"ODD LENGTHS" IS MILLMEN'S ISSUE

Retallers Voice Protest Concerning Standard of Measurement.

PRAYER EASES TENSION

Witty Invocation by Rev. W. J. Hindley, of Spokane, at Once Puts Convention in Good Humor - Forester Speaks.

The "odd lengths" movement is the subject that is apparently agitating subject that is apparently agitating most greatly the delegates to the seventh annual convention of the Western Retail Lumbermen's Association that began its session in Portland yesterday.

The movement which has the in-orsement of the Oregon & Washington

The movement which has the indersement of the Oregon & Washington Lumber Manufacturers Association, representing 120 manufacturers of Douglas fir products, was mentioned several times in the course of yesterday's proceedings, but only in a way preliminary to the animated discussion that is expected today, when it is specifically on the programme for discussion by everybody.

At present the even length standard in the manufacture of flooring, siding, rustic finish and ceiling prevails in the lumbering industry of the West, but the odd lengths movement as a means of eliminating waste has been agitated by the National Lumber Manufacturers' Association and was formally approved at the last annual meeting of the Oregon and Washington association.

Numerous manufacturers are present at the meeting of the retailers now in progress and the Manufacturers' Association has opened headquarters at the Portland hotel and is distributing literature in support of the odd lengths campaign.

Retailers Make Demands.

Among the retailers, the principal protest seems to concern the filling of orders. It is asserted that the manufacturer wants the privilege of filling an order for standard lengths of flooran order for standard lengths of flooring, for instance, with a certain percentage of odd lengths. The retailers
insist that if they order standard
lengths, standard lengths should be
supplied to the full extent of the order.
They say they are willing to promote
the sale of odd lengths but if they
want odd lengths they will so specify
in the orders.

Present Standard Means Waste.

Present Standard Means Waste.

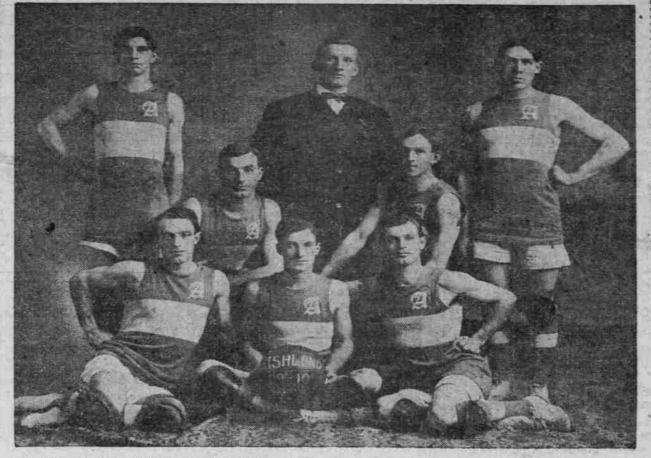
"At the present time one of the greatest sources of unnecessary waste in the manufacture of sawmill products, is the even length standard which has prevailed since the early establishment of the lumber industry in this country. The Forest Service is interested in the recent movement for standardizing odd lengths in various forms of pianning mill products, because of the conservation element which is involved. An investigation of the amount of waste in planing mills due to the even length standard has been made by the Forest Service and it was found that the average waste in the manufacture of those forms of planing mill products, which are recommended for odd length manufacture is about 2.07 per cent. This figure was obtained by actual observation at a number of mills in Western Oregon and Washington."

Betwen 200 and 250 delegates were the attendance at the meetings of the association which opened yesterday afternoon in the Eagles' Hall at the Marquam Building, representing yards in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Utah and Nevada. C. B. Channel, clee-president of the association, presided, President Hayden having retired from the last meeting.

"Pull together" has been adopted as the slogan of the convention. Over the presiding officer's rostrum in the hall has been suspended a wagon singletree with this motto tacked to it, while from one dependent whiffietree is the word "selier" and on the other the word "buyer."

The convention got in good humor parly in proceedings through the instrumentality of December in the presidentality of December in the president in th

ASHLAND ATHLETIC CLUB BASKETBALL TEAM, TOURING OREGON AND WASHINGTON, DEFEATS CHRISTIAN BROTHERS COLLEGE TEAM



TO RIGHT-HERUNDON, FORWARD; PATERSON, FORWARD; GRUFF, GUARD; SHAW, CENTER; CONDON, MANAGER; LOGAN, GUARD; ROBERTSON, GUARD; SMITH, FORWARD. The Ashland Athletic Club basketball team, which claims the championship of Southern Oregon and is taking an extensive trip through the Northwest, on Saturday night defeated the crack Christian Brothers' College quintet in the Christian Brothers' gymnasium, 63 to 14. The local team was somewhat outweighed and was outclassed in most departments of the game, although it fought gamely.

Ington at 275,000,000,000 amount greater than on similar areas in any other two states. At the present rate of consumption this timber, he said, would supply all the mills of the United States eight years and the mills of Oregon and Washington over 60 years.

of Oregon and Washington over 60 years.

Statements made from time to time that the National forests are "locked up," he branded as untrue. The National forests, he said, were created to conserve water needed for irrigation, power and domestic purposes as well as to insure a future supply of timber. He declared it to be the policy of the Government to encourage the fullest uses of the forest along the lines that do not interfere with the purposes for which they were created.

Timber, said Mr. Chapman, is sold when it reaches maturity, and good management demands its removal; stock is permitted to graze in the forests when it does not imperil the young growth of trees or interfere with the use of water for irrigation and domestic purposes; use of the forests for

in the orders.

Sentiment yesterday seemed to be fairly well crystallized among the retailers on the order phase of the subject in favor of demanding the filling of orders specifically as made by the retailer. As the manufacturers are to be given the privilege of the floor in discussions the topic is looked forward to today as the most important to come before the gathering.

The Government Forest Service is a strong indorser of the odd lengths movement. C. S. Chapman, of Portland, district forester, in his address yesterday referred to the subject with emphasis. He said:

Present Standard Means Waste

Timber Owner Should Ald. Forest management, he said, should

not devolve wholly upon the Govern-ment, but upon the timber land owner ment, but upon the timber land owner as well. The man who is selling lumber in a treeless region as well as the consumer, ghould see, he said, that those who live in the forested sections handle their timber crops in such a manner that a plentiful supply is assured at prices not prohibitive. He asked that all co-operate in securing better fire-protection laws, advocated the use of odd lengths in finishing lumber, flooring, celling, etc., and urred efforts to remove the prejudice.

itmber, flooring, celling, etc., and urged efforts to remove the prejudice against Western hemlock as an interfor finishing wood.

E. T. Allen also appealed for a standing together of the general public for the better care of the forests. In the five states of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montsna and California the annual forest fire loss, he said, is about \$40,000,000, the figures representing the value of the manufactured product. "Every acre burned," he said, "every cut-over acre lying idle, marks a high point for prices to reach and the consumer has to meet it. Every acre saved from fire, every acre of young growth, lowers it for him."

East Suffers but Oregon Has Sun With Snow.

OTHER STATES SHIVERING

Old Sol and Rain Vanquish King White in Portland - Montana May Feel Below Zero, Idaho and Washington Chilled.

Portland with its three varieties of weather yesterday—sunshine, rain and snow—and other cities of Oregon, all reporting a little sun, rain and snow intermingling, form a startling contrast with Montaha's zero weather. Pennsylvania's blizzard and Washington's "heaviest snow fall yet."

Scanning the weather table, Oregon looms as the real bainy district of the Pacific Northwest, Idaho shivering and Washington inconvenienced, to say the least, by a general snowfall which was not dispelled immediately by rain and sun, as was the case here and throughout Oregon.

Nearly six inches of snow fell at Hel-Portland with its three varieties of

ens, Mont. and zero weather is predicted for the Treasure State. Walla Walla is covered with four inches of snow and the white king holds general sway over Washington. At Walla Walla the snowfall was the heaviest this Windowski was the heaviest this Windowski was the sale was t ter in the shortest time

Storm Menaces East.

In the East the sudden change brought with it blocked traffic, snowplows and demoralized telephone, telegraph and car

In Pittsburg suburban roads and communities are being literally dug out of the showdrifts, and the traction companies' snowplows are disclosing many thrilling experiences. Near Etna five cars were stalled in 12 feet of snow, many of the passengers being Saturday night shoppers on their way home with baskets of provisions for Sunday dinners. In two of these cars the passengers spent Sunday, supplied with coffee and lunches by the trac-

with coffee and lunches by the traction company.

Many churches in neighboring communities abandoned any attempt to hold services. For a time it was thought a funeral would have to be suspended because the undertaker was unable to reach the house with the hearse and carriages. The casket was finally borne away on a sied.

Not so in Oregon, Portland's weather was hardly worthy of the term disagreeable. Snow fell spasmodically, but was quickly vanished by flashes of sunlight now and then and by rain of various temperatures. Jumping to Eastern Oregon, the conditions there were similar.

BURNT-CORK ARTISTS

McIntyre and Heath for Years Made Study of Dialects and Witticisms of Colored People in Towns Along Mississippi River.

T WAS in the year 1874 that James McIntyre and Thomas Heath, mere boys, struck hands and joined forces San Antonio, Texas. Individually they had applied for jobs with a float-ing minstrel troupe which refused to consider them singly, but accepted them as a team. The union, thus start-ed, has grown even closer with suc-



If you will read the editorial page in this week's (date of February 12) number of

THE SATURDAY **EVENING POST**

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you will find it clearly proved from the Post-Office Department's own reports, that it is totally unnecessary to put any additional tax on magazines and periodicals, and that a deficit of \$17,500,000 is not chargeable to the periodicals.

> * * * * * * * * * "For instance, the Post-Office Department is charging \$13,821,100 of the cost of rural free delivery against the second-class mail. Now, rural free delivery was established as a matter of Government policy, and we believe in it, but it is not fair to charge one dollar of this expense against the magazines. It is undoubtedly of benefit to the daily newspapers, but the Department is trying to exempt them from an increase in rate. The magazines do not need or want once a day or twice a day deliveries on these rural routes.

> "Page 256, Postmaster's Report, 1908, says: 'Franking privileges weighed 4,555,634 pounds. They certainly cost the average price of all mail in all ways. And Governmental matter for Departments other than the Post-Office weighed 18,644,010 pounds.'

"This report says that if the matter was charged at postal rates it would yield a revenue as follows: Government matter 16,362,131.95 Total credit due Department . . \$20,881,239.33

"And that awful deficit disappears.
"It is impossible that a business of over \$200,000,000 should not offer an opportunity for enormous savings. And a business like that of our great Postal Department, with endless ramifications, must offer endless

a Cabinet official besides running his Department, no matter how great his intelligence or how fine his training, can grasp the details of this enormous business before he disappears. There is no time given to him to find these opportunities to save expense. The affairs of the Department must, for the most part, be administered by those

Given a chance they would save in business economies more than the alleged deficit of \$17,500,000.

We ask Congress to give us a Director of Posts-as recommended by the joint Congressional committee of 1907, an officer who shall be non-political, and whose term of service shall not be subject to political changes, and who shall conduct the workings of the Post-Office Department with the efficiency, economy and business-like methods which distinguish high-class American business enterprise.

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Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

"sojer" and "wash lady" stunt, which, in a less attractive setting, has been an old standby in their repertoire for many years. Of course, much has been added in this instance also, tuneful airs, a bit of con-Instance also, tuneful airs, a bit of con-sistent plot, and the accessory sparkle their capacity to please never grow less

Four years in the wood! Four long years of aging and ripen-



ATHLETES TO KEEP IN GOOD TRIM MUST LOOK WELL TO THE CONDITION OF THE SKIN. TO THIS END THE BATH SHOULD BE TAKEN WITH

HAND SAPOLIO

Weak Lungs

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral have given us great confidence in it. We strongly recommend it for coughs, colds, bron chitis, weak throats, and weak lungs. It prevents. It protects. It soothes. It heals. Just the help nature needs. Keep a bottle of it in the house.

Ask your doctor to name the best family medicine for coughs, colds, bronchitts, weak lungs. Follow his advice. Lowell, Mass.