LAFFERTY PUTS LAPHAM TO ROUT

Speaker Interrupted by ex-Preacher, but Gets Warm Reception From Crowd.

CAUSE OF ANIMUS TOLD

Candidate for Congress Exposes Man Who Was "Fired" by Church as Siletz Claim-Jumper—Two Great Meetings Held.

A. W. Lafferty, Republican nominee for Congress, addressed two large street meetings from an automobile last night, one at Grand Avenue and East Morrison street, and the second at Sixth and Washington streets. He devoted a part of his remarks to the personal attacks made on his character by a weekly paper printed in Portland, and by Stanton C. Lapham, a former preacher.

Lapham attempted to reply after Mr. Lafferty had concluded at each place, but was hissed and jerred by the crowd. After trying vainly for several minutes to get a hearing, Lapham quit and left amid the hoots of the audience.

"I am the 'near-preacher' that this man Lafferty has been assailing," shouted Lapham, as Mr. Lafferty concluded his remarks at Sixth and Washington streets. "Wait, gentlemen, and hear what I have to say."

"Does this work pay better than preaching?" yelled a man in the crowd.

"I want to tell you that Lafferty has not lived long enough in Oregon to represent you in Congress. He has been here only three years, and—"

"Liar," shouted a Lafferty admirer, and the crowd yelled.

"Lafferty has more ways of signing his name than the King of England," continued Lapham.

"How about that Siletz claim you tried to jump?" asked somebody in the audience.

And so it continued for about five minutes, until somebody proposed three cheers for Lafferty, and when they were given with a will, Lapham wilted and quit. He disappeared around the corner as a jeering yell followed the cheer.

As Mr. Lafferty left the East Side meeting, the audience gave him three rousing cheers. On the West Side Mr. Lafferty was at his best and was cheered to the echo. He spoke for 90 minutes and held the vast audience throughout. It was one of the most eloquent and effective political speeches heard in Portland in years. On both sides of the river many prominent business men were among the spectators. If the feeling expressed by the two big audiences who heard Mr. Lafferty last night is to be taken as a criterion, he will carry Portland at the election next Tuesday by an overwhelming majority.

Mr. Lafferty declared that the weekly paper that had attacked him was partly owned and controlled by John Manning, his Democratic opponent, and said this fact accounted for the attacks. He said S. C. Lapham had repeated these attacks on the streets of Portland recently at the behest of Mr. Manning. Mr. Lafferty read from the record of a trial had in a land case in Portland two years ago at which Lapham was cross-examined by Mr. Lafferty and made to admit that he had filed a contest against a Siletz homesteader in 1908. This testimony also disclosed that Lapham had represented himself as a shingleweaver to one of the settlers in endeavoring to procure evidence to use against the settler in a contest. Mr. Lafferty said Lapham contested the claim of S. R. Willis and was beaten. Lafferty defending Willis, and that it was for this reason Lapham was now a willing tool of Manning.

He also said that Lapham was not a preacher, as claimed, but that he had been "fired" from his church two years ago and was not now even a citizen of Oregon, but had been imported here from the State of Washington because no one in Portland could be found to do the work Lapham is now engaged in.

In his West Side speech, Mr. Lafferty devoted most of his time to National issues. He spoke vigorously in favor of progressive laws and said that legislation should be enacted at once removing the tariff from all trust-made goods, fixing a reasonable protective tariff on all articles grown or manufactured in the country by competitive producers and making it the duty of the Interstate Commerce Commission to ascertain the physical valuation of property of all public service corporations and to fix maximum rates. He said this would reduce the high cost of living.

Mr. Lafferty was introduced by W. M. Davis, who told of his acquaintance with the Congressional candidate when both were residents of Missouri, 20 years ago.

"I was running for Prosecuting Attorney in Pike County, Mo., just 20 years ago," said Mr. Davis. "I was a Republican then, the same as now, and it meant something to be a Republican in Missouri. I said I was running; you notice I didn't say anything about being elected.

"A number of the Republican candidates spoke at a picnic near where Lafferty's folks lived. After the speaking was over the candidates went up to the home of the Lafferty's—it was a good Republican family—to have dinner. That day I met Abraham Walter Lafferty, a youth of 15, already reading law. I did not see him again until six years ago when he moved to Portland. I was president of the local Missouri Society, and he at once looked me up and renewed the old acquaintance.

"Mr. Lafferty became a prominent member of our society and attended the important meetings we held during the Lewis and Clark Fair to entertain visitors. I have been in close association with him ever since, and I have always held him in high esteem for his integrity and his remarkable ability."

SIX INDICTMENTS BROUGHT

(Continued From First Page.)

pany, and Harry White, ex-Mayor of Seattle.

The coal lands involved in the indictments are in the vicinity of Katalla, in the Bering River fields near the Bering glacier in the Kayak mining district. The Dunn and Brown groups adjoin each other and are located near Katalla.

INDICTMENT CAUSES SURPRISE

Charles McKenzie, Seattle, Thought Danger of Charge Over.

SEATTLE, Nov. 3.—Of the six men indicted in Spokane for alleged conspiracy to defraud the United States of Alaska coal lands only two are in Seattle—Charles A. McKenzie, a real estate and loan agent, and Harry White, ex-Mayor of Seattle. He had not heard of the indictment until told by the Associated Press and expressed surprise, saying that his attorney had assured him there was no possibility of indictment. His cousin, Donald A. McKenzie, a promoter, is now in Washington, where he is well known as an Alaska lobbyist.

Charles M. Doughton is at his home in Pearson, Kitsap County. Harry White was Mayor of Seattle 15 years ago and resigned suddenly, after serving a few months. John H. McGraw, ex-Governor, died last July. The McKenzies and the McGraw estate own the Alaska townsite of Nelson, named in honor of Senator Knute Nelson, chairman of the Ballinger investigating committee.

Efforts were made some time ago by Harry White and others interested in the Katalla coal fields to finance a railroad to be built from the coast to the coal. Many of the claimants in the White group are relatives of White and his wife. The claims which White promoted are known as the M. A. Green group. Surgeon-General Walter Wyman, of the public health and marine hospital service, is a claimant in this group.

The allegations of fraud in the Spokane indictments are similar to those made in the Tacoma indictments of Charles F. Munday and other promoters. It was said at the time of the Tacoma indictments that there was no intention of prosecuting the claimants aside from those indicted, many of whom acted in good faith.

It is understood to be the purpose of the Government to cancel all the coal land filings in Alaska and release land estimated to be worth $1,000,000,000.

Counsel for Charles A. McKenzie said tonight:

"Mr. McKenzie has been guilty of no wrongdoing. He purchased 15 coal claims from the original locators and violated no law in doing so. The locators lived in and near Spokane and Charles Doughton acted as their agent in the sale."

"The only connection I ever had with the two companies in question is that they were surveyed by my surveying party without my orders or knowledge," said Harry White, tonight. "I never saw and do not even know the names of the two locators of the claims in question.

"In the Fall of 1906 upon my arrival in Seattle, I met Mr. Green, who had taken contracts from numerous coal claimants to survey their individual claims, each paying for the same. I think on account of heavy snows on top of the mountain, my surveying crews were compelled to lay up, awaiting the melting of the snows. During this period of waiting, they made arrangements without my knowledge and surveyed these claims. I was not informed that these surveys had been made until I met Mr. Green in Seattle.

"I have no fear of the outcome, and will commence active construction on my railroad into the coal fields early in the Spring, regardless of the opposition cropping up from various quarters."

Alleged Juror Briber's Trial Set.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—The case of Charles E. Erbstein, accused of corrupting a juror in the second trial of State Representative Browne, was put on Judge Smith's calendar today for tomorrow. Erbstein, who was one of Browne's attorneys, is alleged to have paid $250 to corrupt Juror Grant McCutchen. McCutchen and Henry T. Stacey, the alleged go-between, are said to have confessed.

RIVAL COUNTIES ARGUE

REALTY BOARD HEARS DEBATE ON NESMITH DIVISION.

Eugene and Roseburg Citizens Oppose Scheme; Cottage Grove Favors Rose Festival to Get Help.

Members of the Portland Realty Board last night heard a spirited debate participated in by delegations from Eugene, Roseburg and Cottage Grove over the county-division measure.

Speaking against the proposed county of Nesmith, E. J. Frasier, B. L. Bogart, D. C. Freeman, of Eugene, and J. D. Zurcher, of Roseburg, characterized the measure as an unjust one, as well as untimely.

J. F. Spray and A. B. Wood, of Cottage Grove, advocates for the new county, maintained that both Lane and Douglas counties are too large and that they should be reduced in size. The proposed County of Nesmith, they said, is necessary in the logical development of the district.

Mr. Spray made denial of the statement that fake maps and literature had been circulated.

President Killingsworth, as peacemaker, announced that the Realty Board would go on record regarding the county division matter after thoroughly investigating its merits. A committee comprising Henry E. Reed, George D. Schalk, W. J. Davie, Will H. Walker and W. A. Spanton was appointed to prepare a report and submit it to the Board for action tomorrow afternoon.

The Board was urged by F. V. Dunham to assist the committee in charge of the Fifth Annual Rose Festival. It was agreed that no less than $50,000 should be raised.

FEDERAL EMPLOYES MEET

Congress Will Be Urged to Pass Law for Superannuates.

For the purpose of discussing measures pending before Congress providing for superannuity of Government employes a meeting of the Portland branch of the United States Civil Service Retirement Association was held last night in the Federal Courtroom.

A public meeting will be held in the near future.

Postmaster Merrick addressed the audience. Letters from Senators Bourne and Chamberlain, Federal Judges Wolverton and Bean and A. W. Lafferty.

All employes of the Government, that have undergone a Civil Service examination, are eligible for membership in the association. The main object of the organization is to have the Government make provision for its employes who have grown old in the service. More than 1000 Portland men eligible for membership. Every branch of the Federal Government in Portland was represented at the meeting last night.

TEXANS BURN MURDERER

Mexican Who Confesses Killing Woman Roasted Alive.

ROCK SPRINGS, Tex., Nov. 3.—Antonio Rodriguez, the Mexican who confessed this afternoon that he murdered Mrs. Lem Henderson yesterday afternoon, was burned at the stake by a mob late tonight.

Spain Expels Last of Jesuits.

LISBON, Nov. 3.—The party of 50 Jesuits, the last of the members of the religious orders, were expelled today. They sailed for Holland

BOWERMAN URGES FURTHER REFORMS

Railway Law, Though Satisfactory, Is Only Beginning, Declares Nominee.

UTILITIES NEED CONTROL

Upper Albina Enthusiastic in Reception, and Applause Greets His Denunciation of Bourne as Unfit Public Servant.

Voters of Upper Albina jammed Firemen's hall to the doors last night and cheered Jay Bowerman, Republican direct primary nominee for Governor to the echo when he appeared before them on the speaker's platform and went over the issues of the campaign in a stirring address.

It was an audience made up chiefly of workingmen. Every seat was filled, the rear and sides of the hall were packed with standing people and scores were turned away at the door, unable to wedge inside.

Mr. Bowerman took up the various issues of the campaign and the principles he represents, emphasizing those measures and changes in the administration of state affairs that are of particular interest and importance to the working-classes. He also went into detail concerning his legislative record, showing that his work ever has been on the side of the people. His denunciation of Bourne as an unfit public servant was cheered.

"In my present stand concerning the laws of the people I am merely following out a consistent course," said the speaker. "Six years ago, and before the initiative and referendum was adopted, I advocated to the people of by district the selection of United States Senator by the direct vote of the people and told them that until a constitutional amendment could be made or a method secured for that end I would vote for the man they indicated. I was of the same mind when, under Statement No. 1, Jonathan Bourne was the choice for Senator and, knowing his unfitness and incapacity, I cast my vote for him in the legislature simply because he was the choice, though by a narrow margin, of the people of my district, comprising Morrow, Sherman and Gilliam counties.

"The laws of the people must stand as the people have written them. It is not within the province of any Legislature to change them. If elected Governor I will resist by the power of veto any measure aimed by the Legislature against the people's laws. And in saying this I am enunciating a principle for which I have always stood and contended. I shall continue to do in the future as I have done in the past.

New Legislation Proposed.

"As Governor it is my purpose to insist on the adoption of certain new Legislation. An important statute which I advocate relates to the methods of discharging employes. At present in Oregon it is possible for corporations or employers of labor to discharge men arbitrarily on the complaint of spotters. Scores of men, after spending their lives in acquiring an aptitude for a special line of work, have been turned out of their vocations on false charges. The law I advocate has been tried in Oklahoma and found of great good. It requires that accused and accuser must be brought face to face and the charges proved. Such a law is in the interest of common justice and right and it is due the men who work.

"I shall use my utmost efforts toward the establishment of a public service commission to regulate and control the companies dealing in electric light, gas and street transportation. It was my privilege to help draft the present railway commission law, which has proved satisfactory, but that was a mere beginning and must be supplemented until the corporations serving the people are subject to similar control and regulation. The control must be extended to the issuance of stocks and bonds to prevent watering and the subsequent payment by the public of interest on inflated values.

There is imperative need of a change in the use to which convict labor is now put in Oregon. At present the state furnishes the land, shelter, sustenance, machinery and materials for manufacture of stoves by convicts and then enters these stoves on the market in competition with the products of free labor. That is unfair and wrong. Let us use our convict labor in the construction of first-class permanent highways throughout the several counties. In that way the state will get hundreds of miles of good roads and there will be no further competition with free labor."

Mr. Bowerman went into the topic of economy in state institutions, elimination of political machines among state employes and the various other reforms and improvements he advocates. He concluded with a warning against the dangers of the Bourne machine.

"Our senior Senator, Mr. Bourne, is engaged in the building of a political machine," said he. "Bourne has ever been a political trickster and he needs a machine to protect him from the righteous wrath of his undeceived constituents when he presents his name two years hence for re-election to the Senate.

Bourne Needs Machine.

"As a necessary part of that machine he is seeking to elect Mr. West Governor, so that Mr. West will have an army of state appointees electioneering for Bourne. There are some 1500 persons employed by the state subject to appointment by the Governor and the various boards. The value of such a force to Bourne is apparent.

"If he fails to land his proxy in the Governor's chair Bourne will be in a dilemma indeed. For he has failed utterly and completely to make good. He has allowed $7,500,000 due this state from sale of timber and prairie lands to go by default, he has been absent from rollcall most of the time and when the tariff question was up for consideration he admitted knowing nothing of the subject, but said he had been fully advised by his good friend Mr. Aldrich as to how to vote.

"It is in a machine such as he is now desperately seeking to build that his last hope lies in Oregon. He is spending freely from his multi-millions to this end. He has bought up an evening newspaper here and set it to work with its flaring red headlines vilifying me and others of the direct primary nominees of the Republican ticket. But even that will not save him.

Mr. Bowerman's terse references to Bourne were met by loud cries of "We know him now."

"You will know him even better before this campaign is ended," the speaker responded.

John F. Logan handled the topic of Bourneism without gloves, going into detail of Bourne's vicious personal life and his political career up to the time he "sneaked into the Senate by unlawful use of his fortune."

"The only time Bourne has ever attended the sessions of the Senate was when it was too hot or too cold to play golf or when the boys couldn't be drummed up for a poker game," declared Mr. Logan.

Mr. Logan was followed on the speaker's stand by Mrs. Abigail Scott Duniway, who spoke on woman's suffrage.

PROHIBITION PARTY CHALLENGE

The Prohibition Party State Committee hereby charges that every candidate of the Republican and Democratic parties, including Congressional candidates W. C. Hawley, Robert G. Smith, A. W. Lafferty and John Manning, and candidates for Governor, Jay Bowerman and Oswald West, desire and expect the saloon vote and we hereby agree to publish at our expense the denial of any candidate who feels himself wrongfully charged. The candidates of the Prohibition party alone stand for state-wide prohibition and its enforcement. Vote for them. Also vote:

Home Rule 329 X NO.
Prohibition Amendment 342 X YES.
Prohibition Law 344 X YES.

J. P. NEWELL,
Chairman Prohibition Party.

(Paid Advertisement.)

T. SCOTT BROOKE WEDS

PORTLAND MAN MAKES SAN FRANCISCO GIRL BRIDE.

Wedding in Trinity Episcopal Church Large and Brilliant Affair—Honeymoon Trip Secret.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—The wedding of Miss Christine Pomeroy and Thomas Scott Brooke, of Portland, which took place today at Trinity Episcopal Church, was a large and brilliant affair, befitting the social position occupied by the Pomeroy family here. The assemblage gathered to witness the ceremony was a fashionably-gowned one, and the large bridal party, including eight attendants and a complement of ushers, served to produce a scene of unusual beauty.

The color scheme of pink and white was carried out in the decorations and in the bridesmaids' gowns. Bride roses, American Beauty roses and bridesmaids' roses were used in profusion. The bridesmaids were Miss Elizabeth Livermore, Miss Natalie Coffin, Miss Louise Boyd, Miss Constance McLaren, Miss Margaret Roosevelt and Miss Margaretta Brooke.

The bride entered the church on the arm of her father, Carter Pitcairn Pomeroy, and wore a handsome bridal gown of soft white satin, with the bodice delicately embroidered with gold threads and tiny pearls, and with a transparent yoke of pearl network. She wore a long lace veil and carried an exquisite shower bouquet of white orchids and lilies of the valley. She was met at the altar by the bridegroom and the best man, T. A. Linthicum, of Portland.

Rev. F. W. Clampett, rector of Trinity, performed the ceremony at 4 o'clock, and following it there was a reception at the Pomeroy home. The young couple kept their honeymoon plans a secret.

BRIDEGROOM PROMINENT HERE

Thomas Scott Brooke Is Notable in Business and Club Circles.

Thomas Scott Brooke, who is prominent in Portland, both as a business man and socially, is the parter of Frank Kiernan of the firm of Brooke & Kiernan. He is interested in real estate brokerage and has offices in the Chamber of Commerce building. Socially Mr. Brooke is well known among a large number of club associates, as he is a member of the Arlington and Multnomah Clubs, and of the Waverly Golf Club, as well as the Sons of the American Revolution and the Portland Hunt Club.

Mr. and Mrs. Brooke, who will return to this city in December from their wedding trip in and about the City of Mexico, will occupy the home of Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Lipman on Kihg's Heights, which will be vacated the latter part of this month when Mr. and Mrs. Lipman will sail for Europe.

Mrs. Brooke, who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carter Pitcairn Pomeroy, of San Francisco, is a great favorite, socially, throughout California and will be a charming addition to Portland's society.

LOS ANGELES LABOR WALK

10,000 Union Men March in Quiet, Orderly Demonstration.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 3.—More than 10,000 persons appeared tonight in a parade which was planned as a demonstration of union labor's strength in Los Angeles. It was a silent, serious, orderly affair. Over three miles of main city streets the marchers tramped and the 140 patrolmen scattered throughout the lines, under the eyes of Chief Galloway and two captains, had nothing to do but keep step with the marchers and walk.

At Luna Park a union labor rally, for the purpose of stimulating interest in the iron trades and brewery strikers now in progress, concluded the demonstration.

As one union of carpenters passed the Times quarters on Spring street, its members cheered for J. Stitt Wilson, Socialist candidate for Governor, and banners rose, bearing the words, "We vote as we strike."

"We stand for equality and justice." "Feudalism is past; wage slavery is still with us, but next comes freedom."

About 500 Socialists, bearing a red flag beside the National colors made up one division. This was followed by another division consisting entirely of women trade unionists and members of the Union Label League. There was about 500 of them in this section.

Napavine Man Pleads Guilty.

CHEHALIS, Wash., Nov. 3.—(Special.)—J. R. Woods, of Napavine, who was recently arrested for an attempted attack on a young woman at that place, pleaded guilty this week. Judge Rice sentenced Woods to a term of from two and a half to four years in the state prison.

Footballs or Roller Skates

Free With

Boys' Suits or Overcoats

Bring Your Boys to Us for Clothes

A specialty here is a line of Boys' Suits, many with two pair bloomer pants, in cheviots and worsteds, all wool; fabrics chosen for service, and are extra values at $5.00.

Overcoats in three-quarter and full lengths, with regular or military collar, $5.00 to $8.50.

In Russian and sailor models for smaller boys we have many good things, $3.50 to $6.00.

Sam'l Rosenblatt & Co.

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Northwest Corner Third and Morrison Streets

DUAL DEAL DENOUNCED

VAN DUZER AGAIN DECLARES SENATORS IN COMBINATION.

Legislative Candidate Says "Tail of Democratic Ticket" Will Win in Spite of Leaders.

The "tail of the Democratic ticket" last night continued its street campaign, incidentally giving H. B. Van Duzer, one of the legislative candidates, an opportunity to give his ideas of the Bourne-Chamberlain machine, which, he says, is seeking to dictate politically to the voters of Oregon of both parties.

"Far be it from me to say that there is a verbal agreement between George E. Chamberlain and Jonathan Bourne, but the community of interests is such as to form the partnership. Each is flying the other's kite, and the voters of Oregon are the buffers," declared the man who accepted the Democratic nomination merely as a matter of principle.

"We want political parties in the state of Oregon, not individuals with parties attached. The Democrats and Republicans are in pretty much the same fix. Bourne is trying to dictate to one party and Chamberlain to the other, and if they are allowed to do so the result will be a non-partisanship machine and the destruction of political parties. Our form of government is based on political parties and I contend, and all students of political economy will agree with me, that if we want to perpetuate our form of government we must down this present tendency towards individualism.

"They say we are amateur politicians, otherwise we would not play the game in this outspoken fashion. We plead guilty to the indictment. We are amateurs, not crust-hardened professionals. The Republicans outnumber us six to one in Multnomah County, but we are fighting for principle and, strange as it may seem, have hopes of winning. If we do we will back up our present line of talk in the Legislative halls at Salem. Why shouldn't we win? We are the henchmen of neither Bourne nor Chamberlain. We owe our nominations to nobody, in other words there are no strings attached to our political kites."

"COON SONG" OBJECTED TO

Mrs. Baldwin Complains to Chief Against Performance at Pantages.

Complaint was made to Chief of Police Cox last night by Mrs. Lola G. Baldwin, of the women's bureau, against Manager Walker, of Pantages Theater, for permitting what she declares is an immoral feature on the bill at that house this week. She first complained to Mr. Walker without results. Whether any further action will be taken is not known.

The feature to which Mrs. Baldwin takes exception is the "coon" song by Sophie Tucker, the headliner, which Mrs. Baldwin declared to be "the most loud and offensive" she has ever witnessed. Manager Walker paid no heed to the objections of Mrs. Baldwin, who told him that he should eliminate the act for the sake of decency. She later complained to the Chief.

During the evening Police Captain Bailey and some plainclothes policemen attended and evidently appreciated the "coon" song act, as they applauded it heartily and later said they could see nothing wrong in it. Mrs. Baldwin witnessed the afternoon performance. It is said that she will urge the arrest of Mr. Walker unless he eliminates the alleged immoral feature.

For one hundred thirty years, this whisky has stood the continual test among men of more than ordinary good taste.

Bottled in Bond—Born with the Republic—"The Standard by Which All Other Whisky is Judged."

James E. Pepper Whisky

BLUMAUER-FRANK DRUG CO.

Distributers to the Drug Trade Portland, Or.

KNIGHTS AGENTS STACY-ADAMS SHOES.

WILLAMETTE

IRON AND STEEL WORKS

MANUFACTURING ENGINEERS—STEEL SHIPBUILDERS
LOGGING AND HOISTING MACHINERY,
MARINE AND STEAMBOAT INSTALLATION

The most modern tools and equipment on the Pacific Coast. OPERATED ON THE "OPEN SHOP" PRINCIPLE.

Best Grade Lump Coal

$6.00 Per Ton

Delivered to Any Address Within the City Limits of Portland

The Pacific Coal & Gas Company wish to announce to the public that they have sold the 900 tons of coal which they advertised they would sell at $5.50 per ton, and the Company has decided to offer an additional 500 tons at $6.00 per ton on the same basis as that sold at $5.50 per ton, which was only two tons to each customer at this price and no orders will be accepted unless accompanied by the cash or check. We are making deliveries of our coal to those who have ordered, and we are printing for your information some of the letters that have been written to us by those who are now using the coal. We have many more on file in our office and would be pleased to show them to you that you may know the kind of coal this is.

This order will positively cease as soon as the 500 tons have been sold and the price will then be advanced to $7.50 per ton, which price will remain in force for the balance of the Winter.

If you wish to take advantage of this excellent opportunity to save several dollars per ton on your coal, you will have to act at once as this 500 tons will be sold very rapidly.

The following is a copy of some of the letters:

J. J. Folen. O. K. Fitzsimmons.

COMMERCIAL AND REALTY CO.
OREGON OPPORTUNITIES.
403 Merchants Trust Building.
Portland, Oregon.

Phone Main 4076.
Portland, Or., Oct. 7, 1910.

Pacific Coal & Gas Co., 218-19 Commercial Club Bldg., Portland, Or.

Gentlemen: I am very particular about the coal I use, always buying the highest grades. A friend told me about your offer of two tons at a low price as a test. I am very glad I availed myself of that offer and secured some of your coal. It is as good as any high-grade coal I have ever used. It is clean, sootless, leaves little ash, fires quickly and holds heat well. I consider that you have done me a great favor in the service you have rendered. I will most certainly want more of it. You are at liberty to use this letter as a sincere testimonial.

Yours very truly,
J. J. FOLEN.

(Signed.)

Portland, Or., Oct. 8, 1910.

Pacific Coal & Gas Co., Portland, Or.

Gentlemen: In reply to yours of the 5th will say that after trying your coal that it is a pleasure to me to recommend the same.

It burns well and does not clinker and leaves little ash.

It is the best coal that I have used in Oregon and I can cheerfully recommend it. Sincerely yours. JAS. P. HAGADONE.

Portland, Or., 9-16-1910.

This is to certify that the undersigned has purchased two tons of coal from the Pacific Coal & Gas Co., of Portland and have tested it in our kitchen range, and find it to be just as recommended, first-class coal for a soft coal.

J. S. GREENFIELD. 491 Patton Road. Office phone, Main 1944.

Pacific Coal & Gas Company

Room 218, Commercial Club Building.
Phone, Marshall 2581. Portland, Oregon.