

BONDS STRANGELY STOLEN FROM BANK

Russo-Chinese New York Branch Loses \$110,000 in Securities From Vault.

THIEF LEAVES NO CLEW

Facts on Which to Base Examination Are Slight—Financial Institution Is Powerful in Far Eastern Money Concerns.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The Russo-Chinese Bank, one of the most powerful financial institutions in the Far East, is short \$110,000 in negotiable bonds, which disappeared from its branch office here some time last week.

Announcement of the loss was made today but only meager details were available. All inquiries were referred by the bank to its counsel, who replied that without the permission of the bank he could give only a very circumscribed statement.

Vaults Are Rented.

The Russo-Chinese Bank in this city has no vaults of its own, but rents vaults in a nearby bank, the name of which is withheld. Some time, precisely when is not stated, a safety deposit box containing the missing securities was taken from the neighboring vaults to the second floor of the bank.

The loss of the securities became known on Thursday. Several employees of the bank had keys to the box, but none of them had disappeared and none is mentioned as under suspicion.

A rigid examination of the circumstances surrounding the loss is being made. Thus far, the facts on which to base an examination are so slight that no complaint has been made to the police and no private detective has been called upon.

Counsel Much in Dark.

Counsel could not even say when the securities were last seen or checked up. Gustav Gortz, now in Europe, whither he left on his vacation two weeks ago, is manager of the Russo-Chinese Bank here.

A list of the missing securities is furnished to all bankers as follows: Southern Railroad development and general mortgage 4 per cent bonds, \$25,000; Union Pacific convertible 4 per cent bonds, \$30,000; Southern Pacific convertible 4 per cent bonds, \$10,000; Norfolk & Western 4 per cent bonds, \$45,000.

PATROL HORSES VERSATILE

But They Are on Street Job When Arms of Law Need Them.

CHICAGO, July 22.—Of what use is a patrol wagon without horses to pull it? The answer is sought by the Forest Park police.

One team of horses is kept for use of the fire engine in the barn back of the station at Circle and Randolph streets, where the patrol wagon also is kept. The other team is used by the proprietor in used wagons for street work and has not been available for police calls at such times. Hitherto when a wagon call came the police have endeavored to get the fire team.

An instance of the trouble of the police was yesterday when a young man and woman were arrested at an amusement resort, charged with disorderly conduct and resisting an officer. They gave the name of Fred C. Wright, 84 West Thirtieth street, and H. N. Nenod, 2842 West Ohio street. When the call came to the station the police tried to get the fire team, but failed. After a long delay the two prisoners were taken to the station about.

CHECK FOR KISSES SENT

Peculiar Note Brought to Light in Divorce Proceedings.

KANSAS CITY, July 22.—The love, matrimonial and divorce troubles of J. O. Weeks, a mail carrier of 4000 Wyoming street, are numerous. Some of them are being thrashed out today in Judge Middlebrook's division of the Circuit Court.

A knotty question for the judge to decide this afternoon is whether to admit as evidence letters Weeks wrote to another woman after his first divorce. The letters, which were written at the time he married her again and she brought a second divorce suit. One of those letters to the "affinity" who lived in Canada, contained a check for 1000 kisses and was signed "Skoozick". The check was drawn on the Pioneer Trust Company. In her second divorce suit, now on trial, Mrs. Weeks seeks to introduce the check and other love messages. Weeks asserts that those messages were sent when he was free and not married to his wife.

J. O. and Ada Weeks were married first in 1899. He obtained a divorce in 1907. They were remarried in 1908. She brought the second divorce suit in 1909.

EX-PREMIER IS WOUNDED

Would-Be Assassin Attacks Antonio Maura at Barcelona.

BARCELONA, July 22.—Antonio Maura, ex-Spanish Premier, was wounded today by a would-be assassin. His assailant was arrested.

LOSS CAUSES REUNION

Couple Long Divorced Remarried After Child Dies.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., July 22.—(Special.)—Through the death of their daughter, Major William M. Combs, of 348 Broadway, New York, and Mrs. Rosa M. Traverser, of Auburn, N. Y., who were married years ago but later separated, have become reconciled. Friends here have

learned they were married in Jersey City recently.

Major Combs formerly lived in Middletown. He met Miss Traverser near Auburn, and they were married there in 1879. They lived together happily for several years, and in 1881 a daughter was born to them. Business called the young husband to New Jersey. During his absence a supposed friend of the family made statements which led to an estrangement. The bitterness caused by the misunderstanding increased and after a short correspondence the two agreed to separate.

A separation was granted to Mrs. Combs in 1891, and she resumed her maiden name. The daughter, who grieved deeply over the estrangement of her parents, remained with the mother.

The daughter died in 1907. At the funeral, in Auburn, Major Combs again met his former wife. They talked the matter over and became good friends. The wedding was quiet. Major Combs and his bride are spending their second honeymoon on the New England coast. They expect to make their future home in Rochester or Syracuse. He has been in business in New York for several years.

INDIANS GET LIQUOR

MANY RED MEN FINED FOR DRUNKENNESS AT TOLEDO.

Dr. Falkenberg, of Smithsonian Institution, Says Federal Law Is Openly Violated.

That the law prohibiting the sale of liquor to Indians is openly violated in Toledo, was the statement made yesterday by Dr. L. J. Falkenberg, of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C. Dr. Falkenberg returned yesterday from a stay of several weeks in the Siletz country, where he went to make a study of the dialect spoken by the Indians of that section. He is compiling a grammar of Indian dialects and is also endeavoring thereby to determine the tribal connections between the Indians of the various sections of the Western States and Canada.

"While engaged in my study of the Alsea language among the Indians of the Siletz country I had an excellent opportunity to observe the manner in which the Federal law affecting the sale of liquors to Indians is being violated," said Dr. Falkenberg yesterday. "I was amazed at the openness with which these laws were disregarded. This fact is especially significant when it is remembered that Toledo is nominally a 'dry' town."

"The City of Newport allows the saloonkeepers to sell whisky to the Indians. Apparently no effort is made to prosecute these men. On the other hand, the principal seems to be to let the Indians have as much liquor as they have money to buy, and then put them in jail for drunkenness."

Six Indians were fined for being drunk, one paid \$24 and the other five \$9 each. After they were fined I called up the recorder of Newport and asked him if there was any attempt made to find out the name of the white man who sold the liquor. That official advised me that the method of selling liquor to Indians is being violated."

I then asked him how the reward was offered. If a notice were placed in the hotels and public places, that was that they generally told a few people. I suggested it would be a good plan to make the reward public by posting notices in the hotels and public places. This official then manifested considerable interest in the plan and told me he would bring the matter before the next meeting of the Council. I know for a fact that every dollar the liquor men take from the Indians for liquor and fines they lose from the prospective tourists who would spend the Summer there.

"My opinion is that some day there will be more drunkenness among the Indians than Newport can handle, then there will be trouble."

HUSBAND WANTS DAY OFF

ST. LOUIS MAN EXPECTS TO BE TREATED AS HOUSEMAID.

With New Woman for Wife, Jacob Eller Has All Sorts of Domestic Hardships.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 22.—(Special.)—If the exemplary husband of the "new" species you had cooked, scrubbed, washed dishes, scoured windows and made the beds six days in the week, you might expect to be treated as a housemaid.

Such is the touching lament of Jacob A. Eller, 46 years old. His wife, Mrs. Anna Eller, 38, is a seamstress, while her husband, relegated to his place as a housemaid, has never been able to stay at home and did the housework. Mrs. Eller is suing her husband for a divorce on the ground of non-support.

"Our whole trouble," Eller told his attorney, "started over the question as to whether I was to have a Sunday off. Most housemaids get at least Sunday afternoon for themselves, and often Thursday afternoon besides. I didn't see why I should be an exception."

"On the other six days I arose at 5:30 o'clock, went marketing, cooked breakfast, awakened my wife, served her and washed the dishes, made the beds, swept and dusted, cooked dinner, washed the dishes, prepared supper and washed the dishes again."

"I should have had to cook and keep house not only for his wife, but for her father, Henry Becker, and her mother, Henry Becker, Jr. Justice."

"I shouldn't have minded that so much," said Eller, with the pain of a scrupulous housekeeper in his voice, "if young Henry hadn't come in so often without cleaning his shoes and tracked mud across the floors I had just scrubbed."

IRISH PEOPLE PROSPER

Bank Figures Show Largely Increased Balances at Home.

DUBLIN, July 22.—Ireland's growing prosperity is reflected in the banking statistics for the second half of 1909, which have been published lately. At the end of December the deposits and cash balances in the 29 Irish banks stood at \$265,130,000 compared with \$260,340,000 at the corresponding date in the previous year. On December 31 the total amount in Irish banks and trustee savings banks was \$66,970,000. At the end of 1908 it was \$66,370,000.

With the exception of 1907 there has been an increase in deposits since 1889, and the balance in the savings banks is now more than two and a half times the figure at which it stood at the close of the latter year.

In the two decades the number of postoffice depositors has almost trebled, the latest available total being 546,580. In December the aggregate amount held in government funds, India stocks and land stock and kindred securities was \$94,050,000.

LONG SERVICE

"Jimmy" Daly, Veteran Motorist, Gets Fatherly Talk From President Josselyn.

ACCIDENT IS FORGIVEN

Driver of Streetcar Since 1888, Oldest Man in Service, Is "Fired" for Smashup, but Gets Job Back From Officials.

Motorman No. 2 will be handed back the badge at 5:30 o'clock this morning. It was taken from him two days ago. He will be given back his brotherhood book and his little book of car instructions. Incidentally he will be given a check for \$100.00. The men gathered at East Ankeny car barn.

The reason? Well, Motorman No. 2 is "Jimmy" Daly and by special order of President Josselyn he has been reinstated in his old position as the controller of a Waverly-Richmond car. That was the reason "Jimmy" was given rather happy last night when he was seen at his little home at 542 East Oak street. He had gone through days that were almost years since his accident and dismissal. For some time he was worried just where he was to turn. Jimmy has a pretty little daughter—she is getting to be quite a big girl—of the biggest friends perpetrated for, after all, "Jimmy" was just a plodder and did not know what else to turn to.

Now he's gone back to the front platform of an early Richmond car and is easily the happiest man on the line. It was early in the morning his accident happened. The car went slack speed suddenly. Daly had not the car fully in control and the front car was telescoped. He was called before the division superintendent and "fired."

Daly Called a Veteran. Possibly the "supe" did not know Jimmy's record, how he had joined the "service" in June, 1888, working for the Willamette Bridge Railway Company, and had driven a couple of very mustangs from the west end of the Morrison-street bridge to Sullivan's Gulch, but he had friends who did.

These friends brought the matter to President Josselyn. "I knew nothing of the matter," said Mr. Josselyn, and promptly summoned the veteran to appear before him.

Jimmy went. That was yesterday morning. On the "carpet" also were Superintendent Franklin and Division Superintendent Cooper. Daly was asked kindly to tell his story. He did so. Mr. Josselyn explained he had been guilty of gross carelessness and that over \$500 worth of damage had been done to the company's property, but that in view of his services, he would be placed on duty the following morning.

Of course, for the sake of discipline there had to be a penalty, and 25 demerits were placed on "Jimmy's" record. He can work these off at the rate of four a month. "I said him whether he still felt able to run a car," said President Josselyn when telling the story. "He said he would, and I told him he could but he would have to be careful. Even the best men get careless sometimes, but I want to give our old-time men the best of things, and Daly gets the best of things. He will report tomorrow for work."

It was hard to get Daly to talk about himself. He thought he had been treated fine. "I'm Mighty Glad to Get Back."

"You see they have to have rules," he said. "Or else chap'd be careless all the time. Of course Mr. Josselyn never knew I had been a long time with the company and had never been fired. I'd be dismissed. He treated me fine. The company always has and because I got dismissed I did not feel I had any kick. But I'm mighty glad to get back to work."

Daly is a popular man in the ranks of the car service. He's well known on a dozen routes and before the new rules were effect more than one passenger used to occasionally exchange a word with the veteran. He told how the old horse or mule cars turned at a roadway situated at Morrison street west of the bridge. There were two routes on the East Side, his with his four cars and a transfer car from Grand avenue to Clay. "Jimmy" does not remember the date the electric cars came in, but he does say they were a welcome change from the mustangs.

RATE ADVANCE SUSPENDED

Western Trunk Lines Make Agreement With Commission.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—It was announced today after a conference between Chairman Knapp, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a committee of the traffic officials of the Western trunk lines that the advanced rates filed by the carriers would be suspended voluntarily until November 1.

The agreement effected is the same substantially as that made between the Commission and the Eastern lines. It means that all important and general increases in freight rates that were to have become effective on August 1 will be postponed until the Commission shall have had opportunity to determine whether they are reasonable or not. It does not follow that the suspensions will be made permanent. The action of the carriers in voluntarily suspending their advances was taken with a view to simplifying a complex situation and embarrassment.

Permission is given by the Commission to the roads to file on one day's notice the proposed suspension tariffs to become effective November 1.

Woman Found Dead in Bed.

ASTORIA, Or., July 22.—(Special.)—Amanda Halkala, who has been cooking at one of the seining grounds at Sand Island, died suddenly Wednesday night from pulmonary hemorrhage, following a long illness with consumption. After completing her work on that night she went to her room and locked herself in as usual. When on Thursday morning she did not appear and the rapping on the door did not awaken her, a peep through the keyhole disclosed the fact that her face and body were covered with blood.

Committee to Revise Charter.

TILLAMOOK, Or., July 22.—(Special.)—A committee, composed of Mayor T. Coates and Councilmen Erwin Harrison, S. A. Brodhead, Ed Laughlin, James Walton, B. C. Lamb and Frank Severance, the last three being appointed by President Holmes, of the Tillamook Commercial Club, will revise the city charter.

STORE OPENS AT 9 A. M. Lipman-Wolfe & Co. A Decidedly Important Sale of Misses' and Children's Dresses

—Misses' and Children's pretty gingham, chambray, percale and fancy lawn Dresses at almost half price. Sizes from 2 to 16 years. Dresses from 8 to 16 years will be found in our suit department and the smaller sizes in our infants' wear department.



—To simplify the sale and make selections easier we have assorted all our dresses from 8 to 16 years into seven prices.

- 89c, Dresses Selling to \$1.50
\$1.29, Dresses Selling to \$2.00
\$1.55, Dresses Selling to \$2.75
\$1.98, Dresses Selling to \$3.50
\$2.45, Dresses Selling to \$4.00
\$2.95, Dresses Selling to \$4.50
\$3.95, Dresses Selling to \$7.50

—In little tots' dresses from 2 to 6 years the following specials are offered:

- An Assortment of Dresses at 69c
An Assortment at 75c, 89c, and \$1.00
Assortments at \$1.18, \$1.68, and \$1.98
Assortments at \$2.23, \$2.68 and \$2.98
Assortments at \$3.98, \$4.48 and \$4.98

TARIFF IS BLAMED

Cummins Says Monopoly Fosters Socialism. ONE REMEDY SUGGESTED

Rule Should Permit Amendment of Single Schedule Without Requiring Opening of Whole Issue, Is Declaration.

(Continued From First Page.) the same in all, whether or not the factories are owned by one company or are controlled through a trust agreement.

Tariff Prevents Competition. "It is only within the last few years that the lack of competition between American and foreign goods has become so marked that the people began to talk about the tariff duties being too high. The people have found the absence of foreign competition in the markets of this country has made it possible for the American manufacturer to increase his prices at his own sweet will without regard to actual market conditions."

"The feeling has grown that something must be done with the tariff to re-establish competition in trade. The Republican National convention realized this and it had to make an agreement that, if it was successful, it would revise the tariff so monopolies and trusts could no longer annihilate competition through the tariff schedules. This was the first real recognition that the tariff should be put on a scientific basis where the measure of the import duties was set to protect the difference in cost of production at home and abroad with a margin for a reasonable profit."

Promise Not Technical. "In the Republican platform there was no technical promise to revise the tariff upward or downward. The party simply pledged itself to make such revision of the tariff as would equalize the cost of production here and abroad and make competition possible in this country in many lines."

"It was the duty of Congress to make this revision. Congress did not do it. It did not even attempt to do it. Under the leadership of Cannon and Aldrich the tariff was revised without the slightest heed to the cost of production of anything. It is of no avail to reduce the duties on any commodity, if the duty is left so high that the domestic producer can still maintain his prices by keeping out competition or even make his prices higher than before and still have lower duty. Some duties were reduced, but not so it would benefit American people in any way, because there was no effort made

to get the productive cost of the article. Prices Are Maintained. "In many cases the charges were left so high that the price on many articles was increased in the face of a reduced tariff and because the domestic manufacturer was not afraid of foreign competition."

"It was a sample. The duty on steel rails was reduced from \$7.24 a ton to \$5.93 a ton and still the United States Steel Corporation is able to maintain a price of \$28 a ton, because we make rails so much cheaper here than in other countries."

"The tariff schedule was actually raised an average of 25 per cent simply by changing the duties from ad valorem to specific duties, and this was one of the biggest frauds perpetrated by Congress on the revising of the tariff."

"In all the long debate on the tariff bill Senator Aldrich never attempted to apply the standard of the Republican platform pledge. He and his followers openly and contemptuously repudiated every word of that platform pledge. In all the evidence taken by the House ways and means committee, there were not a dozen items of the 6000 in which a showing was made as to the cost of production at home and abroad."

"Protective Theory Perverted." "It was an open and explicit repudiation of the protective theory. I am not an insurgent Republican, if it is said that I am insurging against the Republican National platform. I am insurging against men of the Cannon-Aldrich stripe; men who are openly violating the pledges of the party and advancing the cause of monopolistic control of industry."

"The insurgents, or progressives, a better term, offer two remedies. First is knowledge of the cost of production. No one knows what the different items of cost now are. What we need is the constant work of an intelligent tariff commission that can get the information and then tell Congress just what it wants to know. The first sense of the progressive is to establish such a commission. We had made a start in the tariff board, but it is not the best way of doing the work."

STORE OPENS AT 9 A. M. Lipman-Wolfe & Co. A Decidedly Important Sale of \$8.50 Smartly Tailored Suits \$2.25 Exactly Like Illustration

—A more timely sale could not have been arranged for these superior wash suits. We have just ninety of them to sell. We will sell them all today. There is no doubt of the result of this sale.

—At \$2.25 all estimate of the cost of the material and tailoring is disregarded. For there is not a garment in the entire lot that does not cost more at wholesale than the retail price we place on these today. Because the price is little don't think them cheap sale suits.

—They are stylish, smart and serviceable.

—They are designed of an extra good grade of union linen in every conceivable shade of

Tan, light and dark blue, old rose, shell pink, cream, brown, gray, lavender, red-sea, green, white.

—Cut on the most up-to-date lines, with a 32-inch coat length, and well tailored plain or plaited skirts. Fine inlaid collars, finished with narrow braid. Fastens with good pearl buttons.

—These Dresses are new. They were shown for the first time only last week. Made in rep and poplins, with tubular braid yoke and belt. The skirts are full plaited in a variety of different styles.

They come in new blue, natural, leather, lavender, pink, tan, white and gray.

—We know that they are the lowest priced dresses that have style and quality offered at such a small figure. The steady demand for these dresses proves that their popularity is universal.

Child's Coats, Unheard-of Prices

—You have never bought these pretty light-weight Summer coats at such greatly reduced prices before.

—In this clean-up no account was taken of cost. Our one and only object is to dispose of these remaining coats immediately.

—We have divided our entire stock into the following lots, so if you need a coat for a youngster select one of the following with the assurance that you are receiving more value than you ever have before secured in your shopping experience. From 2 to 6-year-old sizes.

- Coats Selling to \$2.50, Cleanup 98c
—Coats Selling to \$3.50, Cleanup \$1.48
—Coats Selling to \$5.50, Cleanup \$1.98

counsel demurred to the investigation proceeding on the ground that no written charges have been preferred before the board or served on Vanliew. Attorney-General U. S. Webb held that it is not necessary to prefer written charges. The committee hearing the case is composed of trustees of the normal school, including State Superintendent of Public Instruction Edward Hyatt, who is an ex-officio member. Other members present are Clifford Coggins, of Berkeley; Florence J. O'Brien, of Chico, and J. F. Campbell, of Colusa. Attorney-General Webb appeared in behalf of the state, being summoned by Governor Gillett to conduct the direct examination.

Track Sinks Under Train. THE DALLES, Or., July 22.—(Special.)—Four cars of sand were overturned this morning on the sidetrack where the railroad company is making the fill at the mouth of Mill Creek, when the track sank under the weight of the train of 15 cars filled with sand. Two other cars were partially derailed. The work at the fill is progressing rapidly, but has been stopped today because of the accident. None of the crew was injured.

Strong Healthy Women

If a woman is strong and healthy in a womanly way, motherhood means to her but little suffering. The trouble lies in the fact that the many women suffer from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism and are unfitted for motherhood. This can be remedied.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription Cures the weakness and disorders of women. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in motherhood, making them healthy, strong, vigorous, virile and elastic.

"Favorite Prescription" banishes the indispositions of the period of expectancy and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It quickens and vitalizes the feminine organs, and insures a healthy and robust baby. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits.

It Makes Weak Women Strong. It Makes Sick Women Well. Honest druggists do not offer substitutes, and urge them upon you as "just as good." Accept no secret nostrum in place of this non-secret remedy. Contains not a drop of alcohol and not a grain of habit-forming or injurious drugs. Is a pure glyceric extract of healing, native American roots.

