

SENATE PREVAILS

Provision for Publication After Election Agreed to by House Conferees.

PENSION LAW TO STAND?

Move to Abolish Division Agencies May Fail—New Bills Offered for Monuments to Mark Historic Spots.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The House conferees today receded from their disagreement to the Senate amendment to the campaign publicity bill and the act will provide for publication of contributions after elections. Senator Burrows made a report to the Senate today and it was adopted.

Another measure still in dispute is the pension appropriation bill, the conferees being over the proposition of the House to abolish the 15 pension agencies throughout the country and establish one agency in Washington. Had it not been for the illness of Senator McCumber this question would probably have been disposed of long ago. The Senate conferees expect the House to yield and leave the law as it now exists.

Conferees on the general deficiency bill agreed today. It is proposed to appropriate \$50,000 to erect a monument to the memory of the Hiram Crenk, said to be the last survivor of the war of 1812, who died in New York in 1892, at the age of 106 years. A bill providing for such an appropriation has been introduced by Representative Law, of New York.

Representative Polindexter, of Washington, has introduced a bill to erect a monument near Rosalia, Washington, to commemorate the spot where United States troops and hostile Indians fought on May 17, 1858.

Another bill provides for the marking of the graves of four Westward women who were held as prisoners of war in Kansas City in 1853, and who on August 13 of that year were killed by the collapse of the building in which they were confined. The names of the women are given as Josephine Anderson, Mrs. Whitsett, Mrs. Vandiver and Mrs. McMurphy. Bills were introduced in Kansas City and elsewhere in Jackson County, Missouri. The bills have been referred to committees.

FRIAR LAND PROBE ORDERED

House Committee Denounces Deals as "Criminally Corrupt."

WASHINGTON, June 24.—An investigation into the sale of friar lands in the Philippines was recommended to the House today by the committee on insular affairs, which took favorable action today on the House resolution of Representative Martin of Colorado, providing for such an investigation by this committee.

The resolution, as adopted, provides for a "thorough investigation" of the Interior Department of the Philippine Government touching the administration of Philippine lands and all matters of fact and law pertaining thereto, to whether the same are to be had in the United States, the Philippine Islands or elsewhere, and to be reported by this Congress.

The Martin resolution demanding the investigation recites that a report of the Secretary of War had disclosed that Frank W. Carpenter, executive secretary of the Philippine Government, had leased 15,000 acres of friar land and introduced the Carpenter virtually had purchased 17,000 acres. The Martin resolution further declares that 3000 acres of the friar lands had been leased for 25 years, at the rate of one acre per annum to E. L. Worcester, a nephew of Dean C. Worcester, the Philippine Secretary of the Interior. The resolution denounced these transactions as "so criminally corrupt and immoral as to constitute malfeasance in office."

Representative Martin charged that the Government was selling the friar lands, of which there are 400,000 acres in the Philippines, to the "sugar trust," and that there was a general effort of exploitation in the Philippines.

Confederate Claims Gain Time

WASHINGTON, June 24.—A joint resolution passed by the Senate today extends for two years the time during which ex-Confederates may file claims for losses of personal property after surrendering. The resolution was introduced by Senator Bradley and covers the same ground as an amendment to the general deficiency bill, which was struck out a few days ago on motion of Senator Brewster.

Seattle Treasury Bill Advanced

WASHINGTON, June 24.—A bill authorizing the appointment of an "assistant United States treasurer at Seattle, Wash." was passed by the Senate today. The measure now goes to the House.

RATE ORDER STILL FOUGHT

Pullman and Great Northern Again to Seek Injunction.

CHICAGO, June 24.—A second attempt to secure an injunction in the United States Circuit Court, restraining the Interstate Commerce Commission from enforcing its orders effective July 1 for reduced rates on sleeping car berths between Chicago, Minneapolis and St. Paul and the Pacific coast is to be made by Pullman and the Great Northern Company on Monday. This order was decided on yesterday after the Pullman Company and the railroad had received notice from the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington, while they would be granted a rehearing before the commission, no suspension of the orders would be granted pending the hearing.

KAISER TO BE AT WHEEL

Emperor William to Row Against American Yacht.

KIEL, June 24.—Emperor William will be at the wheel when the yacht Meteor again tries conclusions with the American schooner Westward owned by Alexander S. Cochran, of New York.

The announcement today that the Emperor would possibly participate in the racing has given new life to the annual regatta. In the lower Elbe regatta the Westward outlashed the Meteor, the Hamburg and the Germania, leading from the start. Captain Barr and his expert crew are sailing the Westward and the coming race with the Meteor and the Germania is eagerly awaited.

BLIND OKLAHOMA SENATOR WHO ALLEGES \$50,000 BRIBE WAS OFFERED HIM.



THOMAS P. GORE.

GORE HINTS BRIBE

Object Huge Fee Claimed by Oklahoma Attorney.

SENATE SLOW TO AROUSE

Blind Member Has Difficulty Getting His Charge Before Body, but So Great Is Sensation That Investigation May Be Called.

(Continued From First Page.) The chamber. He announced that he had been informed the Senate had receded from the amendment requiring the approval by Congress of tribal agreements, but Mr. Hale explained that the matter had been properly safeguarded.

Mr. Gore accepted the explanation but said if the contracts were to be recognized Mr. McMurray would receive \$3,000,000.

Gore Tells of Approach. It was this connection that he first declared that improper influence had been exerted by a representative of Mr. McMurray in an effort to defeat the provision requiring Congressional action on the contracts.

Characterizing the McMurray claims as having been "conceived in corruption and brought forth in eruption," Mr. Gore said he had been approached by an outsider who said he desired to interest him in the McMurray claims.

Hearing Hard to Get. Later Mr. Gore examined the provision as agreed on in conference. He lost no time in returning to the Senate chamber, where he moved to reconsider the vote by which the conference report had been adopted. The presiding officer informed him that the report had passed out of the possession of the Senate. Mr. Gore then moved to recall the report, but Mr. Gallinger moved to lay this motion on the table, which was done.

Addressing the Senate on a question of personal privilege, the Oklahoma Senator amplified his charges that corrupt methods had been attempted in connection with the Senate provision concerning the Indian contracts.

Mr. Gore explained that on May 4 last he had offered a resolution similar in terms to the amendment he had placed in the deficiency bill in the Senate and that it had been referred to the committee on Indian affairs.

Friend Comes as Tempter. "On May 8," exclaimed Mr. Gore, "a man came to me with an improper suggestion. He was the representative of Mr. McMurray, a resident of my home town and had been my friend in a time of need.

"He assured me it would be to my financial interest if I could call on the Senator from Colorado and advise him not to report the resolution. There was a suggestion that \$25,000 or \$50,000 would be available if the contracts were not prohibited.

"I am informed that a similar proposition was made yesterday to a member of the House of Representatives.

Lobby Kept in Washington. Mr. Gore also charges that "an ex-Senator from Nebraska and an ex-Senator from Kansas are interested in these contracts," and declared that a large lobby was maintained in Washington. He said he felt in honor bound to continue these efforts "to prevent this steal from those defenseless Indians in Oklahoma."

He declared that if the contracts were ever carried into effect it must be "done with the full knowledge that whether or not there actually had been corruption, it had been attempted."

Learning that the House had not yet acted upon the conference report, Mr. Gore hastened to the other chamber, where he told friends of the effort to have the bill passed to corrupt the members.

McMurray Hears All This. When the conference report was brought up in the House, Representative Murphy of Missouri called attention to the situation. He declared that an attorney had been lobbying in the Capital for a long time in the interest of legislation that would validate his contracts with Indians.

action of the House was reported to the Senate. Mr. Hale moved that the Senate further insist upon its amendments to the bill and asked for a further conference.

Mr. Gore re-entered the chamber at this juncture and obtained recognition, reiterating his protest against the provision inserted in conference.

Another sensation was created when he declared that the "friend in need" had told him during the conversation on May 6 that a member of the Senate, a member of the Indian affairs committee and a member of the House committee on Indian affairs, were interested in this contract.

Mr. Gore said he had just seen Mr. Tawney, one of the House conferees, and had asked him who had suggested the provision that was substituted for the original Senate amendment.

Mr. Tawney named the very same representative who was mentioned to me on May 6 as being interested in these contracts," exclaimed the Oklahoma Senator.

"I understand that this member of the House and Mr. McMurray practically live together in the same hotel in this city."

Senators looked aghast at the disclosure made by the Oklahoma member. The charges, which had been mild at first, piled up in such an alarming manner that even the rush of the last days of the session was not enough to minimize the general interest displayed.

LATOURETTE WILL SPEAK

Ex-Football Star to Take Part in Con-Senator's Celebration of Fourth.

CONDON, Or., June 24.—(Special.)—Jack R. Latourette, ex-captain and star of the University of Oregon football team, and now a practicing lawyer of Portland, has been invited by the local committee to deliver an oration at Condon's three-day Fourth of July celebration.

In addition to a baseball tournament, horse and foot races, band concerts and dancing, the committee in charge has arranged to receive bulletins of the Jeffers-Johnson fight, which will be read during the baseball game Monday afternoon. The entertainment, which is to be absolutely free to the public, will begin Saturday, July 2, and conclude with a grand ball on the night of the Fourth.

Klamath Grand Jury Still Busy

KLAMATH FALLS, Or., June 24.—(Special.)—Although the grand jury has been in session here for three days, nothing is known of its action on evidence before it. So far, it is stated that only matters of small importance have come before this body for investigation and what has been done in these things cannot be stated until the jury makes its final report.

VANCOUVER BOY WINS SIGNAL HONORS ON HIS GRADUATION FROM HARVARD



J. Elmer Cates, BOSTON, Mass., June 24.—(Special.)—J. Elmer Cates, son of W. A. Cates, who has a fruit farm east of Vancouver, Wash., will graduate from Harvard University June 29, with honors, having secured his degree, cum laude, in history.

Mr. Cates has also been selected by the faculty to be one of the three undergraduate commencement speakers. This honor is all the more noteworthy this year, since ex-President Roosevelt, an alumnus of Harvard, is present, as will Governor Hughes and others.

The subject of this commencement dissertation is "The Good That Henry the Eighth Did." Mr. Cates expects to return home during the summer.

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HOUSE DEALS BLOW

TO COTTON BOARD

Anti-Futures Bill Is Passed, but It Is Expected to Fail in the Senate.

INHIBITIONS ARE SEVERE

Advocates of Measure Denounce Exchange as Gambling Concern, Inflicting Millions of Dollars Loss on Growers.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The Scott anti-option bill to restrict Cotton Exchange transactions which do not involve actual delivery of the commodity, was passed by the House today, 100 to 41. The bill is not expected to pass the Senate.

Mr. Scott, of Kansas, chairman of the committee on agriculture, who favorably reported the bill, explained its purpose to restrict the Cotton Exchange transactions which deal only with fluctuations in the price of cotton and do not involve the actual transfer of the commodity. The measure is a drastic one, extending to an inhibition against telegraph, telephone or cable messages concerning such transactions.

Mr. Lamb, of Virginia (Democrat), presented minority views, declaring he opposed the measure as it was class legislation of doubtful constitutionality, arbitrary and tyrannical.

Opposition Leader III. Mr. Fitzgerald of New York, who was to have led the opposition today with an amendment to the bill to include the trade of cotton and do not involve the actual transfer of the commodity. The measure is a drastic one, extending to an inhibition against telegraph, telephone or cable messages concerning such transactions.

Mr. Calder of New York, in Fitzgerald's absence, interrupted the debate with a point of no quorum. About 100 members were in the chamber. Just before noon, 253 members quorum were announced and the proceedings were resumed.

Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia, represented the advocates of the abolition of cotton futures. He said the bill involved a power clearly delegated to Congress, the thing was not doing it that infringed on the doctrine of state rights and that it did not disturb any legitimate transactions.

Mr. Hall of Texas, declared that the only opposition voiced in the committee's consideration of the anti-option bill was from the bulls and bears from the New York and New Orleans Cotton Exchanges, the "gamblers in the products of the farmers of the country."

Exchange Roundly Denounced. Denouncing the New York Cotton Exchange as the "devil of all the exchanges in the world," Mr. Lever, of South Carolina, urged the passage of the bill.

Mr. Lever decried the Cotton Exchange as a frightful evil and national disgrace, doing more harm than all the poker games, roulette wheels, "its 455 members," said Mr. Lever, "exercise more influence over the destinies of the American people than all the Czar, Kings and potentates put together."

Mr. Burselon, of Texas, favoring the bill, decried the cotton operators of New York were inflicting upon the planters millions of dollars of loss.

Mr. Bartlett, of Georgia, averred the bill was the South's cotton producers and prevent gambling.

REPUBLICANS WILL MEET

Gilliam County Men Are to Decide Question of Assembly.

CONDON, Or., June 24.—(Special.)—The question of a county assembly and the manner of selecting Gilliam County's representatives in the Republican State Assembly in Portland, July 21, will be decided at an adjourned meeting of the Republican county central committee, which Judge R. R. Butler, the chairman, has called to be held here tomorrow afternoon.

In the absence of Judge Butler, who is holding court in Portland, John P. Reische, of this city, will be chairman of the meeting.

Prominent Republicans in Wheeler County, which has not selected its delegates to the State Assembly, favor leaving the selection of these delegates to the members of the county central committee.

The claims were pending for patent in 1905 when disclosures as to frauds in Oregon caused a Presidential order to be issued requiring all timber and homestead filings to be investigated. By that time, the settlers had left their lands. They said it was necessary to go elsewhere in order to secure employment.

In 1909, squatters began going onto the claims for the purpose of establishing preference rights of entry should the original filings be cancelled by the land office. Test cases were brought in the United States court by A. W. Lafferty, the most prominent being that of Chester V. Hare against August Birkenfield. The court was asked to issue an injunction restraining Birkenfield from trespassing upon the lands which Hare had entered. On two occasions, the court ruled that the proper relief to be sought by Hare would be an action for damages, and dismissed the case. Attorney Lafferty then went to Washington and presented the situation to members of the House and Senate. Committees on public lands, he recently returned to Portland and announced his firm belief that the measure would become a law.

Earle's Marriage Not Annuled

NEW YORK, June 24.—Supreme Court Justice Fitzgerald has signed an order refusing to annul the marriage of Earl Earle and his wife.

The woman, who is known as Grace Carter, will be held pending the trial. Hildago is a director of the Pacific Aero club and is the author of a book on aerial navigation. He is a Guatemalan and formerly represented his country as consul in Japan.

DETROIT, June 24.—The Detroit Journal says today: The Pere Marquette Railroad has agreed to an advance in wages of 70 cents a day for freight brakemen, effective July 1. A 10-hour day is substituted for the 12-hour schedule.

WE ARE NOW SELLING A fine assortment of this season's most popular high-class suits, values \$30, \$35 and \$40, at \$23.85 This is a collection you will find difficult to equal in all-round attractiveness and good, substantial quality. The lines are broken—not many suits of a kind, but all sizes in worsteds, cassimeres and plain and fancy weaves. SEE OUR WINDOW EXHIBIT TODAY LION CLOTHIERS 166-170 THIRD STREET

SETTLERS WIN CASE

Senate Passes Bill Giving Siletz Locators Rights.

LONG CONTEST IS ENDED

With Upper Body's Acceptance of House Measure Valuable Tracts of Land Awarded to Men Who Originally Filed on Them.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 24.—The Senate today passed without amendment the bill previously passed by the House directing the issuance of patents to settlers on the former Siletz reservation where entry was made for the exclusive use and benefit of entrymen who built houses on the land, improved it and actually entered into occupation of the land for the period required by law.

The Senate also passed the House bill authorizing the construction and maintenance of a dike on Olalla Slough, Lincoln County.

SQUATTERS LOSE IN SENATE

Locators of Siletz Homesteads Will Get Lands They Fought For.

With the passage yesterday by the United States Senate of the bill authorizing the issuance of patents to locators of lands in the Siletz Indian reservation, one of the most spectacular incidents in the history of land fraud investigations in Oregon is closed.

In most part, the lands are extremely valuable because of the growth of lumber, and a title to the land means that about 40 persons will be able to realize approximately \$10,000 each by the sale of the land.

In 1902, announcement that the reservation land might be homesteaded caused a rush of settlers to that country. Most of them took the lands under the law which permitted commutation to be made in 18 months after residence was established. The settler being required to actually make his home upon the lands.

The pioneers of the forest cleared some land, erected log cabins, and in some instances planted orchards. At the right time, they offered their final papers before the land office, which were accepted.

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FIREBRAND TELLS STORY

Man Who Set Fire to His Own House Says He Must Have Been Crazy.

MOSCOW, Idaho, June 24.—(Special.)—E. O. Rudingen, who confessed Monday to Deputy Sheriff Brown to setting fire to one of his own houses, was bound over to the district court yesterday by Probate Judge Will P. Mordike, in the sum of \$100.

Mr. Rudingen's family has not yet secured bondsmen for Mr. Rudingen, who is about 45 years old, and he is in jail.

When asked why he set the fire he replied, "I must have been crazy."

Pere Marquette Grants Raise. DETROIT, June 24.—The Detroit Journal says today: The Pere Marquette Railroad has agreed to an advance in wages of 70 cents a day for freight conductors and 75 cents for freight brakemen, effective July 1. A 10-hour day is substituted for the 12-hour schedule.

NEAR-BEER SALE STOPPED

Nampa Dealers Notified to Sell No More of Beverage.

NAMPA, Idaho, June 24.—(Special.)—All vendors of near-beer in this city were visited by Sheriff Breshar and County Attorney Hagelin this morning and informed that after their present stocks of near-beer were disposed of any further sale of that beverage would be considered an open violation of the local option law.

The Crescent Brewery, of this city, was also notified not to sell any near-beer to dealers or other residents in this county.

The action of the County Attorney and Sheriff was taken on the strength of the recent decision of Judge Steel, of Moscow, who held that inasmuch as near-beer was a malt fermented liquor, it came under the ban of the local option law. The case was appealed from Judge Steel's court to the Supreme Court and it is possible that should his decision be reversed, the sale of near-beer will again be tried.

Twenty Years' Experience at Your Service Two Years in the Leading Eye Clinics of Europe. We Do Business On a SAFE BASIS Safe to US and SAFE TO YOU You know what you are getting before you PAY for it. NO OTHER PROFESSION DOES THAT. EYES that never knew comfort before are made to work, and with no pain or discomfort. We prove we are right or it will cost you nothing. THOMPSON Eye Sight Specialist Portland's Exclusive Optical Place, Second Floor Corbett Bldg., Fifth and Morrison.

Protect Yourself! Get the Original and Genuine HORLICK'S MALTED MILK The Food-drink for All Ages. For Infants, Invalids, and Growing children. Pure Nutrition, up building the whole body. Invigorates the nursing mother and the aged. Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. A quick lunch prepared in a minute. Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S. In No Combine or Trust

Spend July 4th AT Clatsop Beach ON THE PACIFIC \$3.00 Round Trip TICKETS SOLD SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, LIMIT MONDAY Astoria & Columbia River Railroad The holiday coming on Monday allows three days' outing at the ocean. Secure parlor car and hotel reservations early. 3 1/2 Hours to the Sea Leave Portland 9:20 A. M., 6:30 P. M. daily, 2:30 P. M. Saturday. Leave Beach Points 9:00 A. M., 6:45 P. M. daily, 9:00 A. M. Monday. GRAND CENTRAL STATION CITY TICKET OFFICES: Third and Morrison Streets 122 Third Street

Better Health A Pleasing Sense of Health and Strength Renewed and of Ease and Comfort follows the use of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, as it acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the system effectually, when constipated, or bilious, and dispels colds and headaches. To get its beneficial effects, always buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.