

CLOUD OF STEAM WRAPS FIREMEN

Men on Torpedo-Boat Hopkins Plunged in Scalding Bath by Explosion.

ONE DEAD, ANOTHER DYING

Five Others Are Scalded, but Will Recover—One Man Escapes Being Cooked Alive by Jumping Into the Coal Bunkers.

SAN DIEGO, Feb. 14.—One man is dead, five are badly burned, one of whom may not survive, and two are painfully scalded about the face and hands as result of a boiler tube blowing out in the forward battery of the torpedo boat destroyer Hopkins at 7:30 this morning.

R. E. Taylor, a first-class fireman, is the first to succumb to the terrible burns sustained in the rush of steam boiler-room could escape. He died after 11 hours of agony.

J. F. Hunt, chief water tender, slightly scalded on hands and shoulders. E. A. Clary, assistant water tender, scalded on neck, arms, and shoulders. W. A. Neave, first-class fireman, scalded on neck, arms and body.

At the time when the accident occurred the Hopkins was at a pier on the Coronado side of the bay and was getting up steam for a run with other vessels of the midwest fleet to San Pedro. There were but eight men in the forward engine room. Seven of them were on the port side and one on the starboard side of the boat.

When the tube slipped and the heated steam rushed blasting from the dislodged end, six of the men on the port side scrambled up the ladder to the deck, grabbing the alarm. The water-tender, Clary, who was on the starboard side, followed, sounding the fire-alarm, which instantly brought every officer and sailor to his station.

Rest of Crew Surprised. There was not sufficient concussion from the pulling out of the tube and the escaping of the steam to jar the vessel and thus warn the officers and men that anything out of the ordinary had happened. The first that men aboard the destroyer Hopkins were aware of was the deafening explosion which occurred when the boiler tube burst from the hatch above the forward fire-room. The next moment the men who were in the room began appearing in the cloud of steam as they poked their heads above the top of the hatch. Their cries of "Fire" startled the men aloft. The Hopkins and the four other torpedo boats which were alongside.

BOILER TUBE WAS DEFECTIVE

Accident is Fourth of Kind Within Few Months.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 14.—The Gottlieb arrives off the harbor at 9 o'clock after a slow run from San Diego and anchored outside the breakwater. The Gottlieb is composed of the destroyers Whipple, flagship; Truxtun; Hopkins; Stewart; Lawrence; Gainsborough; Perry; Peble and Hull.

Stricken Fernie Dunned. Government Demand for \$7457 for Relief Aid Causes Indignation.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 14.—(Special.)—The Department of Militia and Defense at Ottawa has forwarded to the Mayor of the city of Fernie a demand for the payment of \$7457 for blankets and camp equipment sent to the stricken city immediately after the great fire of August, 1905.

VALE HIGH AIDS RESIGN

Women Teachers Quit—Criticism of Principal Denied.

VALE, OR., Feb. 14.—As a result of the controversy between many of the patrons and the principal of the Vale High School, the four assistant teachers, all women, sent their resignations to the board of trustees. This action was a result of the alleged statement of two of the trustees, Nelson and Gilham, published in a Boise paper, that the rumors and insinuations against Principal Seeley were instigated by the teachers.

PITTSBURG GRAFT TRIAL BEGINS

Trust Company Will Resume.

LA GRANDE, Or., Feb. 14.—(Special.)—It is stated on good authority here that the Eastern Oregon Trust & Savings Bank, which disposed of its business about a year ago to the United States National Bank, will resume business here shortly as a trust company.

NEW FIRMS GROWING RAPIDLY.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 14.—(Special.)—Articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of the Secretary of State as follows: Green Point Land & Water Company, principal office, Port-

land; capital stock, \$5000; Incorporators, Albert J. Capron, R. A. Maney and L. A. McNary. Sterling Gold Quartz Mining & Milling Company, principal office, Medford; capital stock, \$1,000,000; Incorporators, M. J. Love, A. P. Whitney and H. H. Lorimer. St. John Firemen's and Amateur Athletic Club, principal office, St. John; Incorporators, F. W. Valentine, J. N. Edliefsen, J. T. Murphy, Wynn Manning, John Noce, C. J. Perkins and N. K. Stelchen. Trinity Land Company, principal office, Portland; capital stock, \$4,998,000; Incorporators, F. E. Carran, J. J. Fitzgerald and Morris Senosky. The Keystone Company, principal office, Roseburg; capital stock, \$1,000,000; Incorporators, J. W. Fockins, R. E. Bell and A. Black.

INDICTMENTS ARE JOINED

Much Litigation in Case of Alleged Idaho Land Frauds Avoided.

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 14.—Judge Dietrich in the United States District Court has ordered for a separate trial made by William F. Kettnerbach, the Lewiston banker, charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government out of timber lands along the Clearwater River, and has sustained the motion of the Government for a consolidation of the cases against Kettnerbach, George H. Kester, William Dwyer and Jackson O'Keefe.

IS RAYMOND WIDE OPEN?

Sunday Saloon Question Stirs Mill Men to Action.

RAYMOND, Wash., Feb. 14.—At the last meeting of the City Council, a communication signed by the several mill companies of the city was presented in the Council. The communication recited that liquor is being sold in Raymond on Sundays to the great detriment of both the mill companies and their employees and unless the saloons strictly observe the laws regulating their business in future, the mill men will take the matter into their own hands and compel such observance.

DAMAGE SUIT WINS \$14,000

Reynolds Lumber Company is Victor Over Simpson Company.

MARSHFIELD, Or., Feb. 14.—(Special.)—In the \$100,000 damage suit of the Reynolds Lumber Company against the Simpson Lumber Company, the jury returned a verdict assessing damages at \$28,000. There was an offset of \$14,000 allowed the defendants for logs furnished the plaintiff, so the net damages allowed was about \$14,000.

BUTCHERS ARE INDICTED

Boise Grand Jury Finds Combine and Also Short Weights.

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 14.—Indictments were returned today against William Neal, agent of the Cadaby Packing Company, and against the Boise Butcher Company and the Idaho Dressed Beef Company for selling short weight meat, by the Grand Jury which has been probing into the local trust situation.

ROOSEVELT SOON ON NILE

African Expedition Leaves for Cairo Early in March.

GONDOKORO, Sudan, on the Upper Nile, Feb. 14.—Colonel Roosevelt and the members of the Smithsonian Institution African Expedition are expected here on Wednesday. The launch of General Sir Reginald Wingate, Sirdar of the Egyptian army, is waiting to convey the party to Khartoum.

AVIATORS REACH ALBANY

Burkhart's Biplane Awaits Only Good Weather to Sail.

ALBANY, Or., Feb. 14.—(Special.)—John C. Burkhart and William C. Crawford, who will conduct experiments in aviation here this summer, arrived in Albany from Portland today and will begin operations as soon as the weather permits. Burkhart's biplane was brought here from Portland by boat yesterday.

MISSING MAN FOUND DEAD

David Cooper, Fisherman and Woodchopper Drowns.

ASTORIA, Or., Feb. 14.—(Special.)—The body of David Cooper, a woodchopper, was found on the beach of Youngs Bay about five miles from this city today. The deceased, who has been missing since February 8, was a native of Scotland, 59 years of age, and unmarried.

GLAVIS DEFEATES HIS BALLINGER CHARGE

No Corruption Alleged, He Says, Only Misconduct and Bad Faith With People.

GLAVIS BECOMES ANGRY

When He Learns His Box in Seattle Has Been Broken Open and Letters of Land Department Found, Cries "Frame-Up."

(Continued From First Page.)

"The Whitewashing of Ballinger, are the Guggenheims in Charge of the Department of the Interior" by L. B. Glavis. Are you the author of that article?"

NO PAY FOR ARTICLE

"Did you receive anything for that article?"

"Not a cent."

"You wrote it gratuitously?"

"Yes, sir."

"Your testimony before the committee makes these statements of the facts as you understand them?"

"Yes, sir."

"Did you intentionally refrain from making any charges?"

"Yes, sir."

"What did you think the facts showed?"

"They proved to me that I did not think the Interior Department was in safe hands."

"I do not want your conclusions, but what definite misconduct on the part of any one did the facts show?"

"There is no charge of criminality," replied Glavis. "You have to take all the facts together and form your own opinion. You couldn't take any one fact and form a right opinion."

"Taken all together the facts then convinced you of what?"

"People's interests jeopardized."

"That the land department was not in safe hands and that the people's interests were not being protected in the Alaska case?"

"What officers did you think were not protecting the people's interests?"

"Ballinger and Dennett, and Pierce, too, rendering the decision interpreting the act of May 20, 1905. Schwartz took some action I could not see."

"You thought the facts established misconduct on the part of Ballinger and Dennett?"

"Yes."

"Conclusively as to those two men. I had not formed an opinion as to the others."

"Whom did you want to accuse?"

"Mr. Ballinger and Mr. Dennett."

"You say Ballinger and Dennett and Pierce were guilty of misconduct but you make no charge on the grounds that the Simpson Company refused to take lumber, after agreeing to purchase a stated amount, and that the Reynolds mill consequently had to be closed."

"Then you did not believe there were any corrupt motives or conduct?"

"And the most you meant to say to the President and people was that you did not think the affairs of the Interior Department were in safe hands?"

"Yes, sir."

"And that was all you did mean?"

"Yes, sir."

At the afternoon session Mr. Vertrees said: "Let us take up Secretary Ballinger. What constitutes your declaration of improper conduct on his part?"

Charges Summed Up.

Glavis proceeded at some length to sum up the reasons which he declared convinced him Mr. Ballinger was "unfit for his office and unfaithful to his trust."

"The first I would cite is the appearance of Mr. Ballinger in the Willson case. While that was a long time ago and people may have looked at things differently, his action or participation in the drawing up of an escrow agreement to turn over the claims that should have been proved up and had not been proved up, as a matter of fact, was final. But the statute of limitations has run and the evidence is not clear. The record speaks for itself."

"Another thing was Mr. Ballinger's exhibition in the summer of 1907 to support Agent Jones when he knew there had been violation of the coal land laws; his statement that he was coming to Washington to see what Congress could do to help the claimants get patents."

His next action—one of the most important in the case—that he is not loyal to his trust and not faithful to the people was this: After giving me the full right and instructions to make a complete investigation of the coal cases, he personally took up an old report by Special Agent Love a few days after and deliberately ordered the Cunningham claims to proceed to patent."

Love Report Showed Fraud.

"The Love report, to my mind—and I have acted on a thousand or more reports—did not in itself furnish a favorable recommendation. It showed there had been an understanding among the claimants and suggested fraud rather than a compliance with the law."

"Another evidence that Mr. Ballinger was not trying to protect the people's rights was his appearance before the public lands committee of the House in favor of the Cole bill, which carried out the statement Ballinger made to Jones that he would do what he could to obtain legislation which would enable these fraudulent claimants to get patents. If the Cole law had passed it would have validated the claims."

The next step Mr. Ballinger took was his official action—at least members of the bar regarded it so, and I know of no attorney of my acquaintance who would have done it in a deliberate going around and representing the other side after having been Commissioner of the Land Office and having full knowledge of the character of the investigation he had made. He did not act alone in the Cunningham group, but in the Green group as well he took six affidavits. He also acted as arbitrator between H. R. Harriman and John Hartline relative to the purchase of some coal claims."

Delay in Investigation Asked.

"His next action consisted in asking me in the Fall of 1909, when he was in politics and arranging for campaign contributions, to hold off any investigation of the coal cases. This showed he did not have the interests of the Government at heart."

Representative Olmstead: "At this

What to Do for a Cough

Here is a home-made remedy that overcomes an obstinate cough quicker than any costly medicine you could buy. Any woman can easily make it in five minutes.

Put the Pinex in a clean pint bottle and fill up with the syrup, made as follows: Take a pint of Granulated Sugar, add 1/2 oz. of warm water and stir for about 2 minutes. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours. It tastes pleasant—children like it.

This simple medicine is also a specific for colds, whooping cough, bronchitis, incipient consumption, chest pains, etc.

Pinex, as you probably know, is the most potent form of Norway White Pine Compound. It is rich in all the well-known pine elements. None of the weaker pine preparations compare with the real Pinex itself. Your druggist has it, or will gladly get it for you.

The full pint of this effective cough syrup can be made for 54 cents. It keeps perfectly, and lasts a whole family a long time. Strained honey can be used instead of the syrup, and makes a very fine honey and pine tar cough syrup.

Some of the best-known druggists here, as Laus-Davis Drug Co. (distributors), and others think so well of the above prescription that they guarantee it to give perfect satisfaction or refund the purchase price.

time was Ballinger an officer of the Government.

"No, sir; he was on a committee to get campaign contributions. Another action which showed him unfaithful was the fact that he was in the office of Mr. Schwartz, Mr. Dennett and myself that there was great necessity of having a construction of the law of May, 1908, and agreeing with the Attorney-General of such importance that the Attorney-General should act on it, and after instructing us to prepare a letter to the Attorney-General for his own department, he liberally changed his mind for some reason and turned the matter over to a subordinate of his own department."

Cowardly, Says Glavis.

"None of these are things upon which a criminal charge could be predicated but to my mind, it was far more cowardly for him to do these things than if a man had actually stolen something for which he could be indicted."

"In July, 1909, when I saw Mr. Ballinger at his office in Seattle, and told him we had been ordered to proceed to an immediate hearing, he knew the weakness of our case. The greatest weakness was the affidavits he had himself prepared for Cunningham, in spite of which he did not take any action to bring about a postponement of the hearing."

"These facts are all that I can recall that show him unfit for his office, and unfaithful to his trust and not loyal to his people."

Mr. Vertrees next questioned Glavis as to incidents connected with the turning over of his office to his successor when Mr. Glavis was dismissed from the service.

"I said he had declined to give up some of the papers until he had made copies of them, because, he said, he was convinced that 'mean and treacherous things might be done.'"

Missing Letters Brought Up.

Mr. Vertrees read a demand that Glavis' successor had made upon him for certain letters that were missing.

Glavis said he turned all the papers over to his successor, with the exception, he declared, ought to have been in his office.

Mr. Vertrees then read some letters purporting to be from the Attorney-General. Glavis said they were included in the list his successor had prepared as missing.

"Didn't you furnish these letters to this paper?" asked the attorney.

"No, sir; I did not."

"Didn't you leave some of your effects in boxes in the grand jury room at Seattle?"

"Yes, some bear skins and camping outfit."

"Now, isn't it a fact that you did furnish these letters to this paper, that you placed all the papers that had been called for by your successor in one of the boxes in the grand jury room, which was broken open on the 5th of this month, and the letters and copies found therein?"

"That is absolutely false—it is a frame-up," cried Glavis, showing anger for the first time. "Those letters did not belong to me. Why did I want them? They hurt Ballinger."

Glavis was interrupted with a question.

Applause is Squeezed.

"Wait," cried Glavis. "I want to finish. If I wanted to tear up the letters, do you think I could leave them where Federal officers could get them? It makes me indignant to think that Government officials to gain a victory with their superiors would stoop to such a thing."

The crowd in the court broke into applause. Chairman Nelson said another demonstration would result in the room being cleared.

Glavis said the letters which appeared in the weekly paper were those of which he had furnished carbon copies to the Forest Service. He had furnished these copies to the Forest Service as a further means of safeguarding the Alaska coal lands.

"When did you first do this to safeguard the Alaska coal lands?"

"After I saw the President at Beverly last September."

The last hour of the afternoon session was taken up with an examination of the witness as to the construction he had placed upon the opinion rendered by Attorney-General Wickesham after Glavis had protested against the opinion by Assistant Secretary Pierce.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL DRAGGED IN.

"Didn't you say in an article you wrote in a weekly paper that the Attorney-General overruled Mr. Pierce on every point and sustained you and thus saved the Alaska coal lands?" asked Mr. Vertrees.

"Yes," replied Glavis.

Gray's Extra Special Odd Lots Suits and Overcoats. \$22.50 and \$25.00 Suits at \$13.50. \$30.00 and \$35.00 Suits at \$18.50. ODD LOTS OVERCOATS \$30.00 and \$35.00 Overcoats \$17.50. A Great Opportunity to Buy Fine Clothes at Small Cost. This is the Last Week. R. M. GRAY 273-275 Morrison at Fourth.

CUPID'S RECORD TANGLED

Names of Applicants for Marriage Licenses Paralyze Tongue.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 13.—With sincere apologies to the Inotype operator, the marriage license clerk of Cook County announces that among the souls made happy today by the receipt of permits to wed are the following:

Stanislaw Wegryzn and Tekla Ciolek. Josef Obrokta and Zofia Kowalska. Ignatius Zalpis and Apolonia Barzkalte. Christian Rathbert and Michalola Mierzewaska. Walter Jaskiewicz and Stefania Sokolaska. Stefan P. Chabe and Rosa Czelasz. Stefan Kowal and Katarzyna Miedzak. Guglielmo Dini and Marianna Marloti. Tadeusz Raczyński and Stanislaw Olaszewski. Bonel Matejka and Antonia Vacutka. The best effect is secured by reading the list aloud.

FORCED OUT THIS LETTER TELLS THE STORY. Goodyear Raincoat Co., 225 Morrison St. Gentlemen: We will demand and take possession of the store, 225 Morrison St., on March 6th. We hereby notify you to vacate premises on the above date. Respectfully Yours, AMERICAN AMUSEMENT CO.

STORE CLOSED TODAY AND TOMORROW. To arrange entire stock for the greatest Raincoat Sale ever attempted in Portland. Watch Wednesday's and Thursday's papers. 225 MORRISON STREET GOODYEAR RAINCOAT CO. R.

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