# TAFT FOR SYSTEN IN HARBOR WORK

## President in Accord With River and Harbor Congress on General Policy.

### NO PIECEMEAL DRIBBLING

Warning Given Committees That if More Care Not Taken Next Bill Will Be Vetoed-Engineers to Select Worthy Projects.

WASHINGTON, July 6.--(Special.)-The National Rivers and Harbors Congress never had stronger indorsement in its campaign for a comprehensive waterway policy, in its opposition to piece-meal appropriations for the improvement of the rivers and harbors of the United States than was given it indirectly by States, than was given it indirectly by President Taft in his reasons for attach-ing his signature to the river and harbor

ing his signature to the river and harbor appropriation bill. The President, in his special message to Congress, did not mince his words, when he served notice on the Senate and House committees that a veto faces the next waterway bill unless more care is taken in the selection of projects for development and disposition shown to complete projects as quickly as is con-sistent with good business judgment. Speaking of the rivers and harbors bill, Representative Alexander, chairman of the rivers and harbors committee, when asked if it was seriously in danger of a

asked if it was seriously in danger of a Dribbling System to Be Stopped.

"I did not hear the slightest rumor of a veto until Thursday. We knew the President was studying the bill like a great lawyer, and for two hours on Fri-day afternoon Senator Nelson and myself be over it with him, answering every bjection which had been raised against . He quickly yielded on everything except the so-called 'dribbling or piece meal' policy which we had inherited from former bills. We showed him that 60 of the items in the act of 1809 made in-sufficient appropriations to complete: that the act of 1902 contained 64 per cent; that the act of 1905 contained 37 per cent; that the act of 1907 carrying \$85,000,000 contained 44 per cent and that, had we in creased the bill of 1910 to \$85,000,000, the showing would have been much better than the act of 1907. We declined to do that, however, because a bill aggregating \$86,000,000 would have destroyed our \$86,000,000 would have destrayed our chance for establishing annual bills, which, after our long experience, we knew was the only way to reform the existing 'dribbling' system.

#### Taft and Committees Agree.

"That the President was satisfied that we were working along lines which he desired is manifest by his approval of the bill. His message makes clear that he wants to cut loose from the old method, a reform in which Senator Nelson and myself are in hearty accord. "It has been apparent to me for sev

eral years that only moderate annual bills could bring about such a reform, and the act of 1910 opens the way for such bills, which will fix a time limit such oilds, which will hx a time limit on all improvements; begin the work of abandoning unworthy projects, long ago or never approved by the engineers; re-quire that estimates of engineers shall be accurate instead of guess work, and leave largely to the engineers the selec-tion of the projects for improvement.

Let Engineers Select.

erning parties is larger than the particular bill. We hold that the right of popular self-government is incomplete unless it includes the right of the voters not merely to choose between candidates when they have been nominated, but also the right to determine who these candidates shall be. Under our system of party government, there-fore, the voters should be guaranteed the right to determine within the ranks of their respective organizations who the candidates of the parties will be, no less than the right to choose be tween the candidates when the candi-

dates are presented to them. "There is no desire to break down the responsibility of party organiza-tion under duly constituted party lead-ership, but there is a desire to make this responsibility real and to give the members of the party the right to say whom they desire to execute this leadership. In New York State no small part of the strength of the movement has come from the popular conviction that many of the men most prominent in party leadership tend at times to for-get that in a democracy this function of political leader must be normally to lead, not drive.

### Leaders Reminded of Duty.

"We, the men who compose the great bulk of the community, wish to govern ourselves. We welcome leadership, but we wish our leaders to understand that we wish our leaders to understand that they derive their strength from us and that, although we look to them for guidance, we expect this guidance to be in accordance with our interests and our ideals.

"I believe that the people of New York State will in the end insist on taking a more direct part in the nomination of candidates because I believe they will grow more and more to in-sist on just the kind of guidance and leadership that I have mentioned."



GRAND JURY SEEKS WHERE-ABOUTS OF \$400,000 BLOCK.

Officials of Carnegle Trust Company, Which Held Security, Not Held to Be Culpable.

NEW YORK, July 6 .- Following a conference of District Attorney Whitman and ex-Justice Kenner, counsel for the Carnegic Trust Company, it was reported today that the grand jury was investigating the alleged disap-pearance of \$400,000 worth of bonds deposited with the company as security for a loan for a loan.

While District Attorney Whitman ad mitted that an investigation was in progress, Moses H. Grossman, counsel for the Carnegie Company, said that the story was untrue. Mr. Grossman said:

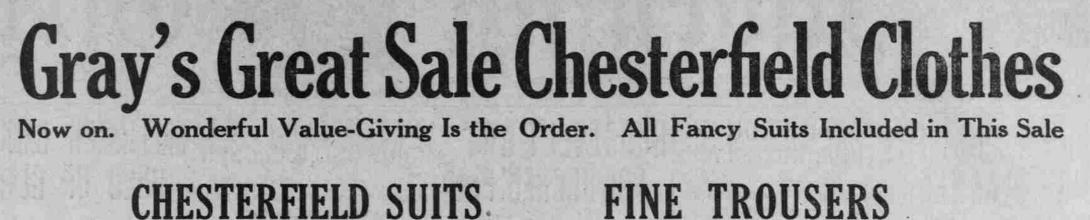
"The bonds are here, and all the col-lateral, and when the losn we made is paid we will turn them over." District Attorney Whitman said to-Government Wins in Prosecu-

night "There is no evidence in the pos session of this office which reflects in any way on the financial responsibility or management of the Trust Company, or upon any of its offi-cers or the body of directors."

PURE-FOOD LAW UPHELD TAFT'S MAIL IS SHUT OFF President Takes First Day of Real Jury Returns Verdict That Bleaching Vacation. Process Is Adulteration-Com-BEVERLY, July 6 .- President Taft, spending the first day of his "real" pany Guilty of Misbrand-

vacation, got lonely down at Burgess Point about here this afternoon and telephoned into the Executive Offices to find out why there had been no mes enger at the cottage bearing the of-

### THE MORNING OREGONIAN, THURSDAY, JULY 7, 1910.



\$20.00 SUITS \$15.00 \$22.50 SUITS \$16.50 \$25.00 SUITS \$19.00 \$30.00 SUITS \$23.50 \$35.00 SUITS \$26.50 \$40.00 SUITS \$29.50 \$50.00 SUITS \$39.50

R. M. GRAY

bribery scandal arose today when State's Attorney Wayman announced that an indictment had been voted charging John A. Maloy, a grocer,

with attempting to corrupt Oscar T. Morford, a juror in the recent trial of Lee O'Nell Browne.

Morford, his wife and his father through Morford, testified before the grand jury. Mrs. Morford testified that shortly after the Browne jury had been sworn, she

went to Maloy's grocery, which is in the neighborhood in which the Morfords lived.

that the grover made a similar proposal to him, urging him to influence the juror to hold out for Browne, the offer was not

communicated to the juror and he heard of it first after the jury had been dis-

# FINE TROUSERS \$ 5.00 TROUSERS \$4.00 6.00 TROUSERS \$4.50 S 7.00 TROUSERS \$5.00 \$ 8.00 TROUSERS \$6.00 \$ 9.00 TROUSERS \$6.50 \$10.00 TROUSERS \$7.00 \$12.00 TROUSERS \$8.00

\$14.00 TROUSERS \$9.00

A Great Opportunity to Secure at Small Cost the Finest Clothes Made. Come in Today

273-275 MORRISON AT FOURTH

ROUGH ELEMENT FEARED WALLA WALLA SWARMS WITH INDUSTRIAL WORKERS.

Farmers Must Pay \$3 a Day for **Ranch Hands Is Edict Issued** by Organization.

city between Third and Fourth streets on Main. It is estimated there are 300 of the I. W. W. men in the city, each

neighborhood in which the Morfords lived. Maloy, she said, gave her two cigars which he asked her to give to her hus-band, who had been accepted on the jury. According to State's Attorney Wayman. Mrs. Morford testified that Maloy asked her to use her influence to persuade her husband to vote for the acquittal of Browne, holding out as a reward for so voting that Morford "would not have to work for a railroad no more." as he WALLA WALLA, Wash., July 5.-(Spe-cial.)-Tonight the downtown streets of Walla Walla swarmed with men and the police are fearful lest they will be called work for a railroad no more," as he 'would get a lump of money." Morford is a switchman and his father upon to clash with and disperse "free speech" meetings, which the industrial Workers of the World insist on holding. Chief of Police Davis has issued orders a railroad gateman. He voted consist-ently for the conviction of the defendant. Though Morford is said to have testified to arrest anyone who tries to excite a riot, and most of the city police have been detailed to the saloon section of the

wearing a little scarlet ribbon.

What Ails You? Do you feel week, tired, despondent, have frequent head-

sches, coated tongue, bitter or bad taste in morning, "heart-hurn," belching of gas, acid risings in throat after eating, stomach gnaw or burn, foul breath, dizzy spells, poor or variable appetite, nausea at times and kindred symptoms P

If you have any considerable number of the above symptoms you are suffering from bilious-ness, torpid liver with indigestion, or dyspepsia. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made up of the most valuable medicinal principles known to medical science for the permanent cure of such abnormal conditions. It is a most efficient liver invigorator, stomach tonic, bowel regulator and norve strongthener.

Kodaks

and

\$100

"Golden Medical Discovery" is not a patent medicine or secret nostrum a full list of its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. A glance at these will show that it contains no alcohol, or harm-ful habit-forming drugs. It is a fluid extract made with pure, triple-refined glycerine, of proper strength, from the roots of native American medical, forest plants. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Then Let Us Finish the Pictures. We

**Employ Skilled Workmen** 

"The President's objection to the old method of making river and harbor bills simply goes to the selection of projects. After the Board of Engineers has approved projects, some important, others indifferent, Congressmen have heretofore made the selections. The President wants competent engineers to indicate by rec-ommended appropriations what projects onmended appropriations what projects shall be taken up and when they shall be completed. If no appropriation is recommended, the project, even if pre-viously approved by the Board of Engi-neers, has no standing for that bill. Thus by the recommendation of appropriations the Board of Engineers can guide Con-gress in the formulation of annual bills which will satisfy the country and the great majority of Congress.

great majority of Congress. "There is no reform in a bill which simply completes improvements. A meas-ure of \$80,000,000 or \$90,000,000 which com-pletes most of the new projects adopted in the bill may be a retrograde move-ment, since it may complete unimportant as well as desirable improvements. What is needed is a preference of projects and is needed is a preference of projects and systematic completion reasonable fixed period. An annual bill makes such a reform possible

# BALLINGER CAN'T HOLD UP

(Continued From First Page.) A. W. Lafferty last night. "I am at a loss to understand why or through manner of reasoning any such dec ever was handed down. In the place no question arose as to the validity of the claims within the time limit, up held in the decision quoted in the Grand Rapids cases. The only point then in-volved was as to the work done on the claims. The Government asserts that a sufficient amount of work was not done to establish the sincerity of the settlers. That would be impossible in the specific The timber is very heavy and though they reclassed as homesteads they are nothing less than timber claims. Take old man Holverson for instance. He is an old soldier and has no means of livelihood excepting his pension. He went out and stayed the full time on his

claim and is now deprived of his patent. It is worth \$10,000. In the case of the Grand Rapids Timber Company all of their claims were originally taken by speculators, who commuted instead of staying the full time. And yet their claims are upheld. There is the rank injustice of our laws."

# ROOSEVELT FOR HUGHES

(Continued From First Page.) of the Republican members of each House supported the bill, whereas three-fourths or over of the Democrats opposed it. This is one of the cases where it is easier to apportion individual than party responsibility.

"Those who believe that by their action they have definitely checked the movement for direct popular primaries are, in my judgment, mistaken. In its essence this is a movement to make the Government more democratic, more responsive to the needs and wishes of the people as a whole. With our political machinery it is essential to have an efficient party, but the machinery ought to be suited to democratic and not oligarchic customs and habits.

#### Voters Must Choose Leaders.

"The question whether in a self-gov erning Republic we shall have self-gov- years old.

icial mai "Sorry, Mr. President," said Rudolph Forster, assistant secretary, who an-swered the telephone, "but you are not have any mail for a few days.

If the President does not enjoy a sure enough freedom from official worries for the next few days it will not be the fault of the Executive staff. Secretary MacVeagh, on his way to his Summer home in New Hampshire, s expected at Beverly within two or three days. If he happens to bring an official-looking portforlio with him he will be politely but firmly requested to check it at the gate and not to take it near the President.

The President played golf this morn ing at Myopia, dozed on the cottage veranda in the early afternoon and with Mrs. Taft and a party of neigh-bors had a sail on the Sylph this evening.

CROPS WITHE RUNDER SUN Grain in Unirrigated Portions of

Montana and aDkota Dried Up.

WASHINGTON, July 6 .- The grain crops in Montana and the Western portion of the Dakotas, which are not re-ceiving irrigation water, are literally dried up and shrivelling in the fields,

according to a statement issued by the Reclamation Service today. Continuous hot winds with the mer-cury near the 100 mark are proving ex-tremely disastrous, it is said. By way of a contrast, the statement added that the engineers in charge of the Reciama-tion projects reported that the settlers upon the irrigated lands were receiving a pientiful supply of water and their crops were in excellent shape.

### TRUST NOT IN PHILIPPINES eree.

Sugar King Says No Investment in

### **Islands** Contemplated.

NEW YORK, July 6 .- President W NEW YORK, July 6.—President W. B. Thomas, of the American Sugar Re-fining Company, today denied that the company ever had any interests in any lands in the Philippines and said the company did not contemplate any in-vestment there. Mr. Thomas said: "In reference to the statement of Company Martin ambilities of the statement of

Congressman Martin, published here in regard to the alleged interference of the American Sugar Refining Company in the Philippines, Congressman Mar-tin must have been misinformed."

### THE OREGONIAN.

The new Great Northern train to Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Chi-cago and all points East and South cago and all points cast and court from Hoyt-street station daily 11 A. M. Tickets and berths at city ticket office, 122 Third street, and depot. Eleventh and Hoyt streets. Electric lighted. You'll like our dining-car service. \*\* You'll like our dining-car service.

### Government Wants Help.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash ington, July 6-The United States Board of Labor Employment will hold an ex-amination in Portland July 13, to fill vacancies in the grade of four. Hine team-sters, at \$40 month and rations, male un-skilled laborers at \$50 per month. All apli-char-woman at \$25 per month. All apli-cants must be citizens between 29 and 60

jury. find that the flour seized was adulterated."

"We, the jury, find that the flour seized was misbranded." These two verdicts were returned to the Federal Court here today by the jury that for more than five weeks has It's all a lie. listened to arguments for and against the charge by the Government that the 625 sacks of flour, bleached and sold by the Lexington Mill & Elevator Com-pany of Lexington, Neb., and seized by the Government while in the possession of the purchaser, a grocer at

Sable, Mo., were adulterated and misbranded. The verdict, returned after seven hours of deliberation, was a complet victory for the Government, which prosecuted the suit under the National

tion of Millers.

ing Product.

KANSAS CITY, July 6 .- "We, th

pure food and drugs act. pure food and drugs act. The Government charged that the flour was adulterated in that it was bleached by the Alsop process, which makes use of nitrogen peroxide in bleaching flour. Misbranding was charged in that the flour selzed was labeled fancy patent, which the Gov-ernment contended it was not, because it was not made from a floot such it was not made from a first grade hard Winter wheat.

#### Miller's Counsel Disappointed.

Bruce Elliott, chief counsel for the millers, made the following statement after the jury had reported:

"This case was not one that should have been tried by a jury. I called personally upon President Taft and as-sured him all the millers desired was a fair test case. "The President assured me the mill-

ers would not be harried and that a fair test should be had. Immediately thereafter, under instructions of the Attorney-General, the seizures began in different parts of the country. We started out to defend the cases on the assumption that the Government would permit them to be tried before a ref-

money.

divorced.

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eches.

WHISKIES KILL MAN

Tannery Worker Takes Drinks, Wins

\$1 on Bet, and Collapses.

NEW YORK, July 5.-Peter Smith, a husky young tannery worker in Newark, N. J., drank 17 jiggers of whisky in suc-cession today, thereby winning a bet

As he pocketed the money, he fell to the floor succonscious and died soon after in a hospital.

Waldeck-Rousseau Has Monument.

PARIS, July 6.- A colossal monument

to Waldeck-Rousseau. ex-Premier of France, erected in the Tuilerles Gardens by public subscriptions, was unveiled with imposing ceremonics today. Presi-dent Fallieres, Premier Briand and Min-ister of Public Works Millerand made

"President Roosevelt appointed a board of scientific men for just such purpose and the board has settled many cuses that came up under the pure food haw, such, for instance, as the benzoate of soda case. But when this case came to trial the Attorney-General refused to let this board act and insisted on a jury trial."

New Trial Is Demanded.

Attorneys for the millers will file a motion for a new trial within 20 days. Arguments will be heard by Judge McPherson about September 1. Millers say that the bleached flour decision will handicap the farmers of the Southwest to the extent of \$15,000,000 to \$15,000,000 a year. They say the old differential of 5 cents a bushel in vogue in Chicago and St. Louis mar-

kets, will soon reappear. The millers say that farmers of Mis-souri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Nebraska will lose 5 cents a bushel on their present crop and that the hard Winter wheat soon will be selling at 25 cents

wheat soon will be setting at 25 cents a bushel less than at present. Already millers are considering the establish-ment of bleaching stations in states where the use of bleached flour is not prohibited. Thus they say they may

avoid the interstate commerce law JURY TAMPERING CHARGED

Indictment of Grocer Grows Out of Illinois Scandal.

HICAGO, July 5.—A fresh sensation connection with the legislative for a total of less than \$25. CHICAGO, July 6 .- A fresh sensation

