The Oregonian

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PORTLAND, MONDAY, APRIL 26, 1909.

TURK AGAINST TURK.

In the strife at Constantinople it is pleasant to contemplate that the warring factions are Turk against Turk. Many Armenians have been massacred-by inspiration of the Sultan's reactionary party, but there is no revolt as yet of the subjects of Mussulman rule. The Mussulmans are fighting each other.

Until this time, Sultan Abdul Hamid 11, through all of his thirty-three years' reign, has succeeded in pitting Mohammedan bigotry against the reforms of the progressive Young Turks. Abdul has been the most crafty, diaholic statesman of Europe. He has incited his followers through religlous frenzy to resist all reforms as stabs at the faith, since they raise Christians to more or less parity with

Mussulmans. According to the pro-phet's word, infidels should have nominations. Few persons think of such nominations-only those forlorn no alternative but slavery or the sword. That has been Abdul's motto. brethren who are holding out the Focs of reform have characterized the upposed Everybody else is mixing up in the promoters of the liberal movement through a generation as allies of the Republican primaries. Too bad that unfaithful. efenders of direct nominations cannot

It is to be expected, therefore, that religion should be injected into the strife of the Mussulmans. The Mohammedan priesthood has been inciting reaction and trying to undo re-It is common for the priesthood in a land to oppose progress and reform. The caretakers of religion do not like change. The story is old. One of the oldest versions of it in history runs back to 1350 B. C. in Egypt, when Pharaoh Ikhnaton, first great reformer of antiquity, was obliterated, after his death, from all the monuments the priests could find.

igure and an aggressive power in the But parliamentary forces in Con-United States Senate during the greater stantinople are in complete control. part of his long incumbency of the Senatorial office. Though retired in How they will use their power remains to be seen. There is, evidently, in Tur-1905, he was afterward a familiar figkey a powerful sentiment in their fa ure about the Capitol building, his vor, and also in the subject provinces. spare. Latest dispatches say Abdul will not be snowy beard giving him a singularly deposed, only curbed by constitutional penign and patriarchal appearance. "A bonds, until he shall be harmless. If eaf from the past," the aged ex-Senhe shall be retained, no doubt the reattor blew in and out of the building son will be that of expediency. Abdul as a reminder of past controversies, triumphs and defeats on the silver has proved himself wholly untrust-worthy. By the treaty of Berlin, in question. He finally blew into the 1878, he was pledged to the powers Georgetown Hospital, where his life to protect Christians in his dominions. f practically half a century in Washbut has permitted many horrible masington came to an end, at the age of sacres, notably those of Armenians in 82 years. 1895-6. Now again his party has evidently started the massacre of Armenjans about the Gulf of Alexandretta where 30,000 Christians are reported killed. The towns which have suffered most are Tarsus, where Paul was Mersina and Alexan dretta. Although pledged to the reform programme, his treachery undoubtedly caused the mutiny at Constantinople Jealousy among European power is all that has prevented dismemberment of the Turkish Empire. Severa large provinces have been taken away however. As a result of Turkish outrages in 1876-8, in Bulgaria, Russia made war on Turkey, and was deterred from annihilating Turkey only Great Britain. As it was, Turkey retained only nominal sovereignty over Bulgaria, and last Fall lost that province through its declaration of independence; Herzegovina and Bosnia were given to Austria, and Montenegro. Servia and Roumania were made inde-pendent, and part of Armenia was handed over to Russia. Further dismemberment of Turkey is among the possibilities, should murder and rapine spread through Turkish domini-

tim see double. Like their brethren, the physicians and the dentists, oculists need publicity, too, goodness knows. Willamette water is the most ethical thing Portland has had in many a day. Next we expect to hear from the corn doctors.

WICKEDNESS IN PRIMARIES.

Where, oh where, are the Democrats of Portland, the followers of Jefferson's and Jackson's underlying principles? Official records show no candidates for Democratic primary nominations. As for Democratic registration, there are a sparse 7272 gentlemen recorded as members of that eemingly defunct party in Multnomah County, while the Republican lists contain the names of 30,240 patriots.

Something is wrong. Many brethren are missing. Either that, or many are in the wrong pew. There is much talk of a primary nominating election next week. Every-

ody wonders whether Bailey, McDonell, Rushlight or Simon will be nominated for Mayor, as Republican. It is a free-for-all contest, for Repubicans and Democrats allke. Yet the primary law intends that Republi-

ans and Democrats shall not interfere with each other. Says the preamble of that law: "Every political party and every

law unsullied and remove their foot

all supporting the successful nomined

and thus disproving their alleged mis-

A LEAF FROM THE PAST.

leaf from the past. His advocacy of

silver coinage made him a prominent

Announcement of the death of ex-

Wait and see.

the state."

onduct.

voluntary political organization has the same right to be protected from short. the interference of persons who are 72,000 boxes of apples to California, not identified with it as its known and where they sold at prices ranging from publicly avowed members, that the government of the state has to protect itself from the interference of persons who are not known and reg-River's trade is not new. istered as its electors. It is as great a wrong to the people, as well as to the members of a political party, for

any election or other proceedings of the O. R. & N. It was a momentous such political party as it is for one who is not a qualified and registered lector to vote at any state election or take any part in the business of

There is no rivalry for Democratic Such a deal as that of Hazel Fern farm for \$2,000,000 was never dreamed of; nor that of a piece of a block back in the woods on Sixth undying light to burn. keep the fair fame of their primary from what their law calls evil. They may redeem themselves, however, by Senator William A. Stewart, of Neand frugality count for much. To ada, was, in effect, the turning of a gether with a clear vision ahead, they

outstrip dreams and fables

Explosions in coal mines in recent 1000 white locks and redundant

Nevada came into the Union at the behest of the silver interest, and at the same behest William A. Stewart stood staunchly in the United States Senate from the "rotten borough," 28 years, all told. A break of two

THE MORNING OREGONIAN, MONDAY, APRIL 26, 1909.

that Willamotte water makes the vic- selling it four or five times over every day. Mr. Patten, who was the first to foresee the coming shortage of wheat and who, in spite of an enormous shor selling interest among the Wall street millionaires, has made millions by his knowledge, has always advocated the removal of the duty on grain, knowing, as he does, that prices in this country cannot be kept above a

parity with those of other countries. If the gentlemen who are now devising means for preventing alleged corners in wheat will devote their time to getting the duty removed, they will accomplish more real good than can ever be accomplished in the pursult of a "corner," which, at its worst or best, is an elusive, intangible transaction not easily proved or identified.

LOOKING BACKWARD AND AHEAD.

Oregon celebrated the semi-centennial of its statehood this year, and Portland is marking the year with big land deals and with skyscrapers that would have made the old settlers dizzy. Fifty years ago there were close to 2500 people in this city. There were twenty-eight small brick buildings, only one of which reached three stories. In 1859 four brick structures were crected, three of them two stories. In the city election, year before, the vote polled was 460. In 1859 the first daily newspaper was published, the Daily News, but its life was In that year Portland shipped

3 to 25 cents a pound. These were wormless, scabless apples, just like they grew in Eden. So we see Hood In 1859 was organized the Union Transportation Company, which later developed into the Oregon Steam Navone who is not known to be one of its igation Company, and still later into members, to vote or take any part at

> year for Portland. The town was talking about a railroad to California. Its trade was building up in many di-But the beginnings then, as looked back upon now, were small and crude.

street for \$350,000, where the Orpheum Theater is; nor those of terminals still farther off in the woods for millions of dollars. But that these deals will seem small when Oregon shall celebrate the centennial of its statehood there is no doubt. The city by that time will have grown beyond the limits of present comprehension. The state will be threaded by railroads in every direction. The men who have bought land at what seemed high prices have very clear vision. They are looking far ahead. Industry

WHERE PROTECTION IS NEEDED.

nonths have given to a town of about population, in West Virginia, fifty-three widows and seventy-six orphans, whose means of support lapsed with the lives of their husbands and fathers. A circular, setting forth these facts, together with an appeal for help, embodies also the statement that the coal company owning and operating these mines had, besides supplying temporary assistance to the destitute victims, subscribed \$5000 to a relief fund. But it was added: West Virginia cannot cope with the situation unaided."

Commenting upon this statement, the Saturday Evening Post says: "We have been hearing considerable about West Virginia industries of late from that stalwart champion of them, Senator Elkins, who is personally, we be-

of meanest deception and most bruta intrigue to bring about a situation such as now prevails in Servia. The sole purpose of this was, of course, the usual "well-organized" military detachment marching under the peaceful banner of the White Czar to "restore order," etc., and, incidentally, to remain there. To this end Russia brought about, in 1889, the abdication of King Milan, whose Austrian sympathies were not at all satisfactory to Russia. With the same stroke it proclaimed Alexander, the 13-year-old son of Milan, King of Servia. Finding the boy unmanageable, the Czar's agents began to devise schemes to make the boy king unpopular. Their culminating achievement was a mat-

rimonial plot by which they got the boy under the influence of Madame Draga Mashin, a handsom widow ne nine or ten years older than himself, whom he finally married, in 1900, against the bitter protests of both his government and subjects!

This marked the beginning of the end so successfully laid out by the Czar's government; three years later, before the dawn of June 11, 1903. while Mr. Tcharikoff, the Czar's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, was actually looking from one of the windows of his residence facing the front of the royal palace, the butchered and mangled bodies of King Alexander and Queen Draga, insufficiently dressed, were thrown out from the upper floor into the garden. Russia had Peter Karageorglevitch proclaimed King of Servia. With him as King, the Czar's government hoped in time to attain full concombining beautification of the nattrol of the little Balkan state. But

while working toward such final triumph, the Russian-Japanese war came on. Hence it is that when the culmination of a long line of brutal intrigues has finally come and ushered in the Servian crisis, the imperial government finds itself hopelessly inthe state capable of carrying out its long-cher-Under such circumished plans. stances poor Adamzad, the bear who

ooks like a man, is looking for laurels in the detachment that is to protect the foreigners in Persia. Alas! How the old world doth wag!

"Drunkenness, disorderly conduct and vile and abusive language" is the charge against a band of cowardly rowdles who were arrested by a squad of Deputy Sheriffs on late St. John and Mount Scott cars Saturday night.

This is the second attempt made by the Sheriff to stop the indecencies of hoodlums who force women, children, and even men who dislike to engage in a rough-and-tumble fight on a streetcar to listen to their profanity and endure their boorlsh rowdyism Naturally, an individual who would engage in such foul conduct is always a coward, and, like all cowards, is very penitent when made to feel the effect of the law. This expression of cowardice, however, should not enable

them to escape the penalty for their conduct. A good, stiff fine, or a few days on the rockpile, would have a tendency to make these hoodlums show more regard for the rights of decent. law-abiding people who are at times forced to travel on the same car with them.

The world's wheat crop for 1908 was 3,118,000,000 bushels, including 15,-000,000 bushels which no one but Secold worm fencing of pioneer days. Except in the case of "bottom r retary Wilson could find in Oregon, Washington and Idaho; this, com-pared with a crop of 3,062,000,000 bushels in 1907, 3,414,000,000 in 1905. 3,249,000,000 in 1905, 3,134,000,000 fence, and furnish the very best of fuel; a hint which some of those who bushels in 1904 and 3,238,000,-000 bushels in 1903. This is an still have rail fences on their farms average of 3,219,400,000 bushels for may take with profit. Mr. Mathes re-tired from the active management of the five years preceding 1908, and shows the world's output last year to be 101,200,000 bushels last his farm some years ago, but although he is approaching the four score mile post in life's journey, he still prides below the average for the five preceding years. As the world's consump tion of wheat has not decreased in the five years, it is easy to understand why wheat stocks the world over are at very low ebb, and why wheat is selling in every big grain center in the United States at the highest price reached in twenty years.

PLAN TO STOP WATER-WASTE WORLD'S FAIR AT BOSTON, 1920 To Commemorate Landing of Pilgrims

New York State Engineers Talk of \$30,000,000 for Proposed Reservoirs. New York World.

a scale anywhere in the world.

inadequate supply or ignorance

and without any further encroachmen

ENDURANCE OF OREGON OAK.

Preserved, Now Used for Fuel.

Ashland Tidings. Out of the discarded rall fences on

he old farm in Phoenix precinct, Will-

at his home on Baum street a supply

of oak wood for household use. This is not a very remarkable fact in itself, but there are some particu-

Mr. Mathes had settled in the Rogu-

Fifty-six years ago, after

lars in connection that make

of it.

am Mathes, of this city, is storing up

ployment.

on Niagara.

The gigantic project of conserving The Herald announces the inception of a the billions of gallons of water tha run to waste in the 12 watersheds o New York and transforming it into in movement to commemorate by an international exposition in Boston, in 1920, the 200th anniversary of the landing of the dustrial energy, with a resultant rev-enue to the state, is the subject to be pligrims and the founding of New Engpresented to the Legislature, before adland. Steps are being taken to establish a per-

journment, by engineers of the state water supply commission, who have spent two years figuring out a prac-tical plan. manent organization, which should represent the leading financial, commercial, in-Carried into effect at a cost which cannot fail below \$30,000,000, the scheme means the wiping out of vil-lages and the erection on their sites dustrial, educational, artistic and religious interests of New England, for the consur

mation of this project. Without doubt this announcement will be received with general approbation and enthusiasm; all in-terests, all sections and, indeed, all the of huge dams and reservoirs; the ripterests, all sections and, indeed, all world, should give the movement hearty world, should give the movement hearty ping up of railroad tracks; the sub-mersion of country roads and the forming of them into navigable waexposition would celebrate more than an event of sectional importance, more than terways; the construction of a system

and Founding of New England.

Boston (Mass.) Herald.

of reservoirs on the upper Hudson that will practically do away with great a conspicuous incident in the annals of a faith; it would commemorate the beginfaith: freshets; the enlargement of Schroon ning of the world's first free government, where all men and all religions are free Lake in the Adirondacks, so as to eswhere all men under the law. tablish a continuous line of deep-water navigation for 30 miles; the trans-In 1920, 16 years will have elapsed since formation of three hamlets into water preceding great exposition in this fronts, with piers at their doors; the country, that of St. Louis, which com-memorated the Louisiana Purchase; 20 plying of vessels between villages

over what are rocky turnplkes-why, it would all sound like a chapter clipped from the prospectus of Mulyears will have passed since the preced-ing great exposition in Europe, that of Paris in 1900. The interval is, therefore berry Sellers were it not buttressed by hard, practical engineering facts. not too short, nor is the announcement too far in advance. An enterprise of such magnitude requires years of forethought It is not likely, even after the two years' survey and exhaustive investi-

and expert preparation. Japan is devoting ten years to preparation for the Tokio Ex. gation of the tremendous possibilities presented, that a full working plan can be prepared in less than another position, which will open in 1918. It is none too soon, therefore, to serve notice to the world if a world's fair is to be held in Boston; if in 1920 this city is to year; but when it is finished it will be put forward as an engineering feat "Ah, now I have it!" quoth Srilloko Holmbo, the great African detective. "Have what?" inquired his companion. "What! Why, the identity of the party whose trail we have been following the last two days, of course. This is the third wrecked typewriter work of the second

be the Mecca for the people of all naural with the utilization of what are tions. spent forces never attempted on such New England alone of all the section It is

of the United States has had no great exdesigned according to the plans of the engineers, hot only to turn the composition. Correspondence on the subject is invitthe freest expression of responsible

paratively valueless parts of forest and meadow into spots of sylvan opinion is desired. And now that the movement is begun, let Boston, New Engbeauty, but to increase the wealth of by adding to its industries land and the country work together in united effort and determination to forand creating new avenues of emward it to a brilliant and successful con-There are in New York 1824 plants summation.

run by water power; their total horse-power is \$20,000. The actual horse-power in use is 618,942, due either to RAISIN-EATING DAY IS APRIL 30

owners of the power value of water as compared with fuel. If the system Suggestions for Lemon and Peanut Anniversaries; What About Prunes? of reservoirs and dams as projected becomes an actuality, the energy will be increased to 2,000,000 horsepower Baltimore Sun

The slogan of the Golden State for the last day of the present month is "Eat California raisins." April 30 is Raisin rnia raisins." April 30 is Raisin Twenty thousand tons of the last crop remain uncaten, and the appeal of the raisin-eating committee to all the loy-al sons of California, embracing also the Fence Rails Cut 56 Years Ago, Well

daughters, is to "eat 'em up." Everybody in California is selling raisas, and eating them while they sell. The dining cars are pressing them upon their guests; the physicians are enthusiastic and the appendix surgeons are recom-mending them for a steady die. The rais-in committee is urging the Commissary-

Knicker-So Jones has a great revenue-General of the Army to put raising h each ration, and the sailors, it is declared Bocker-Yes, floe.-New York Sun. should join in the chorus. Sixty thousand tons of raisins are produced in California each year. That is 120,000,000 pounds. An increase of 1 cent a pound on the price of raisins means a char gain to Califor-nia of \$1,290,000 each year. Let the people out them and ements a dominate which we Ted-Tom married a divorces, you know. Do you think they are happy? Ned-So far. She hasn't yet told him she was a fool to divorce her first hushand in

River Valley and began to hew his farm out of the wilderness, he himself made these identical rails in the oak timber on the "commons" west of the old town of Phoenix, and laid the eat them and create a demand which will put the price up 2 cents. Appeal to Mr. Payne, of the Payne bill, and get him to

fencing on his place. There they have withstood the ravages of more than jack up the duty on raisins. The establishment of raisin-eating day half a hundred of Winters and Sum-mers, only to be replaced recently by is full of suggestions. A day might he set a modern wire fence which is not only more up to date, but is much more conserving of valuable land than the apart as lemon-sucking day. Virginia might make peanut day a legal holiday; Boston could have a bean day, and Lou-Islana could set aside the 1st of June for

the people to consume sugar and suck sugar rags. Maryland would unhappily ralls" resting on the ground the timber in be out of this race. She grows such a variety of edible products that if we atthem was well preserved, too, and Mr. Mathes had them hauled to his home in Aahland for firewood, and in this way, he says, they pay for the new tempt to create a stimulated m having eating days, it would keep people

eating every day in the year.

KILLING OF TWO BIG LYNX.

Here negotiations ceased.-Louisville Courier-Journal. The Latter Baid a Lamb Corral and Are Caught Near Condon, Or.

B. K. Searcy has returned from a grand

Condon Times.

CIVIL SERVICE CAREERS WIN.

Possibilities

There are signs, however, that the ommittee of union and progress will have matters sufficiently in hand to command order. Their success will certainly give hope of better things to the dissatisfied and persecuted elements and to the world.

ETHICAL WILLAMETTE WATER.

It is not enough that certain physicians should gain a lot of free, "ethical" advertising out of the attack on Willamette water, which was pumped through West Side pipes, during about four days, in place of the usual Bull Run. Now comes a dentist, evidently bent on the same purpose, telling of the damage Willamette germs have brought the teeth. In a letter to this paper he says:

So many physicians have used the alfeged Willamette water microbe as a medium for ethical advertising that I arise to add my of testimony. Since Willamette water s pumped into the West Side pipes, two sks ago. I have been rushed with tooth airs, to such an extent that I am conhit of testimony. repairs, to such an extant that 1 am con-vinced that some of the germs discovered by Dr. Yenney, Dr. Matson, Dr. Pohl and others, don't so down the threat into the intestines, but take up their abodo in the tosth, where they bore holes which have to be filled up with silver and gold. By my pahloss method I have dug several of these serms out of the cavities and iden-tified them by means of chemical and bac-terfelogical tests. While I do not wish to scare the public. I think the public ought to know what I have discovered and who I am. Neither the State Board of Dental Examiners nor the Dental Association will impute to me nonchical motives in this letter, for the simple reason that, like the ropairs. interior for the simple reason that, like the mention in the personal column, it does not cost me anything. In this respect I am fortunate, like the physiciana. While it is true that all kinds of food and drink contain more or less disease and decay germs still, Willamette water is the most con-venient thing to rest the blame on. I have not looked for germs in pure Bull Run water, for the reason that no reputable dentist physician thinks it worth while to r his reputation on the results of such an

mation. tempted to say his discovery is an also have the effect of curtailing ac-after-thought for the purpose of tivity of the wheat gamblers, who, throwing doubt on the testimony of with three-fifths of the 1909 wheat the physicians. We shall expect next crop not yet knee high, and the other

took place between 1875 and 1887. He was a polltician rather than a statesman, and a legislator of a fast-passing type.

WHEAT FOR THE FREE LIST. Varied in hue and shape are the rold bricks that are passed out to the farmer to secure his support of poli-cles which are almost invariably framed for the exclusive benefit of the ive talents." gold brick artist. Of all the wild de-lusions which secure the support of the agricultural classes, without in the slightest degree improving the con-dition of the victim, nothing quite equals the political hypnotism that causes a farmer to believe he is helped by a duty on wheat, ' This absurdity answers its purpose of keeping the farmer vote in line on all kinds of protection, for the farmer has been led to believe that prices are in deadly peril from an invasion of cheap wheat. The extreme silliness of this theory is shown when we remember that so long as we produce any wheat for export, the price for that wheat will be determined by the natural competition in foreign markets, and not by

any protective tariff. For instance, we find quoted in foreign trade papers, in the order named, Australian, Walla Walla, Manltoba, Alberta, Chilian, River Platte, Barusso, Karachi, Russian and Danubian wheat. There is but little variation in the prices quoted and what varlation exists is caused by difference in weight and quality, some grades of foreign wheat selling at higher prices than are quoted for some of the Amer ican grades. It is thus a self-evident fact that American farmers are not threatened with an invasion of foreign wheat, so long as the foreigner can sell his wheat in a market that makes the price, not only for the United States, but for every part of the world where wheat is grown for

export. The subject is attracting considerable attention at this time by

reason of the abnormal condition of the wheat market. The extraordinary prices 'paid for cash wheat at Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis and even in such comparatively non-consuming territory as Portland, reveal a scarcity of wheat that portends very high prices before another crop is grown. In the event of there being an insufficient supply for home requirements, it may become necessary to import wheat from some other country. But since our farmers have sold their stocks at high prices, it cannot truthfully be said that they would suffer by the importation of wheat from some other country, even though it came in duty free.

In other words, the farmer has nothing to lose by the emergencies which would make possible the importation of wheat, and the consumer might be The dentist is tardy with his infor-nation. It comes so late that one is at least. Removal of the duty would benefited to the extent of the duty

uninterested not entirely Certain reductions in duty nining. proposed by the Payne bill do not meet the Senator's approval. H stands firmly for protection of the interests of his state. Legislation enabling his state 'to cope with such a situation unaided' by putting the risk in mine disasters where it belongsupon the mining industry-might not be unworthy of the Senator's protect-

This suggestion will, of course, b acted upon it would materially lessen the need of aid for the forlorn groups of women and children that hover, in shuddering desolation, about the 'pit's mouth" after disaster and death nave deprived them of such support as the coal miner is able to give his famly. The disasters that gave rise to the appeal for aid above noted were peculiarly harrowing, coming, as they lid, close together in mid-Winter, and occurring in the same mine. The first vas on December 29 and resulted in the death of sixty-six men. The State Mine Department permitted resumption of work in the mine ten days later; five days thereafter the second

explosion occurred, and the death list numbered fifty-three. The later explosion, at least, may be very properly placed in the list of pre-ventable disasters. The coal mine

The coal mine perators, however, find it cheaper to take the risk of explosion in their mines, and when it occurs, to render temporary assistance to the dependent families of victims, than to guard against the probability of such ex-plosions. The protection of which Senator Elkins is a champion busies itself with the interests of but one lement in production-that of capital. In the adjustment of mighty forces and their profits, labor, with its risks and its needs, does not count.

RUSSIA'S QUEST IN PERSIA

The imperial government of Russia. whose military and naval power but recently was destroyed by the island empire of the East, and whose affairs are torn by disintegration at home, is now looking for some excuse to inform the world that it is still in the field. Hence it is that the governing caste of the land of the Czar, out of pure love for foreigners residing in Tabriz, Persia, hath dispatched a "well-organized" military detachment to th Persian seat of troubles to defend the oppressed and succor the injured. To those familiar with conditions prevailing in the Russian Empire, the persistent effort of the Czar's government to get itself once more on the map of the world as a great fighting power is about as entertaining as are the

exploits of the celebrated and ingenlous gentleman known in the world of letters by the name of Don Quixote de La Mancha. Nothing shows more clearly how

thoroughly Russia was beaten than its helplessness in the Balkan mix-up, occasioned by the Servian muddle. For a full quarter of a century Russia has to hear from the oculist, to the effect two-fifths not out of the ground, are been persistently carrying on a system

The Harriman system lands quite effectually on the California fruitgrowers, who are now in the courts eking lower rates, by noting the fact

treated as an impertinence, but if that California oranges sell for higher prices in California than they do in the East, where they are hauled by the railroads. This does not neces. sarily imply that Mr. Harriman has been paying the growers for the privilege of moving their product across the continent, but it calls attention to a peculiar economic situation. The same commercial phenomena are no ticeable here in Oregon. For example, the best Oregon apples are held at higher prices in Portland than they are selling for in New York, or even If Portland ever strikes in London. the key to this mystery, it may be able to get something besides "culls" when the apple season is on.

With our active missionaries in imminent danger in so many strange places throughout the world, it is gratifying to learn that at least one of them is safe. From Nigeria, which must be in "darkest" Africa, comes the report that the Rev. S. G. Pinnock. Baptist missionary, has been ordered by a native chief to leave the Province of Oyo. According to the dispatches, the chief offered no reason for extending the invitation, but it was probably due to the fact that he had a religion of his own that was more satisfactory to his own people than the samples carried by the Baptist missionary.

> Senator Bourne might secure the Mexican appointment for his real friend Chris Schuebel. And then, again, he might not.

The flatboat has all rights on the iver over the fastest steamer. So, too, will the pedestrian on the street in time to come.

Gifford Pinchot indignantly denies hat he has been muzzled. Sure thing. Only the garrote will stop him.

Bull Patten will find that it is a litle harder to get the wary trout in his little corner, and then out.

A Los Angeles dishwasher has in-herited \$30,000. Now he can smash em to his heart's content.

And still the heads of the Water Department hang on; perhaps for an other salary increase.

Portland is the best baseball city on the Coast. Now let us make it the most decent.

Mr. Bourne should look out for the under crust when he serves the ple.

maelf on his physical energies and handling the bucksaw in cutting these ralls into stove wood length with apparently as much agility as when he first hewed them out of the trees of the forest in 1853. And he thinks he has a unique distinction in executing this particular job that no Southern Oregon ploneer can win from

Wood Pulp Makes a Boom Town.

St. Johns, N. F., Dispatch to New York Evening Post.

tract in the central section of New-foundland is today, because of the States, a town of nearly 2000 inhab-itants. Grand Falls, which had its inception in the fact that an English newspaper owner desired to assure himself of a continuous supply of pulp wherewith to manufacture his paper, is the latest of the "boom" towns

there has been laid out a dam of 1000 feet wide, capable of storing 100,000,-000 feet of logs, which assure the townspeople steady occupation; two separate railroad lines, a power station of 45,000 horse power capacity, a pri vate telephone system, and nearly 400 serviceable houses. Several steam-

from his homestead in the Siletz res-ervation. Mr. Avery says there is even boats will be put in commission as soon as active manufacturing is begun. now four feet of snow about his capin, a condition that for a decade has not prevailed there at this time of year. From this it is argued that about the This will be early next Fall. It is understood that an expenditure of \$6,000,000 will be necessary to the fulfillment of the plans. The timber latter part of May or first of June the Willamette and Mary's River will be from the great forests surrounding Grand Falls will be cut, and in nearly on a greater rampage than during the Winter. The cool Spring has kept the a score of mills it will be put through the various processes which are necesmountain snows from melting, and if this is held up awhile longer, the hot days of June will take it off with a sary before the finished product is turned out.

rush.

O hen!

O hen!

Thirty-seven Years of Lifesaving.

New York Sun In the 37 years, 1871 to 1908, of the existence of our present lifesaving service, the aggregate results have Knoxville Sentinel. 'The first "Dreadnought" of the British navy was sold for scrap from last month.

been:	
Disasters 1 Persons involved 12 Lives lost Persons succored at stations 2	1,09 11,28
Days succor afforded	9,87
Value of vessels\$188.89 Value of cargoes	T.68
Value of property involved 265,04 Value of property saved	4.00
Value of property lost 63,92	2,47
In his 1908 report the Hon. Get	OTE
B. Cortelyou, Secretary of the Tr	eas

ury, says: "The act of the Congress, approved March 26, 1998, increasing the conpensation of the field force of the service, has done much to improve the conditions heretofore complained of with respect to the difficulty experlenced in securing suitable men for the

"It is to be regretted, however, that The law carries no pension or retire-ment feature, which would have per-mitted the Government to recognize appropriately the deserts of a class of men engaged in hazardous public ser-vice."

Big Specimen of Babyhood.

Ione Froclaimer. The wife of Mr. Dempsey gave birth to a big boy last Saturday evening. It weighs 14% pounds, and Mrs. Jordan has her hands full taking care of the as ner names ion taking care of the young man. Dr. Chick pronounces him a fine specimen of babyhood, and the ladies of town are taking walks that way to look at the biggest baby ever born in this part of the country.

te hunt, and tells a thrill a fight between his dogs and two big lynx Mr. Scarcy had been trapping coyote from Murtha & Monahan's lumber camp and one morning it was found that eight ncrease in the number of places in the or ten lambs were killed in the corral, some of them being carried off bodily. The track of a lynx was found, and Mr. Searcy lost no time in putting his hounds on the trail, which trail the dogs folcivil service. The total is already large enough to be a serious draft on the most promising of the Nation's army of young men. By frequent examinations, the lists lowed for about three miles, until they came to a cave in some rocks, where the male lynx and his mate, the latter just are kept up so that those who fall below high standards have little chance of appointment. The hard road to success in ready to make an increase to the lynx family, were found. Then commenced a private life, which develops the best qualities, the drudgery which precedes suc-

battle grim and great; five dogs against two lynx, with Mr. Searcy afraid to shoot for fear of killing the dogs. Finally he succeeded in sending a bullet through the big male lynx, which about ended the game. One of the dogs lost an eye in the melee and the others were badly scratched and bitten. Mr. Searcy brought the hides to town in triumph, together with the pelts of 14 coyotes, and claimed his bounty. The lynx are of the big spotted variety and measured about five feet from nose to tail and stand about 18 inches at the shoulder. They are among

Willamette's Rise, in One Month. Corvallis Timps. "Pol" Avery came in the other day

Glory and Guineas Both Gone.

It was built 30 years ago and cost \$3,-

Multiplication of Horrors.

Lines to a Common Hen

usan F. Burbank in Woman's Home Com-

Thou gem of animal depravity, Thy skull naught but a willess cavity, Philosophers assert with gravity That I am kin to thee!

Again! Again! Must I walk 'round that coop And give an awkward scoop To clutch the vacant air And find that you're not there Nor anywhene! And then Begin again, O hen!

O hen! What then? Must I walk 'round the fence Because you squawk pretense You cannot find the hole Through which you lately stole In almoses stroll

then walk 'round again,

fied civil service is also sending con-stantly into private business and profes-sional life a number of men who profit by the special experience which they have had under the Government. Patent Offices examiners become patent lawyers, and customs experts in the Treasury Depart-ment become custom-house attorneys. The Department of Agriculture is steadily sending men into the arcientiture is steadily. sending men into the agricultural in-dustries, and so the welding of the civil service with the general basiness of life has become very much more close than

would at first sight appear.

Profanity in Boys. Savannah News

It is a regrettable fact that profanity has become common among the boys. It is not in the least out of the ordinary, where a group of boys of 10 to 15 years is together upon the streets or in any open space to play a game of hall, to hear them using oaths that might suit the tongues of the proverbial fishwife or costermonger, but which are shocking failing from the tongues of children of tender years. Of all studied and siliy vices, profanity is one of the worst and most abominable. A simple statement of fact is much stranger than any statement 000.000. The present "Dreadnought" cost more than \$10,000,000. most abominable. A simple statement of fact is much stronger than any statement embellished with swearwords, and no lie is made any the more believable by be-ing framed in profanity. In fact, both truth and falsehood are weakened by swearing and taking the Lord's name in vain. Foul epithets and comparisons are not convincing, but are almost in-variably disgusting, except to those making use of them. Profanity among man seems to be growing less and less, at least in public places and among those who may lay claim to decency and some education. But the habit seems to have firmly fixed itself upon a great many of the boys, who may imagine it mannish to use profanity and smoke 'New York Sun. There is but one Skowhegan, but how many of our esteemed friends now pres-ent know that there are two Oshkoshes and three Kalamazoos? mannish to use profanity and cigarettes.

Wheat Crop News.

Indianapolis News. Winter wheat may not be in ns good condition as it might be, and the pros-pect for Spring wheat is perhaps not glowingly promising, but the paper wheat erop is doing fine.

Successful Agriculturist.

Chicago Tribune. Farmer Patten is one of the few eminent agriculturists who can harvest crop of \$1.26% wheat at this season of the year.

by: Hitchcock and Cortelyou. Boston Transcript In the United States there is a steady

cees, does not deter the ambitious young man when nothing else offers. But the

inducements which the civil service holds out are exactly the things which lure the young, even the ambitious. It gives an

living, with leisure to pursue the studies

Of recent years the examples of Mesars, Cortelyou and Hitchcock, both employea

in the classified service, who have risen to places of prominence in the political world, have added much to the attractive-

ness of it as a career by showing that it may carry great possibilities. The classi-fied civil service is also sending con-

opportunity for one to earn a co

of a profession.

Life's SunnySide

"Is music of any practical benefit;" was the question asked by one of a party

was the question asked by one of a party discussing the subject. "Well," replied the cynic, "judging from

the photographs of eminent violinists - it

. . .

Mr. Henpeck-We're going to remove to

the seaside, doctor. Doctor-But the climate may disagree with your wife. Mr. Henpeck-It wouldn't dare!-Phila-

"Kind sir," whiled the ragged individ-ual in the crownless hat, "could you give me a dime?" "No!" snapped the well-dressed man, "I

Then will you give me some advice,

"No; that will cost you \$5. I am a law-

A neighbor called to condole with a

coman on the death of her husband, and

concluded by saying: "Did he leave you very much?" "Nearly every night," was the reply.--

Newlywed (after the honeymoon)-How

ras it you had such simple tastes before

Mrs. Newlywed-I had to in those days.

wrecked typewriter we've found, and in-variably it is the T bar which is battered

Dr. Charles A. Eaton, of the Madison-

"Laginess is responsible for too much of

Avenue Baptist Church, said in the course of a brilliant after-dinner speech in Cleve

"Latiness is responsible for too much of the misery we see about us. It is all very well to blame alcohol for this misery, to blame oppression and injustice, but to what heights might we not all have climbed but for our insinees?" "We are too much like the supernumer-ary in the drawn," he wont on "bybo

ary in the drama," he went on, "who had to enter from the right and say, 'My

"Look here, super,' said the stage man-ager one night, 'I want you to come on from the left instead of the right after this, and I want you to transpase your speech. Make it run hereafter, "The car-riage waits, my Lord."

"The super pressed his hand to his brow.

Bocker-Yes, tax every aspirant for of-

Mother-And when he proposed did you

tell him to see me? Daughter-Yes, mamma; and he said

he'd seen you several times, but he want-ed to marry me just the same .- The

. . .

He-Well, you never saw anybody sign theok with a sword, did you?-Hius

. . .

"If you'll take a little in return."

"Can I offer you a little friendly ad-

s mightier than the sword?

She-Fred, do you believe that the pen

order to marry him .- Brooklyn Life,

More

study?

anybody sign

Successes of

ord, the carriage waits.

study!

groaned."-Cleveland Loader.

naking scheme?

Sphinx.

He

trated Bits.

beyond hope of repair. From which may deduce, my dear Wotso, that-

could get the money out of papa.

hich wa

Mr. Henpeca delphia Inquirer.

yer."-Harper's Weekly.

"Nearly even. Glasgow News.

Brooklyn Life.

married you?

Judge.

and, O.:

sir?

keeps the hair from falling out"-Londo Tit-Bits.

What was several months ago a wild which have periodically sprung up on the North American continent. Within 50 square miles of territory the most ferocious of the cat family and can stand off almost any kind of dog.