



WILL INQUIRE INTO SECRET SERVICE

Senate Resents Insult in Message.

PARTIES UNITE ON RESOLUTION

Bailey and Tillman Are Particularly Angry.

ROOSEVELT NOT RESTLESS

But Hale Says Senate Is Restless and Indignant—Republican Leaders Accept Culberson's Amendment.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The Senate today decided definitely to enter upon an investigation relative to the portion of the annual message of the President which criticizes the action of Congress in prohibiting the detail of secret service men to duty in other departments than the Treasury Department.

The resolution directing the inquiry has been in contemplation ever since the message was received on Tuesday of last week, but there had been some difficulty in arriving at the terms in which it should be couched and in agreeing upon the proper person to introduce it. It was at last decided that Aldrich should stand sponsor for the measure, and today after Lodge had completed his speech on the Brownville affair, the Rhode Island Senator took the floor and presented the resolution.

Culberson Secures Amendment.

Culberson, the caucus leader of the Democrats, immediately sent up a substitute which was somewhat more specific. Both measures were promptly referred to the committee on contingent expenses and almost immediately afterward Keen from that committee reported that the Aldrich resolution with a recommendation that it pass, and today made a prompt objection and it looked for a time as if the consideration of the subject would be postponed until tomorrow.

Finally the Democrats made it known that they would interpose no objection to the immediate consideration of the Aldrich resolution if the members of the Culberson substitute directing the committee on appropriations to advise the Senate specifically as to the course of action it should take with reference to the message could be incorporated in it.

The resolution was again referred to the committee on contingent expenses and Chairman Keen of that committee was prompt in reporting a recommendation for the adoption of the Aldrich resolution with the addition of the Culberson provision. After a very animated discussion the resolution was adopted without division and thus was the inquiry decided upon. The resolution as adopted follows:

Find Out All About It.

Resolved, That that portion of the annual message of the President relating to the secret service be referred to the committee on resolutions, who are instructed to inquire whether the legislation referred to in the message has impaired the efficiency or sufficiency of the force employed in the secret service; and such committee are further directed to ascertain what persons other than those included in the secret service for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1908, for services in connection with the enforcement of the laws or for work in the detection or investigation of possible crimes or criminal acts or violation of the law, including all special attorneys, special agents, inspectors or other employees of any department of the Government, or any branch of the public service, and also some information as to all persons whose employment was authorized by indefinite or general appropriations; the information to contain the names of all persons so employed or paid, their previous occupation, the nature of the work in which they were engaged, by whom they were appointed, and upon whose suggestion or recommendation; the inquiry, however, not to include officers appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate or officers specifically provided by law, or laborers appointed as such and actually engaged in employment as laborers.

Wanton and Gross Insult.

Bailey objected to the resolution because it did not request the committee to inquire into very "gross and improper words in the President's message." He said:

"Either Congress is the most infamous body that ever assembled in any part of the world or it will take some notice of this most wanton and gross insult ever given any body in the world."

Aldrich Insisted that the resolution provided for just what Bailey advocated, but the Senator from Texas retorted that, if that was included in the resolution, it was in mild terms.

Hale declared the resolution was sufficiently strongly worded to permit the committee on appropriations to make the kind of report required by Bailey.

Tillman Pours Out Wrath.

"I would like to inquire from the Senator from Maine," interposed Tillman.

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TELLS CHICAGO OF GREAT NORTHWEST

Portland's Offer to Windy City Children.

Commercial Club Invites 50 to Tour This Section and See Wonders With Own Eyes.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—(Special.)—The Commercial Club of Portland, through its manager, Tom Richardson, issued an invitation to the Chicago Association of Commerce today to bring out at least 50 public school children and show them the great Northwest. He not only issued the invitation, but coupled with it was the agreement that the commercial organizations of the Pacific Northwest would settle the bill and would see to it that the children learned something about geography and about the most wonderful part of the United States.

The ways and means committee of the Association of Commerce, before Mr. Richardson appeared today, received the suggestion with enthusiasm and it is understood that steps will be taken to select, in some manner yet to be determined, a boy and a girl from at least 25 of the best public schools and arrange for them to take the trip under the special guidance of the Commercial Club of Portland.

It is Mr. Richardson's idea that after their trip through the Northwest, the school children will come back to Chicago and write essays and stories about that section of the country and tell Chicago something about it.

CANNON WILL SEE FAIR

Has Promised to Attend Opening of Alaska-Yukon-Pacific.

SEATTLE, Dec. 16.—"Uncle Joe" Cannon, Speaker of the National House of Representatives, will attend the opening exercises of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition on June 1 of next year. His formal acknowledgment of an invitation is the first made by any member of the National Administration.

Unless either the President or Vice-President comes to Seattle for the opening exercises, the Speaker of the House will be the official representative of the National Government. It is not believed to be possible to induce the President to come West, but the Vice-President might find it possible to attend. Though Speaker Cannon was originally opposed to the exposition appropriation, he finally consented to the passage of the measure.

NEGRO BURNED TO DEATH

Molten Metal Buried Colored Laborer in Lavalike Mass.

PIEBLO, Colo., Dec. 16.—John Irvine, colored, employed at the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company in this city, was instantly killed and his arms, head and feet burned off his body at 9:25 o'clock this morning when a blast furnace burst out, spouting a stream of lavalike metal over a tract alongside of which Irvine, with two fellow workmen were working.

The men with Irvine made an almost miraculous escape, having observed the accident barely in time, and suffered only slight injuries. Irvine was immediately buried in the molten metal, and it required over two hours of labor to dig his mutilated body out.

FLIRTING IS NOT GROUND

Woman Denied Divorce Because Husband Ogdled Other Women.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 16.—(Special.)—Notwithstanding that Oley Newton Freeland testified emphatically that her husband was very cruel to her by flirting with other women when he was on the streetcar or walking with her on the street, Judge Griffin decided that her grievances were not sufficient to justify a divorce decree, and denied her petition for freedom from the marriage bonds, as well as a similar petition of the husband, this morning.

J. Arthur Freeland, the husband, asserted that his wife had deserted him since July 15 last, but the Judge held that the desertion was not proved. The couple were married August 22, 1906.

RUNAWAY SHOT BY OFFICER

Maddened Horse Stopped on Busy Street by Timely Bullet.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 16.—(Special.)—Unable by other means to check the flight of a maddened runaway horse, Patrolman William Donlan this afternoon, on Vesler Way, near Second avenue, drew his revolver and while on the run beside it, fired a bullet into the animal's brain. The horse fell dead in its tracks.

The owner, Harry Murphy, an expressman, arrived a few minutes later and was immediately seized and taken to the police station on a charge of letting the horse stand without hitching him to a weight, as is required by law.

ARREST ALLEGED FORGER

Man Whose Relatives Seek His Insurance Found After Two Years.

PRINCETON, Ind., Dec. 16.—Henry F. Agar, ex-secretary and treasurer of the Princeton Milling Company, who was reported drowned in the Wabash River 21 months ago and over whose alleged death \$30,000 of insurance is in litigation, was arrested in Harrington, Tex., and confessed his identity. After his disappearance Agar was charged with forgery and embezzlement of \$100,000.

NATIONAL MUSEUM GETS SPECIMENS

Roosevelt Contracts for African Hunt.

NATURALIST TO JOIN PARTY

Prepare Animals Killed and Send Them Home.

ROOSEVELTS TO KILL THEM

President Will Pay Expenses for Himself and Son, but Museum to Pay for Naturalists.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The agreement between President Roosevelt and the Smithsonian Institution as to the President's hunting trip in Africa was made public today by Charles D. Wolcott, secretary of the Institution.

The board of regents yesterday considered the President's letter and adopted a resolution entering into a contract with the President for certain work. The President wrote to Dr. Wolcott as follows: "About the first of April next, I intend to start for Africa. My plans are, of course, indefinite, but at present I hope they will be something on the following order:

Roosevelt's Hunting Plans.

"By May 1 I shall land at Mombasa and spend the next few months hunting and traveling in British and German East Africa, probably going through or toward Uganda, with the expectation of striking the Nile about the beginning of the new year and then working down it, with side trips after animals and birds, so as to come out at tidewater, say, about March 1. This would give me ten months in Africa.

Collect Animal Specimens.

As you know, I am not a game butcher. I like to do a certain amount of hunting, but my real and main interest is the interest of a faunal naturalist. Now I have taken the steps to get a fine collection, not only of the big game beasts but of the smaller animals and birds of Africa and, looking at it dispassionately, I believe that the chance ought not to be neglected. I will make arrangements to pay for the expenses of myself and my son. But what I would like to do would be to get one or two professional field taxidermists or naturalists to go with me, who should prepare and send back the

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NO PROFITS FOR MRS. J. A. PATTON

SWINDLER McFARLAND SAYS MOTIVE WAS BENEVOLENCE.

Millionaire's Wife Introduced to 'De Luxe' Agent by President of First National Bank.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—(Special.)—James R. Fortman, president of the First National Bank, introduced John M. McFarland, the "de Luxe" book swindler, to Mrs. James A. Patton, wife of the Eyanston grain king, according to revelations at the trial of the case today. It was through this introduction that the \$2,000 swindle of Mrs. Patton was unwittingly brought about.

The fact of the introduction was revealed in the rapid-fire cross examination with which Attorney Forrest piled the witness who had turned state's evidence in the case against Samuel T. Warfield and William N. Cooper, accused of having been leaders in the alleged swindle. That McFarland was afterward arrested in San Francisco at the instigation of the creditors' committee of the Dumont Company was also brought out by Attorney Forrest.

According to McFarland's story, Mrs. Patton's motive in taking the books was one of pure benevolence. "She distinctly refused to take any of the profits," he declared.

John McFarland admitted that he had been in jail in San Francisco during the earthquake. He said he did not know what the charge against him was.

"Wasn't it forgery and obtaining money under false pretenses, brought by the Dumont people? he was asked.

"No, it wasn't," replied the witness.

Further examination along this line was cut off by objections.

CAN COLLECT BUT \$50,000

Broker's Clerks Alleged to Have Speculated in Names of Others.

DETROIT, Dec. 16.—Interest in the failure of the brokerage firm of Cameron, Currie & Co. last July was heightened today when Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Egan said: "Somebody converted the goods and money of the customers of Currie & Co. to his own use. We have taken the statements of three clerks to their speculating under the names of others. They have ducked and dodged."

BOOTH IS OPERATED ON

Salvation Army Chief Has Cataract Removed From Eye.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—General William Booth, Commander-in-Chief of the Salvation Army, was operated on this afternoon for cataract. The doctors are hopeful that he will completely recover his sight.

POPULACE RAGES AGAINST CASTRO

Sacks Houses of Chief Adherents.

MAKES BONFIRE OF PICTURES

Capital of Venezuela Prey to Rioters All Day.

MAY END DICTATOR'S REIGN

Lottery Is Looted and Stores of Hated Supporters Gutted—Prosecution of Men Who Fired on Mob Is Begun.

CARACAS, Monday, Dec. 14 (via Willemstad).—Open revolt against President Castro and his supporters broke out here today. Defying the police, which was powerless against its numbers and fury, a great mob raged through the city, it wrecked the property of Castro's leading supporters and gathered together all of his statues and pictures which could be found and made a great bonfire of them on the Boulevard de Plaza.

Official action deposing Castro from the Presidency is expected as any moment. His power is probably ended.

An enormous crowd of the inhabitants of the capital, swelled by people from the outlying country, gathered in the streets soon after daybreak. The people began marching up and down the main thoroughfares, and it was easy to see that the ill-temper would result in violence. The police stood by and made no attempt whatever to restrain the mob.

Loot Lottery Monopoly.

The first building to be attacked and looted was that of the state lottery monopoly. The offices of the state enterprise that has enriched itself at the expense of the people were ransacked and pillaged. Furniture was broken and thrown into the streets and piles of lottery tickets were destroyed. The crowd then moved to the printing office of El Constitucional, the organ of President Castro, of which Gumerstein Rivas is editor, and pillaged it completely. A steam laundry belonging to Senor Rivas was wrecked.

Castro's Henchmen Targets.

The crowd then turned its attention to several drugstores belonging to Senor Thiojen, a son-in-law of General Tello Mendoza, and turned them inside out. General Mendoza was at one time Minister of Finance under Castro, and one of his henchmen.

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EXPECTS PORTERS TO LIVE ON TIPS

PULLMAN COMPANY PAYS SALARY OF \$25 A MONTH.

General Manager Dean Testifies That Public Tips Because Employees Are Underpaid.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—The tipping system, particularly as it applies to the Pullman Company, underwent a fleeting inquiry before Interstate Commerce Commissioner Lane today. The statement was made by Richard Dean, general manager of the Pullman Company, into whose rates Mr. Lane is inquiring, that the public tips the porter because he is underpaid, and observed:

"The tipping custom is the result of selfishness of persons who desire better service than their fellows and are willing to pay for it."

Counsel for the complaint asked Mr. Dean:

"What is the salary of a porter?"

"They are paid \$25 a month," answered the witness.

"Does the company furnish them their meals?"

"The company does not."

"I think it takes that much to buy their meals then?" commented the lawyer.

MARINE OFFICERS TO WALK

President Orders Severe Riding and Pedestrian Tests.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Physical tests to be given in two years for marine corps officers are prescribed in an executive order just issued. Field officers are required to take a riding trial of 90 miles in three days and line officers with grade of captain or lieutenant will have to walk 50 miles in three days, actual marching time, including rests, to be 29 hours.

"In battle," said the order, "time is essential, and ground may have to be covered on a run; if these officers are not equal to the active physical strength of their companies the men will be held back, resulting in unnecessary loss of life and probably defeat. Company officers will therefore be required during one of the marches to double time 200 yards with a half minute's rest, then 300 yards with one minute's rest, and then complete the test in a 200-yard dash, making in all 700 yards on the double time and one and one-half minute's rest."

ARTHUR C. SPENCER NAMED

Will Be Special Prosecutor for State in Finch Murder Trial.

Arthur C. Spencer, associate counsel for the Harriman system in this territory, will be associated with District Attorney Cameron in the prosecution of James A. Finch for the murder of Ralph B. Fisher. Mr. Spencer will appear as special prosecutor for the state in this case at the request of District Attorney Cameron. Mr. Spencer formerly was Deputy District Attorney under John Manning, resigning his position to accept his present place with the Harriman interests.

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COUNT BONI POSES AS LOVING FATHER

Gives Up Money Claim Against Anna.

SOLE ANXIETY FOR CHILDREN

Says Princess Threatened to Disinherit Them.

NONE WORSE THAN PRINCE

George Gould Denounced by Boni for Interfering—Clemenceau Says Real Battle Is Between Two Men Involved.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—The last day of the hearing of the suit brought by Count Boni de Castellane against his former wife, the Princess de Sagan, formerly Anna Gould, in which he petitions the court to award the custody of his three children to his mother, the Marquise de Castellane, brought out the fact that the Count had withdrawn his demand that the court allow him a yearly income of \$60,000 for keeping the children.

M. Bonnet, speaking for the Count, read a letter from his client filled with indignant protests that he should have been charged with instituting the proceedings to obtain money, and in which the Count abandoned his claim for the allowance. He insisted that his only object in wanting the children was his solicitude for their moral and physical welfare.

Count Seeks Public Sympathy.

It is evident that the Count has recognized that his claim for the large allowance has injured his case in the eyes of the court and the estimation of the public, and his timely renunciation is considered a clever move to enlist interest in his favor. Nevertheless, the public is greatly astonished that the Count should go to such an extreme.

The proceedings were filled with allegations from both sides. The public prosecutor will present his conclusions next week and the court will then render its decision. It will either dismiss the Count's plea or grant him the custody of the children, or, if doubt exists, will order the taking of testimony.

The Princess de Sagan continues to be sanguine of a favorable decision.

Refuses to Sell Children.

After asking the court to take note of the modification of the petition of Count Boni de Castellane, M. Bonnet launched into a vigorous denunciation of his adversary, and his sturdy renunciation of the Count's plea or grant him the custody of the children, or, if doubt exists, will order the taking of testimony.

"They did not dare challenge this statement," the lawyer said, "because they know that the proposed separation has been formally communicated to De Castellane's attorneys."

Continuing, M. Bonnet said that all the offers of settlement made by the Princess de Sagan were conditioned upon the Count's renunciation of the children, but the Count refused to sell either himself or his children. The princess had told Judge Dille that, if the children were taken from her, she would disinherit them, thus proving that in her eyes everything was a question of money.

Anna as Good a Spendthrift.

Referring to the charges that De Castellane had dissipated his wife's fortune, M. Bonnet insisted that the Countess was more responsible as her husband just as much responsible as her husband for the "prodigal extravagances," such as the Malakoff palace, the Chateau Marais and the Charity Bazaar, which alone cost \$300,000.

The lawyer particularly resented George Gould's share in the defense, saying that, now the question of money had been eliminated, Mr. Gould was playing the mysterious role of Crawford in the Humbert affair. As a matter of fact, Mr. Gould always had opposed the marriage of his sister to the Prince de Sagan and he only finally consented on condition that there should be a separation of property.

None Worse Than Prince Helle.

"Does Mr. Gould fear that his sister will get another divorce and make a more unfortunate marriage?" asked M. Bonnet. "No, I can reassure him: the Princess can find nobody worse than De Sagan."

The lawyer then asked the court to order the taking of testimony on points which the defense had declined to meet. In conclusion he appealed to the court to withdraw the three children from the custody of their mother, who had married a man renounced by one of the greatest families of France and who "had spent a month in prison," and place them in the care of the mother of the Count, whose only purpose was to direct her grandchildren in the right path.

Nothing but Gallery Play.

Speaking for the Princess, M. Clemenceau characterized De Castellane's change of attitude on the money question as a "gallery play," induced by his tardy appreciation of the unprecedented character of his demand for an allowance of \$60,000 a year and the severity with which the public had condemned and ridiculed him. Touching the Count's statement that

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