order has been made a part of the Yakima project, the board holds it to be essentially a new project, and does not deem it advisable to undertake its construction, unless the water necessary stored water, in the event that private capital stands ready to build the distributing system and purchase water from the Government. The unit would cost \$1,200,000 or \$37 per acre. This project is said to be practicable and desirable. All lands involved are in private ownership, most of the present owners being Indians who are still wards of the Government. As long as this condition exists, irrigation of this area in a comprehensive manner by private enterprise is impossible and it is for this reason the board believes it ad-

visable that the United States undertake this work when funds are available. No funds are allotted for this purpose, however.

The Benton or high line unit, heretofore allotted to, has never been sufficiently studied to enable the board to pass judgment upon its merits. Even if it is found feasible, the board says its construction can advantageously be postponed until after the completion of the Sunnyside, Tieton and Wapato units. Detailed surveys of this unit are recommended.

Government Loses on Okanogan.

The \$12,000 allotted to the Okanogan project will complete it at a total cost of \$200,000, but the Government will lose \$22,000, because the price of \$55 per acre assessed against the water-users will not be ample to cover the cost of construction. Proposed extensions of this project are feasible, but none of the lands should be made to homestead entry, and it is deemed inadvisable to undertake their reclamation with Government money. The \$35,000 allotted to the Payette-Bolger project in Idaho will carry it to completion, according to present estimates. To date \$1,044,327 has been spent on it. The building charge will approximate \$25 per acre.

HAWLEY PROTESTS TO TAFT

Right of Oregon to Larger Share of Fund Asserted.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 5.—Representative Hawley today presented to President Taft a letter he prepared after conference with Secretary Ballinger, in which he urges more liberal apportionment of funds for carrying forward irrigation work in Oregon.

Oregon Deprived of Share.

"I respectfully wish to protest against the apportionment made under the recent act of Congress, authorizing the \$20,000,000 reclamation certificates, and which gives to the Klamath reclamation project \$600,000. I am officially informed as follows: 'The receipts credited to the reclamation fund from Oregon to December 31, 1909, were in round numbers a little over \$3,000,000, and the major portion, as usually estimated, would be in round numbers \$4,600,000. The allotment made for projects in Oregon during this period were a little over \$2,200,000. There would have been available for use in Oregon, under the Reclamation Act of July 17, 1902, had not section 9 been repealed, \$4,400,000 with which to complete the reclamation projects within the state. The amount which would naturally have been made under section 9, referred to above, had it not been repealed.' 'I respectfully but earnestly protest against this injustice to the state of Oregon and to her development, and ask that the matter be again considered and a more equitable apportionment made.'"

Klamath Project Needs More.

"I understand that in addition to the \$600,000 allotted to the Klamath project some \$600,000 additional is available for work on that project. Secretary Ballinger states that, after the expenditure of \$600,000 allotted upon their recommendation."

TAFT APPROVES ALLOTMENT.

The President informs Congress in his letter transmitting the report that he approved the report "after careful consideration, believing that it sets forth a plan for the distribution of the loan and of the available reclamation fund, that from an engineering and economic standpoint will best serve the completion of these projects which should be given the preference in construction and completion over any other projects or parts of projects which are remote and may properly wait until a later date for construction."

TAFT APPROVES ALLOTMENT.

The President's approval was again "subject to the condition that the amounts allotted to the various projects may be adjusted and modified from time to time as is found necessary for the intelligent prosecution of the work and the advantage of the service."

The President notifies Congress that in accordance with the power granted him, he has authorized the Secretary of the Treasury from time to time as he needs any of the allotted money. In line with the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior and the Board of Engineers, the President recommends the "enactment of a law which will permit of the disposition of surplus stored water available from reclamation projects to persons, associations or corporations operating systems for the delivery of water to individual water users for the irrigation of arid lands."

SECOND CHARGE IS MADE

C. C. Clair, Acquitted Once, to Be Tried Again at Dayton.

DAYTON, Wash., Jan. 5.—(Special.)—C. C. Clair, alias painter, arrested at Salem two weeks ago, extradited from Oregon, tried here on a charge of attempted fraud, acquitted, re-arrested before he left the court room and arraigned for a second time yesterday, pleaded not guilty to a charge of petit larceny and was placed in jail again when he failed to give \$100 bonds required. Hardy E. Hamm was appointed to defend him.

Clair now faces a charge of collecting money from County Commissioner Spangler, a customer of Wilhelm Seile, for whom Clair formerly worked. Officers are now searching for Seile, who is in some of the larger cities on the coast. He is wanted as chief witness by the prosecution.

The envelope was invented by M. de Val-

BATTLE TO RAGE AROUND LORIMER

Beveridge Will Begin Attack on Monday and Owen Is Loaded With Speech.

SENATORS BEING LINED UP

Oklahoma Will Use Illinois Bribery as Argument for Direct Election—Debate Expected to Be Long and Heated.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The adjournment of the Senate until Monday on account of the death of Senator Elkins made material changes in the plans of those opposed to Senator Lorimer being permitted to retain his seat.

It was expected that Owen would speak today in criticism of the report of the committee on privileges and elections and that he would introduce a resolution to declare the election of Lorimer illegal. The adjournment until Monday, however, makes it possible for Beveridge to complete a minority report and it is now believed that he will submit such a report Monday and make a speech upon it.

There is some question now whether Owen or Beveridge will fire the first gun in the fight against Lorimer. If Beveridge is ready Monday, the general impression is that Owen will step aside and let the Indiana Senator speak first. Owen is said to desire to speak against Lorimer because the show of corruption in the Illinois Legislature seems to offer a good argument in support of the Owen resolution for a constitutional amendment to provide for the election of Senators by direct vote.

There are evidences that Senators are being asked to take sides on the Lorimer case and every indication points to a long and heated debate.

NORRIS RENEWS RULES FIGHT

Insurgent Leader Proposes to Outflank Regulars in House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Two important amendments to the House rules, one intended to outflank the regulars in their fight against the insurgent rule as to discharging committees from consideration of bills, and the other to throw committee meetings open to the public, were introduced today by Norris of Nebraska, who led the insurgent Republicans in their great rules fight last March.

The resolution to meet the recent ruling of Speaker Cannon that on motion to discharge a committee from further consideration of a bill, the bill must be read in entirety, provides that, in the consideration of such a motion in the House, the measure shall be read by the title only. Norris believes this will meet the attempt of the regular Republicans to deprive the insurgent rule of its effectiveness, for under the ruling the reading of a bill might occupy all the remaining available time of a session of Congress.

APPORTIONMENT PLANS DUAL

Crumpacker Will Offer Two Bills for Choice of House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Two bills providing for reapportionment of the country for representation in Congress will be introduced to the House tomorrow by Chairman Crumpacker, of the House committee on census.

One bill will be based upon a continuing basis of the present ratio of 291,000 people in the United States. The other will provide for a representation of one Representative for each 215,771 inhabitants, making a total membership of 42.

ROUTE MAY GET JUDGESHIP

Representative Smith Also Being Considered by President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Representatives Smith, of Iowa, and Boutell, of Illinois, are under consideration by President Taft for judgeships, the former to the Circuit bench and Mr. Boutell to the Court of Customs Appeals.

Longworth Offers Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The Tariff Commission bill was introduced in the House today. It was framed by Representative Longworth, of Ohio, after conferences with President Taft and with insurgent Republicans. It provides for a permanent tariff board and for further powers to make, it a thoroughly efficient body, particularly as to facilities for investigations.

Hawley Proposes Direct Election.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Representative W. C. Hawley today introduced a resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution providing for the popular election of United States Senators.

Canned Salmon in Demand.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—"Canned salmon is in greater demand than at any corresponding period in the memory of men now engaged in the wholesale grocery business in Chicago," said a well-known local canned goods man yesterday in commenting on the unusual condition at this season of the year.

"Dealers who are short are willing to pay a considerable premium, but the goods do not seem to be obtainable in quantities to relieve the situation. Naturally, canned salmon is exceptionally firm, and prices show further evidence of soaring."

Tull & Gibbs, Inc. Morrison at Seventh Tull & Gibbs, Inc.

A FURNITURE AND COMPLETE HOMEFURNISHING SERVICE THAT MEETS EVERY DEMAND EASY PAYMENT TERMS EXTENDED TO HOMEFURNISHERS. MERCHANDISE IS UP TO THE STANDARD HERE ALWAYS, LOWEST PRICES. AGENTS FOR THE LEOPOLD OFFICE DESKS

The Rummage Sale Is the Greatest of All January Special Selling Events. Unusual Bargains In Every Department

In every instance are the savings exceptional—in Women's and Misses' Outer Garments; in Juniors' and Children's Outer Garments; in Furniture and Home-furnishings of every description and in the dependable grades only. It's such buying-advantages as are offered in the Rummage Sale that demonstrates our supremacy.

A Rummage Group of Lingerie Dresses at \$1.98

They Were \$4.95, \$5.95 and \$6.95.

Lingerie Dresses in white, pink and lavender, beautifully trimmed in fine Valenciennes laces. Some of them in the straight line effect; others with belts. They're slightly mussed and soiled from handling, but nevertheless the most unusual of bargains. They go into the Rummage Sale today, and at the price at which they're marked there should not be one left by tomorrow.

—First Floor Rummage.

WOMEN'S AND MISSES' Wash Dresses

In the Rummage—Some of Them to Go at Less Than Half Price.

Linen Dresses, Lingerie Dresses, Dresses of Mull and Cotton Poplin—75 of them in this broken-size and odd lot collection that becomes a part of the Rummage today. One-half is the reduction. For instance:

\$ 7.50 Dresses go at \$ 3.85. \$35.00 Dresses go at \$12.50.
\$11.50 Dresses go at \$ 4.95. \$47.50 Dresses go at \$21.50.
\$13.50 Dresses go at \$ 6.95. \$55.00 Dresses go at \$21.50.

—First Floor Rummage.

Children's White Dresses

That Were 95c to \$7.50—Half Price.

There's an assortment of styles and the values are unusually good in this lot of Children's White Dresses that range in size from 6 to 14. They're all good, desirable little frocks, in a variety of materials, with high and Dutch necks and long and short sleeves. Plain and fancy trimmed. Just slightly soiled, but mothers know what a little laundering will do.

—First Floor Rummage.

Repeating Announcement of That Special Group of

Tailored Suits \$14.75

\$25 to \$29 were their former prices and they show a distinctiveness in style and fabric that is not found elsewhere in suits at these or even higher prices. Fancy mixtures, plain chevrons in brown and navy, and homespuns, are some of the materials. Both women's and misses' sizes.

89c for \$1.19 Lingerie Waists

Fine mull Waists, beautifully trimmed with insertion, lace and embroidery. Combination trimmings of tucks and cluny lace and embroidered medallions. Full range of sizes. First Floor Rummage.

WOMEN'S AND MISSES' Combination Suits

\$1.98 for \$2.50 and \$2.75 Combination Suits of excellent quality nainsook. Lace and embroidery-trimmed and finished with ribbon and beading.

\$1.29 for \$1.95 Combination Suits of cambric and nainsook, trimmed with lace insertion and edging, and embroidery insertion and edging. Finished with ribbon and beading.

—First Floor Rummage.

Children's Coats and Dresses, Juniors' Two-Piece Suits and Misses' Capes at Half Price.

SENATOR IS MOURNED

ELKINS' DEATH CLEARS WAY FOR CLAPP IN SENATE.

Death of West Virginian May Place Insurgent Leader in Charge of Railroad Bills.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Sadness and gloom marked the reconvening of Congress today after a fortnight's recess over the holidays. For Senator Elkins, the former to the Circuit bench and Mr. Boutell to the Court of Customs Appeals.

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country suffers a great loss and West Virginia one of the greatest sorrows she could possibly have experienced."

Elkins was chairman of the Senate committee on insular affairs, and his removal will make a rather startling change in the personnel of that committee, which is charged with passing on railroad legislation. There is little doubt that Clapp, of Minnesota, now fifth on that committee, will be chairman on the expiration of the present Congress in less than two months.

GOVERNOR MAY NOT APPOINT

Elkins' Seat May Be Vacant Till Legislature Elects Man.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 5.—Governor Glasscock will not discuss the nomination of a probable successor to Senator Elkins until after the funeral of the Senator Saturday. With the Legislature convening on January 11, doubt is expressed whether the Governor will appoint a Senator to serve for the brief period that would ensue pending the election of a Democrat by the joint assembly.

Should he decide to make an appointment, political leaders generally believe that he will honor Isaac T. Mann, a wealthy coal operator, prominent in Republican circles.

Ratifying for a successor to Senator Scott, Republican, will begin on January 24.

"Lafe" Young for Direct Primary.

DES MOINES, Jan. 5.—Senator La-

ayette Young today declared himself in favor of the enactment of the Oregon primary law by the coming Iowa Legislature.

He stated that he believed the agricultural products of Iowa and the Mississippi Valley against free trade at the demand of New England, and that all voters of Iowa should have a voice on the question. Senator Cummins yesterday endorsed the Oregon primary plan.

Forest Grove Postal Receipts Gain.

FOREST GROVE, Or., Jan. 5.—(Special.)—The postoffice receipts here show an increase for the past year of 14 1/2 per cent. The business for the month of December, 1910, was 37 per cent larger than for the corresponding month in 1909.

Astoria School Names Instructor.

ASTORIA, Or., Jan. 5.—(Special.)—The teachers' committee of the local school board at a meeting today appointed N. A. Fertig, principal of the Albrook school, as instructor of manual training at the new high school. No appointments have been made for the principalships of the Albrook and McClure schools.

Neuralgia

Nerve Pains. They torture you, destroy your sleep, wreck your physical health. Stop it. Rub with

ST. JACOBS OIL

Rub it in vigorously, it will stop the biting pain immediately. It will cure you.

BEST LINIMENT FOR NERVE PAINS

ALL DRUGGISTS, 25c, and 50c.

The St. Jacobs Oil is 3 Times as Much as the 2c Size

