Farewell to Squadron Contrast to Apathy Before and During Visit.

RECEPTION EXPENSE HUGE

Government Lavish in Its Gifts to Americans-Admiral Emory in Address Thanks Nation Kindness.

AMOY. Chins, Nov. 5.—The second squadron of the American battleship fleet, which, under the command of Rear-Admiral Emory. has been in Amoy since October 20, as the guest of the government of Chins, brought its visit to a close this morning, when at 8 o'clock it steamed out of the harber, bound for Olongapo, to join the first squadron, under Admiral Sperry. The distance to Olongapo is about 700 miles, and the vossels should reach there early in the morning of November 2.

Hills Black With People.

The departing warships were given a emonstration in marked contrast to the pathy which was noticeable on their crival. The hills behind the beach arrival. The hills behind the beach were black with people who had assembled to view the speciacle, and the firing of crackers continued for one hour. Fromptly at 7:20 o'clock signals were made on board the flagship and at 8 o'clock the entire aquadron was under way. One after another the white aline gilded alowly to their positions, and then together the entire squadron steamed out of the harbor. As the American vessels passed the Chinese cruiser Fet Ting, their crews greeted the officials on board with rousing cheers and at the same time the Chinese fort holsied the American flag beside the standard of Chine and saluted the departing guests. This sasaluted the departing guests. This salute was returned by the American

flagship.

The cost of the reception has exceeded \$1,090,000. The Chinese Government has been lavish in its gifts to the American officers and men, and at the final function on shore last night the entertainment afforded by hight the entertainment was declared by the Americans to have been, with the exception of that in Australia, sec-ond to none. The Chinese are delighted with the visit and they comment espe-cially upon the excellent deportment of the American sallors.

Entertain Admirals.

The battleship Georgia, the flagship of Admiral Emory, will leave the fleet and go to Hongkong, where Admiral Emory will take a liner for home. The flagship will be in Hongkong for only two bours. She will then continue to Glongapq, on the Island of Luzon, and join the other vessels there.

The admirals of the fleet and their staffs, the commanding officers of the various vessels and the midshipmen were entertained last night at dinner on shore for the last time. The usual toasts were

entertained last night at dinner on shore for the last time. The usual toasts were proposed by Prince Yu Lang, one of the official representatives from Pekin. Ad-miral Emory replied as follows: "Our fleet everywhere has had a most friendly reception, but none has been more friendly than that accorded us here in China. Our enlisted men are very appre-ciative of the attentions shown them in Amov."

Upon the conclusion of his brief address. Admiral Emory and other guests of the evening surrounded Prince Yu Lang and cheered him enthusiastically. Admiral Sah of the Chinese may then greeted them by a blast on a steam airen and

The admirals and captains then personally expressed their appreciation to the Prince for the gifts presented to them by the provincial viceroy. Each admiral has received a set of iniald teakwood furniture and each of the fing lieutenants has been given a number of slik embroideries and furniture. Some very handsome em-broideries are being sent to Admiral Sperry, commander in chief of the fleet, and in addition Admiral Sah sends him

and in addition Admiral Sah sends him a porcejain image of Buddha.

Dr. George Mark, the Classes commissioner who has done so much to make the visit a success has won much well deserved praise. The entertainment grounds were bewildering in their beauty and completeness. The reception surpassed any thing ever undertaken by the Chines gov-

The men behaved themselves on shore overy well indeed. There was no carousing The Young Men's Christian Associations which had two buildings on the grounds has been especially commended for its practical and kindly welcome to strangers.

CHINA-TURNS COLD SHOULDER

American Squadron's Visit Received With Absolute Indifference.

With Absolute Indifference.

PEKIN, Nov. 5.—Though the American squadron has left Amoy, the matter of its presence at the southern port has not been more than mentioned in Pekin. Officials are atlent and the impression of general humiliation at the fact that only a squadron came, instead of the whole fleet, cannot be concealed.

The meagerness of the reply of the Foreign Board to Admiral Sperry's message of congratulation on the birthday of the Dowager Empress also has attracted attention and it is clear that the throne has been indifferent to the whole affair. It is generally realized and deciared in Pekin that the coming of the squadron and not the main fleet will have an unfavorable effect upon present relations.

Intions.

The principal British newspaper in China, in an unfriendly editorial article today, approved the sending of a squadron instead of the whole fleat and refers to "America's gambit in opening a commercial lottery after returning an indemnity to which she was not entitled." The paper gives various reasons why the fleet about not have come, saying, among other things, that China would have misinterpreted a visit from all the vessels and that the presence of the entire fleet would have shown tack of consideration of Brillish sensibility.

Squadron at Target Practice.

Squadron at Target Practice.

MANHA, Nov. 5.—The Atlantic battleship fleet, first squadron, is still carrying on target practice at Olongapo, where both full-callber and subcallber ammunitien are being used in testing the marksmanship of the crews. The second squadron, commanded by Rear-Admiral Emory, is due to airlive at Olongapo November 7, and the entire fleet will reassemble in Manilla Bay November 15. Target practice by the entire fleet will then be commenced, and a struggle for supremacy in marksmanship with the big guns is expected between the various crews.

SCENE AT AMOY, CHINA, WHERE AMERICAN FLEET WAS ENTERTAINED PRE-



SHOWS NEED OF STRINGENT LAWS

Commissioner Dennett Appeals for Protection of Remaining Public Lands.

EASY NOW TO DEFRAUD

Federal Official Comments on Needed Legislation Against Speculation and in Irrigable Districts in His Annual Report.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Nov. 5.—"With the decrease in the area of the public domain there should be an increase in vigilance. With the great demand for homes the officials of the General Land Office recognize the importance of seeing that no one obtains a right to the land still remaining through unlawful methods. Every man who thus acquires title to a tract robs a law-abiding applicant of an opportnity to exercise his statutory right, and if the land be capable of producing crops deprives a seeker of his opportunity to gain a homestead, thus injuring the prosperity of the country; for the homesteader has built the West." OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash-

The foregoing is the keynote of the annual report of Fred Dennett, Com-missioner of the General Land Office, made public today.

Advantages of Irrigation The following extracts are made from

Commissioner Dennett's report:
The Commissioner sets forth the advantages of irrigation, and adds: "It is to the manifest advantage of the people of the United States that everything possible be done to further the reclamation of public lands. The reclamation of public lands. The knowledge that an acre of arid land of no prior value speedily reaches a price of from \$100 an acre up after water has of from \$100 an acre up after water has been successfully brought upon it, has introduced a new character of speculation, to prevent which there is no law. Land of no present value for farming or other purposes is taken simply in the hope that the increasing demand and consequent higher values for irrigated fand will bring the tract within an irrigation project. So it is that when an irrigation project is initiated, it is found that a large proportion of the area is either entered or in private ownership, and held in tracts of 160 acres or larger, though the land without water is incapable of growing crops. Thus the purpose of the reclamation act is defeated. nation act is defeated.

Same Trouble Under Carey Act.

"A similar difficulty confronts the "A similar difficulty coarronts the states under the Carey act. As soon as, a project is understood to be under way, claimants under the desert land and other acts flock to the spot. The land is thus entered and the Carey act applicants necessarily abandon the project or pay the speculators to

project or pay the speculators to vacate.

The proper step to take would be to classify the lands of the United States, in order to ascertain what public lands (which in their present condition are incapable of affording a home) are susceptible of irrigation up to a cost even much greater than that now entertained by the Reclamation Service, and to withdraw these lands from entry awaiting the time when from entry awaiting the time when they can by irrigation be made homes either under the United States Gov-ernment or under the Carey act."

Asks More Drastic Laws.

Commissioner Dennett urgently recommends the enactment of a new law to punish persons who fraudulently obtain or attempt to obtain title to public lands. Herstofore such offenses have been prosecuted under the statute numbering conspiracy to deraud the punishing conspiracy to deraud the Government, and under the laws pre-Government, and under the laws pre-scribing penalties for perjury and sub-ornation of perjury. "It is often diffi-cult," says he, "If not impossible, to prove either a conspiracy or suborna-tion, and many cases are now pending and others will arise, where the need for a more comprehensive statute than we now have will be found to be neces-sary. Also there is not any statute which authorizes the punishment of an attempt to fraudulently acquire a title."

which authorizes the punishment of an attempt to fraudulently acquire a title."

A third Legislative recommendation made by the Commissioner is to the effect that the law compelling the attendance of witnesses before registers and receivers of land offices be enlarged so that such witnesses can be compelled to go outside of the counties in which they may respectively be subposmed.

Need Competent Men.

One feature of the report will be of particular interest to Senators and Congressmen and to those who aspire to become local land officers. Commissioner Dennett briefly touches up this important topic, as follows:

"A careful examination into the land offices of the United States furnishes convincing proof that no one should be appointed register unless he has the necessary legal qualifications, and no one should be given the position

of receiver unless he be a competent accountant and business man. The duries of register and receiver, to be properly filled, demand the entire attention of competent men, and it is unjust to the general public to appoint to these positions men who do not possess the technical qualifications demanded by the duties they are called upon to perform."

It is known that President Rossevelt approves of this policy, and land office appointments in the future will probably be made in accordance with this recommendation.

During the past year several material modifications were made in the regulations of the general land office. Among the more important was the following:

Where mistakes in description of

Where mistakes in description of lands are made by homestead entrymen, amendments are allowed to include the land intended to be entered, and if that be not subject to entry, other contiguous land can be taken.

Mr. Bennett also recommends that suits be brought on timber land claims aggregating \$277,510.

aggregating \$377,510.

"There were secured," he added, "234 indictments for fraud, which resulted in \$3 convictions and \$60 acquittals, the remaining cases not yet having been tried. Three thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entries were cancelled because of adverse reports of special agents. By reason of investigations there have been recorded from fraudulent entry during the fiscal year 1907-8 a total of 383,-800 acres, exclusive of many relinquishments."

PORTE'S TACTICS AROUSE OFFI-CIALS AT SOFIA.

Turkey, in Order to Gain Time, Treats With Bulgarian Minister Through Subordinates.

SOFIA, Nov. 5 .- The negotiations between Bulgaria and Turkey, accordofficial advices, are proceeding slowly and unsatisfactorily at Con-The Bulgarian governstantinople. ment is reticent on the matter of the ment is reticent on the matter of the terms expected, but there is undisguised impatience in official circles here over the Porte's dilatory tactics. Instead of treating directly with M. Liaptcheff, the Buigarian Minister of Commerce, Kiamil Pasha, the grand vizier, has delegated three under officials to conduct the negotiations. It is thought that foreign influences and demonstrate in the Turkish cabinet are dissensions in the Turkish cabinet are responsible for the grand vizier's cir-cumspection.

M. Liaptcheff has been empowered

M. Liaptcheff has been empowered to negotiate a customs union between the two countries, a junction of railways at Kostendil. in the southwest of Bulgaria, and the maintenance of the privilege of the Bulgarian schools and church in Macedonia, in return for which the Bulgarian government would pay more willingly the Roumelian tribute which has been forced upon it by the powers. The Turks, however, show a disposition to defer such matters until the convocation of Parliament.

PEACE CONFERENCE TO ACT Balkan Difficulty Will Rest Until

Powers Hold Meeting.

BELGRADE, Servia, Nov. 5.—The reports furnished to the government by the Assembly and full discussion of the situation that has arisen in Bosnia and Herzegovina, by Austria-Hungary and the Bulgarian declaration of independence by the Deputies in secret session for two days, have resulted in clearing the air and there is evidence here today of a determination to await peacefully the of a determination to await peacefully the outcome of the proposed international outcome of the proposed international congress to settle Balkan matters.

MADE DRUNK BY JAPANESE

Schoolboys' Story Causes Arrests and Anger Against Brown Men.

LONG BEACH, Cal., Nov. 5.—Stating that several small boys who attended the Burnett rehool appeared on the grounds in a beastly state of intoxication one day last week and that they admitted they had been given liquor by Japanese living on Signal Hill, the principal of the school asked Chief of Police Williams to bring action against the foreigners at once for giving whisky to minors. Two Japanese men and one Japanese woman were arrested. The men were fined.

The Japanese asserted that the incident occurred while they were celebrating a Japanese holiday and that the boys asked for the liquor. The intoxication of the boys caused consternation at the school and their parents are incensed at the action of the Japanese.

Engine Strikes Funeral Car.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—A funeral Carriage containing the body of a boy that was being taken to Hely Cross Cemetery, West Pullman, was struck and demolished yesterday by a Pennsylvania switch engine. The mother of the dead boy, Mrs. Mary Andrevelewsky, was seriously injured. She clung to the coffin and rescuers found her unconscious after the collision. Mrs. Annie Lewandowsk was also injured, as was Magdalene Korski and an unknown girl. The driver of the carriage escaped injury by leaping from his seat. his seat.

The gold production of the United States, in round figures, is 2,500,000 ounces a year, and of silver 60,000,000 ounces.

SUCCEED PLAT

Secretary's Name Mentioned in Connection With Whitelaw Reid's.

OTHERS APPEAR ON LIST

Chairman Woodruff, Ex-Governor Black and Congressman Fassett in Line to Take New York Senatorship.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 5 .- In connection with the choice of a successor to United States Senator Thomas C. Platt, whose term will expire March 4 next, two names term will expire March 4 next, two names not hitherto mutch discussed in this regard came to the front today and were received with much interest. That of Secretary of State Root was most discussed for the reason that he was mentioned in a disputch from Washington today as having the support of President Roosevelt. The other is that of Whitelaw Reid, Ambassations of the support of President Roosevelt.

other is that of Whitelaw Reid, Ambassa-dor to Great Britain and for a long time editor of the New York Tribune. Ex-Lieutemant-Governor Woodruff, chairman of the Republican State Com-mittee; ex-Governor Frank S. Black and Congressman J. Sloat Fassett are the others most frequently mentioned in this connection, Mr. Woodruff has never made a secret of him interest in the Somatorconnection. Mr. Woodruff has never made a secret of his interest in the Senatorship and Mr. Fassett also has been regarded as a more than receptive candidate. But Governor Black has always told his friends that since his first and only experience as a candidate for Senator in 196, he has had no interest in the matter and they believe that before it comes up as a practical question he will have indicated his intention to have no part in the campaign. the campaign.

REID IS NONCOMMITTAL

Says He Has Expressed No Desire to Retire From Service.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—Questioned today about the published statement that he had expressed a dealre to resign from the diplomatic service and that he would be a candidate for the United States Senatorship, Ambassador Reid said he had expressed no desire on either point. He felt that he had been often highly honored by his party and that it was not for him to urge any wish either about his present post or about any other one.

BRYAN NOT DISHEARTENED

STILL HAS HOPE FOR DEMO-CRATIC POLICIES.

Confident People Sooner or Later Will See Necessity of Adopting Principles He Advocates.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 5.-William Jen-nings Bryan today issued the following

"The election has gone against us by a decisive majority. The returns are not all in, and it is impossible at present to analyze them or to say what causes contributed most to the Republican victory. We made our fight upon a platform which embodies what we believed to be good embodies what we believed to be good for the American people, but it is for the people themselves to decide what laws they desire and what methods of governthey desire and what methods of government they prefer. I have faith that the publicity which we asked for will yet commend itself to the American people, that the election of Senators by the people will be secured, that the iniquities of the trusts will arouse an opposition that will result in the elimination of the principle of private monopoly. I am confident that the people will see the necessity for the labor legislation and the tariff reduction which our platform demanded, I am confident, too, that the educational work done in this campaign will result in securing greater protection to bank in securing greater protection to bank depositors. The above are the most prominent reforms for which we labored, and I believe that these reforms will yet come, together with more effective regulation of railroads and independence for the

of railroads and independence for the Philippines.

"I desire to commend the work of our National Committee. I am entirely satisfied with Mr. Mack as the chairman and with the members of the committee. I do not see what they could have done more than they did, and as for myself. I put forth every effort in my power to secure victory for our cause. The nomination came from the hands of the voters: I have obeyed their command and led as best I could. Words will not express my gratitude for the devotion which has been shown by millions of Democrats during the past II years. Neither am I able to adequately express my appreciation for the kind words which have been spoken since the election. If I could regard the defeat as purely a personal one, I would consider it a blessing raiher than a misfortune, for I am re-



for young men.

The changes come from auggestions and innova-tions made by the young men themselves, conse-quently clothing for this class is quite different from the fashions made for older men. \$10 to \$25.



of an office that is attractive only in pro-portion as it gives an opportunity to ren-der a larger public service. But I shall serve as willingly in a private capacity as in a public one. God does not require great things of us. He only requires that we improve the opportunities that are presented, and I shall be glad to improve the opportunities for service presented by private life.

"In this hour of National defeat I find some consolation in the cordial support given by my neighbors, by the citizens of Lincoin, and by the people of the state of Nebraska. With a Democratic Governor and a Democratic legislature, we shall be able to put into practice so much of the Democratic platform as relates to state legislation, and I trust that our state will set an example that will be an influence for good unto the Nation."

CITY WANTS MONEY BACK

Makes Request on Receiver for Defunct La Grande Bank.

LA GRANDE, Or., Nov. 5.—(Special.)

—The City Council of this city has taken steps demanding of the receiver of the defunct Farmers & Traders' National Bank that the city funds in the institution be declared trusts and re-funded to the city as preferred stock. Mayor M. K. Hall and Recorder Cox have drawn up the demand and will hand it to Neidner, the receiver, tomor-row. If this can be done, the county will in all probability do the same thing. There are several thousand deliats of city money and much more county funds tied up in the institution. City, and county officials await with interest the outcome of the movement.

Decide on Bank Seizure of Funds. CHICAGO, Nov. 5 .- A friendly suit, de signed to secure from the Federal Court a decision on the supposed rights of

THE SLEEPING SICKNESS WHICH MEANS DEATH

How many readers have heard of this terrible disease? It prevails in that the Congo district. It is caused by the bite of the tsetse fly. When it bites a person, the sleeping symptoms begin and finally the sufferer sleeps until death occurs.

Contrast this with the peaceful, balmy sleep of health. Is there anything more wearing than to lie awake at night, tossing about, nervous, with cold feet, hot head and mercy knows what else? Short of letting the tsetse fly bite us we would do almost anything for relief. How can we prevent it? Mr. George Hayes, of Union City, Pa., writes: "I had lost my appetite, was all run-down, could not sleep nights. I had tried every-thing without relief. Vinol was recommended, and to my surprise, it helped me at once; gave me a splendid appetite, and now I sleep soundly." What Vinol did for Mr. Hayes, it will do for every run-down, nervous and overworked person who cannot sleep. Woodard, Clarke & Co., Druggists,

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COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS

hanks to seize money on deposit with them in event of the failure of the firm or individual owning the funds, was be-gun yesterday by W. J. Chalmers for A. Booth & Company. The action was pre-cipitated through the recent till between Mr. Chalmers and four banking institutions appointed by court as depositories for funds of the bankrupt fish concern. The banks each had loaned over the

counter large sums of money to A. Booth & Company every Fall, and in the ordinary course of business the loans were repair in the Spring. Many commercial houses have been making a similar agreement with the banks, and the institutions now want a decision establishing their right to confiscate funds. Judge Kohlsaat has made the writ returnable December 7.



What the Government Food **Expert Says About Lard**

"There is no reason to question the digestive and nutritive values of lard. It is a typical fat food, composed of materials which are almost wholly oxidized in the body, and which produce a higher number of units of heat than that of any other class of food substances." HARVEY W. WILEY, M. D., PH. D.

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