ZEPPELIN AIRSHIP DRIVEN BY STORM

Huge Dirigible Swept Far From Course by Gale Too Strong for Its Motors.

BALLOON IS NOT DAMAGED

Attempt to Sail From Friederichshafen to Munich and Return Fails After Vessel-Has Been Out Eleven Hours.

MUNICH. April 1.—Count Zeppelin, who landed safely in his airable today, after a thrilling battle in the clouds with contrary winds, passed the night close to where his craft landed on a marshy tract, 48 miles northeast of Munich. He took up his quarters in the automobile of Count you Oberstadt, president of the Bavarian Automobile Club, which was especially built for camping out.

As soon as it was known that Count

built for camping out.

As soon as it was known that Count Zeppelin had landed, troops hurried up from various sections to render assistance. A battalion of infantry and three squadron of heavy cavalry were the first to arrive on the scene. Later came the balloon corps from Munich, having with them gas and apparatus for the refilling of the balloon, if necessary.

Great crowds of people flocked to the scene, and they remained near the airship until long after nightfall.

High Praise for Zeppelin.

Count Zeppelin's feat in safely landing Count Zeppelin's feat in safely landing in a gale that was blowing about 5 miles an hour is highly praised by aeronauts who have tried the experiment. He was desirous of returning to Munich to pass the night, but the wind increased in violence and it was impossible for him to do see

Count Zeppelin, however, intends to re-sume his voyage early tomorrow morning and will make another attempt to land

and will make another attempt to land at Munich.

The airship left Friederichshafen early this morning, and five hours later appeared in the air over the outskirts of Munich. A distance of 111 miles was covered in the five hours. The Count left Friederichshafen with the intention of trying to sail from there to Munich and back. It was his intention to land here in the presence of the Frince Regent and the entire garrison of Munich, but in consequence of the squally and increasing wind the maneuvers were impossible. An attempt to land was made over the parade grounds outside the city, but as soon as it was seen to be impossible the ship was lifted again. The Count then tried to return to Munich, but by this time the wind was so strong he could make no headway, and it was noticed that the airship was being driven sideways down the wind. When the seriousness of the situation was realized troops were ordered out to follow the sirship, and these prepared to render any assistance possible.

No Relief in Height.

No Relief in Height.

The Count tried to overcome the resistance of the wind by rising to a greater alkilinde, but this maneuver apparently was not successful, for the balloon was driven rapidly from the sight of the people of Munich in a northeasterly direction.

At a quarter past 11, two hours after its first appearance here, the airship was

The airship is manned by Count Zeppellin, Mayor Speriing, several officers of the engineer corps, and a crew of soldiers from the balloon battalion of the

DOOM OF BALLOONS INVENTED

California Man Has Method to Destroy Dirigibles 10 Miles Off.

LOS ANGELES, Cal. April L.—The death knell of the gas-inflated dirigible airship as an instrument of war has been sounded, according to C. W. Sirch, a local inventor, who. It is said, has devised a method of destroying a balloon at a distance of 10 miles. Mr. Sirch is keeping his method a secret, but he says that a single electric apark is sufficient to explode the strongest dirigible. He has patented a dirigible airship, which he has no fear of being destroyed by electricity, having abandoned both the hydrogen and illuminating gas and utilized the hitherto novel idea of heated air to inflate the envelope.

Canada to Have Aeroplanes.

NEW YORK, April 1.—According to Glenn H. Curtiss, the aeroplane expert of Hammondsport, N. Y., arrangements are under way looking to the purchase by the Dominion government of one or more machines of the Silver Dart type. There is also a probability of one or more machines of the Silver Dart type. There is also a probability that the Silver Dart will be shipped to England for tests there, under the supervision of English army officers.

EDITOR CHARGES LIBEL

PREMONT OLDER SEEKS AR-REST OF UNION MEN.

Complains That They Circulated Reports That He Conspired to Bring On Car Strike.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1.—Warrants were issued today for the arrest of James H. Bowling, former secretary and James H. Bowling, former secretary and treasurer of the San Francisco branch of the Carmens' Union, and F. E. Davidson, said to be another union leader, upon charges of criminal libel. The complainant is Fremont Older, editor of the Bulletin, who accuses Bowling and Davidson of circulating reports to the effect that Older conspired with Rudolph Spreckels to bring about the streetcar strike of 1907.

It is further charged that Parallel

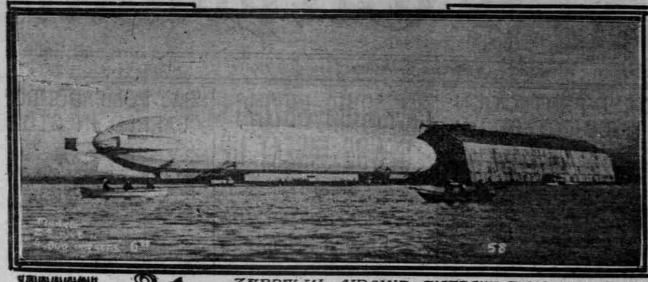
It is further charged that Rowling at-tempted to sell to agents of the Dis-trict Attorney's office affidavits tending to support his charge of conspiracy. Bowling was arrested late today.

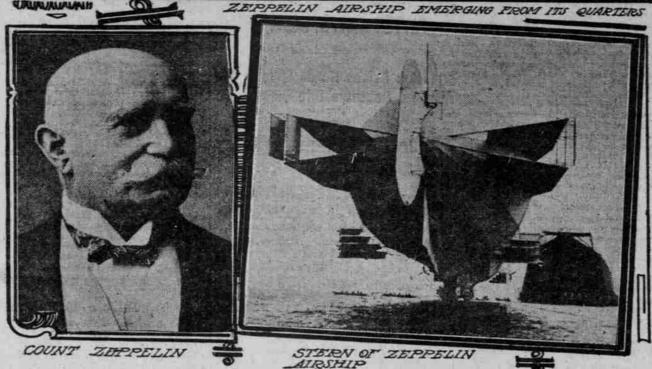
FERTILIZER TRUST NEXT?

J. P. Morgan & Co. Back of \$50,-000,000 Combine.

NEW YORK, April 1.—It was announced today that efforts to consolidate about to of the independent fertillizer companies in the South into a \$59,000,000 corporation, had been virtually completed. It is expected that articles of incorporation will be filed at Albany shortly. It is understood that J. P. Mergan & Co. will not as financial arents of the company. not as financial agents of the company,

AIRSHIP WHICH HAD THRILLING EXPERIENCE Y ESTERDAY, AND INVENTOR, WHO WAS ON BOARD





Father McMahon Believed Fidelity Funding Plan Safe.

WILL LOSE ALL IN DEALS

Attorney for Bankrupt Concern Says New Developments in Affairs of Wrecked Kleran Company Will Create Sensation.

CLEVELAND, April 1.—Father Willis McMahon, who filed a bill of bankruptcy in the Federal Court here Wednesday as a result of the enterprises fathered by P. J. Kleran, president of the Fidelity Fund. Ing Company, maintains that if Kleran had been successful in securing all the money he needed to float his schemes everything would have come out all right. "I had great confidence in the ability of Mr. Kleran," said Father McMahon today, "but he did not get all of the money from the banks that he needed and failure was the result.

ure was the result.

"I first suspected that Kieran's plans were not working out well when I heard that he was paying large bonuses on loans. He often paid a bank a bonus of from 25 to 30 per cent of the face value of the note upon which the loan was obtained. In one instance he gave a banker a single bonus of \$50,000."

P. T. Brady, counsel for Father McMahon, says the inside of the transactions of Kieran have not yet been shown, and startling developments may be expected at any time.

at any time.

Father McMahon will have practically nothing left but his salary of \$300 a year if he is declared a bankrupt.

BRYAN THUNDERS LOUDLY

(Continued From First Page.)

defeat of Congressman Goldfogle, Chief Murphy got interested, and had a long discussion with the indignant Sulzer. It is understood that the East Side representative was earnest and emphatic. He disclaimed any personal animus, but declared that the action of the local representatives was bound to wreck the Dem

Outcasts From Party.

when the time comes to elect McClellan's

Mr. Sulzer also said a lot of other things, and some of them did not please the Tammany boss. In fact, the two men parted on the worst possible terms, and the report has been spread broadcast that 'this will be Billy's last term at Wash-

Of the ten Democrats, only two followed the leadership of Champ Clark, of Mis-souri. Mr. Sulzer's associate is William Willett, Jr., of Far Rockaway, who is a member of the Queens County organizaion, and consequently free from Tam The fact that Patrick H. McCarren and

The fact that Patrick H. McCarren and Charles F. Murphy Joined hands in this fight has been a source of surprise to persons on the outside. These two great leaders have been trying to cut each other's political threats for years, but they lined up their men under the leadership of Representative Fitzgerald, of Brooklyn, when the time for action arrived. There is no real myster as to been water. is no real mystery as to how or why this was done. The Evening Post, in an interview, quotes Mr. Murphy as saying:
"And, say, Tammany is a corporation, ain't it? So is McCarren; why shouldn't corporations all etand together?"

Deal With Sugar Trust.

Senator McCarren has been the political agent of the sugar trust for years. Every-body knows it. Even Mr. McCarren will not attempt to deny it. Naturally, the sugar trust is interested in the tariff bill now under consideration in Congress. Mr. McCarren and Mr. Murphy had votes that | Guthrie,

were needed. Nobody imagines for a mo-ment that these votes were delivered on any other terms than "for value re-cived."

John J. Fitzgerald, the leader of the Democratic insurgents, is one of the most levoted adherents of Mr. McCarren. With devoted adherents of Mr. McCarren. With his chief he hus been kicked out of every convention that Mr. Murphy controlled. He was first elected to Congress in 1898, and has been re-elected every two years since. Although a brilliant debater and a man of brains and education, Mr. Fitzger-sid has always "taken orders from the organization." and has made no bones about admitting it.

Bryan Men Indignant.

Numerous "indignation meetings" have already been held in his Congressional district, and in other parts of Brooklyn, and the action of the local Democratic Representatives denounced. Some of the original Bryan men are beginning to take an interest in the matter, and are now manulage out a pinn for a thereach. mapping out a plan for a thorough anti-Tammany campaign next Fall. One of the leaders in the movement said today: "The only salvation for the Democratic party is to drive Tammany Hall out of power. Tammany is not Democracy. In fact, it is a discourager of Democracy. We who are Democrats are expected to vote for Tammany candidates in local and state elections, and when a National election rolls around, Tammany gaily knifes

tion rolls around, Tammany gaily knifes our Presidential nominees.
"Personally, I believe the election of an anti-Tammany Mayor would be a Democratic triumph. Murphy runs the organization and casts its votes whichever way it will benefit him most. He has made a fortune out of politics, and it is about time that he and his corrupt organization were retired." tion were retired."

Tammany men profess to laugh at the revolt" of straight-out Democrats. Mr. durphy will not discuss the matter for publication, but one of his lieutenants

Clark Is Tool of Bryan.

split at Washington was a very good thing. From the way some people talk, one would imagine that the only Democrats who fought Champ Clark were Tammany men, and that they voted as they did because they were ordered to do so. The delegations from Massachusetts and Georgia joined in the fight, and so did Congressmen from other parts of the country. The facts are that the break is a notice to Bryan that he must step down and out, and let somebody else run things. We are sick and tired of being led to defeat#year after year, by the same silly old general. silly old general.

"Champ Clark takes his orders from Lincoln. I am only surprised that he hasn't had a wireless telegraph outfit in-stalled in the Democratic cloakroom. As

stalled in the Democratic cleakroom. As it is, we are not far from it now.
"It has always been a popular cry to charge Tammany Hall with dishonesty and corruption, but Democratic leaders forget that New York is the only reliable Democratic city in the North, and that it has been made so by Tammany methods.

Outcasts From Party.

"We are outcasts now, so far as the National organization is concerned." Mr. Sulzer said. "Everybody at Washington calls Tammany Hall a Republican annex. It is bound to have an effect upon thousands of loyal Democrats in this city, and will make mighty rough going for us when the time comes to elect McClellan's "The action of our members meets with

Alliance at Trusts' Behest.

Whether a McCarren-Murphy alliance Whether a McCarren-Murphy sillance at Washington means harmony in the coming city convention has not been decided. The general belief is that the two great leaders joined hands in that one instance, simply at the behest of some great corporations, and that they will continue their local warfare just the same, unless more influence is brought to bear upon them. Controller Metz, Mr. McCarren's enthu-

stastic ally, voiced the prevailing opini when he said: "It is a long walk from Washington to New York, and conditions that prevail in National politics are not the same as those that exist in the local arena."

From which it might be inferred that, although Mr. Murphy's men take orders from Mr. McCarren's man in Congress, the Tammany boss has shown no desire to dance the Merry Widow waltz with the long Senator on the floor of the city

LORD NORTHLAND APPEALS

With Mrs. Stirling He Seeks Relief From Court's Decision.

BDINBURGH, April 1-Lord Northland and Mrs. John Alexander Stirling have lodged appeals against the decree of di-vorce in favor of Mr. Stirling, handed down in this city last month by Lord flatthele.

Lebeau, Condemned Murderer, Also Sheds His Shoes.

HAD FEAST AND CHAMPAGNE

Montana Prisoner Has Spent His Time Working on Inventions, All Rights of Which He Deeds to Sheriff.

KALISPELL, Mont., April 1.-Since partaking of a feast of roast duck and champagne 12 hours ago, Frederick Lebeau, the condemned murderer, has fast-ed. He says he will go to his doom comorrow morning without partaking of

Lebeau removed his shoes today, de-claring that he did not want to "die with his shoes on." Lebeau has asked Sheriff McConnell personally to spring the trap, which the Sheriff has agreed to the which the Sheriff has agreed to do. Lebeau also requested the Sheriff to act as pallbearer, in conjunction with State Senator Thomas D. Long, a resident of Kallspell, and four other men, whom he Kalispell, and four other men, whom names. He has asked the Sheriff to that his grave is heaped high

that his grave is heaped high with flowers.

Lebehu received about 100 callers today.

Apparently his greatest regret is that he has had insufficient time to complete a number of inventions started during his imprisonment, all rights to which he has deeded to the Sheriff.

GEORGIA ABOLISHES LEASE SYSTEM, TO THEIR JOY.

Takes 1600 Men From Mines, Kilns and Factories to Make Roads for State.

ATLANTA, Gs., April 1.—At sunrise to-day Georgia shook off the last rag of her convict lease system. The 1600 human beings were led from the mines, choking beings were led from the mines, choking kiins and damp factories into the sunlight, from the control of harsh and often brutal taskmasters, into the service of the state. Georgia has no state penitenitary. For years her convicts have been sold to those who would buy. The prisoners, most of them negroes, now will work on the public roads. Though shackled and ironed, the convicts greeted the change with shouts of joy. Negro preachers were at most of the stockades and led the blacks in the impromptu praise services. Some convicts wept at leaving scenes which had been a part of their daily life for years. The new system, it is believed, will not only improve the health of the convicts, but will assure Georgia the finest turnpikes in the South.

PREFERS JAIL TO ALIMONY Roland H. Perry, Sculptor, Will Serve Six Months, Save \$1000.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Because he refused to pay his first wife's allmony to the amount of \$1000, Roland Hinton Perry, a scuiptor and painter, was committed today to Ludlow-street Jali for all morths.

six months.

By going to prison Perry is relieved of the alimony obligation, or at least of further imprisonment as the penalty for failure to pay, as the state laws provide that six months is the limit of jail confinement for the delinquency. In 1906 Perry was divorced from Irma Hinton Perry and later married Mrs. May Hanbury, of San Diego, Cal. He alleged inability to pay alimony, as the divorce court ordered. During the aculptor's stay in jail his wife and their temonths old son will live with Mr. Perry's mother here.

The Advertisement of

OLDS, WORTMAN & KING

Usually found on this page, appears today on pages 12 and 13. We have such a host of good things to tell you of that it takes two full pages to hold the story. Read all of this big announcement, every word of it -two pages that fairly bristle with bargains

BIG QUESTION AT STAKE

CIDE DELICATE MATTER.

Circuit Courts May Be Placed on Same Footing as Highest Tribunal by Decision.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The Govpreme Court to decide whether appeals nay be taken from state courts to the may be taken from state courts to the United States Circuit Courts of Appeal. The question is raised in the case of Anton Hansen Haug, a subject of the King of Norway. Haug filed a petition for naturalization in the Superior Court of King County, Washington. The Government intervened with the contention that as Haug was an alien, papers could not be issued to him. The King County court denied a mo-

tion to this effect, whereupon the United States District Attorney pre-sented to that court a petition for a writ of error to the United States Circult Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit, on the ground that the case involved a Federal statute.

The petition was granted but with-out deciding the case the Court of Ap-peals, certified a question to the Su-preme Court in which that court was asked whether the Federal Court of Appeals had jurisdiction to review an order of a state court in a naturaliza-tion case.

tion case.

If the question should be decided in the affirmative, it would give the Circuit Court of Appeals the same standing in their respective circuits that the Supreme Court itself has in the country at large. The Court of Appeals also asks the Supreme Court to determine the question as to whether, under the Federal law, an allen minor can properly make application for naturaliza-

CHICAGO BUILDERS TIED

Steamfitters and Electricians Join in

CHICAGO, April 1 .- A tie-up in building operations which were given a first blow by the walkout of the tilelayera and giazlers March 1 was made more complete today when about 1000 union steamfitters and electricians went out on

strike as a result of a refusal of their demands for increased wages. Unless the new strikes are settled within a few days, it is declared, demor-alization of building in Chicago this Sum-mer wifl be threatened.

Grand Trunk Has Low Rate.

the question as to whether, under the Federal law, an alien minor can properly make application for naturalization.

Cuban Town Is Burned.

SANTIAGO, Cuba. April 1.—The town of La Maya, 20 miles north of this city, was practically destroyed by fire today.

MONTREAL. April 1.—The Grand Trunk Railway put into effect today the new law requiring it to provide third-class accommodations for travelers between Montreal and Toronto at a 2c-a-mile rate, which was recently sustained by the privy Council of Engiand. No passengers from Montreal, and only one from Toronto, took advantage of the low rate.





Cocoa

Fact

No. 1

There are nine or ten spe-

cies of cocoa trees, the best

being the Theabroma Cacao, a name bestowed by Linnaeus, (the father of botany) and meaning "food of the gods." Cocoa trees grow over a wide tropical area, principally on the American continent.

The goodness comes not from the making, but from the cocoa.

Ghirardellis

is good, because it is perfect and pure.

Don't ask merely for cocoa -ask for Ghirardelli's.