

## F. R. GETS STIMSON AT TICKET'S HEAD

### Nomination Another In-surgent Triumph.

## PLATFORM IS "PROGRESSIVE"

### Convention's Choice for Governor Federal Attorney.

## OLD GUARD BADLY BEATEN

### Colonel Roosevelt Makes Eloquent Speech for Stimson and Fiery Talk for Direct Primary Plank, and Is Victor.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 28.—The Republican State Convention tonight named Henry L. Stimson, of New York, as its candidate for Governor.

The nomination of Mr. Stimson was one more victory for Colonel Roosevelt, who personally led the fight for the nomination of his candidate.

The rest of the ticket follows: Lieutenant-Governor, Edward Shoemaker.

Secretary of State, Samuel S. Koenig (renominated).

State Comptroller, James Thompson.

State Treasurer, Thomas F. Fennell.

State Engineer, Frank M. Williams (renominated).

Attorney-General, Edward R. O'Malley (renominated).

Assistant Justice of the Court of Appeals, Irving G. Vann (renominated).

Vote for Governor Shown.

The vote for Governor follows:

Henry L. Stimson, 241; W. S. Bennett, of New York, 242; Thomas B. Dunn, Rochester, 28; James B. McEwan, Albany, 25; scattering, 23.

The slate as made up this morning by Mr. Roosevelt, Senator Root and their advisers went through without a hitch.

Colonel Roosevelt said tonight that he would take the stump in the campaign. He said that he would not cancel his Southern trip, which begins on Thursday of next week, or his trip to Iowa early in November.

Wadsworth to Retire.

At the close of the convention James S. Wadsworth, Jr., speaker of the Assembly, announced his withdrawal from the Legislature, due to his personal views as to the length of time during which a member of the Assembly should be a candidate for Speaker, and if such has been Speaker five years.

Mr. Wadsworth would not say that his retirement was due to the victory of the "progressives" in the convention.

The close of the convention found the Roosevelt forces in complete mastery of the situation, although the old guard kept up its fight grimly until the end.

Roosevelt's Triumph Complete.

Following the first part of the organization in the selection of Colonel Roosevelt for temporary chairman came his dramatic and successful battle for the adoption of the platform of the "progressives" and his final victory in the nomination of Mr. Stimson.

By its choice the Stimson vote was taken the Roosevelt strength in addition to about half of the old guard forces. He was opposed by Senator Kissell.

The new state committee, containing several new names, was announced tonight, and it was assumed that the "progressives" would control, turning over to the Roosevelt forces the party machinery of the state. Chairman Woodruff, who failed of re-election in his own district, was elected from the second district.

New Chairman Likely.

The election of a "progressive" chairman in place of Mr. Woodruff is expected, although the new chairman will be not surprised. It is customary to hold a meeting of the state committee for the election of a chairman directly after the convention, but Chairman Root, of the convention, said that no such meeting would be held tonight.

It is understood this situation arose on account of the fact that no agreement had been reached as to the new state chairman. Lloyd C. Griscom and Cornelius V. Collins both had declined to serve.

Roosevelt Opens Session.

Colonel Roosevelt called the convention to order at 11:15.

"This convention," he said, "has shown that the utmost intensity of differences of opinion can be accompanied by scrupulous fairness in handling the question as to who is by right entitled to admission to the convention."

United States Senator Root was named as permanent chairman of the convention by the committee on permanent organization. The report was adopted and Colonel Roosevelt appointed.

## LIFE PASS USED FOR MAN WHO IS DEAD

### WIDOW INSISTS, AND STEAMSHIP COMPANY GIVES IN.

### Purser Is Astounded When Free Transportation Is Offered for Carrying Body on Steamer.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 28.—(Special.)—In the darkness of her Pullman berth—the ill-fated, lower 7 again—two young women who boarded the North Bank train at Spokane last night carelessly exchanged their surplus hirsute adornment, which, because one is a decided blonde and the other a pronounced brunette, caused unlimited amusement among the other passengers, provoked an outburst of laughter from a local streetcar conductor, brought forth smiles from persons whom they passed on the street and created confusion, bordering upon riot, to the girls themselves, when they glanced into a convenient mirror at the St. Elmo Hotel this morning.

Both women were well dressed and either would have attracted more than passing attention because of her striking beauty, alone. They hastily retired to their room, following the discovery of their predicament, and did not appear again until late this evening, when their tresses, from all outward appearance, were of natural growth.

The girls afterward admitted that they were weary when they retired to their berth yesterday evening and that the porter did not call them until the train was due, within 20 minutes, to arrive at Vancouver. In their haste to dress, they explained, they accidentally made the exchange that proved so disastrous to their personal appearance.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 28.—Members of the American Mining Congress are for conservation of natural resources—that is conservation which will eliminate waste. But they are opposed to the Pinchot ideas.

This summarizes the sentiments of an apparent majority of the delegates on the eve of the report of the committee on resolutions and it presages rejection of the ex-chief forester's theories when that committee submits its report on conservation tomorrow.

The committee is at work tonight on the mass of more or less violent conservation resolutions so far introduced. It is to report a composite substitute embodying the anti-waste idea of conservation, and with it the essentials of the resolutions which denounce the land withdrawal act as socialistic, the attitude of the conservationists as "mere sham and pretense" and demanding free and unrestricted entry of American citizens upon mineral-bearing lands as opposed to the proposition of establishing the leasing or royalty system. At the request of the oil men's organizations no recommendations will be made regarding oil lands.

System Will Mean Waste.

E. R. Buckley, president of the Mining Congress, expressed a view entertained by many of the delegates, when he said that it was his belief that the leasing and royalty system would inevitably lead to the defeat of one of the main ends of conservation, the prevention of waste.

"Leasings," he said, "would not handle great quantities of low grade ore that now are mined at a profit. It would not pay them and all this would go to waste."

The composite resolution offering the Roosevelt-Pinchot conservation policies will in all probability go through, but not without opposition. There are some able supporters of the Pinchot theories among the delegates and they will oppose the resolution but there will be no fight. The odds are apparently too overwhelming and President Buckley said tonight that there was no intention to disturb the even tenor of the discussions.

Mining Law Revision Asked.

The principal accomplishment today was the adoption of a committee report recommending the appointment of a joint Congressional committee to hold public hearings in the mining districts and then

(Concluded on Page 2.)

## MINING CONGRESS OPPOSES PINCHOT

### Conservation Wanted Without Waste.

## COMPOSITE REPORT FRAMED

### Land Withdrawal Act Denounced as Socialism.

## FREE ENTRY IS DEMANDED

### Committee on Resolutions Making Substitute Opposing Plan of Leasing or Royalty System for Mineral Lands.

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## EXCHANGE OF HAIR QUITE DISASTROUS

### BLONDE AND BRUNETTE WOMEN FIGURE IN COMEDY.

### Hasty Dressing In Unlucky "Lower 7" Causes Girls' Embarrassment on Vancouver Streets.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Sept. 28.—(Special.)—In the darkness of her Pullman berth—the ill-fated, lower 7 again—two young women who boarded the North Bank train at Spokane last night carelessly exchanged their surplus hirsute adornment, which, because one is a decided blonde and the other a pronounced brunette, caused unlimited amusement among the other passengers, provoked an outburst of laughter from a local streetcar conductor, brought forth smiles from persons whom they passed on the street and created confusion, bordering upon riot, to the girls themselves, when they glanced into a convenient mirror at the St. Elmo Hotel this morning.

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## DOZEN INCLUDED IN GRAFT CHARGE

### Ostermann Recounts Deals With Rawn.

## HIGH AND LAW ARE ACCUSED

### Startling Testimony Offered in Repair-Fund Case.

## INSIDE WORKINGS TOLD

### Head of Car Repairing Company in Detail Tells How Rawn and Associates Mulcted Illinois Central Out of \$4,000,000.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—The Illinois Central Railroad corruption bomb exploded with terrific force today in Municipal Judge Bruggermeyer's court. Henry C. Ostermann, ex-president of the Ostermann Manufacturing Company, was the "fuse" who touched off the explosion, and former officials of the railroad company, both exalted and low, were struck telling blows.

The head of the defunct car repairing company, which is alleged to have mulcted the Illinois Central out of \$4,000,000, was a voluntary witness. Ostermann was called as a witness for the prosecution in the conspiracy hearing against Frank B. Harriman, Charles L. Ewing and John M. Taylor, former Illinois Central officials charged with participating in extensive car repair swindles.

Rawn Chief Figure.

The testimony involved not only the names of the three men now on trial, but extended to a dozen others who formerly occupied position of trust with the railroad. The late Ira G. Rawn, late president of the Monon route, who was mysteriously shot to death at his Summer home last July, was named by Ostermann as one of the chief figures in the alleged graft ring.

Ostermann declared that Rawn, when vice-president of the Illinois Central, was given 100 shares of stock in the Ostermann Manufacturing Company last July, and that this was increased to 200 shares. He said that Rawn sold this stock to the Ostermann plant at par, or \$5 a share.

Payment Made for Cars.

After he had sold back the stock for \$12,000, the witness testified, Rawn demanded and got first \$5, then \$10 and finally \$15 for each car repaired or allowed to have been repaired at the Ostermann plant. Ostermann testified that he personally made one payment of \$10,500 to Rawn, which, he said, was for 700 cars upon which the concern collected repair bills.

In addition to a payment per car as to Rawn, said Ostermann, a fixed monthly sum was paid to certain officials and a 2 per cent a month dividend was paid on large blocks of Ostermann Manufacturing Company stock held by Illinois Central officials.

"What Illinois Central officials held stock in your company?" Ostermann was asked.

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## BEAM WOULD KEEP WIFE FROM STAGE

### HUSBAND GOES TO NEW YORK, BUT SHE IS IN HEPPNER.

### While Singer Awaits Footlight Call Friends Believe Talk of Separation Is Unfounded.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28.—(Special.)—It is the consensus of opinion among the friends of Mrs. Adele Case-Beam and her husband, Willard Metcalf Beam, that the young music lover is speeding East to New York to carry out her long-threatened plans to enter the stage life, and that her husband follows closely pursuing her in a desperate effort to persuade his wife not to answer the call of the footlights and that all rumors of a separation between the newly-married pair is merely idle talk.

It was said today that Beam had returned from Portland after vainly trying to persuade his wife to return home with him to this city. Beam did not return to his mother's home, at 903 Fell street, up to a late hour tonight, and according to the close friends of the family, he will not return home until he is successful in winning over his wife to not return to a stage career.

Mrs. Mary Adele Case-Beam left her mother, who was reported to be seriously ill, upon her arrival in the northern city the condition of her mother was notably improved. Then the talk of returning to the stage was broached by the young wife to her mother.

Beam in some way heard of her plans and started north to persuade her against the stage, but he was too late.

HEPPNER, Or., Sept. 28.—(Special.)—Mrs. Mary Adele Case-Beam, the well-known musician of San Francisco, is visiting her brother, M. L. Case, a prominent merchant in this city.

It is reported that Mrs. Beam is awaiting telegraphic report regarding an engagement to sing in grand opera in New York City, and friends in this city are hoping to induce Mrs. Beam to give a recital here Friday evening in case she does not leave prior to that date.

Mrs. Beam came here alone.

MRS. BELL WANTS DIVORCE

Society Woman Charges Husband With Many Acts of Cruelty.

RENO, Nev., Sept. 28.—(Special.)—A complaint for divorce is filed here by Corinne Bell, a former society leader by name, who was married April 5, 1908, to Frank J. Bell, an automobile dealer of Seattle and San Francisco. Her story of his threats to throw vitriol in her face during his fits of jealous rage and his attempts to strangle her, choking her into insensibility, ending in his punching her in the face and blackening her eyes, are part of her accusations of abuse. He beat and chastised her and charged her with adultery with divers men. His language was obscene and vile, she charges, and his temper ungovernable. There are no children.

She asks to resume her maiden name. There is no reference to property rights and it is understood the husband will not offer any opposition to her action.

Mrs. Bell is a buxom little woman, conspicuous in her wealth of bleached hair, socially inclined and is a familiar figure in local cafes and those of San Francisco.

ONE DEAD IN MINE RIOT

Dynamite and Fire Used by Angry Men in Colorado Camp.

BUENA VISTA, Colo., Sept. 28.—One man is reported to have been killed and considerable property destroyed by dynamite and fire as the result of a riot that broke out among miners at Monarch, a mining camp 25 miles from here, early today.

Telephone and telegraph wires are down, apparently as the result of the fire.

Sheriff Brewster has gone with several deputies to the scene. The Chief of Police and several patrolmen were also summoned from Salida.

STRIKERS NOW PEACEFUL

Berlin Riots Cease and Emperor Wilhelm Demands Report.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—The rioting coal strikers appear to have worn themselves out during the night, and today quiet prevailed throughout the district. There are no reliable figures of the number injured in clashes with the police. At one hospital, 30 wounded citizens received treatment. Comparatively few policemen seem to have been injured.

Emperor William has sent for a full report of the trouble.

PHEASANTS TO BE FREED

Chehalis County Will Liberate 300 Pair on 5-Year Limit.

MONTESSANO, Wash., Sept. 28.—(Special.)—Three hundred pair of Chinese pheasants will be liberated in Chehalis County in November, the birds having been ordered from a New York fancier.

The regular five-year limit will be placed on the birds, and the Legislature will be asked to pass a law protecting pheasants of this kind in counties bordering on Chehalis.

GOVERNOR BENSON ON WAY

Oregon Executive Passes Through San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28.—Governor Frank W. Benson, of Oregon, left here today for Salem, having practically recovered from the illness that caused his protracted sojourn in California.

## FLIGHT FAR; JAPS AND WHITES MARRY

### Journey 1500 Miles to Get License.

## SEATTLE BALKS; TACOMA OK'S

### Two American Girls Take Orientals as Husbands.

## LEGISLATION MAY STOP

### With Granting of Right to Wed Washington Likely to Pass Law Prohibiting Such Unions. Emery Case Recalled.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 28.—(Special.)—After a 1500-mile flight from Los Angeles to Seattle in a vain effort to be wed, two Los Angeles Japanese and two white girls, one the daughter of a retired Utah farmer and the other the daughter of a Los Angeles merchant, were granted marriage licenses here today, after being refused in every city where they had applied.

Knio Toda, a Japanese merchant, of the California city, and Miss Ryda Reid, whose pursuit of the elusive license began at Los Angeles and has taken them through the Oakland, Cal., jail, were the first applicants. After securing their license they were married by Rev. M. Takahashi, pastor of the Japanese mission, and immediately took an interurban car for Seattle, on their honeymoon.

Los Angeles Couple Shy at City.

Taunehro Tanaka and Edith Rotemeyer, both of Los Angeles, were the second applicants, and came to this city, accompanied by an attorney. After getting their license they left in an automobile, stating that they would not attempt to get married in this city, but preferred a country town close by. The auto went in the direction of Roy, a few miles south of Tacoma.

In the case of Miss Reid, who met her husband first in Los Angeles, the young couple began their long journey to be wed by first making tracks toward Salt Lake City, where the father of the bride-to-be lives. They were arrested in passing through Oakland, Cal., but after an investigation the police were forced to release the pair, the father of the girl telegraphing the California city authorities that his daughter was of age.

The following incoherent message was sent by the father:

"Girl of age. If any law, put them in jail. James Reed."

With their release from the Oakland jail, they thought it not best to tempt the parental mind further by continuing their journey to Salt Lake, so they took the Shasta Limited for Seattle, where, of course, they expected to experience no trouble in securing a license, get married and sail for the Orient on their honeymoon on the Tamba Maru. It was planned to pass their honeymoon with Toda's father, a wealthy Japanese wine merchant, who had asked his son to visit him in Japan before death should finally separate them. After returning from the Orient Toda and his bride were to go to Los Angeles and reside on a chicken ranch in that vicinity, which the Japanese husband owns and operates.

Jap to Give Up Religion.

When contemplating their marriage Toda agreed to give up the religion of his forefathers and in return his Mormon sweetheart had adopted many of the customs of the Far East. She speaks Japanese like one "to the manner born," and firmly believes that in far Nippon only does woman hold her true position in the scheme of things domestic. She insists that Japanese husbands treat their wives better than the Americans do, and asserts that marriage is a more sacred institution in that country than here. Miss Reid says that the Jap husband extends a comradeship to his wife that is unknown in this country.

When her father's telegram was mentioned today, Mrs. Toda said:

"When my father said that he did not give his consent to my union with Toda, or words to that effect in his order to arrest us if there was any law, he led. He has said often he did not care what became of me as long as I did not hang around his home all my life. There is no danger now that I will bother him."

The Jap takes the warm affection of his white wife very casually, and when she becomes too demonstrative in public he does not hesitate to repress her.

Couple See Only Joy.

Mr. and Mrs. Toda express entire satisfaction in their present situation and do not hesitate to declare that their marriage will be one of happiness.

This is the second international marriage between a white American girl and a Japanese which has stirred the Pacific coast within the past two years, the other, which culminated most unhappily for the bride, was that between Miss Gladys Emery, daughter of the Archdeacon Emery of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of California and Gunjiro Aoki.

This event caused no little comment

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## ROSLYN MINERS ON STRIKE

### Four Hundred Men Walk Out When Union Man Is Discharged.

ELLENSBURG, Wash., Sept. 28.—Disagreement between the Northwestern Improvement Company superintendent and the president of the Miners' Union at shaft No. 5, near Roslyn, which controls coal weighing, caused a walkout of 400 men this morning.

The union president was discharged as weight checker, the company contending it should appoint the weighers. It is probable that 2000 men in the other mines may be affected.

## COURT ACQUITS LOFTUS

### Man Tried for Murder Freed on Ground of Self-Defense.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., Sept. 28.—J. C. Loftus, charged with the murder of Joseph Lafferty September 4, was acquitted in Justice Court here today on the ground of self defense. Testimony of witnesses showed that Lafferty had been the aggressor and had choked Loftus twice the night before. The next morning he attempted to repeat his treatment, when he was shot by Loftus.

A quarrel over the treatment of a horse was the cause of the trouble.

## PRICE OF MILK ADVANCED

### Vancouver People Will Pay \$1.75 for Pint Per Day for Month.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Sept. 28.—(Special.)—Milk prices have received a second boost within a year, the new schedule going into effect October 1. Patrons of the Galesies have been notified.

The full new schedule, which becomes effective Saturday, follows: One pint a day for one month, \$1.75; one quart, \$2.25; three pints, \$4; two quarts, \$3.25; five pints, \$5.25; three quarts, \$4.25; seven pints, \$6.25; one gallon, \$9; cream, one pint, \$6; one-half pint, \$3.

## KATHERINE ELKINS COMES

### Ambassador Bacon Sees Americans Off at Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins, her two sons and Miss Katherine Elkins, departed today for Cherbourg, where they sailed later on the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse for New York.

They were accompanied to the railway station by Ambassador Bacon and other friends.

## BANKER IS ARRAIGNED

### W. E. Buffum Found Guilty of Contempt and Fined \$5.

ASTORIA, Or., Sept. 28.—(Special.)—W. E. Buffum, manager of the Banking, Savings and Loan Association, was arraigned before the Circuit Court on a charge of contempt of court in that he broke into the association's office after it had been closed by the Sheriff under proceedings.

The defendant was sentenced to pay a fine of \$5, and apologize to the court and the Sheriff, which he did.

## EXPENSE EXPERT NAMED

### President Taft Chooses New Yorker to Head Inquiry Board.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—President Taft today announced the appointment of Dr. Frederick A. Cleveland, director of Bureau of Municipal Research, of New York, to head a Federal staff of experts to investigate the expenditures in executive departments.

