PLEA NOT MADE AS DEAL, MOORE SAYS

Ex-Banker Replies "Gullty." He Explains, to Avoid Expense of Trials.

WITNESS IN MORRIS CASE

Moore Is Subpensed by Prosecution, but Denies He Has Made Agreement to Testify in Return for Fine and Dismissul.

Following an agreement that he would be immune from imprisonment and subjected to a fine only, W. H. Moore, appeared before Presiding Judge Morrow in department No. 1 of the Circuit Court yesterday morning and pleaded guilty to receiving a deposit in the Oregon Trust & Savings Bank, knowing it to be asolvent, and was fined \$1000.

Immodiately following his plea and sentence, all the remaining indictments against Mr. Moore, which included a number charging embezzlement, were dismissed upon the motion of District At-

for has it that Mr. Moore and his Rumor has it that Mr. Moore and his attorneys had made a compact for immunity in case he pleaded guilty and was let off with a fine, so that he might be used as a witness against W. Cooper Morris, whose trial will soon occur. This rumor, however, is strennously denied by Mr. Moore in person, as well as by District Attorney Cameron. Before leaving the courtroom yesterday morning, Mr. Moore was served with a subpens to testify at the Morris trial.

Secret Conference Is Held.

The agreement by which Mr. Moore's punishment was determined out of court was made between Attorneys McGinn and Fulton, representing Mr. Moore; District Attorney Cameron, and Judge Morrow. Arrangements freeing the exbanker from the possibility of facing a prison mintence were perfected at a secret conference held between Judge Morrow and the attorneys in the judge's private office on Monday afternoon.

Negotiations regarding this had been pending between District Attorney Cameron and the attorneys for the defense of Moore for two of three days prior to the conference with Judge Morrow. District Attorney Cameron has expressed himself as being satisfied with the outcome of the cases against Mr. Moore, believing that the prosecution has gained a point by establishing the efficacy of the new banking laws, and also freeing the state of a heavy expense in trying a number of other cases against More.

the state of a heavy expense in trying a number of other cases against Moore. On the other hand Mr. Moore, while he has pleaded guilty, says that he did so not to make it an admission of guilt, but to relieve himself of an onerous expense which he would have to shoulder in fightling all of the remaining intest. in fighting all of the remaining indict-ments against him.

Street talk, however, has it that Moore admitted his guilt and took a fine upon the charge of receiving a deposit in an insolvent bank after a jury, which had heard all of the facts, had declared him to be not guilty, rather than risk trial upon a charge of embezzlement to which the prosecution would probably have turned next and for which the minimum pensity in case of conviction is one year in the penitentiary and the maximum is

Moore's Testimony Pertinent.

Moore's Testimony Pertinent.

Mr. Moore made admissions upon the witness-stand in the trial of his own case upon which these charges could be based. He admitted that he and Morris had taken their notes out of the bank aggregating many thousand doilars, and to cover up the withdrawal had taken telephone stock which the bank already owned by virtue of the purchase contract of the telephone bonds and entered it up on the books of the bank as an investment equivalent to the amount of the notes withdrawn.

dation of the District Attorney and make the fine \$1000.

As the court finished speaking, Moore had; "You had best consult with your attorneys." advised Judge Morrow. A few minutes taken telephone stock which the bank already owned by virtue of the purchase contract of the telephone bonds and entered it up on the books of the bank as an investment equivalent to the amount of the notes withdrawn.

an investment equivalent to the amount of the notes withdrawn.

Upon this positive admission by Mr. Moore, the Morris trial will be based. He will be accused of embezzlement Mr. Moore said in his testimony that he knew that he had done wrong in taking this step, but that Morris had urged it, saying that it would be all right. In the courtroom yesterday, Mr. Moore made an effort to speak in his own behalf before the fine was imposed, but Judge Morrow would give him no opportunity, and advised him to confer with his attorneys before making any statements. It was learned afterward that he desired to deny that he had made a bargain with District Attorney Cameron on condition that he would tastly for the statements. imade a bargain with District Attorney Cameron on condition that he would testify for the state against Mr. Morria Attorney Charles W. Fulton, representing Mr. Moore, before sentence was passed, made a plea for a light penalty. Before this, however, there was a little fencing between attorneys. At the opening of the court, District Attorney Cameron informed the Judge that Mr. Moore had decided to change his plea of not guilty to one of guilty. He then gave the floor to ex-Senator Fulton, who said that Mr. Moore desired to change his plea of not guilty, and then he hesitated. He told the Judge he thought that District Attorney Cameron should, before the plea was entered, make his recommendation in regard to the case to the court.

This Mr. Cameron refused to do, and the judge turned to other business, while Attorney Fulton consulted with Mr. Cameron. In a few moments Fulton anaounced that his client was ready to plead guilty to indictment 1214, number 1313 being the one on which he was tried and acquitted. This indictment che

The indicted banker, who had until this time been seated in the jury-box, access and walked to where his attorney stood and when neked by Judge Morrow what his plea was said in a very low voice "guilty."

Moore's Acts Influence Jury. .

Attorney Pulton waived time for sen-tence, and the District Attorney informed the court that indictment No. on which Moore was tried and sequitted, with the receive the most set the jury "that he receive the most seter censure of the court for his guilty knowledge of the unlawful and dishonest acts in the management of the bank of which he was president."

honest acts in the management of the bank of which he was president."

The District Attorney said that the fact Mr. Moore had turned over all his private property to help pay the claims of depositors had great weight with the jury and that as the state had put all its evidence before the jury in the first case, with the resulting vedict of not guilty, he did not think it possible to convict on the second charge, so that he thought a fine without jall sentence to be about right. The fine, he said, would vindicate the law and show the people engaged in the bank-ling business in Orogon that there is a law to punish such conduct as that of Moore.

Mr. Fulton said: "I presume the

court will be largely guided by the recommendation of the District Attorney. He has made a fair statement of the case. In the former case, the jury stood nine for acquistal on the first bailot. All of Mr. Moore's property was turned over to the Oregon Trust bank the day after it closed, and that fact had great weight with them.

"Beyond that, whatever the fact may be as to the insolvency of the bank, I think the evidence shows that Mr. Moore did not believe it was insolvent. The trial and the verdict established the fact that a jury of his countrymen did not believe him guilty. In view of these facts, and the harrassment and mental and physical country mental and physical country mental and physical country. of these facts, and the harrassment and mental and physical strain that would be undergone if the other indictments were tried, Mr. Moore has decided to plead guilty. It would be in the power of the state to bring him to trial on each of the 11 indictments. The defendant is now dependent upon what his wife and relatives can provide and his counsel felt that it was wise to advise ...m to adopt this course.

Rumor of "Deal" Is Denied. "I wish to deny the published state-

ments that Moore was to plead guilty on condition that he would become

SON OF PROMINENT BUSINESS MAN DIES AFTER LONG ILLNESS.



Chester Edwin Colt, only child of C. C. Colt, president of the Union Mest Company, died yes-terday morning at 10 o'clock. For over a month Chester Colt had been suffering agonies from tubercular meningitis, and at no stage in the disease did his parents or the physicians have any hope. Chester Coit was 8 years old last July, and was one of the most popular youngsters years old last July, and was one of the most popular youngsters on Portland Heights. He died at the family residence, 664 Myrtle street. The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Mr. Colt was the recipient of many tolegrams of condolence yesterday from Chicago, Kansas City and other centers.

ing. He has contempt for that sort of thing. The defendant was a witness in the case against himself and he told all he knew. Nothing has been he told all he knew. Nothing has been said to me about his testifying against others and I don't believe the District Attorney would suggest such a thing. Of course, he may be subpenned to testify in the other cases, but it is not true that he pleads guilty with any such understanding."

In passing sentence, Judge Morrow said he would abide by the recommendation of the District Attorney and make the fine \$1000.

As the court finished speaking Moore.

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Atterney Fulton had replied that it would, Moore nodding in reply.

District Attorney Cameron thinks Morris may plead guilty, and so expressed himself yesterday.

A large crowd of spectators was gathered in the courtroom yesterday morning when Moore was sentenced, Attorney Seneca Fouts, Morris' attorney and John

F. Logan, attorney for Leo Friede, being among the attorneys present. When seen in his office after court,

Mr. Cameron sald: "There is no agre-ment between Mr. Moore and me abo his testifying against Morris. His ad-missions in the first case were strong enough, and if he tells in the Morris trial what he told at his own, we look for a conviction of Morris."

Attorney Logan Makes Charge.

It was said that Atterney Seneca Fouts, representing Mr. Morris, and At-torney John Logan, representing Leo Friede, both made offers immediately to plead guilty to the same charge as had been done by Mr. Moore and receive the These alleged propositions were turned down, it is said, by the Dig-

were turned down, it is said, by the District Attorney.

The fact that any such offer had been made by Mr. Frieds was indignatly denied by Attorney Logan, who said:

"The statement that Mr. Friede, through me, offered to plead guilty is a lie. I can not use terms strong enough to denounce such a misrepresentation. The real facts in the case are that the proposition came from the other side. The District Attorney made the offer to Mr. Friede through Mr. Lytle.

"Instead of it occurring yesterday, the affair took place on the last day of the Moore trial. Lytle gave Friede the rush act in the hallway of the Courthouse. Instead of coming to us outright, the District Attorney went about it in a

Instead of coming to us obtrain, to District Attorney went about it in a sneaking way. Why should he have sent an emissary? Lytic told Friede in the Courthouse that he could plead guilty and pay \$1000 fine, but this was fastly refused. We would not countenance

such a proposition. "I Told Truth," Moore Says.

With reference to his being a state's witness and testifying to "cinch" Cashier Morris, Mr. Moore, said yester-

Cashier Morris, Mr. Moore, said yester-day atternoon:

"I absolutely would agree to nothing in the way of pleading guilty if it was to be understood that I was turning state's evidence and tell anything more against any other defendant in these cases than I told against myself at my own trial. There was nothing said about immunity for the nurrose of sating was to territy

Ordinance Under Way to Prohibit Sale of Explosives in the City.

COUNCIL MAY ACT SOON

Residents of Commercial Bodies Declare Against Present-Day Style of Celebrating-The Death Roll Grows Annually.

Unanimous sentiments favoring Mayor Simon's plan to prohibit the use and sale of explosives in connection with the celebration of the Fourth of July were expressed yesterday by a number of leading business men of Portland. In accordance with this sentiment, too, W. R. Roberts, Fire Marshal, began the preparation yesterday of an ordinance copied largely after the one enforced in Sun Francisco, which will, if adopted, prohibit the sale of all explosives in the city at any time, except by official per-mission, when such goods may be sold for the celebration of certain events at specified places.

Council to Get Ordinance Soon.

Frank Slaker, secretary for the Underwriters' Equitable Rating Bureau for Portland, is assisting Fire Marshal Roberts in the preparation of the proposed new ordinance. This ordinance, it is planned, will be presented to the City Council at its next meeting.

Following are the views expressed on the subject by some of those interviewed:

William MacMaster, president of the Portland Chamber of Commerce. — It would be hard for me to understand how would be hard for me to understand how eny person would want anything but a same Fourth of July celebration. To read the reports of the accidents re-sulting from the use of firecrackers and similar explosives on the Fourth is to remind one of the effects of a battle. I am strongly opposed to that kind of celebration.

Firecracker Bad as Rattlesnake.

Harvey Beckwith, president of the Portland Commercial Club.—I have about as much use for a firecracker as I have for a rattlesnake. All firecrackers and dangerous explosives should be prohibited by laws that should be enforced. I believe that the explosives used as a rule on the Fourth of July are the most dangerous things we have on the market. In a recent periodical I noticed statistics showing how many children had been killed on last Fourth of July, and it was really shocking. I remember had been killed on last Fourth of July, and it was really shocking. I remember that when I was a boy' I delighted in these things and thought I was having fun, when in reality there was no fun about it. This is a subject on which I have very strong sentiments, and I hope something is done to limit the evil.

Tom Richardson, publicity manager, Portland Commercial Ciub.—The Fourth of July, I believe, should be celebrated in the country and not in the city. It should not be a day of noise and excitement, but people should go either to country places for a rest, or join in the celebration of the day at the smaller

elebration of the day at the smaller

Judge Wolverton, of the United States Judge Wolverton, of the United States District Court—I believe the city authorities should take steps to prevent the use of firecrackers and explosives on the Fourth of July. There are so many mishaps resulting from the way the day is observed now, that it is time something should be done to prevent them.

CIVIL SERVICE BOARD SCENTS COMBINATION.

Existence of "Trust" Not Proved, but Purchase of Automatic Machine Is Discussed.

"This city can save 50 per cent on ordinary printing by the purchase of a new automatic feeding machine." declared Civil Service Commissioner Armstrong before the Commission yesterday afternoon when the subject of an alleged examiliant printing. Mil. exorbitant printing bill was under discussion. Some old bills, which were held up at the previous session pending an investigation into whether there is a trust in Portland, were ordered paid. The

"trust" question was not settled.

When the subject of printing bills came
up, Commissioner Willis asked Secretary
Kennedy for a report as to his investi-

Mr. Kennedy said that he had talked to several printers from outside towns, and that they had told him they could hardly do better by the city than the Portland firms have been doing. It had been intimated that Hillsboro printers could do work more cheaply, and a printer from Oregon City said that he thought his town should have patronage in preference to Hilisboro, if any change was to be made. A Grosham printer said he felt that he should get the business, if Portland printers were to be boycotted, or words to that import. It was said that Secretary Konnedy's investigation had not been conclusive as

It was said that Secretary Kennedy's investigation had not been conclusive as to the existence of a printing combination, but that it had proved that exceedingly high prices had been charged for work done at the order of the Com-

mission.

It was then that Commissioner Armstrong declared that the city could save 50 per cent on much of its printing by buying an automatic feeding device lately patented. No action was taken.

A. F. Howlett, formerly a horseman in the Fire Department, appealed from the action of the Executive Board in discharging him for insupordination. In a communication, John H. Steveneson, his altorney, said that the point at issue was that his client heid that he was not

ms attorney, said that the point at issue was that his client held that he was not discharged "for the good of the service," as is required by the charter amendment. His case was set for hearing for 4 o'clock next Wednesday afternoon.

Three Great Reasons

Why You Should Invest in Madras

- 1. It is a growing city already.
- 2. A vast, rich tributary country is around it.
- 3. It is the Gate to Central Oregon-all travel and traffic must go through Madras.

Madras is the division point for base of operations for both the Oregon Trunk and Deschutes Railways. It is the only outlet for three quarters of a million acres of rich farming, coal, oil, wheat, fruit and timber land. Tremendous opportunities for power-sites are at hand. Madras will be the county seat for a great county soon.

The Early Bird Catches the Worm

And the early investor, if he invests wisely, makes the money. Business property in Madras is being snapped up now by men who see the great unequalled opportunity. Those who come later—and there will be THOUSANDS OF THEM—will have to buy from the early purchasers. Now is the time to make your money double, treble, quadruple itself. We want you to investigate it thoroughly and see for yourself. Go with us on one of our weekly excursions. Come to our offices and see our accurate nine-foot painting showing Madras and the great Deschutes in its relation to Portland.

M. E. Thompson Co.

Ground Floor Henry Building Exclusive Selling Agents for Madras Townsite Cor. Fourth and Oak Sts. We are also selling agents for "Lytle and Riverside Addition" in Bend, Or. Another splendid investment.

RIVERSIDE SEWER DISTRICT PROPERTY-OWNERS BENEFIT.

Competition in Main-Laying in Portland Aids Citizens in Kenton District-Ellis Takes Action.

Property-owners in the Riverside sewer district will be saved about \$18,000 by the action of the City Council yesterday, when a resolution, rescinding terra cotta pipe, was adopted and another, authorizing the use of glazed cement pipe, was substituted.

This saving represents approximately

This saving represents approximately one-half of the aggregate cost of the big sewer system, about to be installed in Hiverside, in the Kenton district.

Agents of the Oregon & Washington Agents of the Oregon & Washington Pipe Company, which has until now occupied the field exclusively, were present to watch proceedings in the Council session. There was no debate about the resolution, introduced by Councilman Eilis, and it was promptly adopted by the Council. The Portland Glazed Cement Pipe Company has now entered the local field.

cilmen take action to this end.
"I favor making the specifications oper to all competitors," said Mayor Simon

COUNCIL SAVES \$18,000 "It is claimed by City Engineer Morris that the merit of the terra cotta and glazed cement pipe is equal."

The big sewer district in Riverside, having been opened to competition, it is now believed in official circles that the competing company will have no diffi-culty in securing all the work it can do,

CLASSES MEET OUTDOORS

Bible Study by Island Campfire to Begin Next Week.

Boys' Bible classes of the Portland Young Men's Christian Association next week will begin holding their regular meetings in the open air. Instead of gathering at the Y. M. C. A. building, as they have during the Winter, they will take the association launch to Ross Island and meet around aunch to Hoss Island and meet around a campfire. The regular meeting schedule for the various clubs has just been made up. The launch will be in use every week day and at least 250 boys will use it each week. The schedule follows:

Monday, 6:15 P. M., Pranklins and Amici tias.

Tuesday, 3 P. M., Baracas, of Washington
High School and Aerials, of Lincoln High
School; 6:15 p. m., H. B.'s, O. U.'s and Bli-

PRINTING BILL IS HIGH

PRINTING BILL IS HIGH

The Portland Glazed Cement School; 6:15 p. m., H. B.'s, O. U.'s and Billing should be done to prevent them.

Pipe Company has now entered the local field.

Having taken action relative to his own ward, Councilman Ellis declares that he will introduce similar resolutions, rescinding specifications for terra cotta pipe in a number of other large district sewers piled for the use of the launch on over-Sunday trips. It is probable that the second over-Sunday trips. It is probable that when the weather becomes settled these excursions will become a regular fea**Dinner Served**

Portland7P.M. Spokane and East

Spokane, Portland & Seattle Ry.

"The North Bank Road"

This dining-ear service obviates hurried meals before departure of the train. Other special dining-car arrangements on "NORTH BANK" trains to and from the East are—Breakfast leaving Portland 3:00 A. M., arriving Portland 8 A. M., and leaving Spokane S:00 A. M.

All other meals served a la carte Portland to Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago at usual hours. New Pullman-built trains throughout.

Leave Portland 7:00 P.M. Arrive Spokane 7:00 A. M. 9:15 P. M. Arrive St. Paul 8:10 A.M. 10:00 P.M. Arrive Chicago 9:00 P.M. 11:00 A.M.

Passenger Station 11th and Hoyt Sts. Third and Morrison Sts. 122 Third St.

N. B.—Carline will be finished to the center of Alameda Park by May first. Then Prices will ad-Better buy now. vance.

Real Estate Auction Sale FRED PHILLIPS, Auctioneer Waterfrontage and Townsite Lots GRAHAM CITY **GRAHAM ISLAND** (Skidegate Harbor)

Will Be Sold at Public Auction. Dominion Hall, Vancouver, B. C.

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