HOLLAND'S TULIPS CHARM ROOSEVELT

Ex-President Motors Between Fields of Blooms, and Visits National Show.

LESSON DRAWN IN SPEECH

Colonel Tells President of Exhibition, That Americans in Netherlands Learn to Combine Work and Enjoyment.

AMSTERDAM, May 1 .- Mr. Roosevelt gave his day over to an inspection of the magnificent display of tulips, which are almost at perfection, and of the Dutch paintings. With the members of his family, the American Minister and Beaupre, Paxton Hibben, Secretary of Legation and Foreign Minister or Legation and rotegit animates of Hagine to Haarlem. On either side of the road were thousands of acres of blooming tulips, great masses of color and the aid was heavy with perfume.

The national tulip show is now in progress at Hagine and President Krolage

rees at Haarlem and President Krolage and the directors received the party at the entrance. M. Krelage informed Colonel Roosevelt that he was the hundred thousandth visitor this season, a figure he added, "Which may not impress an American, but of which bulb land is proud."

with a silver model of the "Half Moon," saying, "You may call it the 'Half Moon' or the Mayflower, just as you

Silver Model Presented. He then presented Colonel Roosevel

In a brief address, M. Kreiage described the exhibition and the tullp industry, pointing out that Holland shipped to America 8,200,000 pounds of bulbs

In reply, Colonel Roosevelt said;
"Americans are especially struck in Holland by the way in which you, one of the hardest working peoples of all people, contrive to add beauty and enjoyment to your lives. We in America have in the past had to work so hard that we have not all been able to pay as much attention to the things that tend for enjoyment, and if one or the other must be sacrificed, we think that enjoyment should be sacrificed to work, but more and more we are growing to realize that beauty and enjoyment can be combined with work. Americans come here to see how you are able to combine them." In reply, Colonel Roosevelt said;

Pelt Them With Flowers.

After an inspection of the wonderful gardens, the party partock of luncheon and paid a visit to the fine gallery of the Town Hall. Groups gathered and pelted them with flowers at the entrance. Colonel Roosevelt signed his name in the golden book.

From Haarlem the autos carried the party to Amsterdam. They were reparty to Amsterdam. They were re-ceived by the burgomaster at the Ryks Museum. Probably 5000 persons were waiting in the public square and set up a hearty cheer on the arrival of the

American visitors. Director Van Rimosdyk conducted Colonel Roosevelt through the museum, pointing out the most important art treasures. He left the ex-President alone in the Rembrandt room, where bangs the master's largest and most celebrated work, "The Night Watch," painted in 1642. Colonel Roosevelt spent nearly a quarter of an hour con-templating this great painting and then

visited the Six Galery.

After dining with Secretary Hibben in Amsterdam, Colonel Roosevelt and his family boarded the train, which left at 9 o'clock, for Copenhagen.

BUTTERFLIES HIS HOBBY

Retired Tobacconist Has Most Remarkable Farm in World.

LONDON, April 30 .- (Special.) -- Mr. L. W. Newman, formerly a wholesale lobacconist in the city, is now the owner of the largest butterfly firm in the world, containing a nursery of 100,000 caterpillars. The farm is at Bexley, and the retired tobacconist lives with his wife on the farm, surrounded by tages of untamed insects in countless numbers.

There are 10,000 of one brand, so to There are 10,000 of one brand, so to speak, of caterpillar. The brand is known to naturalists as the "silver washed," and lives on violets. Hence the fact that Mr. Newman grows nearly as many violets as he does caterpillars. The history of Mr. Newman's venture is that as a child be loved butterflies, and was an expert in stalking them with a net. Then he went into the tobacco business, and eight years ago founded his butterfly farm at Bexley. Today it is the most remarkable farm founded his butterfly farm at Bexley. Today it is the most remarkable farm in the world, employing Mr. Newman, his wife, brother-in-law, an assistant, and a carpenter. He owns two houses, a large back garden, an allotment plot, and half an acre of Bexley woods, where his insects feed. The butter-files are sold at high prices.

FIGHT OCCURS IN COURT

Charge of Intrigue Against Count Viti Causes Stir.

MILAN, April 30.—(Special.)—During the trial for the murder of Count Viti at the Bari Assize Court a disgraceful scene was witnessed. There are nearly 400 witnesses, and evidence was given to the effect that the murdered noble-man had been carrying on an intrigue with a married woman living near his estate. There is every reason to sup-pose his death was an act of family vengeance, perpetrated by hired assassins other than the actual prisoners.

This revelation produced something like pandemonium in court. One of the advocates for the defense, Signor Sorgente, in a fit of anger seized a big inkpot and flung it with great force against a group of lawyers representing Count Viti's relatives. This became signal for a free-for-all fight among the lawyers, in which the prisoners took part, in the absence of the carainieri, who were engaged clearing the ourl. As a sequel to this incident nu-nerous duels are expected to take

Washington League Opens.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., May 1. Special: The opening games of the Central Washington Easeball League today resulted in the defeat of North Yakima, 3 to 1, by Toppenish, at Toppenish, and the defeat of Pasco, 2 to 1. by Ellensburg, at Pasco. Fast, clean ball was played throughout.

SUFFRAGETTE. WHO HAS LION FOR PET, MAKES RACE FOR FRENCH CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.



MADAME MARGUERITE DURAND.

PARIS, May 1.—(Special.)—French suffragettes, or femininists, as they prefer to call themselves, were feverishly active in the recent general election, for they were represented in the ninth arrondisement of Paris by their own candidate for a seat in the Chamber of Deputies. This candidate was Madame Marguerite Durand, of whom it is hard to say whether her chief claim to the admiration of posterity will be based on the fact that she is the founder of the femininist organ, La Fronde, or on the equally interesting circumstance that a lion is her companion and familiar friend. True, the lion is as yet but a cub—it arrived in France only a week or two ago, a present to the bold suffragette from Governor Merland, Ponty, of Western Africa.

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ELEPHANT HUNT TOLD OF

Cartoonist Tells of Shooting Giant Beast, ex-President Bringing Down Two and Kermit One. Several Narrow Escapes.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1 .- (Special.) -John T. McCutcheon, the famous cartoonist, attached to the Chicago Tribune, who trailed the Roosevelt party through Africa, was a passenge the Pacific Mail steamer Asia, that docked today after spending a night in quarantine. He is on his way home to Chicago, after an absence of nine months, and is accompanied by F. M. Stephenson, a well-known Michigan man, who was with him on the strenuous journey into the jungles.

McCutcheon created a series of umorous pictures depicting the ad-

humorous pictures depicting the adventures of Colonel Roosevelt on the famous trip, and has also described effectively with his pencil the people and the country of Africa.

The cartoonist left New York August 7 of last year, his party taking the same course pursued by the ex-President. McCutcheon's camp immediately adjoined that of Roosevelt for three accounts the Natia River pear Mount days on the Nzola River, near Mount Elgon. He joined the ex-President in an elephant hunt in which four of the big beasts were brought down.

Roosevelt got two, his son Kermit e, and I also had the luck of dropping one," said McCutcheon. "The hides of these elephants, in addition to two others taken by Colonel Rooseveit, are to be presented to the Amer-lean Museum of Natural History, of New York, and they will form the finest collection of stuffed elephants in

After being with Roosevelt for two days McCutcheon moved on and there-after kept a close tally on the move-ments of the ex-President, making nearly all the points on the latter's

"Mr. Stephenson and I had several narrow escapes," said McCutcheon in speaking of his experiences, "I was charged during one chase by a big ele phant, while Stephenson was chased by

CROWN PRINCE AN INVALID

Constant Source of Grief to King and Queen of Spain.

LONDON, April 39 .- (Special.) -Although any statement that the Crown Prince of Spain suffers from serious physical weakness has invariably been net with emphatic denals in official circles, it is, however, unhapply, fact that the heir to the throne neve has and, it is feared, never will, enjoy perfect health. It is a constant source of grief to King Alfonso, and Charles of grief to King Alfonso and Queen Victoria to know that their first-born can never be other than an invalid. In the hope that the young Prince may be benefited to some extent arrangements are now being made to take him to Germany for treatment by one of the most renowned specialists

BRITAIN'S RIGHTS EQUAL

Egypt's Minister of Publique Decides Nile Soudan Matter.

LONDON. April 20.—(Special.)—A vestment fee a home or for specula-Cairo wire reports the decision of the tion.

Minister Publique of Egypt on a con tractor's suit against the government. He declares that the Nile Soudan does not belong to Egypt, that country hav-

not belong to Egypt, that country having abandoned it in 1884.

He holds that Britain, which conqured it at the same time as Egypt, has equal rights with Egypt.

It is further declared that the Soudan government is absolutely autonomous, the Soudan officials have nothing in common with those of Egypt; the mixed tribunals have no jurisdiction. The Anglo-Egyptian convention of 1899 is held to be sui generis and without precedence in interna-

ris and without precedence in international law, but as a political treaty it does not come within the competence of the mixed courts.

LITTLE REPUBLIC BAD PLACE EXCEPT FOR PUPILS.

No Country in World Spends So Large Sum Annually on Education.

GENEVA, April 30 .- (Special.)-No country in the world spends so large a sum annually on education, in proportion to its population, as Switzerland. Yet nowhere are the professors and schoolmasters so poorly paid. Just now the government is considering a scheme of reform, to relieve the trainers of the young from present hard-

In the towns the universities are usually the most striking buildings to be found and even the hamlets have substantial schools run by the govern-ment. Calvin impressed on the Swisa the importance of education and they took the advice to heart. Their motto has been "educate, and educate cheap-ly." The cosmopolitan character. has been "educate, and cducate cheaply." The cosmopolitan character of the
people in the country has aided them
in achieving their ideal and the result
is the Swiss are one of the best educated nations in Europe.

But the poor teacher has given more

But the poor teacher has given more than he has received, under a system of rigid economy. The average salary for a university professor is less than \$1000 a year. Ordinary schoolmasters have to get along on half that in hig towns and in the villages from \$10 to \$15 a month is all that is available, even though the government pays subsidies to augment the pupils' fees.

That scale also applies across the border in the Tyrol. In some of the poorer villages there, teachers are permitted by the authorities to beg once a week from the parents in their localities. On certain days, therefore, they make their round, basket on arm, receiving at each house such gifts as sugar, coffee, tea, potatoes, fruit, or sugar, coffee, tea, potatoes, fruit, or occasionally a pair of boots, a shirt or

In the Swiss Canton of Grisons many teachers act as guides in the six weeks of Summer holidays and often make ore money from their mountaineering patrons than all the rest of the year's teaching brings. Others spend their holidays as walters in the crowded ho-tels, laying by the "tips" as a provision against the Winter's shortage in school

ST. HELENS GETS LONG GAME Catholic Young Men's Club Is Defeated, 9 to 8.

Eleven innings of ball playing were required for the St. Helens nine to defeat the Catholic Young Men's Club. of Portland, yesterday afternoon on its own field, 9 to 8. The East Side club-men were off color in their fielding during the early stages of the game. but railied nicely toward the closa. Tom Crowley, of the Portland team, hit the ball over the fence, with one man on base. Summers, of the St. Helens team, secured a couple of two-baggers off Harwas. The score by in-

nings;
St. Helens 2 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 3-8
C. Y. M. Club . . 0 0 0 1 0 2 1 2 0 0 2 -8
Batterles—St. Helens, Brache and
McDuffy; C. Y. M. C., Harwas and Glea-

TAFT NOT ANXIOUS FOR ADJOURNMENT

President Wishes Congress to Remain Until More Work Has Been Done.

STATEHOOD IS IN DANGER

Conservation Chances Home, but Fear to Face Constituents With Work Undone.

(Continued From First Page.) to conference, with Beveridge at the to conference, with Beveridge at the head of the Senate conference committee. Knowing ones in Washington predict that this is exactly what Beveridge wants, for in that event he will be in position to insist upon the Senate bill, knowing that the House will not accept it, and by refusing to compromise, will be able to prevent a final vote and thus stave off statehood for another year at least. The failure of the statehood bill would be a distinct disappointment to the President, but of the three bills named, this one seems most likely to be

Conservation Chances Dwindle.

Every day that the session advances, the chances for general conservation legislation dwindle. The President at the outset hoped for the enactment of about ten conservation bills. If he gets three enacted into law he will be very fortunate. There is still reasonable hope for the \$30,000,000 prigation bill, though the ways and means committee having it in charge shows a world lack of interest, considering it is an Administration measure. The assignment bill is in somewhat better shape, and the Warren bill. what better shape, and the Warren bill, which is not strictly speaking, one of the Taft conservation measures, has an even

chance for final passage.

Unfortunately for the Administration's conservation programme, Pinchot sentiment seems strong in the House of Representatives, and members from the East seem bent on writing Pinchot theories into law. This was shown when the first one of the Taft-Ballinger conservation bills was considered and passed by the House. The withdrawal bill, as it the House. The withdrawai bill, as it passed, is not satisfactory to the men of the West. They regard it as a measure aimed at checking development, as are most of the Pinchot schemes, and on that score they oppose it. They have learned, moreover, that it is dangerous to bring conservation legislation before the House for committee recommendato bring conservation legislation before the House, for committee recommendations were overridden on the withdrawal bill, and probably would be rejected on other bills to follow. This is not to the liking of the Westerners, who would prefer to delay action a while and pro-ceed for the time being under existing laws, rather than change to Pinchot leg-islation. islation

Not a Bill Yet Signed.

Not a Bill Yet Signed.

Up to the present time not a single conservation bill has been signed by the President. The House has passed but the one bill, and the Senate has passed only the \$20,000,000 bill. If it required five months to make this start with the conservation programme, it is difficult to figure out how three, four or five more bills on the slate can be rushed through in the face of determined opposition in four, five or six weeks. It seems to be out of the question.

It is expected, though the session is far advanced, that the Taft anti-injunction bill will be passed before adjournment, though it has as yet received consideration in neither branch of Congress. The men belind this measure have felt all along that they could get the necessary votes, when they needed them, and this is one reason the bill has been delayed. It is possible there may be a slip-up, but up to the present time no particular uneasiness has been felt on account of this feature of the Taft represent time no particular uneasiness has been felt on particular uneasiness has been felt on account of this feature of the Taft pro-

Members Willing to Stay.

While Senators and members are anxwhile Senators and members are anxious to get away, they appreciate the folly of adjourning with so much business unfinished and are aware that the Democrats would make political capital out of their inactivity should they abandon the President at this stage of the game. The personal equation, of course, enters into their deliberation, for no man cares to go home and face an attack that he can avoid by remaining in committed by men who profess to be tack that he can avoid by remaining in Washington a month longer than he

This being the situation. It is probable This being the situation, it is probable that in the near future there will be conferences between President Taft and the Republican leaders of Senate and House, at which conference a programme will be mapped out, and those bills which it is believed can be passed will be rushed to speedy and early consideration to the exclusion of all else.

When Congress makes in the state to When Congress makes up its mind to adjourn it can transact a tremendous amount of business in a phenomenally short time, as has been demonstrated time and again, and the time to begin this record enactment is approaching

JAPAN MAKES LAND LAW

Foreign Ownership to Hinge on Reciprocal Rights Abroad.

TOKIO, Wednesday, April 13.-The law relating to foreigners' right of ownership of land was promulgated to-

It provides that foreigners domiciled or resident in Japan, and foreign juridical persons registered therein, shall enjoy the right of ownership in iand, provided always that in the countries to which they belong such right is extended to Japanese juridical persons.

mons.

The law is applicable only to foreigners belonging to countries designated by imperial ordinance In the districts of Hokkaido, For-mosa, Karafu and districts necessary for national defense, foreigners are de-barred from land ownership.

In case a foreigner or foreign jurid-ical person owning land ceases to be capable of enjoying right of owner-ship, the ownership of such land shall accrue to the fiscus, unless he disposes of it within a period of one year.

In case a foreigner, by reason of losing his domicile or residence in Japan on account of withdrawal from the

country, ceases to be capable of enjoying the right of ownership in land, the period mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be five years.

Proper provision for compensation, court procedure and other phases of land

ownership, in accord with generally es-tablished practice, are made by the law.

For the first six months of last year 800,-000 Bibles were printed and circulated in China, while during the whole of the pre-vious year the number was only 500,000. Nearly every Bible was paid for In Tur-key there is also a great increase.



At Best Dealers, Hotels and Cafes UNION MEAT COMPANY, PORTLAND, OREGON

Vancouver Doubts True Count.

Italians Celebrate; One Shot.

CHEHALIS, Wash., May 1 .- (Special.)-While several Italians, employes of the Newakum Mill Company at Napavine, were celebrating their holiday today by shooting at a mark, Bill Latasti was acci-

dentally shot by a companion. The bul-let, which was from a 22-rifle, fired at short range, entered the body just above the liver. Latasti was brought here to-

Old Text-Book Found.

VANCOUVER, Wash., May 1 .- (Spe

His injury, though serious, is not

HORROR TALE TOLD

Nicaraguan Says Conditions Eclipse Congo Cruelties.

TORTURE MEN AND WOMEN

Citizen Appeals to American Consul, Saying Even Boys Are Suspended by Thumbs in Efforts to Get Confessions.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—A letter written to the Consul at Managua, Nicaragua, by Narciso Arellane, a citizen of Nicaragua, detailing incidents of cruelties in the republic, has been forwarded here to Senor Castrillo, representative of the Estrada forces in Washington. In his letter Mr. Arellane says:

"I think it best you should know these people are at their work again. They are torturing men and even boys at Mandaimo and at Grandada, whipping them, suspending them from the thumbs with cords, all this to wrench out confessions from them as to who carried provisions to Calaxto Talaveras' guerillas beyond Nandalmo.

"I will cite as an example the case of Octavio Marence, a young man owning." Octavio Marenco, a young man owning a ranch a few miles north of Nandaimo, who was dealt 200 lashes with a stick at nidnight on April 6, at the jail at Bran

ada. He is now at the penitentiary in this town (Managua), and as it is a mat-ter of common knowledge, you must have heard the story from another source.

"They have also burned property and committed by men who profess to be Christians and are Nicaraguans. Such ferocity is more the work of flends than human beings.

"We wish the State Department and

the American public to be acquainted with these facts, as it might help matters a bit. It is a real shame that such work is going on with your warships a few miles off Corinto harbor, when just a word from Admiral Kimball would stop this devil's work. Should the Admiral send another mission to investigate, he will disclose a situation of things unparalleled even in the Congo Free State.

Seventeen Cases Reported. Under date of April 10 from Managua, a subsequent note to the American Consul at Managua from Arrelane states that the author has received reliable information of 17 cases in which mer have been hung up by their thumbs. He gives the names of 17 victims and the name of one man who was shot and two who were lashed.

Another document detailing those al-leged cruelties and mentioning specific instances of insults to women by of ficers, alleging in one case that a wo-man was shot because she resisted a government officer who tried to kiss her, has been submitted to the State Department by Senor Castrillo

Girl Held as Burglar.

ROSEBURG, May 1 .- (Special.) -- Miss V L. De Hart, aged 29 years, was arrested here last night, charged with burglarizing rooms in the Roseburg rooming-house. When questioned by the officers, she ad-When questioned by the officers, she admitted her guilt and offered to return the stolen goods. A suitcase which she had checked to Portland was located at the depot and when searched revealed the plunder. The girl says that she lived at Portland for several years prior to a short time ago, when she moved to Aberdeen, Wash, to live with her grandmother. She was accompanied here by a theatrical performer who advertised himself as Morton the Strong Man. The girl has wired Portland friends in hope that they will aid her in escaping a jail senhey will aid her in escaping a jail sen

Cottage Grove Guard Re-enlists. COTTAGE GROVEL Or., May 1.—(Special.)—Colonel James Jackson, of the United States Army, last night mustered out 33 members of Company E, Fourth Regiment, Oregon National Guard, 12 of whon immediately re-enlisted. This com-pany was organized three years ago with J. H. Johnson as Captain, Harry K. Metcalf First Lieutenant, both of whom are

H. Petrie Second Lieutenant. Company E, during the three years' service, has made an enviable record in the military tactics of the state. Each year it has had representatives in the National target tournaments and has ranked among the first in the records of attendance, shooting and military tactics. **WEDDING FRAUD WORKS**

WEALTHY MISSOURIAN AND DAUGHTER UNDER ARREST.

Vancouver Boubts True Count.

VANCOUVER, Wash. May 1.—(Special.)—That the census enumerators in Vancouver have not secured all the names of persons living here is the opinion of the Vancouver Commercial Club, which has held a special meeting to devise ways and means to secure a full count. A committee was appointed and 3600 census blanks were ordered printed. These have been distributed among the business houses, hotels and other public places and the citizens are requested to ask everyone to fill out one, to be returned to the Commercial Club and later to be turned over to the census enumerators. Two weeks more are allowed to complete the count. Old Man Confesses, but Says He Placed "Ad" "Just for Fun." Money Came Too Fast.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 1.—J. A. Campbell, a wealthy farmer of Morgan County, and his daughter, Mrs. Mabel Addison, were held to the Federal grand jury here today under \$1,000 bonds to answer a charge of conducting a fraudulent matrimonial scheme.

A search of Mrs. Addison's rooms by Designed to Mrs. Addison's rooms by Designed to Mrs. A search of Mrs. Addison's rooms by Postoffice Inspectors brought to light more than 400 letters from men in all parts of the country, Canada and Mex-ico. Several of the letters had con-tained sums of money from \$5 to \$50

tained sums of money from \$5 to \$50 for a wedding outfit.

Campbell inserted an advertisement in a matrimonial paper about six months ago giving the name of Nora Johnson.

The advertisement was so successful that the Postoffice Authorities became suspicious about the many letters and the arrests followed.

Campbell confessed today but said he inserted the advertisement "just for fun" and that the replies came so fast he was unable to return the money as fast as it came in. "Nora Johnson" was supposed to be 17 years old, an orphan and helress to \$17,000.

Campbell is 62 years old.

VANCOUVER, Wash., May 1.—(Special.)—An arithmetic text book, bearing the date of 1754, nearly a quarter of a century before the Revolutionary War, is the property of D. W. Hutchinson, a resident of Washougal. He found it this week when looking through some old relics which had been handed down through several generations by his great-grandfather.

Campbell is 62 years old.

Columbia River Rising Fast.

VANCOUVER, Wash., May 1.—(Special.)—The Columbia River is rising about a foot a day, and is now almost 18 feet above low water mark. The present rise has continued for nearly two weeks. been handed down through several present rise has continued for nearly generations by his great-grandfather. two weeks.



You've Certainly Got to Eat

But common sense in eating may head off Indigestion. Kodol corrects Indigestion by Digesting the food, while the stomach gets well. Also wards off Dyspepsia.

regular diet of rich, greasy

There are a lot of things that will | Kodol does what it does, not bebring on serious stomach disorder- cause there is anything miraculous fif you persist in doing them. You about it. It merely duplicates the are probably doing some of them. Nervous Dyspepsia is an awful complaint. Kodol will prevent your have there is any tuning interesting about it. It merely duplicates the natural process of digesting food as ordinarily carried on by Nature. Every tablespoonful of Kodol will digest 21/2 pounds of food.

foods and soggy hot bread—rapid eating without chewing sufficiently—overloading the stomach—all result in indigestion, and more dangerous allments. Kodol is for Dyspepsia and indigestion.

But Kodol will take care of these matters very easily—if you will give Kodol a chance

Our Guarantee. Get a dollar bottle contains of the self-you are not benefited—the druggist will at once return your money. Don't hesitate: any druggist will self-you Kodol on these terms. The dollar bottle contains 24 times as much as the 56c bottle. Kodol is prepared in the laboratories of E. C. De Witt & Co., Chicago.