

BRASS BANDS PLAY ASTRAIR ARRIVES

Goldendale Is Entertaining
Southwestern Washing-
ton League.

22 TOWNS REPRESENTED

Portland Sends 48 Delegates, Head-
ed by W. H. Goddard and C. C.
Chapman of Commercial Club.

Tacoma Sends Seven.

GOLDENDALE, Wash., Oct. 12.—(Special.)—With 22 towns represented, 146 delegates on board, the Kluckhohn special arrived at Goldendale tonight one hour late for the opening of the Fall convention of the Southwestern Washington Development Association, organized at Centralia last Spring for the purpose of demanding recognition from Portland, Seattle and Tacoma business interests in the development of Southwestern Washington.

The movement has interested the commercial bodies of the entire district and has received special recognition at the hands of the Commercial Club of Portland. The train was met with brass bands, and every village in town was told that Portland is represented in this meeting by a delegation of 48 members of the Commercial Club, headed by W. H. Goddard and C. C. Chapman. Seattle is here with five members of her commercial organization. Tacoma is represented by seven business men, headed by E. P. Savage, ex-Governor of Nebraska, and Major Huntington, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce.

Many Towns Are Loyal.

Other towns which are represented by from one to 19 delegates are: White Salmon, La Center, Kelso, Aberdeen, Puyallup, Centralia, Olympia, Chehalis, Long Beach, Raymond, Waukegan, Hoquiam, Chinook, Montesano, Stanfield, Or., Toledo, Lytle and Vancouver.

T. D. Rockwell, State Tax Commissioner of Washington, will deliver an address Thursday night on behalf of Governor Hay, who is unable to reach the meeting.

I. M. Howell, Secretary of State, will have an important part during the sessions of the association.

Pinchotism May Be Assailed.

Among the very important demands which the association will make will be for the reclamation of the big prairie of Washington extending from Vancouver to Tacoma. A resolution will be adopted asking for \$10,000 from the next State Legislature to be expended in experimental irrigation. The plan contemplates the sinking of wells and establishing pumping plants. If the experiment is successful the plan will be to ask the assistance of the United States in irrigating the entire tract where it is claimed that hundreds of thousands of acres are available for agriculture.

It is probable that a resolution will be adopted authorizing Pinchotism and favoring the plan favored by Governor Hay for state control of resources. Tacoma delegates are opposed to the passage of this resolution, feeling it will be a mistake to produce anything of a political nature.

A. C. Little, of Raymond, in whose brain the organization of the present association developed, expressed the greatest pleasure at the interest which the Portland merchants are taking in advertising and developing Southwestern Washington. "Portland has given us more publicity than all other Coast cities put together," said Mr. Little. "Seattle has distributed a few circulars questioning our country, but Portland has sent investigators and home-seekers right into our towns."

Apples and Peaches Delight.

A very pleasant incident of the journey was when H. J. Clark, of Lytle, met the train at Stevenson in company with Messrs Moore and Armstrong, and thereafter kept the delegates supplied with luscious apples and peaches. On arrival at Goldendale a reception in the new school building, a handsome and costly structure still just being completed, was tendered the delegates. The Star Theater is handsomely decorated for the sessions of the association. Thursday afternoon the delegates will be driven through the Kluckhohn Valley.

DR. MORRISON IS REBUKED

(Continued From First Page.)

week after the house of deputies had adopted it. The rejecting vote at that time was close. Today it was brought up again as a special order of business and was adopted by a vote of 40 to 21. As the house of deputies had adopted the amendment it now became a law.

Healing Resolution Startles.

This action, though probably the most important taken by the convention, did not create the stir among the delegates that was felt when it was announced that the house of bishops passed a resolution calling for a committee to investigate unorthodox healing. This is the resolution that was defeated in the house of deputies yesterday by a non-concurrence of orders, the resolution being adopted by the clerical division, but rejected by the laity.

It all probably it will be brought up again in the house of deputies, and should this house decide to reverse its former action a committee will be appointed that will bring in a report at the next convention, three years hence in New York.

No subject that has arisen since the convention began has aroused so much interest among churchmen. The opinions expressed range from absolute faith in actual healing through the power of God to unbelief in the power of anything but medical treatment to cure the sick.

The fact that the so-called Emanuel movement had its origin in the Protestant Episcopal Church in Emanuel parish, Boston, has had a deep influence. Churchmen take the ground that expert medical advice is the prime essential in all cases of illness, but that if faith in ultimate cure can be inspired in the patient, either through religious ministrations or otherwise, the physician's work will be greatly aided.

A canon for the regulation of suffragan bishops was adopted by the house of bishops, giving them an equal vote in the convention with regular bishops. A petition from chaplains of the Army and Navy of the United States was received asking that

the nature of their work be considered as a special department in the work of the church.

The house of bishops appointed a committee to investigate the matter. In case favorable action is taken on the petition the jurisdiction will be represented in the convention by a bishop of the Army and Navy.

A commission was appointed to revise the translation into Spanish of the book of common prayer. The commission consists of Bishop Brent of the Philippine Islands, Van Buren of Porto Rico, Ave of Mexico and Knight of Cuba.

How Do They Live? Is Asked.

Pensions for aged clergymen were urged in a report made by Rev. Dr. J. J. Wilkins, dean of St. Paul's Cathedral, Los Angeles and general secretary of the \$3,000,000 clergy relief fund. His report figures showing that the average salary of Episcopal clergymen in cities of 25,000 and over is \$1,202 a year. He added:

"From one minister in a small town I have a letter telling me his total income is \$265 a year, promised, and payment on that is behind. I can add of my personal knowledge two other examples. One gets \$3 a week and the other the magnificent sum of \$10 a week. There are hundreds of them. How do they live?"

DR. MORRISON'S PLAN DIFFERS

Local Mental Healing Practitioner Acts Without Medical Advice.

Dr. A. A. Morrison's system of mental healing is said to be radically different from that of the Emanuel Church, at Boston, Mass. Dr. Elwood Worcester, of the Emanuel church, father of the movement, refuses to take any cases except upon the advice of a regular practicing physician. A possible exception to this is in the case of tuberculosis, such cases being also taken.

Rules have been formulated by Dr. Worcester, however, under which it is not permissible for a clergyman to take cases except upon the advice of a regular practicing physician.

Doctor's Advice Not Sought.

Dr. Morrison, it is said, takes cases either with or without the advice of physicians and makes no limitation in the character of the disease which he attempts to cure, except in the case of structural diseases, such as a broken bone, dislocation or cut. Dr. Morrison's theory is said to be that if prayer will cure the cause of anything that has physical form, it should be effective in the amelioration or cure of any disease, whether organic or psychic. Dr. Morrison has been practicing mental healing for about two years.

The Emanuel system of healing was tried at St. Luke's Hospital, San Francisco, but was given up, as it was found that the patients with which the patient undergoing mental treatment was surrounded was not congenial to this sort of healing. The Emanuel system of healing is still practiced in the Bay City, however. As to the spread of the movement among the Episcopal churches of America, Dr. Henry R. Taylor, rector of St. David's Episcopal Church, said last night:

Philadelphia Test First.

"While it is popularly supposed that the Emanuel movement began in the Emanuel Church in Boston, Mass., the fact is that it began in Philadelphia, Pa., a little more than eight years ago. Rev. Dr. Worcester, now pastor of the Emanuel Church, was then in Philadelphia, and practiced in connection with Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, the great nerve specialist. Upon taking up work in Boston, Dr. Worcester practiced mental healing in connection with Dr. Charles Putnam, Dr. Richard Cabot, and several other practicing physicians of the Massachusetts city."

"The movement, under the direction of the Emanuel Church, has now spread to New York, Philadelphia and other places where Dr. Worcester had established clinics carried on by men who have studied under him. In that sense the movement is under control, the work being done by men who have had some sort of training. It cannot be said to be a general movement, as it requires training."

Doctors and Church Join.

"The rules of the Emanuel Church require that no case be taken except upon the advice of a regular practicing physician. The Emanuel system of healing is more widely practiced in the East than on the Pacific Coast."

Rev. W. G. Elliot, Jr., of the Unitarian Church, who recently made a thorough study of the Emanuel movement and who delivered a series of sermons upon it, said last night:

"The Emanuel movement is an attempt on the part of the church to co-operate with physicians in the healing of a certain class of disorders. Those practicing under this movement do not attempt to heal everything. They do attempt to heal, however, so-called functional disorders. There is probably no distinct line of division between so-called functional disorders and so-called organic disorders. The work may not properly be classed under the Emanuel movement except where ministers secure the written consent of a physician."

"In Boston the physicians refused for a time to sanction the work because they felt that it was becoming dangerous. After this the Emanuel Church made its rules more rigid. Because very few ministers are properly educated and have the proper temperament to undertake mental healing, I believe that, as a rule, sickness is much better left in the hands of the physician, except in cases where the physician calls in the minister. There is no doubt but that the minister can help if he is properly equipped. Ministers are sure to secure results in some cases at least, however ignorant they may be and however lax their methods, and then they fly off the handle and become a menace to the community. Men who are at the head of this movement are of this kind. Such a state of things as I have mentioned, however, hurts the work."

WOMAN CRIES FOR MAN

HUSBY-TO-BE GETS BONUS OF \$200 IF HE'LL WED.

Young German Girl Must Marry Within Week in Order to Land Uncle's Wealth.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—(Special.)—An attractive young German woman walked into a newspaper office today and submitted the following advertisement:

"A young woman, fairly wealthy, from a foreign country, desires to meet at once some poor young man. Object matrimony."

She gave the name of Eugene Adams, but admitted that this was assumed. She said she is willing to give the prospective husband a bonus of \$200. She explained that her uncle, who lives in Germany, has named her as beneficiary in his will, provided she marries within a week. She said:

"My old uncle is very eccentric. He has named me beneficiary of his will if I am married one week from today. I am very poor and I will pay any young man \$200 to marry me. But I will be no trouble to him. I will get a divorce from him at once and never see him again. I do not want to remain married. I only want to go to Germany and get my uncle's money."

HORSE SHOW WILL OPEN AT 2 O'CLOCK

Graceful Riding and Driving
Equines Seen in Oriental
Building.

EVERYTHING IN READINESS

Competition for Valuable Trophies Will Be Keen—Judges Are Delayed in Arrival, but Are Expected to Be on Hand Today.

Portland's greatest horse show will open at the Oriental building, in the Lewis and Clark Fair grounds at 2 o'clock this afternoon. It will not only be notable as the greatest display of fine riding and driving animals ever brought together in this city, but it will be one of the chief society events of the season. Each afternoon and evening for the remainder of the week performances will be given in which hundreds of graceful, high-stepping, riding, driving and trick horses will be exhibited.

In addition to the judging of horses

of property within this area are exempt from interference by the fire marshal, including the Standard Box & Lumber company's plant near the east end of the Burnside bridge.

SHIP IS WHITE ELEPHANT

Receiver Appointed Second Time for Steamer A. G. Lindsay.

MONTESANO, Wash., Oct. 12.—Application for a receiver for the steamer A. G. Lindsay, now at Seattle, was made today in the Superior Court by Hayes & Hayes, banking firm for local creditors, and Walter R. MacFarlane was appointed receiver.

The action follows a drop in freight rates and lull in business in the Alaska run, where the Lindsay had been operating for the past year. The vessel was purchased on the Great Lakes by Aberdeen capitalists three years ago, and after a huge sum had been expended in bringing the steamer to Grays Harbor, a receiver was applied for.

Paul Smith and associates bid the craft in for the Northern Steamship Company for \$20,000, and refitted her and placed her on the Alaska run. A trip of 61 days, during which time the ship was lost in Behring Sea, was one of the causes of the failure of the company.

DAILY METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, Oct. 12.—Maximum temperature, 61 degrees; minimum, 49 degrees. River reading at 8 A. M., 1.7 feet; change in last 24 hours, 0.6 foot. Total rainfall (5 P. M. to 5 P. M.), 0.10 inch; total rainfall since September 1, 1910, 4.06 inches; normal rainfall since September 1, 1910, 0.81 inch. Total hours of sunshine, 11 hours; possible sunshine, 11 hours; 6 minutes. Barometer (reduced to sea-level) at 5 P. M., 30.04 inches.

THE WEATHER.

STATIONS.	Temperature.	Wind.	State of Weather.
Boise.....	58.00 6.0W	Cloudy	
Boston.....	49.00 4.0E	Pl. cloudy	
Calgary.....	62.00 10.0E	Clear	
Chicago.....	52.00 0.0S	Clear	
Denver.....	60.00 0.0S	Clear	
Des Moines.....	42.00 14.0E	Cloudy	
El Paso.....	50.00 0.0S	Clear	
Evansville.....	50.00 0.0S	Clear	
Galveston.....	54.00 4.0W	Pl. cloudy	
Houston.....	54.00 0.0S	Clear	
Jacksonville.....	50.00 10.0E	Rain	
Kansas City.....	48.00 12.0W	Pl. cloudy	
Memphis.....	50.00 12.0E	Clear	
New Orleans.....	50.00 0.0S	Clear	
New York.....	52.00 20.0E	Cloudy	
Omaha.....	48.00 0.0S	Clear	
Phoenix.....	50.00 10.0W	Pl. cloudy	
Puerto Rico.....	50.00 0.0S	Clear	
Portland.....	60.00 0.0S	Clear	
Roseburg.....	70.00 0.0S	Cloudy	
Seattle.....	50.00 0.0S	Clear	
St. Louis.....	50.00 12.0E	Clear	
St. Paul.....	50.00 0.0S	Clear	
San Francisco.....	50.00 0.0S	Clear	
San Diego.....	52.00 0.0S	Clear	
Spokane.....	54.00 0.0S	Clear	
Tacoma.....	50.00 0.0S	Clear	
Tatoush Island.....	50.00 0.0S	Clear	
Walla Walla.....	50.00 10.0E	Clear	

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

There has been a marked increase of pressure over the Pacific slope, and the threatening storm has moved rapidly eastward and has decreased greatly in intensity. Light rains have fallen in Western Washington, Western Oregon, California, Utah, Texas, Florida and Oklahoma, and heavy rain in Western Louisiana. The weather is 2 to 25 degrees cooler over the northern portion of the country, and is generally 1 to 10 degrees warmer along the southern border. General atmospheric conditions are favorable for fair weather Thursday throughout this district, with southwesterly winds.

FORECAST.

Portland and vicinity—Fair; southwesterly winds. Oregon—Fair; southwesterly winds. Idaho—Fair; warmer southwest portion. THEODORE F. DRAKE, Observer.

END TO WOODEN DOCKS

FIRE LIMITS EXTENDED ALONG WHOLE WATERFRONT.

All Future Buildings Must Have Fireproof End Walls to Prevent Flames Spreading.

By virtue of the passing of a modifying ordinance yesterday afternoon by the City Council, Portland's waterfront is included in the fire limits. Hereafter wooden structures of almost any kind could be erected. The author of the ordinance is Councilman Belding. Hereafter buildings must be semi-fireproof. They must have brick or concrete walls, although it is not necessary that they shall be entirely constructed of fireproof material. They can still be built of wood on piling, so long as fireproof walls are built at each end. By this means, in case of fire it is thought that flames can be confined to one building.

Almost the entire waterfront within the fire limits is built up and this part will not be affected, but any new docks or buildings constructed there will have to conform to the new law. This applies to several tracts of land within the fire limits which will no doubt be built up before long.

For more than two months, Mayor Simon, members of the City Council, Executive Board and fire officials have been working with Building Inspector Plummer on the new ordinance. They have been taken on trips of inspection in Harbor-master Spier's patrol boat Eldor.

The new ordinance does not make much difference in extent of territory included in the fire limits. Formerly the fire limits on the west side of the river extended from Market street on the south to the foot of Sixteenth street on the north. Running north and south, Sixteenth street was the boundary line on the west, while 100 feet east of the east line of Front street was the former boundary line. The new ordinance does not change the south and west boundaries, but it now reads that property all the way to the harbor line on both sides of the river shall be within the limits. At the foot of Sixteenth street, in North Portland, several lots on Front street near the ferry landing are now included. On the East Side the fire limits comprise the district bounded on the south by East Clay street, on the north by East Clay street and all the way to the harbor line. One or two pieces

Delicately Formed

and gently reared, women will find in all the seasons of their lives, as maidens, wives and mothers, that the one simple, wholesome laxative remedy, which acts gently and pleasantly, naturally and which may be taken at any time, when the system needs a laxative, with perfect safety and really beneficial effects, is Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna.

It has that true delicacy of flavor which is so refreshing to the taste, that warming and grateful toning to the stomach which responds so favorably to its action and the laxative effect which is so beneficial to the system when, occasionally, its gentle cleansing is required.

The genuine, always bearing the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., may be purchased from all leading druggists in original packages of one size only, price fifty cents per bottle.

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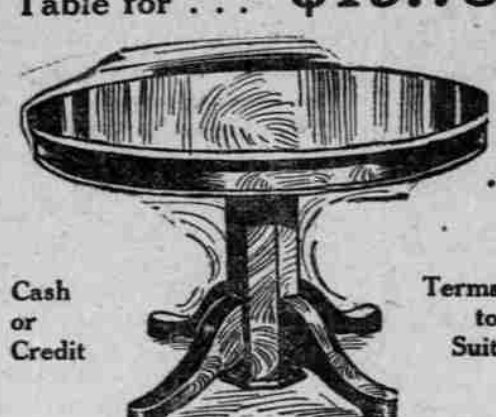
\$30 Brass Bed for \$17.58



Cash or Credit; Terms to Suit

Two-inch posts, heavy filler rods, capped with husks, satin or polished finish, full size only. Very strongly made in all respects—and much better than the usual run of beds at similar price.

\$33.50 Dining Table for ... \$19.75



\$1.00

A Week Buys a

Jewel

Range

The Best it Is Possible to Make

Cash or Credit

Terms to Suit

This Dining Table is made of quartered golden oak in wax finish. The top is 42-inch in diameter. The pedestal is octagon shape. Will seat ten people comfortably.

POWERS
THE STORE THAT SAVES
YOU MONEY
SIGNIFIED CREDIT FOR ALL FIRST AND TAYLOR

\$36 Quartered Oak Chiffonier \$22.75

Cash or Credit—Terms to Suit



Made of finest grade of quartered golden oak. The top is shaped. The upper drawer has serpentine front. All drawers are lined with birdseye maple. Highly polished. Shaped bevel edge French plate mirror 16x20.

MICHELIN
"SEMELLE"
Anti-Skids
Prevent sk