SENATE PASSES RAILROAD BILL

Places Constitutional Amendment Before People of State in 1910.

EXTENDED DEBATE HELD

Opinion at Great Variance as to Question of State Aid to Railroad Construction—One Democrat in Opposition to Measure.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—By a vote of 16 to 14 the Senate this afternoon adopted the constitutional amendment for state railroads, following a favorable report of a majority of the committee on judiciary, Hedges being the minority. The vote was:

Ayes—Abraham, Albee, Bailey, Bingham, Chase, Coffey, Hart, Johnson, Kellaher, M. A. Miller, F. J. Miller, Nottingham, Parrish, Selling, Sinnott, Bowerman—16.

Noes—Barrett, Beach, Caldwell, Cole, Hedges, Kay, Merryman, Mulit, Norton, Oliver, Schofield, J. N. Smith, C. J. Smith, Wood—14.

Those who spoke against the amendment were Hedges, Barrett, Kay, Beach, J. N. Smith and Oliver. On the other side the speakers were Hart, Sinnott, Johnson, Abraham, Coffey and Selling.

The amendment will be submitted to the voters in November, 1910, and if then approved will authorize enactments by either the people or the Legislature for construction and operation of railroads by the state or by any subdivision or district.

Hedges' minority report, recommending that the amendment be not adopted, was voted down by the same vote as that which adopted the majority report and the amendment. The debate for the amendment was led off by Bingham, who wanted the people put in position, by constitutional change, to supply needed railroads to make up for the neglect of the Harriman system. He declared the constitutional change would probably force Harriman to build.

Barrett, of Washington, responded by saying that he did not want to see Oregon go into the railroad business. "This ought to be a conservative body," said he. "It ought to oppose building of railroads by the state. We ought to stand here and protect the people and not open the treasury of Oregon to that purpose."

Hart of Baker, in answer to Barrett, said it was the duty of the Legislature to let the people pass on the question. "We are confronted with a condition, and not a theory," said he.

Kay of Marion, opposing the amendment, declared that Republicans of Oregon would not be standing in line with the Republican National platform if they took up with public ownership. He said it was dangerous to remove the restrictions of the constitution against public ownership.

Beach of Multnomah, on the same side, asked where the road was going and where it would end. Hedges quickly answered, "All through Oregon, everywhere, and when you get done you will have nothing but railroads and no property."

Beach resumed to say that he opposed public ownership. He declared it a populistic idea. "Populism leads to socialism and socialism to anarchy."

J. N. Smith, of Marion, declared that the constitution should not be changed to suit anybody who should come to the Capitol with a "grouch" or wanting something. He said that the men who advocated this change would be ashamed of it in six months.

Johnson of Benton opposed public ownership, but thought that the amendment should be passed up to the people for their vote. If this should not be done, he said, the people would rise up in indignation and adopt the amendment by the initiative.

Coffey of Multnomah cited the Erie Canal as an example of progress accomplished by state construction and ownership of a big transportation utility.

Nottingham argued that state ownership of railroads could not be more wasteful than Harriman's ownership, which had taken large amounts of money out of the state.

Selling of Multnomah supported the amendment, saying that the wealthy and brainy men who had come to Salem advocating it showed that it was wanted. He declared that if the amendment should be adopted by the people it would not be necessary to build any railroads.

Sinnott of Wasco said that Oregon should declare itself free from Harriman's monopoly by adopting the amendment. He said even if the people should lose $6,000,000 in a railroad across the state their profits in other directions would be $20,000,000 or $30,000,000.

Hedges said that he feared not the original outlay, resulting from state construction, but subsequent expenditures for maintenance and operation. He insisted that the example of the Erie Canal is not pertinent because of the greater problem of operation of railroads. He declared that the project of state ownership would bankrupt the state.

Abraham of Douglas considered the amendment "as wise as the constitution," and that the alternative was freedom or slavery.

When the roll was called on the vote, Mulit of Jackson, a Democrat, announced that he did not accept the public ownership doctrine.

THIRD CLIPPED FROM PRINTER

Bean Measure Puts Job on a $4000 Salary.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—A cut of the State Printer's fees by one-third passed the Senate tonight in a substitute presented by the Senate printing committee to Representative Bean's bill, which put the Printer on a $4000 salary next term. The cut will diminish the Printer's emoluments by one-fourth, says Chairman Bailey, of the committee, and will still leave Printer Duniway a large profit. Bean is dissatisfied with the substitute and says he will submit his bill by initiative. The substitute bill is to be operative next May.

BIG CUT IN FORESTRY BILL

House Chops Senate Measure by $29,000 and Then Tables It.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—The House tonight cut $29,000 out of the Senate forestry bill and then laid the bill on the table. The bill as introduced by Senator Bingham and passed by the Senate carried an appropriation of $30,000 for two years, and provided for the appointment of a Master Fire Warden. The House, on motion of Representative Campbell, of Clackamas, cut the amount of the appropriation to $1000 for two years. The argument against the bill was that the appropriation would be for the benefit of timber grabbers, who seized all the timber lands and now expect the state to pay for fire protection. It was also urged that the Forestry Commission was created two years ago upon the representation that it would cost only $1000. The bill, though amended, has not been disposed of, and the original amount may yet be restored.

State Fair to Get $30,000.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—The House this evening passed the Senate bill raising the appropriation for State Fair premiums from $20,000 to $30,000 for two years, though a strong fight was made to keep the amount at the present figure. The House defeated the Senate bill appropriating $25,000 for improvements at the fair grounds.

Overtime Reported for Clerks.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Feb. 19.—(Special.)—At its evening session the House received the report on per diem of clerks and stenographers. The report allowed all desk clerks and chief clerks of committees from 10 to 20 days' "overtime" for evening work. The total amount of the expense for clerical assistance in the House was about $8000.

"More" Bill Passes Over Veto.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Feb. 19.—(Special.)—Senate bill 75, raising the salary of the School Superintendent of Benton County, was vetoed by the Governor today and was passed by both houses over the veto.

Insurance Bill Passes House.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Feb. 19.—(Special.)—The House has passed Kay's Senate bill for the regulation of mutual fire insurance companies.

MANY WAIT FOR PLUMS

JOBS CREATED BY BILLS EAGERLY SOUGHT.

Kozier Likely Chance for Insurance Commissioner and Holgate Expects Water Place.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—Several good jobs are to be filled by appointment under new acts of the Legislature, and seekers for the places are already active. Two men are to be appointed Tax Commissioners to act as Equalization Board with the Governor, Secretary of State and State Treasurer, at $2500 a year—appointed by the last three officials. Two men are to be appointed Commissioners under the new water act at $2500, and one is to be selected for Insurance Commissioner at $3000.

For Insurance Commissioner, Sam Kozier will probably be named by Secretary of State Benson in the next three months. Kozier is now chief deputy in Benson's office and is a capable official. J. P. Kennedy is on the ground for this place. Charles Frazier wants it, and a man named Giesy, both of Portland. Kennedy is the Bourne chairman of the Republican County Committee of Multnomah. For Water Commissioner, H. L. Holgate, of Klamath, is a likely appointee by Governor Chamberlain under an emergency act. Others mentioned for one of the two jobs are D. C. Brownell, of Umatilla; F. S. Bramwell, of Union, Saxton, of Baker, and Worthington, of Irrigon.

For the two jobs of Tax Commissioner one Republican and one Democrat will be appointed. C. P. Strain, Democratic Assessor of Umatilla, is likely to be named; and perhaps L. H. Maxwell, chief deputy to Assessor Sigler, of Multnomah. Other men spoken of are J. B. Eaton, of Union, and J. P. Robertson, of Salem.

Today Governor Chamberlain commissioned as Circuit Judge for Coos and Curry Counties J. S. Coke, Republican, of Marshfield, who will begin his judicial duties at once.

Adjutant-General Finzer will hold office for only four years under the new militia code, instead of for life, because the constitution forbids creation of office terms longer than four years. Finzer began his new four-year term last month.

BOTH HOUSES SIT LATE

SENATE BUSY AFTER MIDNIGHT PASSES.

Two Branches Expect to Wind Up Business Today, Though Much Remains to Do.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The House adjourned at 12:30 last night to meet at 9 A. M. Saturday. There are nine bills on third reading and these, with vetoed bills, and bills upon which there are amendments pending, will keep the House busy all day Saturday. Among the important bills on third reading are those on road building by Johnson, one normal school, industrial railroad switches, telephone companies as common carriers, game code, tuberculosis sanatoria, and sailor boarding houses.

The Senate adjourned at an early hour Saturday morning to meet at 10 A. M. It has some 40 bills on third reading, of minor importance. The most important is that for the Seattle fair appropriation. Another creates the office of Fire Marshal. The Senate, like the House, will probably be busy all of Saturday.

BILL PASSED SECOND TIME

Senate Corrects Flaw in Measure for Eastern Oregon Asylum.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—The Senate tonight reconsidered and passed for a second time the bill for the Eastern Oregon branch asylum. After it passed both houses, it was discovered that an error was made in the engrossed bill in the Senate by which Union was omitted as one of the alternative points for location of the institution. The second vote in the Senate was the same as that by which the bill passed earlier in the day.

The House refused to recede and a conference committee was appointed consisting of Wood and Bingham from the Senate and the appropriation bill from the House for improvements in state institutions, amounting to $300,000, was recalled from the House tonight by the Senate, which by a vote of 3 to 26, refused to concur in the House amendment substituting $21,000 for the purchase of chemical sprinklers for fire protection at the insane asylum.

Later the House receded and $10,000 will be expended for water sprinklers.

A recent French invention is a yarn humidifier. The yarns pass through a swiftly revolving tube in which there is water, and by centrifugal force this column of water forms a collar around the yarn.

FISH BILL PASSES

Pulls Through by Margin of Four in House.

OPPOSITION CROPS OUT

Clatsop Member Aims Eleventh-Hour Blow at Wheels and Purse Nets, but Friends of Upper River Men Turn It Aside.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—Representative McCue's fight on the Oregon-Washington fishery bill came near being successful in the House this morning. The bill passed with 35 affirmative votes, only four more than necessary. The bill was opposed by the delegations from Marion, Linn and Lane, except that Hatteberg of Marion voted for it.

After the bill had passed the Senate by an almost unanimous vote, it was thought that there would be no difficulty in passing the joint fishery bill through the House, but there was opposition from unexpected sources. Representative McCue, of Clatsop, speaking for Astoria gillnetters, moved in committee of the whole House that sections 4 and 5, permitting fishing with wheels and purse nets be stricken out. He argued that these appliances were the cause of the depletion of the fish supply and through Representative Farrell presented statistics showing that less than 2 per cent of the fish were taken above tidewater. The arguments made by McCue influenced many of the interior members against the bill. It was repeatedly claimed that this bill had been agreed upon by the representatives of the two states and this alone secured the passage of the bill.

"What assurance have we that Washington will pass the bill?" asked Representative Bean, of Lane.

"Here is the agreement signed by the eight members of the committee from the Washington Legislature; this is assurance enough for me," replied Dodds, who was a member of the committee from Oregon.

"It isn't assurance enough for me," rejoined Bean.

"Nor for me," added McCue. "Let me tell you something. In 1891 joint committees from the two states met and agreed upon a closed-Sunday law. Oregon kept the agreement and passed the bill, but Washington violated it and defeated the bill. That is the way Washington keeps agreements."

Miller of Jackson fought the bill upon the ground that it is a "frame-up" between the cannerymen and protects their interests.

"We have protected the cannerymen long enough," shouted Miller. Let us protect the fish a while. Let us amend this bill so that it will prohibit all fishing above tidewater except with hook and line, or defeat the bill entirely and let the bills adopted by the people last June stand upon the statute books. This is a cannerymen's bill and will result in further depletion of the salmon supply. The cannerymen haven't as much sense as the Indians had, for the Indians let the fish go up to the spawning grounds, where they could reproduce."

The vote on the bill was as follows:

Ayes—Abbott, Applegate, Barrett, Beals, Bedillion, Belknap, Bonebrake, Brattain, Brooke, Campbell, Carter, Clemens, Couch, Davis, Dimick, Dodds, Farrell, Hatteberg, Hawley, Hines, Jackson, Jaeger, Jones of Douglas, Jones of Clackamas, Mahoney, Mann, Mariner, McDonald, Meek, Orton, Purdin, Richardson, Rusk, Smith, Speaker McArthur—35.

Noes—Altman, Bean, Bones, Brandon, Bryant, Calkins, Conyers, Eaton, Greer, Hughes, Jones of Polk, Leinenweber, Libby, McCue, McKinney, Miller, Muncey, Munkers, Purdin, Philpott, Reynolds—21.

Absent—Brady, Buchanan, Corrigan, Mahone—4.

Theater Bill Passes.

There was positively no opposition in the House today to the passage of Senator Beach's bill giving the Juvenile Court judge authority to permit children to appear upon the stage in public entertainments. Many of the members did not understand the bill and thought it would interfere with ordinary public school entertainments, but when it was explained they were satisfied.

"More" Bill Defeated.

Senator Parrish's S. B. 108, prescribing the duties of County Surveyors and raising their fees from $5 to $7.50 a day was defeated in the House today by an overwhelming majority.

MANY BILLS ARE PASSED

Record of Disposition of Measures in Both Houses.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—Bills passed by the Senate today were:

H. B. 289, Lane County delegation—Increasing salary School Superintendent of Lane County.

H. B. 216, Carter—Amending law as to service of water for spraying by fruit inspectors on orchardists.

H. B. 297, Rusk—Regulating fishing in Wallowa Lake.

H. B. 227, Umatilla and Baker delegations—Appropriating $300,000 for branch insane asylum in Eastern Oregon.

H. B. 134, Calkins—Requiring that notice of pending suits involving real estate shall be filed in county in which land is located.

H. B. 97, Bean—Creating state insurance department.

H. B. 206, McDonald—Increasing salary of Labor Commissioner from $2400 to $3000 at expiration of incumbent's term.

H. B. 258, Miller (Linn and Lane)—Repealing all normal school laws.

H. B. 300, Couch—Prohibiting misrepresentation by merchants in advertisements.

H. B. 340, Lane County delegation—Placing Justice and Constable Eugene Justice district on flat salary of $1000 and $600 respectively.

H. B. 349, Bonebrake—Increasing salaries Benton County officials after January, 1911, subject to referendum.

H. B. 31, Buchanan—Codifying laws and appropriating $25,000.

H. B. 287, Campbell—Declaring legal status of Mary C. Wells.

Substitute H. B. 265, Bean—Revising rates paid State Printer for public printing.

H. B. 148, Bean—Permitting Circuit Courts to parole prisoners convicted of misdemeanor.

H. B. 96, Lane County delegation—Increasing salary Deputy District Attorney of Lane County.

H. B. 246, McArthur—Eliminating duplications in courses of study in state's higher educational institutions.

H. B. 356, Ways and means committee—Appropriating $42,618.35 for charitable institutions.

H. B. 63, Miller—Increasing salary Jackson County Superintendent.

H. B. 335, ways and means committee—General deficiency bill.

H. B. 345, Ways and means committee—Appropriating $75,000 for new site and buildings for deaf mute school.

H. B. 331, McCue—Reimbursing Albert C. Ross.

H. B. 360, Wasco County delegation—Reducing salaries Wasco County officials.

H. B. 248, Barrett—Giving County Courts authority over mining and diking districts.

H. B. 288, Committee on education—Giving school boards greater authority in control of school funds.

H. B. 198, Belknap—Acceptance of certain lands by the state.

H. B. 296, Rusk—School Superintendents Wallowa County on flat salary; $1200

H. B. 348, Bonebrake—Accepting aid for Agricultural College from general Government.

H. B. 303, Marion County delegation—Giving Assessor Marion County additional deputies.

H. B. 291, Carter—Reducing bond required of Assessors in irrigation districts.

H. B. 193, Conyers—Permitting incorporation of co-operative societies organized for mutual benefit.

H. B. 13, Mahone—Increasing salaries of clerks Portland Justice Courts.

H. B. 19, Mahone—Filing plats and town additions.

H. B. 341, Bedillion—Increasing salary County Judge Coos.

H. B. 333, Dimick—Uniform bills of lading by railroads.

H. B. 164, Corrigan—One thousand dollars for Yamhill County fair.

H. B. 222, Altman—One thousand dollars for Gresham Fair.

H. B. 355, Carter—Organization of irrigation districts.

H. B. 196, Brattain—Repayment to George H. Small.

H. B. 132, Purdin—Ditch companies to build bridges.

H. B. 346, ways and means—General appropriation bill.

H. B. 358, Jackson—Deputy clerks in Sherman County.

Indefinitely Postponed in Senate.

Bills indefinitely posponed in Senate:

H. B. 272, Mahone—For better enforcement of local option law against "blind pigs."

H. B. 260, Abbott—To prevent members of one party from participating in primary minority elections of another party.

H. B. 324, McCue—Prescribing manner by which cities and towns may change their boundaries.

H. B. 157, Committee irrigation code—(Duplicate of bill passed by House.)

H. B. 174, Jones (Clackamas)—For free text books.

H. B. 252, Bedillion—Protection of crabs.

H. B. 193, Josephine delegation—Closed salmon season on Rogue River.

H. B. 284, Farrell—Taxation of stock of corporations.

Passed by House.

Bills were passed by the House today as follows:

S. B. 210, Hedges—To provide procedure in forcible entry and detainer.

S. B. 105, Albee—To define and punish vagrancy.

S. B. 220, Judiciary committee—Oregon-Washington fishery bill.

S. B. 149, Merryman—Pouches may be used instead of ballot boxes.

S. B. 257, Beach—Children may take part in public dramatic exercises on permission from Judge of Juvenile Court.

S. B. 221, Merryman—Funds bequeathed to School District 1 of Klamath County to be loaned.

S. B. 20, Chase—Salary of Treasurer of Curry County.

S. B. 232, Ways and means committee—Extending time for purchase of Oregon City Locks.

S. B. 219, Kay and Johnson—Acts relating to a single county may be referred by the votes of that county.

S. B. 209, Nottingham—Changing time of registering voters to correspond with new date of general election.

S. B. 225, Johnson—Certificate of revenue officer is evidence of issuance of liquor license.

S. B. 207, Norton—Manner of levying execution.

S. B. 227, Oliver—Manner of dividing property between tenants in common.

S. B. 246, Caldwell—Cities in adjoining states may acquire municipal water supply in Oregon.

S. B. 199, Bailey—To amend drainage law.

S. B. 238, Merryman—Compensation of Assessor of Klamath County.

S. B. 243, Johnson—Salary of School Superintendent of Benton County.

S. B. 98, Abraham—Regulating fishing near fishways.

S. B. 75, F. J. Miller—Salary of School Superintendent of Linn County (over veto.)

S. B. 187, Abraham—For registration of breeding horses at Agricultural College.

S. B. 61, Merryman—To define legal fences in Eastern Oregon.

S. B. 125, Johnson—Appropriating $40,000 for armories.

S. B. 90, Albee—To establish a fiscal agency in New York City.

S. B. 222, Josephine Delegation—Permitting sale of uncompleted water rights.

S. B. 114, Mulit—To prohibit circulation of false reports regarding condition of banks.

S. B. 203, Hart—For registration of post-office address of voters.

S. B. 242, Johnson—Fixing salaries in Benton County.

S. B. 198, Beach—For appointment of three police for each railroad company to be paid by the railroad.

S. B. 128, Smith of Umatilla—Manner of organization of new counties.

S. B. 113, Barrett—Cities may condemn or purchase water rights.

Filed by Governor.

Governor Chamberlain filed two bills in the office of the Secretary of State today. They are:

S. B. 120, Marion delegation—Raising salary of School Superintendent of Marion County from $1000 to $1200.

S. B. 239—Creating a new Circuit Judgeship in the Second District, the new judge to be appointed in Coos and Curry Counties.

EIGHTY CENT GAS KILLED

BAILEY ACCUSED OF CHANGING FRONT ON MEASURE.

Senator Makes No Explanation to Demands of Kellaher—Vote Stands 19 to 7.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—Eighty-cent gas for Portland was indefinitely postponed in the Senate tonight by a vote of 19 to 7, four absent.

Kellaher, Coffey, Selling and Albee signed a majority report amending the Brady bill, cutting out the 80-cent limit and giving the City Council under the state franchise of the gas company authority to regulate price, quality and service of gas. This was in order to eliminate objection to the price limit raised by Bailey, Beach, Selling, Albee and Nottingham.

By this change the bill was favored by four to three, but the Senate adopted the minority report and killed the bill. The no votes were Albee, Caldwell, Coffey, Hart, Kellaher, Selling, Sinnott. Absentees were Nottingham, Kay, Merryman and Oliver.

Bailey and Beach had signed the majority report, but today scratched off their names and put in a minority report. C. F. Adams, head of the gas company, came to Salem tonight to see the bill killed.

Bailey alleged the Portland charter specifically denied to the Council authority to regulate the company. Kellaher retorted that the charter provisions did not apply to the franchise of the gas company granted many years before the present charter was adopted. Kellaher demanded that Bailey explain his sudden change of front on the bill.

"This morning you signed that majority report," said Kellaher, addressing himself to Bailey, "and then late this afternoon you came around and had your named erased from the report."

Bailey did not attempt to make any explanation.

EXPERIMENT FARM GRANTED

House Also Authorizes State University to Buy Condon Collection.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 19.—(Special.)—The House tonight passed Senate bill 47, appropriating money for the Eastern Oregon Experiment Farm, but amended the bill by reducing the amount from $10,000 to $7500 a year, but adding that the proceeds of the farm, about $3000, be added to the appropriation. Representative Brandon offered to take charge of the farm and make it pay its own way.

The House has passed a House joint resolution authorizing the State University to purchase the Condon geological collection at $15,000.

For Historical Society, $5000.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—The Senate tonight inserted $5000 for the Oregon Historical Society in the appropriation bill for charitable institutions. The bill carrying $42,000 was then passed.

TAKE ELEVATOR

OPENING TODAY
Saturday, Feb. 20, 10 A. M.
SOUVENIRS

Louis
SAMPLE SHOE PARLORS

OPENING TODAY
Saturday, Feb. 20, 10 A.
SOUVENIRS

ALWAYS THE WORLD'S BEST SAMPLE SHOES

GRAND OPENIN
OF MY SAMPLE SHOE PARLOR
Today, Saturday, Feb. 20th
At 10 A. M.

Room 733 Marquam Build
ORPHEUM THEATER ENTRANCE FOR ELEVATORS

Over 10,000 Pairs of the World's Best Sample Shoes for Men and Women. Right up to the minute 1909 Spring models will be sold.

All Men's Styles for $2.50
All Women's Styles for $2.00

$2.00
A PAIR
For the World's Best $3.50 to $6.00 Sample Shoes
FOR WOMEN
None higher.

Opening
TODAY
February 20th
At 10 A. M.
SOUVENIRS FOR EVERYONE

$2.50
A PAIR
For the World's Best $4.00 to $6.00 Sample Shoes
FOR MEN
None higher.

Room 733 Marquam Building

Louis
SAMPLE SHOE PARLORS

Room 733 Marquam Building

TAKE ELEVATOR

LOOK INTO GRAFT CHARGES

PROBE FOR ALLEGED USE OF MONEY FOR FAVORS.

Manley and Farrell Will Get Chance to Tell About Offers Said to Have Been Made.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—Two investigations of corruption charges will mark the last half-day of the Legislative session, both investigations to be conducted by the House. The first investigation will be concerning the charge made by Senator Bingham that A. B. Manley used money corruptly to influence action on the bill for the regulation of title guarantees. This investigation will be held at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning before a committee composed of Representatives Brattain, Reynolds and Purdin. Senator Bingham has been called upon for proof of his charges and Mr. Manley has been given time to have an attorney appear for him.

The second investigation will be upon the complaint of Representative Jones of Polk, Representative Farrell gave to a newspaper correspondent the statement that he (Farrell) had been offered $200 to help pass the Indian War Veterans' bill. The committee to conduct this investigation is yet to be announced.

Speaker McArthur tonight appointed Representatives Rusk, Jaeger and Clemens on the committee to investigate the allegation that Representative Farrell was offered $200 to support the Indian War veterans' bill.

LIFE SENTENCE FOR TURK

Peddler Murdered Boy and Cut Up Body, Strewing Pieces in Canal.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—Hassan el Hashash, a Turkish peddler, was sentenced to life imprisonment today for the murder of 15-year-old Tuffa Shasheim. The murderer cut the boy's body to pieces and cast it piecemeal into the drainage canal and neighboring waters last Summer.

Astoria Marine Notes.

ASTORIA, Or., Feb. 19.—(Special.)—Captain Bjorn is reported to be coming from San Francisco to take command of the schooner W. F. Jewett, which has been laid up in the Youngs Bay boneyard for several weeks. It is supposed the vessel is to go into commission in the near future.

The steamer Cascade cleared at the custom house today for San Francisco with a cargo of 520,000 feet of lumber, loaded at Prescott.

Jaeger Bill on Special Order.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Feb. 19.—(Special.)—Jaeger's bill appropriating $35,000 addition for Oregon's exhibit at the Seattle fair was reported back to the Senate tonight by the committee on ways and means without recommendation and made a special order for 10 o'clock Saturday morning.

Stomach Blood and Liver Troubles

Much sickness starts with weak stomach, and consequent poor, impoverished blood. Nervous and pale-people lack good, rich, red blood. Their stomachs need invigorating for, after all, a man can be no stronger than his stomach.

A remedy that makes the stomach strong and the liver active, makes rich red blood and overcomes and drives out disease-producing bacteria and cures a whole multitude of diseases.

Get rid of your Stomach Weakness and Liver Laziness by taking a course of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery—the great Stomach Restorative, Liver Invigorator and Blood Cleanser.

You can't afford to accept any medicine of *unknown composition* as a substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," which is a medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION, having a complete list of ingredients in plain English on its bottle-wrapper, same being attested as correct under oath.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

PLAN TO VISIT
GREGORY
HEIGHTS
SUNDAY SEE BIG ADVERTISEMENT TOMORROW