



## THIRST AS GREAT, DESPITE DRY LAWS

### Liquor Sales Not Hurt by Prohibition.

## NO EFFECT ON CONSUMPTION

### Facts Come Out During Tariff Hearing.

## LIVELY TILT AT SESSION

### Morgan and Boutell Indulge in Whisky Persiflage—John Sharp Williams Says Three Drinks Dull Critical Tastes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The wave of prohibition which has spread over the country apparently has had little effect on the consumption of alcoholic liquors and spirituous drinks, according to evidence brought out at today's hearing on the proposed tariff revision before the House committee on ways and means. It was apparent, too, that the liquor interests are, on the whole, well satisfied with the present tariff on spirits, wines and other beverages, as the winegrowers and importers were practically the only interests represented at today's hearing.

### Doesn't Use Whisky.

The morning session was enlivened by a sharp but good-natured colloquy between Percy T. Morgan, representing the winegrowers' interests of California, and Representative Boutell, of Illinois. Mr. Morgan was telling the committee why the regulations of the Dingley tariff covering the importations of still wines should also extend to these wines imported from other countries with which the United States has reciprocity treaties. Addressing Mr. Boutell, Mr. Morgan said: "My contention is that wines can be imported under the present reciprocity arrangements up to 24 per cent, which is 48 proof, while the whisky is 50 proof."

"This whisky I drink is not any proof," was Mr. Boutell's quick rejoinder.

"You may take some occasionally for medicinal purposes," said Mr. Morgan.

"I never take any," replied Mr. Boutell.

Mr. Morgan maintained that under the present reciprocity treaties with the principal producing countries alcohol diluted with wine could be imported instead of wine diluted with alcohol.

### American Wines Most Costly.

"In any revision of the tariff on wines, there should be established a difference between wines imported from other countries produced by natural fermentation and those which have been fortified by the addition of distilled spirits," he said.

"So that the condition may not continue to be presented of the possibility of importing alcohol into the United States at a less rate of duty than is exacted on domestic spirits by the revenue laws, or of such a handicap being placed on the domestic wine producer, as the possibility of importing a wine of such alcoholic strength, that after arrival in the United States the addition of water may affect the cutting in half of the establishment's import duty."

W. E. Hildreth, of New York, a champagne expert, declared that the cost of making American wines was much greater than that of producing French wines and champagnes. He was telling the committee that Americans only pay for the French labels, when Champ Clark remarked:

"There are not 100,000 men in the United States who, after they have had three drinks, can tell what they are drinking."

### Tobacco Comes Next.

L. J. Vance, of New York, secretary of the American Winegrowers' Association, argued for a decrease in the duties on ale, porter and beer and declared that as a result imported ale and stout would be cheaper to the consumer. Saying that Irish ginger-ale could not possibly be sold cheaper than the domestic article even if put on the free list, Mr. King asked for a reduction in the tariff on that beverage.

Tomorrow the committee will take up the schedule on tobacco with the manufacturers.

### Captors Think Beesmer Insane.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 12.—Leo Beesmer, the alleged blackmailer, who captured and tied to a tree the wealthy logger, E. P. English, and held him for \$5000 ransom, was taken to Mount Vernon this morning for trial. The arresting officers believe that Beesmer is crazy.

## HOODOO CASE IS BADLY HOODOOED

### CHECK 13 CALLS FOR \$13, TRIAL SET FOR FRIDAY, 13TH.

### Man's Birthday 13th; Lawyer's, Too—Judge's Name 13 Letters. Who Will Hoodoo Do?

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—R. Albright is suing his former employers to recover on his time check which he claims was not paid. The check No. 13, and it calls for \$13. Albright's birthday is on the 13th day of the month. So is that of his lawyer E. A. Gilman, and to cap it all the case is set for trial tomorrow, Friday, the 13th of November, before Justice of the Peace John E. Carroll, and if you want to count them there are just 13 letters in the words Judge Carroll.

Albright worked for the Western Washington Fair Association and earned \$13 before he quit. He was given time check No. 13, and claims that the association refused to pay it. He placed the case in the hands of Gilman. When Gilman found the case had been set for tomorrow he was startled.

"I don't know about this," he said. "I was born on the 13th of the month and so was my client. We are suing for \$13, on time check No. 13, and the case is to be tried on Friday, the 13th. This does not look good to me."

However, he will try the case in spite of the ill-omen. No matter how Judge Carroll decides the case he is sure to visit bad luck on one party or the other.

## BIND PRISONER IN COURT

### Drastic Action Follows Sensational Encounter With Witness.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—An exciting and interesting court scene followed the arraignment of William Pesky, Frank Marquette and Minnie Marquette today in connection with a fur robbery in this city some time ago.

Two court officers threw themselves on the prisoner, but he fought like a maniac to reach Hahn. Tables were overturned and the whole courtroom was in a turmoil. Finally Pesky was overpowered. Mrs. Marquette added to the excitement by screaming until she was carried from the courtroom and placed in a cell. Pesky was tied hand and foot and left sitting on the floor when the court continued business. The case was finally adjourned till Monday, the prisoners being held in heavy bail.

## INDIAN GETS PARDON

### Redskin Who Killed Squaw Has Death Sentence Commuted.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 12.—The State Board of Pardons in special session at Carson this afternoon, commuted the sentence of Buckaroo Jack, Indian, to life imprisonment. The Indian was sentenced to hang at the State Prison tomorrow morning. He was convicted of killing his wife whom he accused of infidelity, and twice sentenced to be hanged, an appeal to the Supreme Court saving him from death once before.

Sentence was commuted on the ground that the Indian acted in accordance with Indian law, which justifies killing of the squaws when guilty of infidelity.

## PREPARES FOR BIG INFLUX

### Northern Pacific Orders 93 Passenger Cars for Northwest.

BUTTE, Mont., Nov. 12.—That the Northern Pacific expects the travel into the Northwest next year to exceed that of any previous year is indicated by the statement of President Elliott today that the company has ordered 93 new passenger coaches, which will be placed in the trans-continental service next year. An increase in the service throughout the Northwest will be made.

## ROOT IS NOT CANDIDATE

### Secretary Says Ambition for Senatorship All Rumor.

BOSTON, Nov. 12.—In an interview published in an afternoon paper, Secretary of State Root said today that he was not a candidate for the United States Senate. He said:

"I am not a candidate for the Senate. There has been a lot of talk about that, but it is all rumor."

Mr. Root came to Boston to attend the funeral of his cousin, Colonel E. L. Butterick.

## Duke of Luxemborg Dying.

TREVIS, Prussia, Nov. 12.—Grand Duke William Alexander of Luxemborg today is sinking rapidly, and the Chambers have decided to request his wife, the Grand Duchess, permanently to accept the regency which she took over temporarily last April. The Grand Duke is completely paralyzed on one side, his power of speech is gone and he is mentally incapable. He has been ill for several years. The Grand Duchess was an infant of Portugal, Marie Anna, a daughter of the late Dom Miguel. She has been described as an extremely brilliant and handsome woman. The heiress to the throne is Princess Marie, her eldest daughter, who was born in 1894.

## BUZZ OF POLITICS AT HOT SPRINGS

### Sherman Joins Taft in Virginia Hills.

## BURTON ALSO IS ON SCENE

### Discussion of Yearning for Senatorship Likely.

## SCOTT TALKS ON TARIFF

### West Virginia Senator Wants Revision at Coming Session—Burkett Will Push Postal Savings Bank Bill.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Nov. 12.—President-elect W. H. Taft was joined here today by Vice-President-elect Sherman, who said he had come to the Virginia mountains to rest and play for a week. He met Mr. Taft on the veranda of the Homestead Hotel and the two exchanged cordial greetings. He was accompanied by William L. Ward, Republican National committeeman from New York, and by his son and daughter.

"Come up to the cottage and see me any time," said Mr. Taft, after the two had chatted a while.

"I will do it and be glad to," responded Mr. Sherman.

But the Vice-President-elect occupied the day in a game of golf, and the call was not made today. While no definite arrangement has been made for a game on the links between the two men who head the next administration, each has expressed a desire to play the other, and the interesting event may take place tomorrow.

### Burton May Talk of Senatorship.

Speaking seriously, Mr. Sherman said no matters of state had brought him here. He was taking a week's rest and came at the suggestion of Mr. Ward. The son and daughter of the Vice-President accompanied him.

Representative Theodore E. Burton, of Ohio, arrived last night and will remain here ten days. While the candidacy of Burton for the Senatorship to succeed Mr. Foraker has been understood for some time, Mr. Burton also let it be understood during the recent campaign that he would make no effort in that direction until after the election. In his conference with the President-elect, the matter doubtless will be thoroughly discussed. He expressed the opinion that a river and harbor bill would be passed this winter.

### Burkett for Postal Banks.

Senator Burkett, of Nebraska, spent the day here. He came to discuss coming legislation. Mr. Burkett said he found Mr. Taft in favor of pushing the postal savings bank bill at the next session of Congress. He laid before the President-elect a plan for legislation authorizing the issuance of bonds to

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## RUNAWAY WIFE WON'T COME HOME

### CHARLES BRENNAN HAS ALMOST FUTILE TRIP TO IOWA.

### Seizes Child and \$175 With Aid of Police, but Spouse Refuses to Return to Portland.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Nov. 12.—(Special.)—Charles Brennan, of Portland, arrived here this morning in search of his wife, who deserted him some weeks ago, appropriating \$175 of his money and their little daughter. With the aid of detective Mrs. Brennan was found among friends, and after a very stormy interview she agreed to give up both the money and the child. Brennan will leave for his home tonight.

Mrs. Brennan was formerly the wife of William Brennan, of this city, who died in Panama while working on the canal. She married Brennan about two years ago, and everything was lovely until recently, domestic trouble coming to a climax, she suddenly disappeared. Her husband traced her through several cities to her former home. She refused to see him until the police threatened her with arrest. Brennan was very much disappointed, as he had hoped she would become reconciled and return home with him.

## SCHWAB DEFINES REAL JOY

### Not in Palaces, but Among Hammers and Whistles.

BERKELEY, Nov. 12.—"Wealth does not mean happiness," declared Charles M. Schwab, ex-president of the United States Steel Corporation, in a lecture before the students of the University of California this afternoon. During the address he defended the principle of the trust and said it had come to stay.

"I have occupied palatial residences in New York and Boston," said Mr. Schwab, "and thought at the time that I was enjoying myself, but I know now only the clang of the steam hammers and the blowing of factory whistles mean real happiness."

"I believe in high wages, but I demand hard work in return. The United States Steel Corporation always paid its men high wages. This is possible only with a corporation of the form of the organizations which you call trusts. The trust has come to stay. It means high wages, economic lack of waste and, hence, industrially solid."

## "HOODOO" PURSUES BANK

### Failure and Suicide of President Followed by Examiner's Death.

CARROLL, Iowa, Nov. 12.—A second tragedy in the affairs of the First National Bank of Carroll, which failed some time ago and whose president, W. L. Culbertson, shot himself recently, occurred here today in the death of the National examiner in charge, B. E. Shaw, of West Union, Ia. Although in apparently good health last night, he was found dying at 8 o'clock this morning when the clerk at his hotel sought to arouse him for breakfast. He had been stricken the night before while undressing to retire, and had lain unconscious across the foot of the bed all night. He was removed to the hospital and died at 10 o'clock of hemorrhage of the brain.

Mr. Shaw's wife and children arrived at noon today, not knowing of his death. Mr. Shaw was ready to make his first report to the Controller at Washington, and his death will complicate the failure further.

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## VON BUELOW'S HEAD AT KAISER'S MERCY

### Sovereign May Reject His Muzzle.

## CHANCELLOR TIRES OF JOB

### Telegram From Emperor Increases Desire to Quit.

## WILL REPORT ON DEBATE

### Unless Kaiser Accepts Pledge to Restrain His Tongue, Resignation Is Probable—Other Candidates Are Under Discussion.

BERLIN, Nov. 12.—Germany now is allied with suspense as to whether the Reichstag debate on the Kaiser's interview in the London Daily Telegraph will culminate in the downfall of Chancellor von Buelow. All depends on how the Kaiser will receive him and how far the Kaiser will agree to be bound by the pledge which the Chancellor made, practically on his sovereign's behalf to the Reichstag. The Chancellor said, almost in so many words, that unless the Emperor would agree to cease interfering directly in public affairs, he would resign. This is the only inference to be drawn from the following passage of his speech in the Reichstag last Tuesday:

### Chancellor's Significant Words.

"The recognition by his majesty of the unjustified misunderstanding of his utterances with reference to Great Britain and the excitement and regret aroused thereby in Germany, will, I am convinced, lead the Emperor in future private conversations to exercise that reserve which, in the interest of a uniform policy and the authority of the crown is indispensable."

"If this proves not to be so, neither I nor any of my successors could take the responsibility."

### Kaiser Probably Talks.

According to the Lokal Anzeiger, the Chancellor intends to go to Donaueschingen, where the Emperor is hunting, to report on the Reichstag debate, but that he is waiting to learn whether or not his speech is satisfactory to his majesty, intimating that he will remain in office if the Emperor indorses his statements in the Reichstag.

In other words, the Emperor must agree to exercise the reserve of which the Chancellor spoke or von Buelow will resign.

It is believed, however, that the Kaiser has already intimated to von Buelow his displeasure at the latter's undertaking to bridle his imperial tongue. This is the inference to be drawn from a statement of the Tagblatt that Prince von Buelow's resignation is impending and that the Chancellor has received a telegram from the Emperor which has increased his desire to retire.

One element of hope for the avoidance

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## YOUNG HUSBAND TURNED SAVAGE

### WEALTHY PASADENA MAN FACES SERIOUS CHARGES.

### Wife Asks Divorce—Declares That Nerves Made Her Drink and Struck Her in Mouth.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 12.—Sued for divorce by his wife, the daughter of a wealthy family, Thomas H. Nelmes, a young and rich business man, of Pasadena, was charged in the Superior Court today with many acts of cruelty, principal of which was the allegation that he struck his wife in the mouth with a telephone receiver when she was trying to communicate with friends, advising them of his savage treatment.

Habitual intemperance and extreme cruelty are the grounds set forth in the complaint. The charges are a surprise to the friends of Nelmes, who always has been extremely popular.

"My husband often urged me to drink," testified Mrs. Nelmes. "On one occasion when I declined he insisted that I should. Finally I yielded and drank just one glass of wine. Then he accused me of being drunk. When we reached home, I endeavored to telephone to a girl friend and he struck me in the mouth with the telephone receiver."

## TRY DESERTER MAGNESS

### Man Who Wed Miss Gorman Is Before Court-Martial.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—Charged with desertion from the Navy, Charles J. Magness, husband of Ada Gorman, daughter of the late United States Senator Gorman, of Maryland, was placed on trial today by a court-martial tribunal at the Philadelphia Navy Yard.

Following the alleged desertion he married Miss Gorman. He was arrested later at the instance of the Government, and brought back to this city. Since his imprisonment at the Navy-Yard Magness has been visited several times by his wife.

Magness, or Hartlove, as he was known in the Navy, was taken to the trial room handcuffed and under guard. He pleaded guilty to overstaying his leave of absence, but not guilty to desertion.

The defendant testified that after he had obtained a leave of absence on June 15 he sailed for Louisville accompanied by Miss Gorman and others to attend a Sunday School convention. He told of a trip he took alone to Atlantic City, after which he returned to Washington. On August 12, he added, he went to the Long Island home of Miss Gorman. He said that he had been married on September 8, and that he had been engaged to Miss Gorman for two weeks. He intended going into business in Louisville, and continued:

"The money I had when arrested was given to me by my wife."

He stated that he had not tried to run away from the Government authorities, nor had he endeavored to conceal his identity. The accused was represented by an attorney of this city, formerly engaged by Mrs. Magness. Mrs. Magness was not at the trial.

## BUILD MORE DREADNAUGHT

### Six More Warriors to Be Added to England's List.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—Premier Asquith set forth in the House of Commons today what was meant by the two-power standard of naval strength for Great Britain, and his announcement brought out hearty cheers from all sides. Up to the present time Mr. Asquith has been noncommittal concerning a radical definition of this standard, which the Government is pledged to maintain. The Premier informed Arthur Lee, Conservative member, that the Government accepted the two-power standard as meaning a preponderance of 10 per cent over the combined strength in ships of the two next strongest naval powers. This statement is taken to confirm the belief held in naval circles that at least six and perhaps seven additional battleships of the Dreadnaught type will be provided for in the next naval estimates.

## FARMERS MEET PRESIDENT

### Roosevelt Greets 500 Attending National Grange Convention.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—President Roosevelt today received at the White House about 500 farmers and their wives who are here attending the convention of the National Grange, Eastern of Kentucky. The President refrained from making a speech.

Chief Forester Gifford Pinchot's address was the feature of today's proceedings of the convention. The keynote of the speech was the farmer's duty in co-operating with the Government further the objects of the National Conservation Commission which seeks to aid the individual citizen of the country in controlling water power, rather than permit that power to be monopolized by a few.

## WITHDRAW MARINE CORPS

### President Issues Order Regarding Future Duties on Shore.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The United States marine corps is to be withdrawn gradually from the ships of the Navy, the duties of the corps in the future to be in accordance with an order issued by the President today. These duties will be to garrison the Navy's shore stations, both within and beyond the continental limits of the United States; to furnish the first line of the mobile defense of naval bases and naval stations beyond the continental limits of the United States; to garrison the Isthmian Canal Zone and to join such garrisons and expeditionary forces for duties beyond the seas, as may be necessary in time of peace.

## Russians Shot Only Six Poachers.

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 12.—Further advice were received by the Shimo Maru regarding the seal raiding tragedy at Copper Island. According to later advice the Russian gunners shot six men of the raiding schooner, Bozo Maru and the other three, previously reported shot, were drowned when attempting to escape.

## PUTS LAMPHERE'S NECK IN NOOSE

### State Shows Hand in Guinness Case.

## STRONG EVIDENCE OUTLINED

### Opening Statement Made in Murder Trial.

## ONLY ONE POINT TO SHOW

### Prosecuting Attorney Declares Defendant Under Law Is Guilty of Murder If It Is Proven He Set Fire to House.

LAFORTE, Ind., Nov. 12.—The introduction of evidence in the trial of Ray Lamphere for the murder of Mrs. Belle Guinness and her three children by setting fire to the house, will be begun tomorrow, a jury having been secured late this afternoon and State's Attorney Smith having made his opening statement to the jury.

Prosecutor Smith went into much detail as to what he could prove. After reading the Indiana statute which provides that where a person or persons lose their lives in a fire wilfully started by another, even though he may not have intended to cause the death of the person or persons, it becomes murder in the first degree and is punishable by death or life imprisonment, Prosecutor Smith stated:

### One Point Only to Show.

"All we are required to show is that the defendant set fire to the house and that the occupants lost their lives by reason of this act."

Mr. Smith said that the evidence will show that Lamphere made remarks to various persons indicating his hatred for Mrs. Guinness and his intention to do her harm, including statements that he knew how to get money from her. He said that Mrs. Guinness felt for Lamphere was touched on and then the prosecutor took up the story of the night of the fire and what the state would prove. He said that by Lamphere's own statement it would be proven that he set the alarm clock at Mr. Smith's house, where he spent the night for 3 o'clock in the morning, on the 15th, and that 15 or 20 minutes later he left there.

"We will also prove," continued the State's Attorney, "by Lamphere's own statement, that he took the road going

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