

DANGEROUS HEAT IN TARIFF DEBATE

Lumber and Oil Under Fierce Fire From Big Guns of House.

KITCHIN STORMS CITADEL

House Will Swallow What Senate Gives—McKinley Sounds Alarm About Competition of Orient in Manufactures.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The tariff debate waxed warm in the House today. A revival of the discussion of oil and lumber schedules was like setting a match to both products, for the subjects proved of absorbing interest to the members, who entered generally into the debate. To Vreeland, of New York, was accorded the privilege of explaining the position of the independent refiners, who want the counteracting duty on crude petroleum retained, while Kitchin, of North Carolina, in an exhaustive treatment of the question, pleaded for free lumber.

Kitchin Tackles Pittsburg.

A spirited discussion occurred among Kitchin, Dies of Texas, Graham and Burke of Pennsylvania. The Texas member accused Kitchin of being a free-trader, which brought the report that those Democrats who were asking protection for their sections on the plea that it was for revenue only should come forward and admit that the Republican party had been right and the Democratic party wrong.

Kitchin said that under Cleveland's free-trade policy there was shipped to the United States but 50,000,000 feet of lumber more than came in under the McKinley law.

"They did not have the money to buy," interjected Graham.

Democratic applause met the reply of Kitchin that only a year ago even bankers and trust companies had no money. He mentioned in particular Pittsburg, "that citadel of protection." He declared that Pittsburg sought to Congress representatives who would vote for its interests. This utterance aroused Burke, who vigorously denied its accuracy. Kitchin declared that the final tariff bill would be made by four men—two in the House and two in the Senate.

"You know who they are," he exclaimed, facing the Republicans. "That is the bill you are going to swallow, and for that reason they have put things in the Republican platform to please those Western Republicans, and they are going to take it off in the Senate so you can go before your people and say, 'Well, now we have done the best we could. We passed it in the House, and that dog-gone Senate just simply ripped it up.'"

Taking up the question of Oriental labor employed in the lumber mills, Kitchin insisted that, despite the contentions in the contrary of Humphrey of Washington, there were more Oriental men employed in the lumber industry in Washington State than in British Columbia, and that the wages in the latter country were about as high as in Washington.

Competition of Orient.

Pointing to a new industrial rival, McKinley, of California, called attention to the fact that the protective tariff in which there is likely to be competition with the Orient.

"The competition of the Orient is no longer to be feared," he said. "The rivalry to be feared is that of the Orient."

He explained that he meant not Japan alone, but all the Orientals surrounding the Pacific Ocean, with their 500,000,000 people, he continued, as well as their production and manufacturing as well as consumers of the products which we are anxious to dispose of in order to maintain in continued operation our home industries.

He pointed out that American trade with China, Japan, Korea, Manchuria and the islands of the coast of Asia is diminishing. This is due, he said, to the fact that the competition of Japan in almost every line of manufacture is displacing American products. He told the House of two interviews he had with Marquis Ito, "the Gladstone of Japan."

"I remember the conclusion of our second interview," he said. "The marquis was speaking of the conclusion of the war with Russia. 'When we get back those iron men from the armies in Manchuria and ships on the sea,' he said, 'we are going to train them in industrial and productive employment of every kind. We are going to send our bright young men into the world to learn every trade and craft and every kind of American system, and some day we will be able to make goods and products so cheap that you people of America will buy them, and so we prefer to keep our labor at home.'"

"I find that the words of the marquis have been more than made good. Japan has the most paternal government of any country in the world and in every possible way the government is assisting in the promotion of every form of manufacture, trade and commerce."

For Philippine Free Trade.

McKinley said he believed the Payne bill, which admits 200,000 tons of Philippine sugar to the United States free of duty, is a wise one.

"The fears of the sugar-producers of the United States," he said, "are groundless and will remain so, as long as the United States is compelled to import in the neighborhood of 1,000,000 tons of sugar annually."

He assured the House that Philippine tobacco cannot compete seriously in American markets with American tobacco, and that the fears of Louisiana rice-growers of Philippine competition were unfounded.

"If the Payne bill is made the law of the land," he added, "it should secure to the American manufacturer the trade of the Philippine Islands, which, under the provisions of this bill, would be a part of the great home market of the United States."

"Today's debate was opened by Cox of Ohio, who pleaded for a reduction in the duty on sewing machines, bicycles and computing machines. He argued that by reason of the tariff, Germany was enabled to manufacture and ship sewing machines and bicycles into Russia, France and other continental countries at about half the tariff imposed upon the same articles of American manufacture. Because of this fact the American manufacturer was handicapped in extending his foreign trade. Unless the tariff was reduced, he said, the manufacturers of the products mentioned would be forced to build factories abroad which would result in throwing out of employment in this country many skilled workmen. The maximum and minimum feature of the bill he declared to be not worth the paper it was written on. Referring to various witnesses before the ways and means committee, Cox said: "A protective tariff inspires such a lust for gain and gold these men come

here and swear their souls down to the gates of hell in order to get the Government license to rob the people."

Cox said there was a large measure of public belief that President Taft would follow policies quite contrary to the Republican leaders.

Colloquy About Hides.

The action of the committee in removing the duty on hides was disapproved by Sterling, of Illinois. Weiss, of Wisconsin, proposed that the 15 per cent duty so discriminated against the American tanner and leather manufacturer that they lost five dollars' worth of business on every hide and labor loses a dollar and a half on a day's work.

The bill does not remedy the situation, said Sterling. He charged that Weiss's proposal was to open the floodgates and let in cheaper hides from South America and other countries and cause the American farmer to suffer.

Hughes of Georgia contended that the history of tariff legislation was "one continuous performance of tragedy for the farmer."

Borland of Missouri characterized the Payne bill as a "manufacturers' measure exclusively." He demanded an honest revision of the tariff downward on behalf of the great army of producers and consumers in the Middle West. He said that they had long ago grown tired of the old Dingley law. He declared the bill "not only picks the pockets of the American consumer, but it sandbags the American producers."

Byrd of Mississippi advocated the free admission of lumber.

BOYLE WOMAN PUZZLE

HAS MYSTERIOUS VISITOR AT JAIL AT MERCER.

Says Man Was Her Brother, but Authorities Doubt Statement—Will Not Go to Sharon.

MERCER, Pa., March 30.—Further mystery was added to the already mysterious Mrs. Boyle, held in jail here in connection with the Whittia kidnaping case, when a stranger called at the jail yesterday morning, when everyone was away but the Sheriff's wife, and had a long conversation with the prisoner. The man disappeared as quietly as he came, registered at no local hotel, and did not even stay in town long enough to get a name. Mrs. Boyle said the man was her brother, but this is scouted by the authorities, some of whom go so far as to say that the man was one of the accomplices in the kidnaping case.

The Sheriff's wife did not notice the visitor particularly and was unable to give a description of him. On the day at the jail he said he was Mrs. Boyle's brother, and the woman did not hesitate to admit this. What he talked about to Mrs. Boyle is not known, and she refused to say anything about his visit.

Considerable interest was manifested today in a statement from Attorney Cochrane, counsel for Mr. Whittia, who said Mrs. Boyle would not be taken to Sharon for a preliminary hearing. He added that the woman would be allowed to waive this hearing by signing her intention to do so in writing. Just why Mr. Cochrane was so anxious to keep Mrs. Boyle out of Sharon was not divulged, but taken in connection with the peculiar conduct of Mr. Whittia in regard to the Boyle woman, the case, some significance was attached to it by local gossipers.

NICHOLS ACTING GOVERNOR

Secretary of State Takes Hay's Place During Absence.

OLYMPIA, Wash., March 30.—(Special.)—Between the hours of 4 o'clock this afternoon and until Governor Hay again enters the State of Washington, Sam H. Nichols, Secretary of State, is Governor of the State of Washington.

The death of Governor Cosgrove resulted in Lieutenant-Governor Hay taking the oath of office. Under the provisions of the law passed by the last Legislature, when the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor are out of the state, the Secretary of State is next in line of succession, so when ex-Lieutenant-Governor Nichols went to Oregon to meet the remains of the late Governor Cosgrove, Nichols became Governor.

It was announced tonight that during his brief reign acting Governor Nichols performed no official acts.

Hosiery Necessity: Not Luxury.

CHICAGO, March 30.—A campaign of protest started by a large department store against certain provisions of the new tariff bill has resulted in the receipt of thousands of letters bearing on the subject. One envelope contained a copy of a letter drafted by merchants of San Francisco and mailed to Senators Aldrich, Perkins and Flint. In this letter the attention of the Senators is directed to the fact that, in the opinion of ten Coast metropolises merchants, "hosiery is a necessity, and should not be made a luxury."



JAMES H. BOYLE, KIDNAPER OF WILLIE WHITTIA.

DOUBLE CRIME IS PUZZLE TO POLICE

Italian Kills Two Friends in California Mining Country and Flees to Hills.

MEN TRAVELED TOGETHER

Posse of Miners Seeks Murderer Who Is Suspected of Being Either Black Hand Agent or Crafty Highwayman.

REDDING, Cal., March 30.—What will prove to be a double murder was committed at 9 o'clock this morning on the wagon road between French Gulch and Tower House. Three Italians are concerned. G. Martini is dead, his throat cut from ear to ear; A. Franco, a business man of Coram, is so battered about the head and body with a club or rock that he is unconscious. His skull is fractured, and he cannot recover. Philip Leo, suspected of being the murderer, has made good his escape into the hills to the west, but officers, reinforced by a hundred infuriated miners, have found his trail and are in pursuit. Leo is headed for Trinity County.

The motive of the murderer is in doubt, whether it is a Black Hand mystery or a case of robbery cannot be determined at this time.

Franco, Martini and Leo left Redding yesterday by stage to go to French Gulch, 20 miles to the northwest. They were with friends and companions. At French Gulch they spent last evening in each others' company, drinking a little in the saloons, but not becoming intoxicated. They were looking for work, and this morning at 8 o'clock they started afoot to Tower House, three miles away, where they expected to get employment. They were as good friends as ever to all appearances and they were seen by several persons.

At 11 o'clock this morning, Henry Irvine and William Ridley, miners on their way to French Gulch, came upon the dead body of Martini. Two hundred yards further they found Franco, unconscious and bleeding from a dozen wounds. Ridley and Irvine hurried to French Gulch and gave the alarm. Officers took up the pursuit and willing hands lent aid to the wounded man.

About the scene of the murder were evidences of a desperate struggle. Fragments of clothing torn to shreds indicated a desperate fight. Martini had been struck on the head with a club, his skull mashed in and then to make death doubly sure, his throat was cut from ear to ear.

WAR LOOMS IN TROPICS

GUATEMALA MOVING LARGE BODIES OF TROOPS.

Outbreak Between That Country and Honduras Expected Within Ten Days.

MEXICO CITY, March 30.—Reports of an impending general war in Central America are again current in the capital. Despite denials from the five Republics, it is believed the clash cannot be averted.

A private cablegram received here today says that Guatemala has moved a large force of infantry, artillery and cavalry to the Honduran border. The Honduran Minister demanded an explanation of this apparently hostile act, and has been informed by President Cabrera that the troops are being rushed eastward to check the culmination of a revolutionary plot hatched by Honduran exiles on Guatemalan territory, having for its purpose the overthrow of President Davila of Honduras.

War within ten days is the prediction of those well informed in the emigrant colony here.

W. B. McDonald, Racing Driver.

EAST AURORA, N. Y., March 30.—William B. McDonald, the widely-known Grand Circuit driver, died today at his home near the Jewettville track. Paralysis was the cause.

JUST FOR WEDNESDAY

Ladies'

Silk Lisle Hose
Value 50c pair
Special
3 pair for 95c

2000 pairs of high-colored Fancy Silk Lisle Stockings—the celebrated Onyx brand. High spliced heels and toes and full fashioned. Colors are smoke, violet, navy, sky, tan, Copenhagen, rose, white, cardinal and oxblood. All the most desirable colors.

Just for Wednesday
3 pair for 95c

\$16.50 SILK PRINCESS and Jumper Dresses

At \$11.45

Newest Silk Princess and Jumper Suits in this season's newest models. Extra quality taffeta silk in black, navy, reseda, copenhagen and wine. Also stripes and checks with plain silk combinations.

Special Wednesday \$11.45

ROUND THE STORE

Broken lots of New Back and Side Combs, Stray-Lock Combs and Ribbon Combs, values to \$1, 12 1/2c
Special
New Fancy Covered Wash Cloth Cases, in flowered patterns, best rubber lining, also Brush and Comb Cases, handy for traveling. 15c
25c values at
New Straw Suit Cases—shirt fold, straps all around, patent locks and bolts, regular \$4 value, \$2.98 special at
Sanitary Hair Rolls, can be washed, keep fresh and clean, outlast all others. Large size \$1.00; 75c medium size.
Queen Way Plaits; 12-inch, real hair, 75c; 18-inch \$1.00; 18-inch at \$1.25

LIPMAN, WOLFE & CO.

Picture Framing by Expert Workmen

Linen Tailored Waists
Wednesday Special \$2.57

Strictly all Linen Tailor Made Waists in the popular one inch plaited style, piped with either light blue, pink, violet or tan. Laundered collar and cuffs. Plaited back.

Selling Regularly at \$4.00

Special \$2.57

Pretty Dress Gingham

In a wide range of neat patterns suitable for children's wear, in checks and stripes, selling regularly at 12 1/2c yard.

Special 9c

Oil Cloth 17c

Table Oil Cloth in wood color, red, green and other new designs. The quality is exceptionally good.

Special 17c

READY-TO-WEAR HATS

The style and assortment of these very popular hats, is immense. The variety of shapes and styles of trimmings employed are so great that we are bound to satisfy every taste. We are offering today an assortment of 50 very choice hats.

Worth up to \$6.00 each

Special at \$2.95

Embroidery Sale

Today Only at 10c

A large assortment of Nainsook and Cambric Edge, and insertions to match, English eyelet, French and baby patterns; are from 1 to 6 inches wide. These embroideries are all very fresh goods, never before shown and are the very best values we have ever offered. Values up to 35c.

Special 10c

ROUND THE STORE

It's getting pretty near moth time, get busy before they do.

Moth Balls, in pound packages, Owl cut rate. 8c
Formaldehyde Fumigators, regular 50c size, Owl rate. 35c
Formaldehyde Fumigators, regular 25c size, Owl rate. 20c
Sulphur Candles, regular price 10c, Owl cut rate 6 for 5c
Gum Camphor, regular 10c 5c
ounce, Owl cut rate. 5c
Powdered Borax, 1-lb shaker cans 15c, Owl rate. 12c
Cut-Glass Sterling-Silver-Top Salt and Pepper Shakers, regular \$1.50 values, special at, pair. 98c

ENTERS NAVAL FRAY

Beresford Will Stir Up Britons to Build Ships.

SCORNS 'LITTLE NAVY' MAN

Opponents of Liberal Programme Deserted by Newspapers—Eight Dreadnoughts May Be Put Under Way This Year.

LONDON, March 30.—There is a strong prospect that the picturesque and popular figure of Admiral Lord Charles Beresford will be seen immediately in the thick of the political struggle, throwing fresh fuel on the naval agitation.

England's foremost Admiral always has been outspoken concerning his views and since his return to London, after having been relieved of the command of the Channel fleet, has declared he would do all in his power to stir up the country to insist upon a large and particularly a more efficient navy. Lord Charles had a long discussion of naval affairs with Premier Asquith today. He regards the shortage of reserve stores as the chief present weakness of the navy, although the little navy party, Newspapers are chiefly old age pensions and other domestic projects.

The debate in the House of Commons yesterday appears almost to have fattened the little navy party. Newspapers that have heretofore been its strongest organs now say that it is impossible for the country to run the smallest risk of being overtaken by Germany in the construction of battleships. There are good reasons for believing that the Cabinet has already decided to build eight Dreadnoughts, and has notified the shipbuilders of the intention to lay down the second four within the fiscal year.

Booger Red Loses by Nose.

OAKLAND, March 30.—In one of the most exciting finishes of the season, Jacobite, the favorite, gained a nose

OFFICES

—IN THE—
MERCHANTS TRUST BUILDING

Corner Sixth and Washington streets. Best location in the city, modern in every way, and very reasonable rents.

This building will be further popularized by the occupancy of the corner by the MERCHANTS SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY about July 1 with an entirely new banking equipment, including neat and convenient fixtures and large double steel-lined burglar-proof vaults, providing necessary conveniences for its rapidly-growing business, each of its four departments separate from all others.

Call upon our agents in the building or advise with us relative to these offices.

MERCHANTS SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY
247 Washington Street.

Opening for Barber

STEP RIGHT INTO A Flourishing Business

Present owner has made enough in three years to retire to a fruit farm

A good barber can have the business for less than the cost of the fixtures three years ago. Two chairs and full equipment.

Want to close out by Saturday night.

Located at Front and Gibbs streets. Living-rooms in the rear. Good neighborhood. Act quickly if you want this. Apply on premises or to I. Gevurtz, 173-175 First street.

A Little Cash Will Swing This