

SENTINEL GIVES NEW VERSION OF FIGHT

Says Sutton Was Not at All Aggressive in Row That Led to His Death.

SURGEON GIVES EVIDENCE

Mrs. Sutton Expected to Testify and Tell of Challenge Sent Her Son and So Bring Another Man Into Case.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., July 26.—Today's session of the board of inquiry investigating the death of Lieutenant James N. Sutton of the marine corps afforded some surprise in the testimony given by Charles W. Kennedy, now a private in the marine corps at Norfolk, Va., and by Surgeon J. B. McCornick, who testified that Kennedy told a straightforward story of some incidents leading up to the death of Lieutenant Sutton. His testimony supported the contention of Sutton's mother and sister, that Sutton did not seek the fight with Adams and the other officers in attacking his credibility. Major Leonard, judge advocate, showed that Kennedy had been disciplined on several occasions.

Kennedy said he had been reluctant to mention his part in the affair, because Lieutenant Adams had asked him to "keep quiet." On his way to relieve a sentry at 1 o'clock on the morning of the shooting, he had come upon Sutton, Adams, Osterman and Uley in an angry argument, the witness said. Adams was in his shirt sleeves, ready for a fight.

"All right, Adams, if you want to fight, I'll fight you," the witness testified he heard Sutton say.

"They fought hard for a few minutes and Sutton's face was bloody, when Uley stopped the fight."

He said he saw the two fight again as he was going to his post. Half an hour later Kennedy heard the shots, and soon after Adams appeared and volunteered the information to Kennedy that Sutton had been shot, and that Adams had had his finger shot off.

Uley Told of Suicide.

Uley also told him Sutton had killed himself, the witness said. Next morning they both cautioned him to say nothing about the affair. While at early drill next day, the witness said, he saw Lieutenant Uley go to the edge of the parade grounds and pick up a .45 caliber revolver which Uley carried into the barracks with him. Kennedy's testimony was not shaken on cross-examination.

Dr. McCornick was present at the autopsy held on Sutton's body and examined the bullet wound, he testified. He located the wound back of and slightly above the right ear. Dr. Pickell testified it was near the top of the head. At the opening of the inquiry, Mr. Davis, Mrs. Sutton's counsel, suggested to Commander Hood, presiding member of the board, that as the witnesses on hand would not carry the proceedings beyond the week, an adjournment might be taken at the close of today's session until next week on the witnesses of Surgeon F. C. Cook and Lieutenant Harold H. Uley, of the Marine Corps, the two witnesses now abroad, are expected to arrive here on Monday. The board will continue the sessions from day to day.

Lieutenant Edward A. Osterman, U. S. M. C., was questioned by Mr. Davis in regard to the revolver which was passed to Sergeant DeHart on the night of the fight when Sutton was killed. Osterman testified he swore, however, that he did not know who gave him the weapon.

Osterman said he did not see a revolver given to DeHart and did not know who gave it to the sergeant. "But I have a recollection that some one did hand him one of the revolvers," added the witness.

Lieutenant Edward S. Willing, of the marines, was also recalled and questioned respecting the revolver incident. He, like Osterman, denied having handed the weapon to DeHart. He said he heard afterward that somebody had given DeHart a revolver, but that he never heard who the officer was who did so.

Chaufeurs Are Recalled.

William I. Owens, the chauffeur who drove the officers to camp on the night of the tragedy, was recalled and corrected his testimony. He desired to say he had never heard one of the officers call for the "sentry" instead of "orderly," after Sutton and his companions got out of his car on "The Dump."

Young Owens said he thought "orderly" and "sentry" meant the same thing when he previously testified. Young Owens said he knew Sutton and "liked him very well because he always gave me good tips," while the other men gave nothing.

Edward Griffith, the other chauffeur, was recalled and testified he heard the cry of "sentry" and Griffith's testimony did not agree as to the relative locations of their cars on the night in question.

Mrs. Sutton, the mother of the dead officer, probably will be called as a witness. It is understood she will be able to identify a written challenge and a subsequent apology from one of Sutton's brother officers in the marine corps, written but a short time before Sutton's death.

The young officer who challenged Sutton to a duel has not yet been subpoenaed as a witness, but is expected he will be summoned as a result of Mrs. Sutton's testimony. This, it is claimed, would tend to show that young Sutton was not of a quarrelsome mind and after receiving a challenge he persuaded the sender to exchange mutual apologies instead of having open trouble.

CAN'T ENTER WITHOUT \$25

New Ruling About Admission of Foreign Immigrants.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Secretary Nagel today upheld the ruling of Commissioner of Immigration Williams that an alien must have at least \$25 in his possession or be refused admission to the country. The ruling, it was explained, is not formal, but cautionary, and already is having good effect on steamship companies. Fewer immigrants are being rejected here, because greater care is being taken on the other side to see that undesirable aliens do not depart with the company's cash as not embarked.

Shipping at San Pedro.

SAN PEDRO, Cal., July 26.—Steamer Coronado arrived today from Grays Harbor, with passengers and lumber. Steamer Geo. W. Elder arrived from Portland with general cargo and passengers. Schooner Advent sailed today in ballast for Coos Bay. The steamer Fair Oaks cleared today for Grays Harbor, taking freight and passengers for San Francisco.

SNAPSHOTS OF PROMINENT FIGURES IN SUTTON INQUIRY.



MRS. PARKER AND ATTORNEY H.E. DAVIS.

BANK CLERK FLEES

Takes All Cash Institution Has in Its Vaults.

LEAVES NOTE FOR BROTHER

Tipton, Ind., Bank Forced to Close

Doors Following Disappearance of \$50,000 and Assistant Cashier.

TIPTON, Ind., July 26.—The First National Bank of this city is closed and its assistant cashier, Noah R. Marker, has disappeared, taking with him between \$50,000 and \$60,000, which was all the cash in the bank's vaults Saturday afternoon.

Marker, after taking the money, set the time lock on the safe so that it could not be opened until 9 o'clock this morning, and left the city. He left a note on the desk of his brother, William Marker, cashier of the bank, saying he had gone forever and that he had taken "enough money to pay his expenses."

Whether Marker had previously taken money from the bank's funds and covered up the defalcations by making false entries in the books cannot be known until the arrival of a National Bank Examiner.

The directors decided to suspend operations until the examiner takes charge. They posted this notice:

"N. R. Marker, assistant cashier of this bank, has absconded with all its cash. The Treasury Department at Washington has been notified and the bank will remain closed awaiting the department's instructions."

ARMENIANS RESENT CHARGE

Patriarch Threatens to Resign Unless Turks Deny Massacre Stories.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 26.—The Armenian Patriarch has threatened to resign unless the government publishes a contradiction of passages in the court-martial report accusing the Armenians of having provoked the Adana massacres.

The matter is now the subject of negotiations between the Patriarch and the Grand Vizier.

RUSH FOR LAND KEEPS UP

Registration Figures Heavier Than Last Week.

SPOKANE, Wash., July 26.—Land registration was resumed with a rush today, the figures exceeding those of any day since the first two.

In Spokane there were over 700 and at Coeur d'Alene nearly 900. Bozeman, Mont., reports over 400, and Kalispell 300. Reports of railroads indicate the rush will be heavy all week.

BAD SPUDS CAUSE TYPHOID

Potatoes Furnished Battleship Fleet Are Condemned.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., July 26.—That the recent cases of typhoid fever among the men of the battleship fleet were due to bad potatoes was the official verdict of a naval physician on the supply ship Cutler today after a thorough investigation.

Out of hundreds of barrels of potatoes in the Cutler's storeroom, about 60 per cent were condemned.

MISSIONARIES FLEE WAR

Outbreak in Chang Poo District Sends Them in Haste to Amoy.

AMOY, July 26.—Missionaries from the Chang Poo district have come to Amoy on account of the rising of anti-dynastic revolutionists.

The revolutionists are trying to enlist a foreign-trained hospital corps, and it is reported that numerous native Christians are taking part in the movement.

N. P. TRACK IS WASHED OUT

Cloudburst in Montana Will Delay Trains Several Days.

WINSTON, Mont., July 26.—A cloudburst six miles east of here this afternoon resulted in a washout of between 20 and 30 feet of the Northern Pacific main line. Traffic will be delayed eight or ten days.

FREE HIDES MEAN CHEAPER SHOES

Tariff Conferees Find Way to Harmony Is Lower Leather Goods Duty.

ASK HOUSE TO CONSENT

If Plan Is Rejected, Conferees Will Ask Taft to Secure the Needed Votes—Proposed Schedule of Leather Rates.

(Continued from Page 1.)

To President Taft with the statement that the conferees had not been able to muster sufficient votes to assure its adoption and that it devolves on the President to procure the necessary support for the program. In the event of failure, the conferees would submit a report placing a small duty on hides and the House rates on leather.

Demands of Protected Hide Men.

Senator Warren said the Western Senators would not be representing their states should they consent to the abolition of the duty on hides in the interests of the manufacturers of shoes and other leather goods, unless manufacturers are compelled to concede lower rates on leather products. While the Western Senators take the position that the removal of the duty on hides would injure the cattle business, some of them say that, because of the insistence of President Taft, they will withdraw their protests if reductions are made all along the line in the leather schedule.

Program on Hides and Leather.

The programme on which the conferees are working is as follows: Hides, free, as provided by the House, against the Senate rate of 15 per cent. Sole leather, 5 per cent, the same as in the House bill, against the Senate rate of 15 per cent.

Boots and shoes, 10 per cent, as against 15 per cent in the House bill and 20 per cent in the Senate bill. Saddlery and harness, 20 per cent, as against 35 per cent in the House bill and 40 per cent in the Senate bill.

According to Mr. Warren, the story that beefpackers are engaged extensively in the tanning business and will therefore not be in a position to object on hides has been used by the free hide lobby in manufacturing sentiment against the protection asked by the leather industry. He submitted figures to Mr. Aldrich to be used in refuting this argument.

Conflict Seems Irreconcilable.

Senators intrusted with the task of canvassing the Senate reported today that it would be impossible to adopt a report providing free hides. The Senators conferred with some of the House leaders and were informed that it is just as impossible to pass a report through the House without free hides. This information was communicated to the conferees and convinced them that it would be futile to pass any more time trying to agree unless concessions were made on cattle interests.

Change in Philippine Rates.

The Philippine tariff section was reported by the conferees at the request of the President. An amendment was adopted yesterday providing that goods manufactured in the Philippine Islands must be only of insular origin. Goods produced in the islands in order to be admitted free to the United States. The President took the position that this amendment would stifle manufacture in the islands. General Clarence Edwards, chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, called on several of the conferees and urged that an amendment be adopted providing for free admission of Philippine manufactures when not more than 20 per cent of such goods are composed of foreign material. The suggestion was adopted.

Vote on Duties Today.

The conferees took steps today toward the final disposition of the wool pulp and iron radical schedules. It is understood no rates were definitely fixed. It is reported that a duty of \$3 a ton will be levied on print paper. This carries its back on coal, oil, lumber, hosiery, gloves and print paper and iron ore will be taken tomorrow. If action is taken, all the conferees will work out the schedule, although it is in advance of the presentation of a report to the House.

'Insurrectos' Count Noses.

Aroused by Mr. Payne's insistence on free hides, the "insurrecto" element in the House held a meeting which brought out some radical speeches that have formed meetings of the tariff insurgents. A committee consisting of Representatives Gaines, Mondell and Kennedy called upon Mr. Taft and argued against the free raw material programme.

Most active among the workers on their side were Senators Clark and Warren, of Wyoming; Carter, of Montana; Idaho, and Smead, of Utah.

The action of the conferees in agreeing on free hides may cause the opposition to adopt a resolution authorizing the conference committee to place all kinds of leather and all leather goods on the free list. By this course they count on dividing all but one of the Democratic votes in the Senate and all but four of the Democratic votes in the House.

The side men think that rather than accept free leather and free shoes, the manufacturers and conferees who represent their views would be willing to concede a duty on hides.

Vote Will Be Close in Senate.

The fighting will be close in both houses. In the Senate there are 61 Republicans and 31 Democrats. Senator McHenry, of the Democratic column, will vote with the Republicans for protection. The other 30 Democrats are counted on as favorable to free leather.

With these 20 votes as a starter, it would be necessary to get 17 Republican votes.

There are about ten Senators who will go to any necessary extent to prevent the taking of duty off hides. They hope to pick up six or seven votes from among the progressive Senators who voted against the bill as it passed the Senate.

The free raw material men say that success must come, and they tell the "insurrectos" that they must either take it now or soon be asked to take free wool in addition.

At an informal meeting of the progressive Senators today, Senator Bristow made a report of a visit made to the White House today. His visit was made in view of a statement attributed to the President criticizing the position of the progressive Senators.

Tariff Conferees Find Way to Harmony Is Lower Leather Goods Duty.

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GAMBRINUS BEER



For thirty-five years the leading family beer of Portland, the uniform purity and excellence of which is never questioned. "GAMBRINUS SELECT" is the equal of any bottled beer to be obtained in the city, no matter what foreign brands are offered. If your grocer can't supply you, call up the brewery—both phones—thus insuring prompt delivery. Once tried, the customer is ours.

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GAMBRINUS BREWING COMPANY

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STROYER FEET, WILL VISIT VARIOUS PUGET SOUND PORTS WHILE HER CHARGES ARE ASSENT.

FAIR OFFICERS ELECTED. GOLDENDALE, Wash., July 26.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Klickitat County Fair Association the following officers were elected for the coming year: President, C. T. Campbell; secretary, W. H. Phelps; treasurer, W. H. Ward; and W. C. Burgen, general manager.

CHURCH TO BUILD RECTORY.

VANCOUVER, Wash., July 26.—(Special.)—The wardens and vestry of St. Luke's Parish will build a new rectory to cost \$2500. Work will begin at once.

PROSS DISPATCH GIVES FIRST NEWS.

MEDFORD, Or., July 26.—(Special.)—The parents of Bert Ramsey, who killed his wife and then himself at Seattle,

KISSES HER DRESSMAKER

Then Mrs. Law Disputes Bill, but Court Decides Against Her.

LONDON, July 26.—A \$5000 dress bill was the subject of a controversy in the Chancery Court here today between a Paris customer and Mrs. George Law, a wealthy American, who divides her time between New York, Paris and London. Mrs. Law declined to pay the bill on the ground that the costume did not fit and because the charges were extortionate. The verdict was in favor of the plaintiff, who greatly amused the court with a recital of how Mrs. Law took her to the theatre and to the Louvre, bade her copy the dresses of actresses and famous women of the Louis XV period, pictured in the Louvre, and kissed and complimented her on the admirable reproductions she supplied.

CINCINNATI'S MAYOR DYING

But Slight Hope Held Out for Recovery of Colonel Markbreit.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—Colonel Leopold Markbreit, Mayor of this city, 50-year-old, journalist and diplomat, is near death tonight and slight hope is held out that he will long survive. He is the editor of the Cincinnati Volksblatt, and was United States Minister to Bolivia from 1882 to 1872.

ITALIANS PUNISH NATIVES

Triebmen Seeking Revenge Suffer Defeat in Somaliland.

ROME, July 26.—Advices received from the Governor of Benadir, Somaliland, state that the Mohallin tribe, seeking vengeance for the capture of their chief on July 17, attacked an Italian detachment of native Ascaris. The enemy was repulsed, 45 being killed and 20 wounded. The Italian loss was five killed.

ANOTHER HENEY IN FIELD

Prosecutor's Brother, Mayor of Tucson, Leads Raid on Chinese.

TUCSON, Ariz., July 26.—Mayor Ben Heney, a brother of Francis J. Heney, the San Francisco graft prosecutor, last night headed a spectacular raid on Chinatown, arresting 26 Chinese for gambling.

WASP FLEET GOES NORTH.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 26.—The torpedoboard destroyers Hull, Truxton, Whipple, Paul Jones, Perry and Hopkins sailed on a three weeks' cruise in Alaskan waters today to familiarize the officers and men with the channels. The gunboat Yorktown, the mother ship of the de-

FIRE NEAR GOLDENDALE.

GOLDENDALE, Wash., July 26.—(Special.)—The large buildings on the Robert Richardson ranch, eight miles east from Goldendale, burned to the ground last night, causing a loss of \$5000. Seven head of stock were burned, 40 tons of hay, two new wagons and several head of cattle. The cause of the fire is a mystery.

RAILROAD MEN WIN OUT.

WINNIPEG, Man., July 26.—The Conciliation Board appointed under the Lemieux act arrived today at a unanimous decision in settling the dispute between the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway and its engineers, firemen, conductors and trainmen.

THE J. K. GILL CO.—THIRD AND ALDER

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Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

It is the best of all medicines for the cure of diseases, disorders and weaknesses peculiar to women. It is the only preparation of its kind devised by a regularly graduated physician—an experienced and skilled specialist in the diseases of women.

It is a safe medicine in any condition of the system. THE ONE REMEDY which contains no alcohol and no injurious habit-forming drugs and which creates no craving for such stimulants. THE ONE REMEDY so good that its makers are not afraid to print its every ingredient on each outside bottle-wrapper and attest to the truthfulness of the same under oath.

It is sold by medicine dealers everywhere, and any dealer who hasn't it can get it. Don't take a substitute of unknown composition for this medicine or know compromise. No counterfeits are as good as the genuine and the druggist who says something else is "just as good as Dr. Pierce's" is either mistaken or is trying to deceive you for his own selfish benefit. Such a man is not to be trusted. He is trifling with your most priceless possession—your health—may be your life itself. See that you get what you ask for.

