# TILLMAN IS READY TO MAKE REPLY

Southern Senator Has Answer Ready to Refute President's Land-Grabbing Charges.

### ACCUSATION IS DETAILED

Copies of Letters and Telegrams Sent by Tillman to Southern Oregon Land Operators Figure in Executive's Message.

(Continued From First Page.)

Oregon land and the report of the Postoffice inspectors who investigated the transaction of the land agents. It was through this investigation that the alinterest of Senator Tillman was brought to light and, fatefully, it appears that it was at his instigation the inquiry was begun.

### President's Side of Case.

The substance of the President's communication to Senator Hale follows:

"It have requested the different departments of the Government to give me all the information about the use of special agents, special atterneys, inspectors, etc. in their departments which will enable me to put before you all the facts which, as I take it, your committee desires to have.

"Let me at the outset express my cor-

Let me at the outset express my cordial agreement with the view that it not only the right, but the duty of Congress to investigate the workings of the Secret Service, or detective agents, by which alone the Government can effect-ually safeguard itself against wrongdoing, punish crime and bring to justice

minais. I am well aware of the liability to use inherent in any effective detective system or secret service sys-

It nevertheless remains true that this system is absolutely indispensable if the popular interest is to be adequately safeguarded and wrongdoers continuing to fear the law,

### Complaint From Congressmen.

"I would like to state here that very frequently accusations have been made to me privately by members of the two houses to the effect that the Secret Service has been used as a police of morals," or to shadow Senators, Conmorals, or to shadow Senators, Con-gressmen and other public officials. Hitherto the effort to discover the basis for such allegations has always been fruitless. I should be greatly obliged if any information could be furnished me tending to show any inwhere this has been done in

"Of course, in the investigation of specific frauds we sometimes come across wholly unexpected cases of misconduct. The frauds in the Postal Department which were unearthed some six years ago, for instance, offer a case in point. My suspicions were first aroused by a report made as to the very extravagant and debauched manner of life of a cer-tain postal employe, the report being made by an official of the Secret Serv-ice in connection with another transac-tion at which he was at work. So it tion at which he was at work. So it was with cases of the abuse of the franking privileges.

# Accidents Sometimes Occur.

"The Postoffice never of set purpose inspects any printing sent through the mails by a Senator or Congressman, but sometimes through the accidental breaking of such package the contents are exposed, and if they are of a character which makes their transmission by franking privilege illegal, steps are taken by the Postoffice authorities to collect the full postage. Some of these instances are due to carelesaness or ignorance, and very often doubtless are entirely unknown to the Congressmen themselves, and no good purpose would he served by any publicity in the mat-

But a case has just arisen of a different kind, which it seems to me I should put before you as illustrating in striking fashion the way in which investigations begun duty may develop facts of high importwhich the investigators would not to be hidden or suppressed, but the de-velopment of which may tend to create in question were being used for purposes not within the line of their lawful duty.

# Tillman's Complaint Cited.

On the 19th of February, 1908, (see exhibit A). Senator Tillman called the at-tention of the Senate to a circular of a syndicate firm for the sale of lands in Oregon, particularly in Coos and Douglas Counties, which had been granted to cor-porations by the Government, the circu-particular of the circular lar'stating that the company in possession of the lands was bound to sell them for \$1.50 an acre or on their refusal would be prosecuted by the Government, and that 'among those who have spoken for a part of this land is Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, the leader of the Democratic party in the Senate, a man who usually gets what he goes after." "Senator Tillman denied the statements

of this circular and expressed a wish for an investigation, and upon his request the Postoffice Department, through its pectors, made such an investigation, stated in reference to this circular; I have not bought any land anywhere th the West nor undertaken to buy any In the West, nor uncertaint to by any and I have made some inquiries, as one naturally would in roaming through the West. I simply want the people of the country to be put on solice that this swindler at Portland has no warrant

whatever for endeavoring to inveigle others into his game. "I enclose the circular referred to as exhibit B; the report of the Postoffice inspectors under date of July 27, 1805, as

# Photographs of Letters.

"I enclose you also photographic fac-"I enclose you also protographic fac-similes of letters and envelopes and tele-grams from Benator Tillman and his agent, W. E. Lee. It appears that on October 19, 1207. Senator Tillman wrots a letter (exhibit D) to Messrs. Reeder & Watkins, of Marshileld, Or., who were & Warkins, of Marshfield, Or., who were attorneys representing people who were applicants for the purpose of obtaining certain wagon road land grant; Dorr was a land agent making his fillings through Reeder & Warkins, Senator Tillman's letter runs in part as follows:

"I wired you from Wausau, Wis, as follows, and writes to confirm it."

"William A. Lee, my agent, will see you about the land. I want nine quar-ters reserved. Will forward signed appli-cations and money at once. Members of my family are entrymen. Letter follows. "(Signed.)

"'(Signed.)"
"I write now to say I wired Mr. Lee,
who resides at Moscow, idaho, to go at
conce to Marshfield and see you about the
land to locate quarters for the seven
members of my family who are of age.

and one for my private secretary, J. B. Knight, whom I desire to let into the deal, and, of course, be wants a quarter for himself."

what was to be done in order to enable the Senator to get the land. The Mr. Lee to whom Senator Tiliman thus referred as his agent wrote to Reeder & Wattern, under date of December 7, a letter, photographic copy of which is herewith submitted.

with submitted.

"In this letter Mr. Lee explains that he had written Senator Tillman fully as to the status of the land matter, advising him that it was "A good gamble," but that the Senator was lecturing so that he did not get Lee's letter until a week and a half previously. The letter continues:

"Will Set Un How!."

"Will Set Up HowL"

" 'In case Senator Tillman goes in on the deal with some good land in the eight quarters we want, I am satisfied that he can be of great help in getting matters started from Washington, and cause the Government to get busy and do something along the line you desire. He

........ NEW MEMBER OF BOARD OF CONTROL IN WASHINGTON.



Eugene Lorton, of Walla Walla. OLYMPIA, Wash, Jan. 8.— (Special.)—The appointment of (Special) - The appointment of Eugene Lorton, editor of the Walla Walla Bulistin, at Walla Walla, to the Board of Control will take effect next Monday under the terms of an understanding reached with J. H. Davis tonight, whom Mr. Lorton will succeed. Mr. Davis is going into business in Tacema and desires to be relieved at once.

will set up such a how that it will be impossible to do otherwise. This will be very important for your whole scheme to have a man of his influence here to aid you at this end of the line. By all means save a lot of good lend for us, as we intend to be of more value than any one of the others in this matter.

On the list of January, 1908, Senator Tillman introduced in the Senate the following resolution:

collowing resolution: Whereas, at divers times, various rall-roads and other corporations have received large grants of public lands of the United States under and by virue of acts of the Congress, centaining conditions to the ef-Congress, centaining conditions to the affect that such lands should be sold to actual settlers only or in quantities not exceeding for any one purchaser a limit fixed by the act relating thereto, or at a price per aure not greater than the amount mentioned in the act authorizing such grant, to the end that such lands might promptly become the homes of the citizens of the United States

Seeks Immediate Action.

Resolved, That the President be request ed, if not incompatible with the public in terest, to inform the Senate what information if any, has been received and what action, if any, has been take by the Dewitting of Justice with respect to the tion, if any, has been received and what action, if any, has been take by the Department of Justice with respect to the matters and things in the preamble to the resolution set forth and pressed vigorously for immediate action.

The resolution being laid over, Senator Tillman introduced the same day a further and joint resolution containing the same recitals, but concluding as follows:

Resolved, that the Attorney-General he and is hereby declared, authorized and empowered to take such proceedings or institute such suit or safes on behalf of the United States as may-be necessary, appropriate or expedient, to insure a compliance with the above-wentianed conditions or to sport to the Congress why such action as if-created has not been or should not be sheen.

On Pebruary 15 Senator Tillman wrote to Mezers, Reeder & Watkins, (A photograph of his letter is attached as ex-hibit D5.) In it I call your attention to the fact that he speaks again of Mr. Lee as his agent and of the correspond-ence carried on through Mr. Lee. He states that what he has done in strring up the question of the Oregon land grants to railroads has been done en-tirely apart from any personal interest tirely apart from any personal to has in the matter, and adds:

# Letter Contradicts Statement.

"This letter in which Senator Tillma requested that eight of the best quarter sections be held in reserve for him, was written just four days before he am-nounced to the Senate that he had not undertaken to buy any land in the West. It is unnecessary to comment upon his proposal, made in this fetter, to use his proposal, made in this fetter, to use his influence as a Senator to force the Government to institute a suit which would make it easy for him personally to obtain some of the land. This letter, purely pertaining to Mr. Tillman's personal and private hosiness, was sent in a franked envelope, of which I attach a photo-

graphic copy.

The assault by Senator Tillman upon Mr. Forr was, according to the report of the inspectors, a wanton assault made to over up Sanator Tillman's own transac-

At the request of Senator Tillman the Postoffice Department withheld mail ad-dressed to Bryan R. Dorr and to the timber syndicate, pending an investigation of their business by Postoffice Inspectors O. C. Riches and E. C. Cament. In their report to the inspectors in charge at Spokane, Riches and Clement found that there was no evidence that Reeder & Watkins were not acting in good faith in receiving applications for the As to the action of Dorr, against whom the case was more specifically directed. It was found that he was unwarrantably it was found that he was unwarrantably extravagant, both in his statement of conditions and his terms. This was attributed to his inexperience in business, his energy and enthusiasm and desire to make good in the West. The inspector, however, was convinced that Dorr had no criminal motive in his actions and sincerely believed he would be able to make a state of the convinces. good his promises. The action of the Posterfice Department in withholding from delivery mall addressed to Dorr was recommended to be rescinded.

Mattresies filed with paper are used erman soldiers.

# HOUSE REJECTS BOTH MESSAGES

Resents Roosevelt's Attacks on Honor and Denies Fear of Investigation.

DEBATE LEADS PERKINS

Four Members Whom President Quoted in Support of Statements Unite in Hot Resentment Against Him.

(Continued From Pirst Page.)

ment of the Secret Service, recognizing the President's right to express disap-proval of legislation and to ask that de-fects be remedied. But if, as stated by the President, the chief argument was in the President, the chief argument was in favor of restriction on the use of the Secret Service, then that argument must have led the majority of members to vote in favor of the offending provision. He proceeded to review the debate at the time the offending provision was adopted to show that this was not true, saying: "We do not think that even the most improved to congressmen could have been induced by these arguments to vote in favor of the amendment from fear that the confidence with Secret Service in favor of the amendment from fear that if he voted 'no' the Secret Service might ferret out his secret sine."

### No Fear of Investigation.

Nor were statements made by a news paper reporter in 1904 evidence of the motive of Congressmen in voting in 1908. Newspaper statements were sometimes questioned, even at the White House. The statement that the chief argument for the provision was that Congressmen did not wish to be investigated could only mean that Congress voted from an immean that Congress voted from an improper motive—that Congressmen were in fear of the law. If it were believed that the majority was actuated by this motive, the respect of the people would be impaired, if not destroyed. No legislative body would be respected by the people unless it respected itself. With few exceptions Congress was composed of men of integrity. If the time should come when the votes of a majority were controlled by fear of detection of crime, then the failure of popular government will be demonstrated.

In reply to the President's suggestion that, if it be not considered desirable

will be nemonstrated.

In reply to the President's suggestion that, if it be not considered desirable that criminals in Congress be punished. that criminals in Congress be punished, a special exception be made against investigation of members, Perkins said the majority is not prepared to vote for such a law and protests against the suggestion. If Congress listened tamely and timidly to such reflections it would deserve and receive public contempt. Owing to the suggestions it contains. Congress should refuse meekly to receive and consider it. After alluding to the long struggle which culminated in the establishment of representative government. Perkins said amid applause: Perkins said amid applause:

Perkins said amid appliance:

"Let every man who is a member of it
vote on this question in the manner
which seems to him most worthy of the
traditions of which we are the heirs, of the institutions of which we are the protectors, and of the people of whom we are the representati

## Roosevelt's Words Unjustified.

Mr. Perkins, who was frequently applauded, then presented the report of the committee. This, after briefly reviewing

the privileges of the House, therefore, he it Resolved. That the House, in the exercise of its constitutional prerogatives, decilines to consider any communication from any source which is not in its own judgment respectful; and he it further. Hesolved. That the special committee and the committee of the whole House on the state of the Union he discharged from any consideration of so much of the President's annual message as relates to the Secret Service as above set forth and that the said portion of the message he haid on the table; and he if further. Resolved. That the message he haid on the table; and he if further and responsive to the inquiry of the House and constituting an invasion of the privileges of this House by questioning the motives and intelligence of members in the exercise of their constitutional rights and functions, he laid on the table.

# Laugh at More Messages.

Perkins gave way to Denby, who said that the President "had veered from the path of recommendation and just criticism into the realm of personal abuse, speculation and innuendo."

During the discussion Secretary Latta appeared with three messages from the White House, and his appearance was greeted with roars of laughter messages proved to be of a routine char-acter and were not allowed to interrupt the proceedings for any length of time. Bennett of New York opposed the adoption of the Perkins resolution and declared that, if the House should ac-

cept it, its action would have no more effect on the character which history would give to President Roosevelt than the action of the Senate on President Tyler's record in connection with his attitude towards Andrew Jackson, Bennett pointed out that no longer than two years ago a committee of the House had inserted a clause in the Burkson bill.

in a magnetic at the strong away prematurely of information concerning crop statistics, a clause making it applicable to Congressmen, and yet the House had taken no offense at the suggestion that there might be criminals among Congressmen.

be criminals among Congressmen.
In further defense of the Secret Servica
Bennett declared that the President's recommendations should be carefully considered before the portion criticised was
wiped out. He recalled some of the remarks directed at the President by the
members of the House at the session and members of the House at its session and said this should be taken into considera-tion before administering the rebuke.

# Denies Right to Scold.

WAre we not declining to receive a re-buke from the President?" asked Wil-liams with emphasis, "and are we not denying his official right to scold the representatives of the people?"

Bennett's only retort was that his in

nuisitor could find his answer in the lewspapers tomorrow.

Weeks, a member of the Perkins comnities, agreed with what his colleague

Townsend (Mich.) declared that, if the nembers were seeking to preserve their eputations before the country, it could not be accomplished by the resolution. chich he opposed.

The House was moved to great laughter when Williams (Miss.) got the floor and proposed a humorous amendment to the law authorizing the Secret Service. Tawney was recognized and as he arose he was greeted with vociferous applause. Tawney said nothing could contribute

so much to the destruction of the Republic as an attempt upon the part of one branch of it to impeach the honor and integrity of another branch. Arbitrary and unauthorized use of the power of any one branch of government, if allowed to pass unchallenged, would go further to undermine the confidence of the people in their government than all other agencies combined. The President's charge that the restriction on the use of the Secret Service. "If deliberately introduced for the purpose of diminishing the effectiveness of war against crime, it could not have been better devised to that end," clearly implied that Congress intended to benefit and protect from punishment these guilty of committing fraud and other violations of the public law. No disclaimer could modify the meaning of this language or its interpretation, "under which interpretation the honor and integrity of Congress has been tation, "under which interpretation the honor and integrity of Congress has been assailed and stands impeached." He said the President's charge that members of Congress feared investiga-tion impugned their motives, violated their constitutional privileges and was

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* SECRETARY OF METROPOLI-TAN OPERA HOUSE.



Ralph Edmunds,

Photo Copyright, 1908, by Geo. G. Bain. NEW YORK, Jan. S .- (Special.) In all the stress of battle at the Metropolitan, one man re-mains calm. He is Ralph Ed-munds, who bears the modest title of secretary and who says that his duties have not been "de-fined." Mr. Edmunds was seers-tary under Conried some years ago; then he took out "Madame Butterfly" for Savage and made a great success of it. Today he is modestly performing the joint duties of Goerlitz and Otto Weil and several others of the unla-mented Conried's forces, running the "front" of the house, Reeping the opera singers in a good humor in six languages, and in a greater measure than is under stood by most of the subscribers he is to be credited with the success of the present season under Gatti and Dippel. All of which Mr. Edmunds would deny if he were questioned.

calculated to grouse popular prejudice against all branches of the Government. He would prove the President's utter-ances to be unfounded, but there would still linger in many minds suspicion that Congressmen were not faithful to duty and unselfish.

of Kentucky characterized the President's action as a grave breach the President's action as a grave of privilege and said the House could not accept any response to its former resolution which did not contain a withdrawal of the offensive language and an apology. Instead of this the President committee. This, after briefly reviewing the controversy, says:

Whether the House, in its resolution of December 17, 1908, correctly interpreted the meaning of the words used by the President in his annual message or whether it missumed the insure. This issue was whether the issue and in the implies, will be judged now and in the implies, will be finglish language. The fact of the English language of the English language of the Greniber of the President's language we consider the language of the President's language of the House, in the exertise of the House, in the institute of the House, in the exertise of the House, in the institute of the House, in the institute of the House, in the institute of the House, in the House, in the House of the Hou

bers mentioned individually by the Presi-dent, said he yielded to no one in the heartiness with which he favored the rigid enforcement of all laws alike against the rich and the poor, and he was well aware that it was son ecessary to resort to the use of de-

Smith then sailed into the Secret Servsmith then saided mist the section to the in vigorous fashion. "The question now is not," he said, "should a legal detective force be created in the Department of Justice, but was Congress subject to just criticism for destroying at its last session the system which has grown up of using the counterfeiting force to the Transacy Department for misthe Treasury Department for mis

# Large Fund to Detect Crime.

Fitzgerald declared his opposition to repeal of the Secret Service restrictions, but would not quarrel with the Presi-dent nor permit his judgment to be im-properly swayed by that official. He declined to be an echo. He denied that any language used by him justified the Presi-dent's assertion that "the chief argu-ment used in favor of the provision was that the Congressmen did not themselves wish to be investigated."

wish to be investigated.
Following a speech by Driscoll of New York, defending the President, Gardner of Massachusetts sprung a surprise by offering an amendment striking out the whole text of the report and seifing forth that the House has the utmost confidence in every member of the com-

The roll, by ununimous consent then was called for the adoption of the resoirtion, which was carried by a vote of 213 to 35. Those voting against the reso-lution were: Bennett of New York, Campbell of Kansas, Chapman of Illi-nois, Cooper of Wisconsin, Cox of Indiana, Crumpacker of Indiana, Davis of Minnesota, Douglas of Ohlo, Driscoll of New York, Foelker of New York, French of Idaho, Guernsey of Maine, Hayes of California, Henry of Connecti-cut, Howland of Ohlo, Jenkins of Wis-consin, Kinkald of Kentucky, Kusterman of Wisconsin, Landis of Indiana, Langley of Kentucky, Laning of Ohio, WcLaugh-lin of Michigan, Madison of Kensus, Nelson of Wisconsin, Narris of Nebrus-Nelson of Wisconsin, North of Nebras-ka. Parsons of New York, Pollard of Nebraska, Pray of Montana, Prince of Illinois, Reeder of Kansas, Reynolds of Pennsylvania, Lemp of Virginia, Town-send of Michigan, Washburn of Massahusetts and Wilson of Illino's. The House then adjourned.

# Landlady Gets Scared.

The report that a man had committed suicide last night in the rooming-house of Mrs. M. Parsiev, 125½ Sixth street, caused Detectives Price and Tennant to investigate. The officers discovered that the alarm had been given by a very timid landlady, who, because she could not open the door and hadn't seen her lodger during the day, thought he had killed himself. The officers had to break open the door to get entrance. The man they sought was comfortably enjoying himself in one of the theaters. He with-The officers had to break held his name from the police.

Wehfoot On Blacking keeps feet dry. Makes shoes last. All dealers.

Adopts Resolution Inquiring Into His Course.

STEEL TRUST DEAL JARS

After Test Vote to Show Sentiment, Solons Vote to Look Into Executive Action Regarding Absorption of Tennessee Company.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—By viva voce vote, the Senate today adopted Culberson's resolution instructing the committee on judiciary to report to the Senate whether the President was authorized to permit the absorption of the Tennessee

permit the absorption of the Tennesses
Coal & Iron Company by the United
States Steel Corporation.
Preceding that action, Hopkins, renswing his objection to the resolution on the
ground that the President did not approve the act of the steel corporation in
absorbing the Tennessee Coal & Iron
Company, moved to lay Culherson's resolution on the table as soon as it was
called up by the Texas Senator today.
On that motion the vote was 14 yeas
and 47 noes, the yea vote being as follows:

Burke, Carter, Cummins, Curtis, Dixon, Dupont, Depew, Hopkins, Kean, Mc-Cumber, Plaft, Penrose, Richardson and

All of the Senators voting to lay the resolution on the table were Republicans, and of the 47 votes against that motion 21 were cast by Democrats and 26 by Republicans. As soon as this test vote was announced, Culberson moved the adop-tion of his resolution and by a viva voce was adopted, no division being

INVESTIGATE RATES AGAIN

## Congress Gets Uneasy About Freight Tariffs and Starts Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.-Representative Madden, of Illinois, today introduced a resolution calling upon the Interstate Commerce Commission to inform the House what advances have occurred in freight rates in different parts of the United States since the passage of the Hepburn rate law, and whether such advances have been occasioned by an advance in the tariff rate or by a change in classification or by charging for some privilege which was formerly accorded

Retire on Full Salary.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The House committee on the judiclary agreed today to report favorably the Senate bill pro-viding that Federal judges having reached the age of 70 years, may retire after ten years on the bench at full salary.

# DETECTIVE BILL ALLOWED

Lively Tilt Over Its Payment by Umatilla Court.

PENDLETON, Or., Jan. 8.—After one of the liveliest titls ever witnessed in the Umatilia County Court, the bill incurred by District Attorney G. W. Phelps for the services of a Thiel detective last September in securing evidence against the violators of the local option law, by meane of which over 20 saloonkeepers and bartenders were convicted and \$1000 in fines were collected, was finally signed by Commissioner M. E. Lee, but falled absolutely to carry it with the signature of Commissioner Horace Walker, who maintained to the last that the District Attorney had no legal right to employ the detective at the expense of the Judge T. P. Gillfland signed the bill a

# MONEY STILL POURS IN

Italian Relief Fund Grows In Spite of Weather.

The committee in charge of the funds for the Italian sufferers has mot with continued generous response from the Portland people. Yesterday 1900 was cabled to Rome, and the committee has casted to frome, and the communication solicited as much territory as was possible considering the weather. Yesterday nearly \$500 additional was secured. As soon as enough is paid into the fund. Colonel David M. Dunne, treasurer, will cable it to Italy, that Portland's contributions, may relieve all the distress possible.

The principal interest of the relief movement centers now in the benefit concert to be given at the Bungalow Theater next Monday night. This is assured of being a success, for in addition to the artists who will contribute their services, the young ladies who sell flowers at the performance will attract many to

# \$20 BOUNTY ON COUGARS

Clatsop County Will Demand Affidavits With Each Scalp.

ASTORIA, Or., Jan. &-(Special.)-Clatsop County will, during the year 1999, pay a bounty of \$20 each on cougar scalps, \$3 each on bear scalps and \$1 each on bob and wildcat scalps. This action was taken by the County Court today on account of numerous reports being present that during the mast year these anieat that during the past year these and mais had done great damage in certain sections of the county by killing do-mestic animals as well as a large amount of small game.

A provision was made in the order to

a provision was made in the order to guard against the bringing of scalps from other counties, where the bounty is not so high, and every one presenting a scalp for bounty must file an affidavit that the animal was killed in Clatsop County. REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Title Guarantee & Trust Company to M A. Zollinger, lots 3, 4, block 25. 

Addition T. Kearns and wife to Emma Breitling, unlivided to of lets 3, 4, 5, 6, block P. Morgans lets 3, 4, 5, 6, block 9, Morgans Addition
H. A. Davidson, trustee, to Florence A. Converse, undivided 14 of block 85, Woodstock
H. A. Davidson, trustee, to Estelle J.Mcfmtyre, undivided 34 of block 83, Woodstock
Portland Realty & Trust Company to

# California

Mid-Winter Excursion

**Portland** 

Los Angeles and Return

\$84.25

## Including-

Berth in Pullman sleeper and all meals on going trip; side trips in and around San Francisco, Palo Alto, San Jose, Del Monte, Paso Robles, Santa Barbara, and numerous entertainments by enthusiastic Californians.

# Southern Pacific

# -Special Train-

Special excursion train leaves Portland at 10:30 A. M. Saturday, January 16th, arriving Los Angeles Friday, January 22d, at 5:45 P. M. Tickets provide for stopover on return trip which may be made at pleasure within 90 days.

Call at City Ticket Office, corner Third and Washington streets, for itinerary of excursion, sleeping car reservations and tickets.

# Wm. McMurray

General Passenger Agent Portland, Oregon

H. Heyano, the proprietor, was intoxicated and broke up all the furniture in ton

Comman Catholic Archbishop of Diocess of Gregon to Gustave Jahnke et al. lot 3, block 1, Meadowland.

W. Bonser and wife to J. S. Crumbly, lot 11, block 1, East Portland Heights

Kenwood Land Company to J. H. Thatcher, lots 20, 21, block 5, Kenton Kenton
Hiram Rhodes and wife to J. C.
Mitcheliree, south holf of northwest quarter and the north half of
southwest quarter of section 27, T.
3 N. R. 2 W.
Becurity Abstract & Trust Company
to Emma Bracher, lot 6, block 28,
Rose City Park.

Whooping-Cough, Croup, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Diphtheria. Cresolene is a Boon to Asthmatics. Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a medy for diseases of the breathing organs than take the remedy into the atomack?
Cresselene cures because the air, rendered rough anticoptic, is carried over the diseased rates with every breath, giving prolonged and natant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers the small children.

contant freatment. with small children. For irritated threat there is nothing better than Cresciencantiseptic Throat Tablets. Semi &c in postage for sample bottle. for sample bottle.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Send postal for descriptive Booklet. Yapa-Cresolone Co. 180 Fulton Street, New York,

IF YOU ARE A TRIFLE SENSITIVE About the size of your shoes, We some sat infaction in know that many people can wear shoes a size similar by sprinkling Allen's Foot-Ease into them. Just the thing for Danding Pariles, Pacent Leather Shoes, and for breaking in New Shoes. When rubbers or overshoes begone necessary and your shoes pinch, Allen's Foot-Ease gives instant relief. Sold Everywhere 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmated, Le Roy, N. V. Don't accept any substitute.

## ARE YOU TOO THIN?

Rose City Park
Fred Ristman and wife to Charles
and Bertha Killies, lots 27, 28,
block 12, Tremont Place
W Keeler to A. C. Meyer, lots 1, 2,
block 3, Kenton
H. Hamblet, trustee, to A. C. Meyer,
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, block 15, Fairport
Addition
Sessie W. Park

Addition to Elsa Ann Schnabel 104 47, Cedar Hill Swinton Land Company to J. H. Sasrinen, lots 9, 10, 11, block 40, Swinton

winton Land Company to William Hartill, lots 7, 8, block 38, Swin-

Swinton Land Company to George E. Hartill, lote 5, 6, block 38.

E. Haritli, lots Swinton Rose City Park Association to E. L. McCabe, lot 10, block 2, Rose City Park

Total .....\$34,801

LAWYERS ABSTRACT & TRUST CO Room 6. Board of Trade bldg Abstracts a specialty.

Have your abstracts made by the Title & Trust Co., 7 Chamber of Commerca.

Breaks Up Jap House.

George Jefferson, a young laborer, was arrested at a late hour last night for raising "rough house" in the Japanese lodging-house at 281% Everett street.



Would a little more flesh make you more stylish Would a little more make you have and attractive?
Would to or so pounds more make you better satisfied with your personal appearance?
Would your gowns look better and please you and others more if you were a little stourer?
If so, do you believe anyone can give you the additional flesh that you desire?

# I PROVE IT FREE

If you write me today I will send you promptly sufficient Dr. Whitney's Nerve and Flesh Builder to prove that it will give you a superb figure with beautiful arms, shapely neck and shoulder', full round bust, and well developed Hmber not for the time being, but permanently.

There will not be a penny of charge for this my experience proves that I can well afford to take all the risk in proving what this Treatment will do.

This is a purely vegetable compound and cannot possibly do you any harm but is always of great benefit to the general health.

It will possitively enlagte the bust from a to 6 inches and give a healthy timt to the complexion; the Free Trial Treatment proves this.

Don't delay, write today to The C. L. JONES CO. 26A Friend Bldg., Elmira, N. X. because if this generous offer overcrowds us it will have to be withdrawn.

# Rheumatic Pains

"My mother is a great sufferer from rheumatism, and Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills is the only remedy that relieves her."

> MRS. G. DAVENPORT, Roycefield, N. J.

The pains of rheumatism are almost invariably relieved with Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. They also overcome that nervous irritation which prevents sleep because they soothe the nerves. To chronic suffers they are invaluable. When taken as directed, they relieve the distress and save the weakening influence of pain, which so frequently prostrates. Many sufferers use them whenever occasion requires with the greatest satisfaction, why not you? They do not derange the stomach nor create a habit. Why not try them? Get a package from your druggist. Take it according to directions, and if it does not benefit he will return

your money.