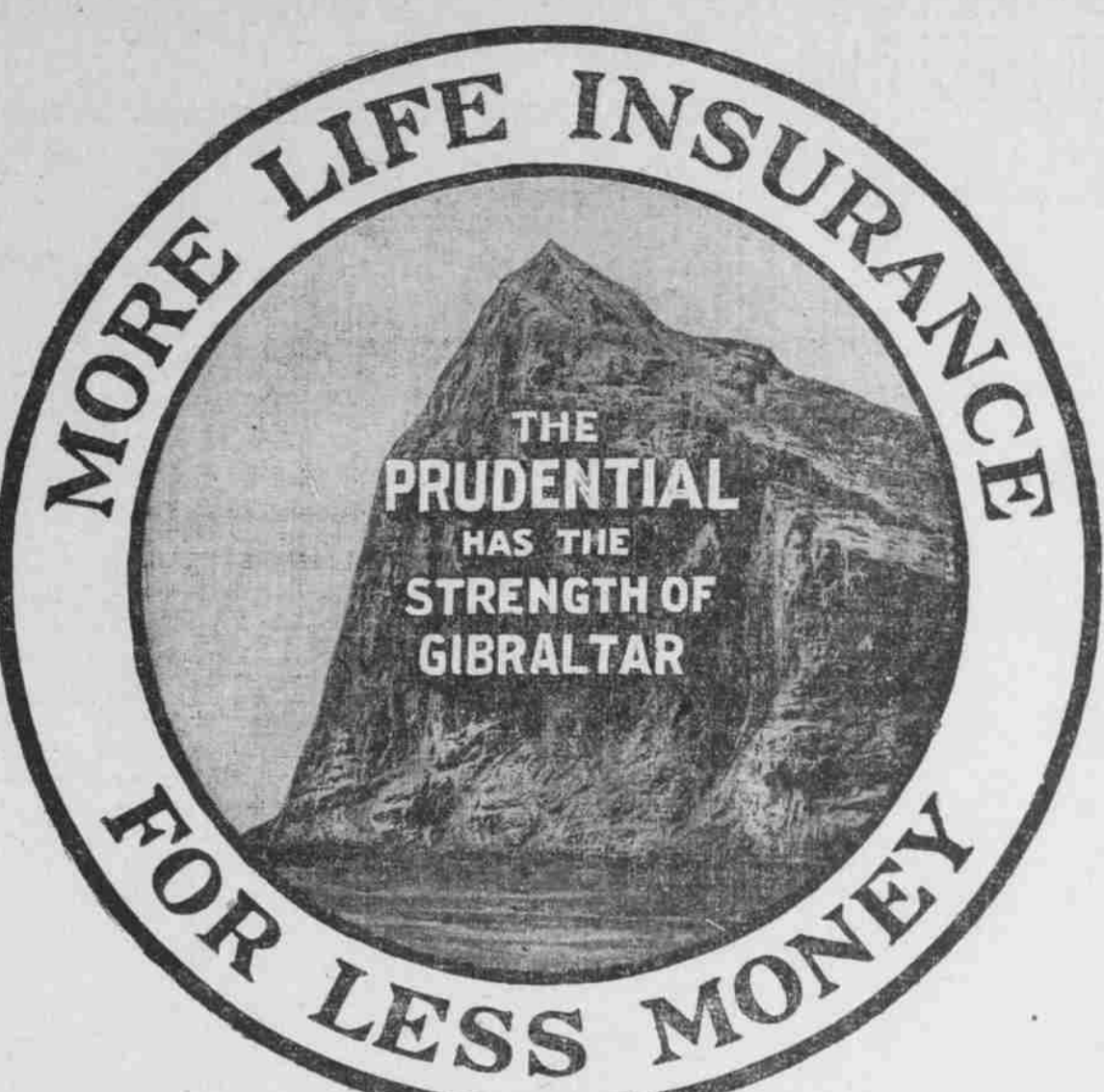


# Agents of The Prudential

Are Now Canvassing in This Vicinity. They Have a Most Vital Story to Tell of How Life Insurance Has Saved the Home, Protected the Widow, and Educated the Children. Let Them Tell It to You.

Built upon honest, upright and economical Life Insurance principles, The Prudential has revolutionized all popular methods of Life Insurance and saving. It has thrown its protection around more than a million homes. It issues a policy free from technicalities and absolutely guaranteed. Its popularity is evidenced by over seven and one-half million policies in force.



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### THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE CO. OF AMERICA

Incorporated as a Stock Company by the State of New Jersey

JOHN F. DRYDEN, President.

HOME OFFICE, NEWARK, N. J.

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Good Income.

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JOHN PAUER, Superintendent, Rothchild Building.

P. M. HOWARD, Manager (Ordinary Dept.), Corbett Building

The New Monthly Income Policy Provides Support for Your Family or for Your Own Old Age. Investigate It!

Ordinary and Industrial Policies Ages 1 to 70. Both Sexes. Amounts, \$15 to \$100,000.

### DUNBAR RETAINS \$100,000 FEES

Supreme Court Decides State Has No Claims on Money Collected.

### LOWER COURT REVERSED

Question of Constitutionality of State Officers to Accept Fees Not Entered Into by Decision. Opinion of Eakin.

SALEM, Or., Dec. 29.—(Special.)—Holding that the state has no right to recover fees collected by ex-Secretary of State F. I. Dunbar, the Supreme Court today handed down a decision reversing the decree entered by Circuit Judge William Galloway, in which judgment was given for over \$100,000 against Dunbar. The opinion of the Supreme Court was written by Justice Robert Eakin. The opinion of the court does not pass upon the question whether the constitution prohibits the payment of fees to state officers in addition to their constitutional salaries. "Assuming, without deciding," says the opinion, "that the compensation is fees and perquisites and within the inhibition of the constitution, then the acts authorizing them are clearly void, to that extent, and cannot be construed as authorizing the collection of them for the use and benefit of the state." The court also holds that the compensation authorized by the Legislature for transcribing the journals and session laws is lawful, for it is not compensation for personal services but is to pay the expense of having such records transcribed.

### TOWNSHIP DEAL FAILS

Clark County Attorneys Find Legal Majority Was Not Obtained.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Dec. 29.—(Special.)—Clark County will not be divided into townships after all, as it has been discovered that township organization did not legally carry at the last general election. In the November election there were cast in favor of township organization 1557 votes and against it 268. As this was a majority of the votes cast on this question, it was concluded that the proposition had carried. The County Commissioners divided the county into townships, named the townships and set a time for electing the township officers. The people have been planning great things for themselves in the way of good roads and the County Assessor-elect has been sweating lest he would lose the job he was elected to fill, for each township was to have its own Assessor. But it appears that the State Supreme Court has rendered a previous decision wherein a majority of all votes cast at the general election is necessary to pass a local measure such as township government. In Clark County at the last

general election 470 votes were cast, a majority of which would be 236. All told only 1911 votes were cast on the township question, therefore the question did not carry. Prosecuting Attorney James P. Stapleton is now preparing an official statement of the case.

### GRADING INJURES HOUSES

Fine Residences in South Bend Liable to Collapse.

SOUTH BEND, Wash., Dec. 29.—(Special.)—Destruction of several fine residences on First street is threatened by grading operations. A cut of 27 feet was made in front of three handsome residences, and owing to a seepage of water underneath the properties, the banks immediately began caving. In efforts to save the property hundreds of dollars were expended in bulkheading and terracing. The bulkhead has been completely destroyed and the houses themselves are already partially undermined, and it looks as if the only way to save them is to move them to other locations which, on account of their present location, will be difficult and expensive. A big slide last night has left one house in a critical condition and it is feared it will collapse before it can possibly be moved.

### WIRE SHOCK KILLS ALLEN

Workman Meets Death Near Phoenix, in Josephine County.

MEDFORD, Or., Dec. 29.—(Special.)—Chester R. Allen, son of James Allen, of Stringtown, an employe of the Condor Water & Power Company, of Medford, was killed near Phoenix this afternoon by a shock from the electric wires on which he was working. A. E. Dunlop, who has the contract for stringing the company's wires to Phoenix, hired Allen yesterday and warned him from throwing a wire from the ground to the live wires overhead. At 3 o'clock this afternoon Allen did the same thing and he was knocked down. He replied "Yes," when his fellow-workmen asked him if he was hurt. Dr. Conroy, of Medford, was sent for, but in spite of everything done, Allen died inside of one hour. He was well known and well liked through all this part of the country.

### DUCK HUNTER IS KILLED

R. E. Cost, of Coast Artillery, Pulled Loaded Gun Toward Self.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Dec. 29.—(Special.)—Robert E. Cost, a Corporal of the 14th Company, Coast Artillery, garrisoning Fort Casey, was accidentally shot and killed while duck shooting this morning. With his company commander, Frank B. Edwards, Cost was engaged in erecting a blind. The flight of a flock of ducks caused him to reach for his gun. In drawing the weapon toward him one barrel was discharged, the full charge entering his face. The dead man was a native of Alabama, enlisting a year ago at Denver, where an uncle resides.

### Northwestern People in New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—(Special.)—People from the Pacific Northwest registered in New York hotels to-day as follows: Portland—Herald Square, L. G. Brown, York—J. W. Burgan, Imperial—L. Bates, Tacoma—Woodward, Mrs. H. P. Tuttle.

### FRAME WATER CODE

Meeting for This Purpose to Be Held January 6.

### ADOPT WYOMING SYSTEM

Details of New Law to Be Worked Out by Commission and Completed Bill to Be Presented to the Legislature.

### INSANE UNEVENLY DIVIDED

Several Counties Produce More Than Proportion to Population.

SALEM, Or., Dec. 29.—(Special.)—The bill for a new water code for Oregon will be completed on January 6 at a meeting to be held in this city by the water committee of the Oregon Conservation Commission. J. N. Hart, of Baker County, and F. J. Miller, of Linn County, are performing the work. At the meeting here on January 6 it is expected that nearly all the members of the water committee will be present and go over the bill thoroughly, considering it in all its details and placing it in shape for introduction in the legislature which convenes on January 11. The members of the committee are State Engineer J. H. Lewis, Salem; Austin T. Buxton, of Buxton; J. N. Hart, Baker City; W. R. King, Salem; E. I. Lake, Corvallis; R. W. Montague, Portland; F. J. Miller, Albany; W. K. Gaston; J. C. Stevens, Portland; C. B. Watson, Ashland; J. R. Wilson, Portland. To Draft Completed Bill. The general committee decided that the bill shall be based upon the Wyoming water law, but left the details to be worked out by the sub-committee. It is the desire of the committee to have the bill in such shape that it will be passed by the legislature without amendment. The bill will probably be introduced early and be given prompt attention, so that it will not come up for consideration late in the session when a flood of bills prevents careful attention to any. The exact nature of the measure will not be known until after the meeting of the committee. It is understood that W. R. King, who is one of the Supreme Court Commissioners, will not participate in the work of preparing the bill. But though the exact nature of the bill is not known the general principles to be followed in framing it were thus stated by the Conservation Commission: 1. Complete state control of diversions from streams. No water right in the future should become vested except by appropriation under the laws, rules and regulations prescribed by the state, and the diversion of water without right from a public stream by any individual or corporation should be made a misdemeanor. 2. A system whereby the priority and limitations of existing rights to the use of water can eventually be ascertained. 3. That beneficial use be made the basis, the measure and the limit of all rights to the use of water; and that water for irrigation purposes should be made subservient to the land irrigated. 4. All rights to the use of water for power development should be limited to some specified time, subject to renewal under certain restrictions. 5. An efficient administrative system, with proper officers for the distribution of the water supply among those entitled to its use. 6. An adequate system of fees payable to the state by those benefited, so that eventually the system shall become self-supporting. System of Administration. The Wyoming administrative system is thus described in the Commission's report: The State Engineer is president of the Board of Control, which is composed of him, of the superintendents of the four water divisions of the state, and the duties of which are to determine and adjust all rights to water and to grant permits for its use. An administrative officer, the Board of Control, the State Engineer has supervision over the division superintendents, who in turn have supervision over the water commissioners of various water districts and these officers together control the appropriation, distribution and division of all the water of the state. No water can be legally appropriated in the state until authorized by the State Engineer, and then only if three water appropriators, and the State Engineer's office is made a place of record for all appropriations of water. The State Engineer has also general supervision over all reservoir construction within the state. The water commissioners have authority to prevent the waste of water and are vested with police powers to enforce priorities of right to water, as established by the State Board of Control or the courts. The State Engineer division superintendents and water commissioners are appointed by the Governor on the recommendation of the division superintendents.

here thirty-eight years. He resided successively in New York, Missouri, California, and Oregon, coming to Yakima from The Dalles. He was a pioneer hop grower of this section, his advancing years operated his hop yard up to the time of his death. The deceased had considerable property, including 140 acres at Tampoico, a large ranch near Parker, and two sections of wheat land in Horse Haven. The funeral will be held Thursday morning. When Mrs. Herke died in 1878, she was at The Dalles and he was at Tampoico. He walked the entire distance, covering it in two days, from Tampoico to The Dalles, a distance of 100 miles, and arrived there in time for the funeral. Mr. Herke was one of the men who assisted in the opening of the stage road to the Dalles, commonly called the Canyon road, by which freight from this district was hauled to The Dalles. Mr. Herke and his family had many exciting experiences with the Indians in the early days. At one time early in the seventies when he was away from home his house at Tampoico was attacked and the children escaped by dropping through a trap door in the floor and thence out through the cellar and into the brush where they remained hidden until the Indians had ransacked the house and ridden away.

### BANK TO PAY BACK

First Dividend at La Grande on March 1.

### \$85,000 NOW IN SIGHT

Receiver Neidner Reports That He Hopes to Increase This Sum. Scriber Destroyed Many Good Notes With Bad Ones.

### ALBANY, OR., DEC. 29.—(Special.)

—March 1 is the date selected for the payment of 40 per cent dividends to creditors of the defunct Farmers & Traders National Bank. This was announced positively today by Walter Neidner, receiver for the wrecked institution. —March 1 is the date selected for the payment of 40 per cent dividends to creditors of the defunct Farmers & Traders National Bank. This was announced positively today by Walter Neidner, receiver for the wrecked institution. The stockholders' assessment is due February 19, which, according to Receiver Neidner, will be ample time to complete arrangements to pay the 40 per cent dividend on the first of the following month. Mr. Neidner further declared today that he is hopeful of collecting between \$30,000 and \$50,000 of the double liability of stockholders. Up to this time he has collected \$12,000 from this source. He declares that the bank has \$85,000 in sight at the present time. The wrecked bank, according to the receiver, will pay 65 per cent on all deposits. He has been unable after the most exhaustive investigation to discover more liabilities than those already announced. But, on the other hand, he says there is a chance for other assets. Among the amazingly peculiar operations of ex-Cashier J. W. Scriber was the destruction of many really good notes, on the night of his sensational flight he is known to have destroyed many notes, all of which, it was at first supposed, were forged and valueless. But investigation has shown that in the bundle he carelessly seized and carelessly destroyed were a number of good notes with genuine signatures. Another peculiar feature is that there are no records in the bank to account for the existence of certain good notes. For instance, a banking house in Seattle owes the defunct Farmers & Traders National money on certain notes, of which there is no record here. Among the assets of the bank which, however, are not included by the receiver in the list of assets, is a large amount of stock in a Sumpter mining company. In his opinion, the receiver probably will continue to be able to realize on them. "Mr. Scriber is a physiological study to me," said Mr. Neidner. "He is the cleverest I have ever seen and is a problem. He has been sincere, however, in his efforts to help us untangle the affairs of the bank."

### ANTHONY HERKE IS DEAD

Yakima Pioneer, Once Resident of The Dalles, Passes Away.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., Dec. 29.—(Special.)—Anthony Herke, pioneer, died in this city, aged 72. He had lived

Alameda Caldwell, all of Albany, \$500 each; to Jane Schoe, of Albany, \$100.

The will bequeaths \$10,000 for charity and names George W. Caldwell and William Caldwell, V. H. Caldwell gave \$50 each and to Violet Caldwell and Frances Caldwell, daughters of Charles Caldwell, of Portland, he gave \$500 each. After these bequests and the payment of the indebtedness of the estate, the balance, which will be in the neighborhood of \$25,000, is to be divided equally between Mary S. Kantz, George W. Caldwell, Nellie Hughes, Andrew J. Caldwell, William Caldwell, Martha M. Marsh and Sarah F. Caldwell. The contesting heirs say that the bequest of only \$100 to Jane Schoe is explained by the fact that she married against her father's wishes but they assert that they are unable to understand his discrimination against the other six youngest children, especially against the contestant of the will, Alameda Caldwell, who is the youngest daughter and an invalid and regarding whose care after his death her father had often spoken.

### THE STOMACH DOES NOT CAUSE DYSPEPSIA

Neither Will It Cure It Because the Lack of Gastric Juices Prohibits Relief.

### GALDWELL SANE THEY SAY

BUT WITNESSES PUZZLED AS TO MEANING OF WILL.

Contest Over Division of \$75,000 Estate Creates Interest in Albany Court.

ALBANY, Or., Dec. 29.—(Special.)—Testimony to prove that V. H. Caldwell was perfectly able to make a will when he bequeathed the bulk of his \$75,000 estate to seven of his children, cutting off the others with \$500 each, was introduced today before County Judge Duncan in the hearing of the contest of the will. Having proven his signature to the document now the basis of the hard-fought controversy, the executors are now trying to establish the mental capacity of Caldwell, the contestant being having asserted that the old man was (schizophrenic) and that George W. Caldwell, a Portland attorney, who is named as one of the executors and also a trustee without bond of a \$20,000 fund for charity, used undue influence over his father in making the will. The will was signed November 12, 1907, and Caldwell died April 3, 1908. The evidence the executors are presenting tends to show that Caldwell was of sound mind at the time the will was made. The hearing will probably continue nearly all week. Great interest is manifested in the contest and a large number of people attended the hearing today. The attorney for Alameda Caldwell, the contestant of the will, asserts that some sensations will develop regarding the will when the testimony on behalf of the executors is concluded and they begin the introduction of their evidence. This will of Caldwell, which, unless broken, governs the disposition of an estate worth at least \$75,000 and which is now being contested, makes the following bequests to his 14 children: To Mary S. Kantz, of Portland, \$1000; to George W. Caldwell, of Stanton, \$2000; to Nellie A. Hughes, of Forest Grove, \$1000; to William Caldwell, of Albany, \$1000; to Martha M. Marsh, of Albany, \$1000; to Sarah F. Caldwell, of Albany, \$2000; to Charles Caldwell, of La Grange, \$1000; to Frank Caldwell, all of Portland, and Frederick Caldwell, James Caldwell and

Alameda Caldwell, all of Albany, \$500 each; to Jane Schoe, of Albany, \$100.

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### THE STOMACH DOES NOT CAUSE DYSPEPSIA

Neither Will It Cure It Because the Lack of Gastric Juices Prohibits Relief.

The stomach is a strong, powerful organ, which is composed of muscles of great strength. It is filled during digestion with gastric juices which, when the stomach, extending and compressing the food, dissolve it and separate the nourishment from the waste matter. If, however, these gastric juices are lacking, the stomach is not capable of digesting its food because it has not the tools with which to work successfully. The gastric juices when in a perfect state do away with all foul odors, fermentation and decay, reduce the food to a disintegrated mass and the stomach then presses it into the intestines where another form of digestion takes place. Then the intestines take from this mass of food all that is nourishing and give it to the blood. The waste matter is thrown from the system. If instead of nourishment the intestines receive impure deposits combined with a poisonous and imperfect gastric juice, it can be readily seen that they must turn such imperfect nourishment into the blood. The blood then being unable to give each part of the body that which it requires, becomes impoverished and disease is spread broadcast. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets correct such a condition at once. If the gastric juices are lacking and imperfect these tablets will rebuild them. They build up the elements in the juice which are lacking and remove those elements which cause disturbance. Meat, grains, fluids, vegetables and delicacies, in fact each portion of a large meal have been placed in a glass trial and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have digested them to a perfect fluid just as a healthy stomach would do. A large, complex, hearty meal holds no terrors for a dyspeptic if Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are used. Abnormal eating, late dinners, rich foods cause ill effects to the stomach, but when Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are used once by mail a sample package free of danger of dyspepsia or discomfort. Forty thousand physicians endorse and prescribe Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and every druggist carries them in stock, price 50c. Send us your name and address and we will send you at once by mail a sample package free of charge. Address P. A. Stuart Co., 159 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.