3 YEARS ATTORNEY, INCOME IS \$30,000

Lawyer Buckley Admits Huge Profits of Practice for Insurance Companies.

BRIBERY NOT YET SHOWN

Attorney Induced to Tell How He Stepped From Position in State Insurance Department to More Lucrative Work.

NEW YORK, March 23.-Although William H. Hotchkiss, state Superintendent of insurance, was still unable to un positive proof that money was used to buy votes at Albany in connection with the fire insurance legislation, he developed some interesting facts at today's session

some interesting facts at today's session of the inquiry in regard to the work of W. H. Buckley.

Buckley is a lawyer of Albany, who started his practice in 1901. Three years later, according to testimony, he was getting about \$30,000 a year from insurance companies for his legal services.

Before he was admitted to the bar Buckley was connected with the state insurance department. From 1892 to 1896 insurance department. From 1892 to 1895 he was a clerk in the department, and until 1991 he was third deputy. While he was deputy superintendent, according to his testimony today, he obtained three loans amounting to \$61,000 from the Phenix Fire Insurance Company of Brooklyn, when the late George Sheidon, for years the legislative agent for the fire insurance company at Albany, was president. For just such loans as these, Sheldon was deposed from his company several months ago, was indicted and died a broken-hearted man at Greenand died a broken-hearted man at Green-Conn., without being brought to

Service Not Definite.

Buckley found it profitable to repre-sent the fire insurance companies, but he testified today he never appeared in court for them; never went before legislative committees; in fact, he could not remember just what he had done. He could only say that in a general way he acted as counsel for the companies and had kept no record what panies and had kept no record what-ever of any transaction. He was under annual retainer from several companies. In 1904 he received between \$25,000 and \$30,000, of which about \$15,000 was from the foreign insurance companies, according to evidence produced. He also received various large sums from domestic concerns. This was in the year the Grady reinsurance bill, benefiting foreign reinsurance companies by reducing the amount of their re-serve, was passed.

Embarrassing Question Evaded.

The domestic companies were oppos ing the bill and Mr. Hotchkiss asked the witness if he was not getting money from both sides. Buckley had no opinion on the subject. He would not even admit that any of the money paid to him was in connection with the bill. He said he knew little about the bill, and when Mr. Hotchkiss asked him if he had paid

any money to legislators, he said, "That's absurd. No, sir."

Preceding Buckley, Carl Schreiner, United States manager of the Munich Reinsurance Company, and Carl Sturhahn, American manager of the Prussia Insurance Company were on the sia Insurance Company, were on the stand. They told of payments to Buck-ley by their companies of various sums during a number of years.

FIGURES JUGGLED-EXPERT

(Continued From First Page.)

testified that the bank was insolvent. In the forenoon a lively tilt between Deputy District Attorney Fitzgerald and Attorney Fulton over the admissibility of the testimony of Mr. Phaler took place. The wrangle brought out the contentions of the prosecution and of the defense as to what constituted insolvency technically.

The prosecution contended that insolvency consisted in the inability of a percorporation to meet liabilities as they fell due in the ordinary course of business, reasonable delays being ex-Attorney Fitzgerald argued that if the depositors had really known the condition of affairs as they really existed in the bank they would not have deposited their money with it. He cited authorities to show that silence as to these facts on the part of the bank's officials made them guilty of nothing more or less than fraud.

The prosecutor quoted the law to show that a man was not expected to put his hands in his pockets at a moment's notice and pay all his debts but that he must be able to do so in the ordinary course of business time as these obligations fell due. A man who owned property, he contended, might place upon it valuation more than sufficient to pay off his obligations but if, in the ordinary course of business, he was unable to realize his valuation on the property, he was insolvent. In support of this contention he cited a decision of the Supreme Court of Iowa.

Private Fortune as Prop.

Attorney Fulton argued that in determining whether he considered the bank insolvent. Moore had the right to consider his moral obligation to stand behind the bank with his entire private fortune. As long as Moore considered that his fortune was behind the bank and that he could call upon it, said the attorney, he might not feel that the institution was insolvent. He cited a decision in Wisconsin supporting this contention in part He defined insolvency as being merely a defect of assets to meet liabilities, no when the assets are put up at forced sale as when they are placed into the hands of a receiver or at auction, but when disposed of after the manner observed by ordinarily prudent men in the administration of their own private affairs. He then cited a simile of insolvency in the limited sense and in the general sense. From his argument it appeared that he deemed the Oregon Trust was insolvent only in the limited

The exhibition of charts by Mr. Richardson in explaining book entries was objected to by Attorney Fulton. The objection was overruled by Judge Bronaugh, who held they represented entries taken from the bank's books which had already been introduced into evidence. In qualifying as an expert Mr. Richardson testified that he had passed examinations before several state boards and had formerly been a traveling auditor for the American Tobacco Company. He had

examined several banks prior to his in-vestigation of the Oregon Trust & Sav-ings Bank, he said.

Note Withdrawal Explained.

The first transaction gone into was the withdrawal of two notes amounting to \$5,000. On December 15, 1905, the bank accepted the note of E. E. Lytle, one of the directors, for \$35,000 in payment for stock. At the same time, it was testified, Moore's note for \$25,000 and one by Morris for \$10,000 were withdrawn the entry of Lytle's note balancing the withdrawal of the Moore and Morris notes on the books. the Moore and Morris notes on the books By this transaction, said the expert, the personal indebtedness of Moore and Mor-ris to the bank had been reduced correadingly.

spondingly.

In explanation of the withdrawal of the two other notes of \$25,000 each, one attributed to Moore and the other to Morris, on which the mystery of the disappearance of \$50,000 in cash hangs, he said one of these notes had been withdrawn August 24, 1906, and another August 27, 1906. In the withdrawal of the two notes, he said, Moore and Morris increased their cash account by \$50,000 increased their cash account by \$50,000 and carried an item as though that much cash had been received actually in the bank both on the teller's blotter and on the cash account of the general ledger. These entries were carried along until December 15, said Mr. Richardson, when. to reconcile the entry of cash, a fictitious slip marked "O. D. Us. P. T.," supposed to represent "Overdraft Us Paying Tel-ler," was filed.

Cash Entry Denied. A complete analysis of the books in-cluding the credit and debit slips and also the report from the clearing-house showing the movement of cash in and out of the bank on December 15 and other days proved conclusively, he said, that no cash transaction had occurred. This entry, he testified, had been made deliberately to wipe out the withdrawals of the two notes made six months prior to

Mr. Richardson then referred to the ledger and declared its figures show that the bank, after it had taken the that the bank, after it had taken the word "Trust" into its title, had spent in running expenses \$65,000 more than it had earned in interest and other sources of income. He also said the accounts showed that some of the expenses were transferred, on the books to the "loan and discounts" column and carried as an asset instead of an expense. Items of expense carried on separate accounts as "New Building." "Home Safe Account." "Furniture and Fixtures," "Savings Banks Account." and an item of unexplained expense, the total amounting to \$84,000, were transferred to the "loans and discounts" account where they appeared as counts" account where they appeared as

Every Item Traced.

Mr. Richardson took each item on the bank's books and in nearly every case analyzed the entries, going back to the original slips from which they were placed on the bank's books and which were offered in evidence in the trial. At the close of the day he had not finished his testimony the state not finished his testimony, the state reserving the right to recall him.

The first witness of the day was A. B. Mason a clerk in the bank who assisted T. C. Phaler in some of his work. He testified that the statement or schedule of the valuations placed on the assets found in the heark had been made jointly. found in the bank had been made jointly by Mr. Phaler and Mr. Moore.

When the prosecution endeavored to call Mr. Phaier as a witness to testify as an expert on the valuation of the banks assets and on its condition of insolvency the defense objected. Mr. Fulton main-tained that Mr. Phaler was not competent to fix the value of the securities and that his testimony should be confined to the utation of figures on the bank's

Judge Bronaugh overruled the objection of Attorney Fulton and the witness was allowed to proceed. He said he had made a thorough investigation into the notes and other assets of the bank and felt fully qualified to testify as to its condition. He rated the institution as questionably insolvent

Medford Citizens to Testify Here.

MEDFORD, Or., March 23.-(Special.) -Attorney B. F. Withington, J. F. Reddy and E. Hafrer and other prominent citi-zens of this city were today subpenned as witnesses in the case of the State vs. Moore, at Portland.

CITY BOOKS NOW GUARDED

Springfield to Catch Those Who Tamper With Records.

SPRINGFIELD, Or., March 23.—(Special.)—As the result of numerous instances recently where the city records have been tampered with and parts even removed, the City Council last night passed an ordinance against molesting the city's books and placed for violation thereof the maximum penalty allowed to be imposed by the city, which is up to be imposed by the city, which is up to \$200 fine or 100 days' imprisonment or both. There is a city ordinance that re-quires the keeping of all the records open to the public; this has been often taken advantage of and especially this Winter when several valuable papers and ordinances have been stolen. The heavy penalty, it is thought, will prevent this. Another ordinance, passed last night, instructed the Recorder to purchase for something less than \$200 an iron safe that has been selected to protect the city

WOMAN ACCUSES DOCTOR

Practicing Without License I Charge Against T. J. Pierce.

Charged with practicing medicine with-out a license, Dr. Thomas J. Pierce was arrested yesterday morning on a com-plaint sworn to by Flora Stiegier, of 625 Hood street. Pierce is specifically charged with having directed and rec-ommended to Martha Marcust the use of certain medicine and with having treated her for her illness when he had no license from the Board of Medical Examiners to practice medicine.

Examiners to practice medicine.

The District Attorney is now looking into Pierce's dealings with his patients. Pierce has an office in the Alisky building, where at one time he also conducted a matrimonial agency. He was released on \$200 bonds yesterday afternoon, sub-ject to appearance in Municipal Court

Poll Tax Payment Demanded.

SALEM. Or., March 23.—(Special.)—City Attorney Grant Corby and Polltax Collector Robert Halley today began a crusade for the collection of the road polltax of several hundred delinquents. The first definite move was the com-The first definite move was the commencement of garnishment proceedings against Ivan L. Farmer, an employe of Wade. Pierce & Co., and J. E. Zinn, traffic manager of the Salem division of the Portland Railway, Light & Power Company. During 1909 only about 1300 of the 3000 or more voters paid the annual \$3 tax and it is proposed to bring suit against all delinquents as fast as the cases can be prepared. the cases can be prepared.

Man, Boiled in Glue, Gets \$7500. TACOMA, Wash., March 23.—In the Federal Court today G. C. Swinney was given a verdict of \$7500 damages against the Carsiens Packing Company for in-juries sustained in falling into a vat of boiling glue. He was obliged to have a leg amputated and was otherwise injured.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tableta.
Druggists refund money if it fails to cure.
E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Senators Not Ready With Railroad Bill Speeches.

CHANGES WILL BE MADE

Committee Amendment Will Permit Shippers to Intervene and Require That Tariffs Be Submitted to Commission.

WASHINGTON, March 23 .- When the Administration railroad bill was taken up by the Senate today, Senator Elkins said that as no one was prepared to speak on the bill he would ask to have it laid aside temporarily. He said that he would not call up the measure again until after the disposal of the execu-tive, legislative and judicial bill, which would come up tomorrow, but after the passage of the appropriation hill he would request Senators either to pro-ceed with discussion of the bill or to

fix a time for voting on it.

Mr. Elkins put in a large part of the day stirring Senators to greater activity in preparing their speeches. He found a dozen or more contemplating addresses, but none now prepared to speak. Among the prospective speakers are Senators Root, Bailey, Hughes, LaFollette, Bristow, Dolliver, Crawford, Borah and Newlands. Many of them are holding off until he committee amendments are sub-

mitted Members of the committee admit a tacit understanding that several changes will be made, including the

following: Provision allowing shippers to intervene in suits brought by carriers against the United States to set aside or modify orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission

Prohibition against the Commission exercising jurisdiction over port-toport transportation. Authorization for appeals from inter-ocutory decrees and provisions for five

Provision requiring the submission of traffic agreements to the Interstate Commerce Commission for its approval. SEAL SEASON BILL PASSES

days' notice of injunction proceedings.

End of Pribyloff Islands Fur-Hunt Period Is Set.

WASHINGTON, March 28 .- The bill terminating the present lease of the fur seal killing on the Pribyloff Islands in the Pacific, and authorizing the Secretary of Commerce and Labor to de-clare a closed season on the islands, was passed by the Senate today.

In presenting the bill from the com-mittee on conservation of natural re-sources, Senator Dixon, of Montana, explained the mandatory existing law re-quiring the leasing of the scaling priv-lege and said immediate action was necessary, because of the fact that the lease expired next month. He said the herd had diminished from 4,500,000 in 1867, when the United States acquired the islands, to fewer than 100,000 at the present time, and that it was the opinion of experts that unless the seals were protected, they would be exter-minated within two or three years.

On motion of Senator Root the bill was so amended as to make the dis-position of sealskins subject to any treaty governing the question which might be negotiated in the future. A treaty is pending to this end, and Mr. Root expressed the opinion that its acceptance would prove to be necessary for the adequate protection of the

Penalty Fixed for Denying Admission to Amusement Place.

WASHINGTON, March 23 .- Hereafter the proprietors of "theaters or other places of amusement" in the District of Columbia or territories of the United States will not be permitted to deny admission to soldiers and sallors on account of their uniforms, under a penalty of a fine of \$5000, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, provided the Senate considers favorably a bill passed by the House today.

Big Appropriation Bill Cut.

WASHINGTON, March 23 .- The exec utive, legislative and judicial appro-priation bill, carrying \$34.034,357, a net increase of \$195,562 over the bill as it passed the House, was reported to the Senate today. The aggregate amount carried is \$8,401,162 less than the appropriation for the same purpose for the current fiscal year.

Committee Favors Weeks Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 23. - The Weeks bill for conserving the headwaters of navigable streams and appropriating not to exceed \$11,000,000 during the next five years for the acquisition of lands in any of the states for that purpose, was favorably acted upon by the House committee on agriculture today. The year water 10 to 2 today. The vote was 10 to 7

ROSS REACHES CAPITAL

WILL ARGUE STATE'S CLAIM TO LAND IN RESERVES.

Attorney-General Bell Also Goes to Washington With Land Commissioner.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 23.—Land Commissioner Ross and Attorney-General Bell, of Washington, arrived today to secure adjust-ment of various state land matters be-fore the Interior Department and before

Congress.
Primarily they want the Interior Department to recognize their claim that title to all school sections in forest reserves, whether surveyed or unsurveyed, now rests in the State of Washington. That conceded, they will urge legislation authorizing the state to relinquish its scattering school sections to the Government and to take in lieu thereof an equal area of land on the outskirts of the reservations in compact bodies. They are opposed to the provision of the pend-ing bill which stipulates that land so taken shall be of like kind and value as

those relinquished. State officials are also desirous that steps be taken to insure to the state secsteps be taken to insure to the state sec-tions 16 and 36 or their equivalent, on all Indian reservations that remain. They assert that under the regulations of the department the state will get no school lands on the Spokane reservations, though it was the intent of the law open-ing the reservation that such lands should

be purchased by the Government and turned over to the state without cost. There are also questions affecting Gov-ernment irrigation work in the Yakima Valley, which they desire to have ad-

ENCAMPMENT DATES ARE SET

Oregon Troops Go to American Lake August 8 to 19.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash-OREGONIAN NEWS BUREIAU, Washington, March 23.—The War Department has apportioned the time to state troops which are to participate in the joint maneuvers at American Lake next August. Oregon troops that will participate from August 8 to 19 are the 20 companies of infantry, one battery of field artillery and one hospital corps.

one hospital corps.

Washington will send their entire infantry force, one company signal corps and one troop cavalry to be in the field August 14 to 28 inclusive.

Idaho will have one regiment of infantry on the ground from August 15 to 50 and Montana will have the same appears. 26, and Montana will have the same apportionment July 30 to August 15.

OREGON APPLEGROWERS' IN-TEREST SEES ITS DEFEAT.

President Newell, of Oregon Board of Horticulture, Returns From Congressional Inquiry Meet.

K. Newell, president of the State Board of Horticulture, expresses the greatest confidence in the defeat of the Lafean bill, concerning the size and shape of apple boxes, now pending before Congress. Mr. Newell appeared before the Congressional committee, having the bill in charge at three hearings. He is now at his home at Gaston.

The office of the State Horticultural Board in the Henry building was yesterday in charge of Secretary Williamson, who said:

"Mr. Newell has not been in the city. going directly to his home to rest from the fatigue incident to the journey to Washington and the work before the com-

Washington and the work before the committee, by laboring in his orchard.

"He has been in communication with this office by telephone, and stated that there was no reason to think that Congress would adopt the Lafean measure at the present seasion. It will probably not come to a vote. Western orchardists were assured that the committee would give the matter the fullest consideration before reporting on the bill. That probably means the bill will not be reported out before the close of the session. Mr. Newell stated that in his opinion the fight would have to be made over again at the next session of Congress."

When the Pacific Coast delegation ap-

When the Pacific Coast delegation ap-peared before the Congressional committee it scored a strong point in demon-strating that the Oregon box, when prop-erly packed, would contain an even bushe of apples, and since the Hasterners, who are urging the Lafean bill, deal in bushels, the Oregon box is really the most suitable for all sections of the

intry. dr. Newell urges that Oregon shipper exercise the greatest care in future, and recommends the diagonal pack in preference to the straight method now used in many sections.

MEDFORD'S AGENT RETURNS

Fruitgrowers Win Fight Against Eastern Commission Men.

MEDFORD, Or., March 23.—(Special.)— C. E. Whistler, manager of the Bear Creek Orchards, who went to Washington, D. C., as a delegate of the Rogue River Fruitgrowers, to appear against the Lafean bill, at the hearing in the

house committee on agriculture March 9, returned to Medford today, Mr. Whistler says that although there seals.

Were only five fruitmen to fight the bill tickets sold.

BILL UPHOLDS THE UNIFORM ceived the assurance that a majority of of the movem the committee would report unfavorably to the bill this session if they reported at

WOMAN'S COW IS RESTORED

Sheriff Intervenes When Former Owner Tries to Take Animal.

VANCOUVER, Wash., March 23.—(Special.)—When Mrs. Charles Richards saw Frank Adams, her husband's uncle, take away the family cow, her only means o support, and lead it down the road at o'clock this afternoon, she at once tele-phoned the Sheriff's office. George John-son, Deputy Sheriff, followed Adams and recovered the cow, which he restored to the almost destitute woman, who is sup porting her two children. She is not liv-ing with her husband.

Mrs. Richards says that Adams, over

a year ago, gave her children the cow, and since that time she has cared for it, and has sold two gallons of milk a day to the neighbors, the children making the

Today, Adams, accompanied by Richards, appeared at her home on East Nineteenth street, and took a few per-Nineteenth street, and took a few personal effects which she has been keeping for him. She says Adams threatened to take away the household goods, and bedding which she has been using.

Adams, when the Deputy Sheriff seized the cow from him, said that Richards told him to take the cow. It is likely that if Adams does not give Mrs. Richards any further trouble, he will not be prosecuted.

PETITION FAILS TO OUST

Springfield Citizens Would Use Recall on Councilman Kestly.

SPRINGFIELD, Or., March 23 .- (Special.)—The City Council was startled at last night's session by a petition that was signed by 150 names demanding that they require the resignation of Councilman John Kestley on the ground that he is no longer a resident of Springfield. The matter was not dealt with by the Council, however, upon the statement of the City Attorney, S. P. Ness, of Eugene, that the place of residence is no legal cause for the use of the recall.

Kestly for the past year, and pre-vious to his re-election has been living in Eugene, although his place of business he says, is in Springfield. He sold his hotel and a certain amount of property here about three months ago. He is a member of a local real estate firm. Kestly claims that the petition has been started and urged by certain individuals who advocate a tightly closed town and who he thinks feel that he was chiefly instrumental in the defeat in the Council of a strict Sunday-closing ordinance.

Steel for Logging Road Arrives. EUGENE, Or., March 23 .- (Special.) -Several cars of steel have arrived in the city to be used in the construc-tion of a mile and a half of the Boothtion of a mile and a nair of the Boom-Kelly Lumber Company's logging road to Mohawk, above Wendling. The com-pany is also expecting its 200-ton loco-motive, to be used on the Wendling line. The engine is now in transit.

WHY waste time at the tailor's, and worry, when for less money you can slip into

Atterbury Systems Clothes by far superior Look for the Label in the Coat



\$20 to \$40 BEN SELLING, LEADING CLOTHIER

TICKETS GO RAPIDLY

Methodists Lead in Buying Laymen's Banquet Seats.

J. CAMPBELL WHITE DRAWS

General Secretary of Laymen' Movement Will Be Chief Speaker of Evening-He Spent Many Years in Work in India.

With the announcement last night hat the Methodists of the city are that the Methodists of the city are leading, by the number of 2, the race for the banquet tickets for the opening of the Laymen's Missionary Movement, convening here the last three days of the month, it is becoming somewhat of a contest for the privilege of hearing some of the world's well-known orators. The Baptists are second with 99 tickets sold.

J. Campbell White, general secretary of the movement, who will probably arrive in Portland before the week is out, is one of the principal speakers be-fore the convention, and will be heard to advantage Tuesday night at the dinner at Meler & Frank's.

The variety of experience Mr. White has had in the 20 years of his public Christian work places him in a position of great advantage in the responsible place he now occupies,

Mr. White was graduated in 1890 from the University of Wooster, O. Two years following he traveled among the colleges of the United States, one year as college secretary of the international committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, and one year as secretary of the Student Volunteer Movement. After a year of special study, he went to Calcutta, India, as ploneer secretary of the Y. M. C. A. in Calcutta, where he labored until 1903. Durate the state of the years he was associated. ing those ten years he was associated with missionaries of many societies and of various nations. He returned to America at the call of his own church America at the call of his own church to assist in placing its missionary work upon a more adequate basis, and was one of the organizers of the Men's Movement in his own denomination. At the meeting on November 15, 1906, at which the Laymen's Missionary

Movement was organized, Mr. White was present and gave the only address of that historic occasion. He was at once called to the leadership of the Laymen's Missionary Movement, and has been its general secretary from the has been its general secretary from the beginning. He has addressed all of the great conventions held under the auspices of the movement. He was one of the deputation which in 1907 visited Great Britain and organized national committees of the movement in England and Scotland,

Three of the most widely circulated applied movement by the formation.

Three of the most widely circulated pamphlets published by the Laymen's Missionary Movement were written by Mr. White, viz.: "The Genesis and Significance of the Laymen's Missionary Movement," "Our Share of the World," and "Method of Enlisting Men in Missions."

The demand for banquet tickets in creases with every mail to Secretary W. A. Lovett in the Board of Trade building, the records late last night

Methodists, 101: Baptists, 99: Epis

A Great Convenience

Post Toasties

Ready to serve from the pkg. Crisp, delicious and nourishing-

"The Memory Lingers"

copalians, 57; Congregationalists, 55; Presbyterlans, 35; United Presbyterians, 19; Friends, 12. EASTER NOVELTIES GALORE

Gill's, the popular book and stationery

store at Third and Alder streets, are showing a large line of clever Easter conceptions. Besides a varied collection of Bibles, Prayer Books and small gift books, they have the most pretentious assortment of new and unique novelties to the city. in the city.

Special prices are made to Sunday school teachers who buy in quantity.

....................... A Handy Home-Made Rem-

edy for Coughs and Colds

Do you shape your head to fit your hat, or do you buy one-sixteenth sizes in the matchless Gordon?

A cold or cough often comes a cold or cough often comes on quickly. This simple remedy, if kept handy, will nip it in the bud. Al-though inexpensive, there is nothing better at any price. It usually stone a deep-seated cough in twenty-four hours, and is splendid for hoarseness, whooping cough, chest pains, bronchi-tis, etc.

Granulated Sugar Syrup 121/2 oz Pinex teaspoonful every one, -two or three

None of the weaker pine prepare tions will work in this recipe. Us real Pinex itself, which is the valuable concentrated compound

valuable concentrated compound of Norway White Pine Extract, and is rich in all the healing elements of the pine. All druggists have it or can easily get it on request.

This recipe makes a full pint of unequaled cough syrup—enough to last a family a long time—for only 54 cents. It is equally good for children and adults, and has a pleasing taste.

Strained hon y can be used instead of the syrup, and makes a very fine honey and pine tar cough syrup. Some of the best known druggists here as Laue-Davis Drug Co. (distributors) and others think so well of the above prescription that they guarantee it to give perfect satisfaction or refund it to give perfect satisfaction or refund

WHY SALVES FAIL TO CURE ECZEMA

Scientists are now agreed that the eczema germs are lodged not in the eczema germs are lodged not in the outer skin or epidermis, but in the in-ner skin. Hence, a penetrating liquid is required, not an outward salve that clogs the pores.

We recommend to all eczema patients

We recommend to all eczema patients the standard prescription Oll of Wintergreen as compounded in liquid form known as D. D. D. Prescription. A trial bottle of this D. D. Prescription, at only 25 cents, will instantly relieve the itch. We have sold and recommended this remedy for years, and know of worderful cures from its use. We recommend it to our patrons.

Woodard, Clarke & Co., Skidmore Drug Co.



Rent a Piano

You will want a piane in your home this Spring. It will give you much pleasure. Perhaps you feel that you are not ready to purchase the Plano you desire to own. Most musi-cians look forward to the time when they will own a Steinway. Rent a Piano from us and all money paid as rent, up to six months, will be applied toward the purchase price of a Steinway or other first-class Plane. We have the largest stock of Pianos in the city and the finest line of the old standard, reliable

Steinway . B. Chase WE CHASE Packard Conover Kurtzmann Kingsbury Emerson Estey Wellington

The only 4-minute records that are right!

Columbia Indestructible

Cylinder Records 50c.

They fit any make of phonograph or graphophone (with 200 thread attachment). They play the complete selection - averaging fully 4½ minutes-clearest, most brilliant tone you ever heard -and they NEVER BREAK and NEVER WEAR OUT! "The only 4-minute records that are right."

Sold by your Dealer or COLUMBIA PHONOGRAPH CO.

371 WASHINGTON ST.

Talking Machine Headquarters

and Records Washington St., at Park



"I use Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for Neuralgia, LaGrippe and all pains. I don't intend to be without them, for I find ready relief in them for everything I use them for."

MRS. L. F. MILLER, 120 W. 6th St., Davenport, Ia.

All Pain "In my family Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are used for headache, colic and other pains, and always give relief

at once. THOS. R. FOWLER R. D. No. 3, Dunn. N. C. Sold by druggists everywhere, who are authorized to return price of first package if they fall to benefit.
MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

exhausts the vitality more quickly than any ordinary food or medicine can re-

For over thirty-five years

store it.

has relieved bronchitis in all stages; it is the tonic lungremedy used the world over in this disease; nothing equals it in keeping up and restoring flesh and strength.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS Send Re., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Lock Penny. SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

Painless Dentistry



Molar Crowns 5.00
22kBridge Tenth 3.50
Gold Fillings 1.00
Enamei Fillings 1.00
Silver Fillings 2.50
Inlay Fillings 2.50 5.00 L. W. L. Will, Parmers are Manages
22 tass seminate a ranner
WORK GUARANTEED FOR 18 YEARS
sinions Extraction Free when plates or bridge work
ordered. Consultation Free, You cannot get bestes
inless work done naywhere. All work fully guarinless work done naywhere. All work fully guar-

\$3.50

Wise Dental Co. PAILING BUILDING INCORPORATED
THIND & WASH, STR. PORTLAND, OREGON