HONEST REVISION OR HE WILL VETO

Taft Declares Himself on Tariff Bill at Ohio Society Banquet.

HUGHES NEXT PRESIDENT

Governor Hailed as Taft's Successor by Henry W. Taft—Rockefellers Present With Kellogg and Editor Delavan Smith.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—President-elect Taft was the guest of honor last night at the 23d annual dinner of the Ohio Society in New York. Around the 100 tables placed in the grand ballroom in Astor gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel were men gathered from every section of the country and leaders in many walks of life.

Mr. Taft took advantage of the occasion in a speech filled with more earnestness that he has delivered since his election, to pledge his administration and his party, so far as he can control it, to a loyal adherence to the Chicago platform. He dwelt almost wholly upon the revision of the tariff, which he singled out as the most important declaration made at the last National convention and, after having previously referred to the veto power of the Chief Executive, said, with all the emphasis of which he was capable:

"Better no revision at all, better that the new bill should fall unless we have an honest and thorough revision on the basis laid down and the principle outlined in the party platform."

Mr. Taft also referred to the Sherman anti-trust law and declared for its enforcement as one of the Roosevelt policies that the party had pledged itself to carry forward.

Seated at the "President's table" with Mr. Taft were the Vice-President-elect, Mr. Sherman, Governor Charles E. Hughes, Henry W. Taft, president of the society; Charles P. Taft, of Cincinnati; Horace D. Taft, of Watertown, Conn.; Dr. Arthur T. Hadley, president of Yale; ex-Senator John C. Spooner, one of those who responded to the toasts; J. Pierpont Morgan, Paul Morton, Governor Franklin Fort, of New Jersey; Secretary Straus, Frank H. Hitchcock; Bishop Leonard, of New York; General H. C. Corbin, Admiral Casper Goodrich and others.

At one of the tables was perhaps the most notable group of financiers ever gathered together at a dinner in this country. There were E. H. Harriman, George F. Baker, president of the First National Bank; George W. Perkins, of J. P. Morgan & Co.; E. H. Gary, of the United States Steel Corporation; John Claflin, Frank A. Vanderlip, vice-president of the National City Bank; Darwin P. Kingsley, president of the New York Life Insurance Company; J. P. Morgan, Jr.; J. P. Stotsbury, of Drexel, Morgan & Co., of Philadelphia, and Charles Steele, of J. P. Morgan & Co.

At another table were four Rockefellers—John D., John D., Jr., William Rockefeller and P. A. Rockefeller. With them sat John D. Archbold, the active head of the Standard Oil Company, and John G. Milburn, the special counsel of the company.

Frank B. Kellogg, who has been prosecuting the Standard, and William Nelson Cromwell, brought to the front in the recent Panama discussion, were near neighbors to the Rockefellers.

Thomas F. Ryan sat at a table with B. F. Yoakum, James Speyer and Lord Revelstoke. Paul D. Cravath, Melville E. Ingalls, Wade H. Ellis, Leslie M. Shaw, Myron T. Herrick, Justice William A. Day, Robert C. Clowry, Charles H. Treat and Delavan Smith were among the more than 900 diners. The galleries of the ballroom were filled with splendidly gowned women.

"The interstate conspiracy" by which only New York and Ohio men are entitled to the Presidency, was constantly referred to by the speakers and was the cause of much merriment. Governor Hughes was hailed by Toastmaster Henry Taft and by Senator Spooner as the "successor of Mr. Taft" when it should again become New York's turn to name the occupant of the White House.

The President-elect was the last one to speak. He said:

I am going to talk a little politics tonight and I want to invite your serious attention to some of the peculiarities with which we have to deal in our form of government as compared to that of other nations. Ours is essentially a government of parties. England also has parties, but there they fit the responsibility of the party on one man. They do not divide the responsibility as we do here under several different heads. The division of authority in our parties sometimes makes it extremely difficult to carry out the promises so freely made in the course of a campaign. The President is the executive of the Nation, and while in the White House, is rightly regarded as the head of his party, for in the campaign which follows his term of office he is in a sense made responsible for what happens during the party's administration. Yet when we come to the election of a candidate and the adoption of a platform declaring the principles of the party, this work is left to a convention of men gathered from all states of the Union.

Once the party has adopted its platform in convention and has successfully gone before the people on that platform it becomes the sacred duty of the House and Senate to carry out the policies thus declared.

The principal plank in the Chicago platform was the one which declared for a revision of the tariff at an extra session of the Congress to be called as soon as possible after March 4 next. In that plank the standard by which the revision could be made was plainly laid down. It was agreed that the revision should be made on the principles of protection and those principles were defined further by the statement that the rates to be fixed should be a measure of the difference of the cost of production here and abroad with a reasonable profit to the manufacturers.

This declaration devolved upon the party the duty of determining the difference in the cost of production here and abroad and fixing a rate which would provide a reasonable profit to the manufacturer. It did not provide for the taking of a decree pro confesso against those in the community who could not appear before a committee of Congress and be heard. It is the duty of the committee to make an affirmative effort to find out the cost of production here and abroad and to revise the tariff accordingly.

I am a protectionist, but I am not one of those who believe that the policy of protection does not in a large degree make trusts and monopolies easier of existence. But the way to stamp trusts and monopolies out is not by destroying the whole protective system. We should not have excessive tariff rates so as to tempt monopoly and give the trusts an opportunity to take advantage of those excessive rates.

There have been those in our party who did not care how high rates were fixed, but the Chicago platform showed by its new definition of a protective policy that the majority of our party believe in a definite revision of the tariff as it now exists.

Mr. Taft then took up the Sherman anti-trust law and said it was one of Mr. Roosevelt's policies which the party had pledged itself to carry out. He said:

We must enforce the Sherman act or have such modification of it as will carry out the purpose of those who adopted the original legislation. This modification should make a distinction of the "intent" with which combinations are effected. If there should be a combination to reduce the cost of production, for instance, such a combination would be legal. On the other hand, a combination intended for the purpose of monopolization and control of markets and the stifling of competition would be illegal.

Mr. Taft closed by expressing the belief that the party during the next Administration would make an earnest effort to carry out its platform principles.

CHIEF BIGGY NOW AT REST

Funeral Attended by Large Numbers Who Gather to Do Honor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec 17.—With all due regard to his rank as late head of the police department, the body of William J. Biggy, which was recovered from the waters of the bay last Tuesday, was today laid to rest in Holy Cross Cemetery. In many municipal departments business was suspended during the funeral. Over 300 policemen, headed by Captain Henry Gleeson, accompanied the body from Knights of Columbus Hall to St. Mary's Cathedral, remaining outside the church at attention until the services were concluded. Six Sergeants acted as pallbearers, and the city government, the Knights of Columbus and the police department were represented among the honorary pallbearers. In addition to the large escort of police, over 100 members of the fire department attended the funeral.

Father William P. Sullivan officiated at the solemn requiem mass in the cathedral, and the eulogy was delivered by Rev. J. P. McQuaid.

ARREST NATIVE REBELS

British Authorities Take Active Course to Punish Revolutionists.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 17.—The course adopted recently by the Indian authorities to cause the arrest, swiftly and mysteriously, of all natives suspected of revolutionary activities is having a good effect on the unrest of the population. Instead of being deported, the leaders taken into custody are being distributed to the various jails in India. It is reported that the powerful native secret societies are dissolving as a result of the energy displayed by the government.

A delegation of prominent natives, supposed to be implicated in the revolutionary movement, called on the local commissioner today and assured him of their support. Another result of the campaign is that the native newspapers are becoming extremely cautious in their comments on the government.

HAS NO USE FOR GROSSCUP

Roosevelt Refuses to Consider Judge's Brother for Appointment.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—President Roosevelt told a delegation of West Virginia Congressmen yesterday that they were "wasting time" to recommend to him the name of a brother of United States Judge Peter S. Grosscup, of Chicago, for appointment as Collector of Internal Revenue in West Virginia. Senators Scott and Elkins and Representative Gaines had introduced to the President Fred Paul Grosscup for the position.

Judge Grosscup is the jurist who reversed the finding of Judge K. M. Landis, who imposed a fine of $29,240,000 on the Standard Oil Company.

RUNAWAY GIRL IS LOST

Supposed to Come to Portland, but Goes to Fort Stevens Instead.

ASTORIA, Or., Dec. 17.—(Special.)—The San Francisco police authorities telegraphed the police here to retain Emma Heanes, who was supposed to have left there on the Rose City with a soldier, bound for Portland. The girl is said to have left the boat on its arrival here and to have gone to Fort Stevens. Sheriff Pomeroy left for Fort Stevens this afternoon, but a telephone message from him states that the girl his disappeared.

The telegram stated that the girl was formerly in custody of the Juvenile Court, and that her father will come here if she is found and take her home.

FINDS DEATH IN BREAKER

Grant Ames, of Bandon, Caught in Surf and Carried Out.

BANDON, Or., Dec. 17.—(Special.)—Grant Ames died here this afternoon as a result of being caught in the surf on the beach at this place yesterday. Together with a companion, he was riding along the beach on horseback when the two were overtaken by a great breaker and Ames was washed into the ocean. He was pulled out by his companion and help was called, but he never regained consciousness and death resulted today. Mr. Ames was 43 years old and leaves a widow and several children.

GET $2,000,000 BY FRAUD

German Promoters Give Lesson in High Finance.

BERLIN, Dec. 17.—Charged with misappropriating $2,000,000, two brothers, Adolph and Fritz Eberbach, hotel company promoters, have been arrested, the former in Silesia and the latter at Vienna. The men are charged with having founded a hotel trust with enormous capital, with offices at Berlin, Hamburg and Bremen; with having appointed dummy directors and having manipulated the funds.

MAY BE BOMB-THROWER

Man Arrested for Attempt to Blow Up Coliseum.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Thomas D. Courtney, a former Constable, was arrested yesterday charged with exploding a bomb in a store-room under the Coliseum last Sunday night. Investigation of 25 other mysterious bomb cases preceding that at the Coliseum has been resumed.

ALICE NEILSON BANKRUPT

Noted Actress Reports Assets Worth Only $75.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—Alice Neilson, an actress long prominent on the stage, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy yesterday. She gave her liabilities at $7300 and her assets at $75. The liabilities consist of unsecured claims.

MINSTREL SHOW SEATS.

Seats will be on sale this morning at 10 o'clock at the Heilig for the monster minstrel show given by the Spanish War Veterans tonight and tomorrow night. **

Tomorrow and Monday last days for discount on East Side gas bills. Don't overlook gas appliance sale. **

CHIEF UNABLE TO EXPLAIN DELAYS

Mayor and Executive Board Not Satisfied With His Statements.

HYDRANT INQUIRY RESUMED

Rigid Investigation of Controversy Held and Impression Prevails That Report Will Blame Chief, Who May Be Removed.

Mayor Lane and the fire committee of the Executive Board Wednesday night resumed investigation into the long delay in testing 150 hydrants, ordered by the Water Board early in 1907. Members of the Water Board, representatives of the contracting company, Fire Chief Campbell and others, gave testimony.

Members of the Water Board and the agents of the contractors, by their testimony, placed upon Chief Campbell the blame for the delay; while the Chief declared that the delay was in no manner his fault; that he did everything in his power to have tests made. He swore that the hydrants furnished by Hoge & Swift were defective, and caused all the delay.

Mayor Lane and the members of the committee appeared dissatisfied with Chief Campbell's explanations. It is generally believed in official circles that the Chief will be blamed in the final report; and that he may be removed from his position.

Members of the Water Board were placed on the stand and told about the ordering of 200 hydrants, over which the controversy arose. The hydrants were purchased from an Eastern firm, which is represented in Portland by Walter O. Haynes. Dr. C. H. Raffety explained that the Water Board buys all hydrants, the Fire Department officials make the tests and specify the places where they are to be placed in service. Some hydrants that were purchased in Portland were readily tested and accepted, said Dr. Raffety, but the others, from the East, were more or less faulty. Some were rejected. While the hydrants are being tested, he said he regards them in the care of the Fire Department, otherwise they are in care of the Water Board. He said he does not believe the hydrants were tested as fast as they arrived.

R. B. Lamson, a member of the Water Board, explained that 50 hydrants were ordered of the Oregon Foundry Company, the Portland firm, which were all accepted. This is the concern in which Walter O. Haynes declared he had been informed that W. J. Phillips, hydrant inspector, "had a financial interest."

"I believe," said Mr. Lamson, "that we ordered the 50 hydrants from the Oregon Foundry at the suggestion of Fire Chief Campbell, who said there was urgent need of some at once, and that we could get them much quicker from the local firm."

Mr. Lamson said he is positive the Fire Department was notified when the various shipments of hydrants were received, and also that the Water Board would furnish men to help with the tests any time the Fire Department officials were ready. The representative of Hoge & Swift, the contractors, said Mr. Lamson, several times protested about the delay, and said he stood ready to repair any defects, but that he wanted his money.

When the Water Board asked Chief Campbell why the hydrants were not tested Mr. Lamson testified, Chief Campbell declared they were no good. A little later the Chief reported that he had caused tests to be made and that 21 hydrants were accepted.

"The Water Board was anxious for the earliest possible tests," said Mr. Lamson, replying to a question by Mr. Swett. He said there was a strong demand for hydrants all over the city, while, for some unknown reason, there was the long delay in the tests.

"How does the Water Board come to order hydrants?" asked Mayor Lane.

"Upon request of the Chief of the Fire Department," replied Mr. Lamson.

"And who tests them?" asked the Mayor.

"The Fire Department officials."

"And who certifies to the acceptance of hydrants?"

"Chief Campbell."

G. W. Allen, also a member of the Water Board, went over the story of the hydrant purchase. Chief Campbell, he said, sent in a letter early in 1907, asking for 600 hydrants, and the Board decided to buy 200.

"When the bids came in," said Mr. Allen, "the agents were all there, as were also Chief Campbell and Hydrant Inspector Phillips. The Chief and Mr. Phillips were much in favor of the Howe hydrant, the local make, and urged its purchase. As I understood, Mr. Phillips had made some improvements himself in the Howe hydrants. The board awarded 150 to the Hoge & Swift Company and 50 to the Portland firm. The 50 were soon accepted and paid for."

"Why was there the delay in the tests?" asked Mr. Swett.

"I do not know," replied Mr. Allen, "but there was no honest effort made by the Fire Department. I must honestly say that my impression is that there was no desire on the part of the Fire Department to make the tests. The contractors and the Water Board both wanted prompt tests."

Finally, said Mr. Allen, the Water Board took charge, and ordered the tests, and the next thing there came a bill for 130 of the hydrants.

Superintendent Dodge, of the Water Department, said that the 50 hydrants made here were manufactured on the East Side, were inspected there, and were never in the possession of the Water Board. They were certified as having stood the test by Chief Campbell and Inspector Phillips.

Walter O. Haines, agent for the Hoge & Swift Company, was the next witness called, who related his company's connection with the case.

J. G. Shane, speaking for the company, said that it took 30 days for Mr. Phillips to test 35 hydrants, and that, on another occasion, Master Mechanic Stewart tested 35 in three day. He said Chief Campbell had told him that Phillips could not always be spared for the tests, as Phillips had other work.

MUST PAY FOR COURTSHIP

Young Man Forced to Stand Expenses, Though He Lost Bride.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 17.—If a girl pays the incidental courtship expenses of a young man who is seeking her hand, and he afterwards fails to marry her, she may recover through the courts the total she is out of pocket on the proposition.

Such a case has just been decided by Justice Selph, of Los Angeles, who ruled that Mrs. Albert A. Jones, formerly Miss Bessie May, was entitled to recover $87.50 from Emil Fernholtz, the sum representing a total of expenditures which the young lady made for the joint entertainment of herself and Fernholtz during the period of the latter's unfruitful courtship.

Mrs. Jones, who since her affair with Fernholtz has married Mr. Jones, testified in court that she had advanced the money for various things, because Fernholtz did not have it. She had kept a diary of her expenditures, jotting down dates, occasions and amounts, such as:

"September 14, trip to the beach, $5."
"September 21, visit with friends, $5."
"September 28, trip to the beach, $5."

These were some of the items which Mrs. Jones recounted in court. Once she loaned Fernholtz $20 with which to purchase some new clothes. Fernholtz took the witness stand and denied he had borrowed any of this money.

"I told her I was not in position to bear the expense of going out," he testified, "and she said she would foot the bills. We took the trips all right and she spent the money, but I did not get it."

The court held him liable for the total amount.

SALOON HELD UP BY THREE

BOLD GANG ENTERS PLACE AT FRONT AND HARRISON.

Get Money and Watches From Men Taking Last Drink at Night.

Three men entered Carlson's saloon, at Front and Harrison street, just before 1 o'clock Wednesday morning, and held up the proprietor and the late-stayers who were having their last drink. From the proprietor they got a gold watch, valued at $124, and $45 in cash. A man named Hall was relieved of 30 cents, the thieves overlooking $59 he had in another pocket.

Two other men were also searched by the holdups. From one they got $60 in coin, and a watch valued at $67; while from the other they took $19, a watch and a small check. They then left the place.

The men were unmasked, and their descriptions resemble those given of the robbers who held up two East Side places Tuesday night. A policeman had just left the saloon before the three men entered, so it is thought they had been watching the place, awaiting their chance.

Two of the thugs were armed with revolvers, one a dark colored one, and the other nickeled. The third thug carried a bludgeon. The man with the bludgeon stood guard at the door while the other two entered.

The men were all dressed in dark clothes and wore black slouch hats. They were all young, the eldest of the trio appearing to be not more than 25 years old. The leader of the men was heavily built and about 5 feet 8. Number two was short and stout, about 5 feet 6 and the third man was a very small man, not more than 5 feet 3.

Early last night the police received a tip from a mysterious source that a hold-up was going to be executed in a remote district on the East Side. Both sergeants were sent to this alleged scene and the police now believe that this "tip" was given them to throw them off the trail and prevent the quick dispatch of reserves from the police station in case of alarm for the Carlson robbery.

TELLS OF PRISON TORTURE

DEPUTY AROUSES RUSSIAN DOUMA TO FURY.

Right Party Demands Apology and President Resigns Rather Than Yield to Protests.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 17.—During an exciting session of the Douma yesterday afternoon, Nikola A. Khomyakoff, President of the Douma, resigned. Late last night there was still much uncertainty as to M. Khomyakoff's position, as he did not present his resignation to the chancellory of the Douma, where it was declared that the incident might be regarded as closed. Possibly, therefore, it may be reconsidered.

Excitement arose over the discussion of the government bill to grant a credit of $500,000 for the benefit of the employes of the prisons administration, who were victims of outrages while on duty, or of their families. The Socialists and Laborites boldly denounced the administration and the inquisitorial torturing methods applied to political prisoners.

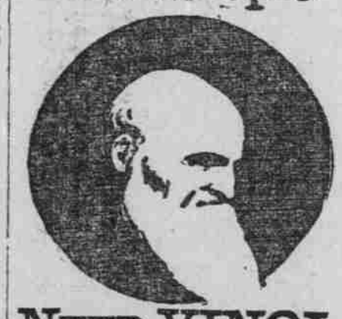
Deputy Rosanoff asserted that, as a result of the rigorous rule, 60 per cent of the prisoners died of consumption. The Right deputies angrily protested against this, whereupon M. Rosanoff declared that the Rightists possess less honor than the Russian convicts on the eve of execution.

President Khomyakoff called upon M. Rosanoff to withdraw this expression. M. Rosanoff did so to the satisfaction of the President of the Douma, but the Rightists quitted the House in a body and went to the President's room, where they insisted that M. Rosanoff must apologize. Thereupon, M. Khomyakoff resigned.

Harry Glazier, Actor.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 17.—Harry Glazier, one of the best-known stock actors in this city, a member of the Belasco Stock Company, was found dead in his room at the Hotel Maryland, Pasadena, today. Indications point to heart disease. He was about 40 years of age and leaves a widow and a 15-year-old son. He formerly starred in "The Three Musketeers."

Old People



NEED VINOL

it strengthens and vitalizes

Vinol tones up the digestive organs, aids assimilation, enriches the blood, and rejuvenates every organ in the body. In this natural manner Vinol replaces weakness with strength.

We are positive it will benefit every old person who will give it a trial. If it don't we will refund their money.

Woodard, Clarke & Co., Druggists, Portland.

¶ We're ahead when it comes to Christmas presents for men and boys.

¶ Here are articles that have practical value and are sure of a welcome.

¶ Handsome Christmas boxes for gloves, handkerchiefs, suspenders, neckwear, hose, etc.

¶ Extra Special: 50c neckwear, in handsome shades, 3 for $1.00. An early selection is advised.

THE LION CLOTHIERS

166-170 Third Street.

KAISER'S CASE HOPELESS

PLETHORA OF "MASTERPIECES BECOMES INCUBUS.

Students Fill Storeroom Shelves With Daubs Which They Are Ashamed to Carry Away.

BERLIN, Dec. 17.—(Special.)—An enumeration of all the Kaiser's misdeeds made by a German physician whose name is now a public secret, in an article in an English magazine here.

Beginning with Emperor William's early youth, the doctor says: "He had always been a very ungrateful and troublesome son, to such an extent that his father who had been condemned by Bismarck to absolute political inactivity saw no other way to lighten his overflowing heart than by entrusting his sad experience to the leaves of a carefully guarded diary. Young William's great desire was to get hold of this awkward document. When Frederick III had hardly breathed his last the young Emperor gave command to the Potsdam Hussars to surround the Castle of Charlottenburg, where Frederick's body lay still warm on its deathbead. But his orders to search for the precious diary were in vain, as Queen Victoria had taken the book back to England, where, together with the third volume of Bismarck's memories, it is awaiting publication after the death of William II."

The author then goes on to show the Emperor in turn insulted the Bavarians, the German bourgeoisie, the workmen, the federal Princes, the members of the press, the Socialists, whom he threatened to kill like pigs, the artists, the British people, the Boers, the Chinese and the Japanese.

The upshot of the whole article is that the Kaiser should be forgiven because he does not know what he is doing—that he is suffering from a progressive mental disease, caused by an inflammation of the inner ear, which will in turn either kill him or make him absolutely insane.

Extends Debt Ten Years.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 17.—Ten years' continuance of the examination of a judgment debtor has been granted by Judge Oster in the case of a man sentenced to that time in jail. Mrs. Lizzie Sheehan obtained judgment against John La Pique for $400. He was taken before the court to be examined as to the whereabouts of certain property, but refused to be sworn. The court couldn't imprison him for contempt as he was already in jail and decided to continue the action till La Pique shall be out of the hands of the Sheriff.

Van Biene Plays for Charity.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—(Special.)—Auguste Van Biene, the well-known 'cello player, yesterday played in several London thoroughfares and collected 15s 2d, which, with a five-pound note, he will send to the Music Hall benevolent fund. The musician's action was the fulfillment of a vow made 40 years ago. On December 11, 1868, a starving boy of 17 was discovered playing in Hanover Square by Sir Michael Costa, who, remarking the boy's wonderful power, asked why he was playing in the gutter. "Because I am hungry," Van Biene replied in French.

Sir Michael took him home and after hearing him play, gave him a place as a 'cello player in the Covent Garden orchestra. He then vowed that on every anniversary of his deliverance from starvation he would go back to the streets and play, and he has never broken his vow.

H B Litt

Established 1879

Sale Announcement for Practical Gifts

Today and Saturday

DECEMBER 18th and 19th

Every Suit in Stock

of rich Broadcloth, fine Cheviot, new London Mixtures, French Novelty Cloths, Popular Mannish Mixtures, etc., will be sold as follows:

Formerly priced from $35.00 to $50.00, for **$22.00**

Formerly priced from $50.00 to $65.00, for **$32.00**

Formerly priced from $65.00 to $80.00, for **$42.00**

Formerly priced from $80.00 to $100.00, for **$52.00**

Formerly priced from $100.00 to $150.00, for **$62.00**

ALL WINTER COATS

Formerly priced from $25.00 to $30.00, for **$16.00**

Formerly priced from $30.00 to $40.00, for **$21.00**

Formerly priced from $40.00 to $60.00, for **$28.00**

Black Satin Coats are included.

ALL WAISTS AND PETTICOATS

$6.00 to $8.50 **$4.75** — $8.50 to $10.00 **$6.50**

$10.00 to $15.00 **$8.00** — $15.00 to $25.00 **$11.00**

$25.00 to $45.00 **$18.00**

No reservations made without a deposit.

These sales offer a most unusual opportunity for our customers, as well as the buying public at large, to secure particularly desirable and the very latest garments, whether for present or future use, as our resident buyer in New York (Mr. H. B. Litt) assures our styles up to the minute.

From a point of Quality, Variety and Low Price, these two sales are without a parallel.

Special Preparations Are Being Made in the Alteration Department for These Sales.

351 WASHINGTON ST.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS TOMORROW AND NEXT WEEK

Extraordinary Showing of

LADIES' DESKS

Christmas shoppers will find a most satisfactory selection, in oak, maple and mahogany, patterns new and beautiful, finish perfect.

Prices $12.00 to $120.00

Exclusive designs in Music Cabinets, Tables, Rockers, Tea and Card Tables and artistic Gift Pieces, every kind

A Rug for Xmas — A well-selected Rug combines beauty and service. No gift is more welcome. Hundreds of rugs in stock, all sizes and prices. Scores of bargains.

Couch Covers and Portieres — Unusual values in Couch and Table Covers, Portieres and Lace Curtains. Many new things not seen elsewhere.

J. G. MACK & CO.

FIFTH AND STARK