BRYAN CONFIDENT OF BIG MAJORITY

Feels Sure of Overplus of Electoral Votes, With Popular Ones to Spare.

WILL TOUR KANSAS TODAY

Nebraskan Believes Republicans Will Be Surprised When Illinois Returns Come In—Has Trouble With Special Train.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Confident of a victory at the election Tuesday, W. J. Bryan left Chicago today for a tour through Kansas tomorrow. Tomorrow night he expects to reach Lincoln, Neb., where he will participate in a home demonstration. Mr. Bryan left the Candidate's special train here and went direct to Lincoln. More than a dozen boxes of flowers which have been given her during the trip through Indiana, Saturday were taken home by Mrs. Bryan. Before leaving Chicago Mr. Bryan said:

"I do not care to make any list of states in estimating the result of the election, for while I think the result is more certain in some than in others, I would not want to discourage Democrats in the less certain states by making discriminations. I believe that we will have votes to spare in the electoral college, and a considerable majority of the popular vote."

Speaking of his delay in reaching Chicago Saturday night, Mr. Bryan said:

"The trip arranged for the day was a long one with a large number of stops. The meetings were unexpectedly large and in some places the speaking stands were fixed some distance from the stations. We had to ride slowly through the crowded streets to reach the stands. Then there were three changes from one road to another. Finally our engine broke down and the substitute engine had to be turned around at the next station and that caused a delay. I never before had such a series of delays in the campaign.

"I am very much pleased with the reports I have had from Illinois. I believe that the Republicans of this state have an unpleasant surprise coming when they read the returns from the state on election day."

BOTH LOOK FOR VICTORY

(Continued From First Page.)

333 votes for Bryan had been expected in view of the same claims made earlier in the campaign. It was further said that Mr. Mack had included in his list states that were practically conceded by state leaders to be Republican. It was also said Mr. Hitchcock was willing to stand or fall by his prediction of 336 votes made on Friday, and was perfectly satisfied that it would be more nearly correct than Mr. Mack's when the returns are in.

Hitchcock Satisfied.

Mr. Mack declared today that "The only thing that can defeat Mr. Bryan is the corrupt use of money." He said he had sent his last instructions to state chairmen to get out their vote early and to see that it was fairly counted.

"We are through," said Chairman Hitchcock today. "Our fight is won."

Mr. Hitchcock announced that there had ceased to be any doubt as to Republican success in such states as Indiana, Ohio and New Jersey—all claimed by Mr. Mack, and it was added by a member of his staff that the Republican National Committee is as sure of New York as it is of Pennsylvania.

Today Republican Chairman Parsons, of New York County, thus summarized the situation in Manhattan and the Bronx, two of the five boroughs included in Greater New York:

"If Mr. Bryan carries New York County at all, it will be by a plurality of from 40,000 to 60,000. District leaders believe that Governor Hughes will run not more than 29,000 behind Mr. Taft in this county."

Gives Chanler Big Majority.

Mr. Mack said today that his claim that Bryan and Kern will receive 333 votes in the electoral college is as based on reports received from state chairmen and from private sources. State Chairman Conners has predicted that Bryan will receive more than 40,000 plurality in the state, and that Mr. Chanler will get more than 100,000.

The Democratic National Committee based its belief that Mr. Bryan will be elected on the following four reasons, which have been incorporated into a statement by National Committeeman Josephus Daniels, chairman of the literature bureau:

"Bryan will be elected because the Democracy today presents a united front. Further, the Democratic party will be augmented by thousands of Republicans dissatisfied with the mistakes of 12 years of Republican administration.

"This army of voters will be further strengthened by a new force in American politics—the labor vote. Assuming there were to be a strict party line-up at election, the labor vote itself would turn the scales to Democratic success. The labor party has put all its eggs in the Democratic basket, and it must win to save them.

Democratic Party United.

"Mr. Bryan himself has gained wonderful personal strength in the last few years, in all parts of the country, and thousands of voters who neither understood him nor his aims, now place their absolute trust in him and his policies.

"The Democratic National Committee has brought all the elements of the party together. It has the labor vote and its remarkable accessions of strength from the Republican ranks, together with Mr. Bryan's strength with the masses, are the reasons why this Nation will turn to Democracy."

Mr. Mack, in a statement tonight, again attacked the Republican party for not immediately making their campaign contributions public. The chairman said:

"The denial by President Roosevelt and the denial by Secretary Cortelyou of getting money from the big interests desiring Government favors were more vigorous in 1904 than they are today. But after the election it leaked out that the trusts and allied interests gave big sums—Mr. Harriman himself raising $260,000, which he says changed 50,000 voters in New York City alone. Men like John D. Rockefeller and Andrew Carnegie were not then publicly advocating the ticket and putting their fortunes at the disposal of the Republican committee. The money paid in then by the Standard Oil trust, the steel trust, Harriman and others, is not a bagatelle compared with the millions which Rockefeller, Carnegie and Morgan are pouring into this campaign in the last days, in a desperate effort to stem the resistless tide that will carry Mr. Bryan into the White House."

Hughes on Firing Line.

The New York State campaign, which has been in full swing for more than a month, is practically at an end, although Governor Hughes will make 10 speeches in Greater New York tomorrow. Lieutenant-Governor Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, his Democratic opponent, will spend tomorrow in and around his home town of Redhook, in Duchess County.

Both Democratic and Republican state leaders claim today to be confident of success. Close political observers who have canvassed the state from end to end, however, frankly admit that they are in doubt and that there is no possible way in which the result can be forecasted.

From every quarter come reports of Republican defection from Governor Hughes, but the Republicans do not place very much stock in these, and say that whatever votes Governor Hughes loses in his own party will be more than offset by gains from among Democrats and Independent voters.

The Democratic leaders say they have been confident of victory from the very start of the campaign. They admit that Governor Hughes gained much ground during the past two weeks, but say now that the tide has changed again toward Chanler.

Too Close to Be Foretold.

Newspapers that have made nonpartisan canvasses of the state announce today that the result of Tuesday's balloting on the state ticket cannot be foretold.

RETIRED AFTER SERVICE IN PHILIPPINES.

General Philip Reade.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 1.—(Special.)—General Philip Reade, who has just returned from a tour of duty in the Philippines, has been retired after a long and admirable Army career. There is keen competition for the rank thus left vacant. The chief candidate for promotion is Colonel J. G. D. Knight, of the Engineer Corps, who was passed over recently when Colonel Marshall was made Chief of Engineers. Colonel H. L. Scott, of West Point, is also mentioned to succeed General Reade.

COUNTING ALONE REMAINS

Massachusetts Figuring on Majority for Taft and Governor.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—With the Republicans conceded to be in complete command of the situation in Massachusetts, in the National contest, interest in Tuesday's battle in this state centers in the size of the vote and Mr. Taft's plurality. Eliminating the vote in 1896 when McKinley carried the state by 162,000, the average Republican plurality in Massachusetts since 1872 in a Presidential candidate canvass has been about 41,000. Four years ago President Roosevelt won the state by 92,000. Although Mr. Taft will carry the state, according to all political observers, Governor Draper's contest for Governorship with Senator James H. Vahey is somewhat in doubt. The Republicans look for the election of their Governor by a substantial plurality, while the Democratic leaders say that Senator Vahey's election is not improbable. It is thought that the race between the two parties, with the Republicans well in the majority, will remain about the same.

CROWDS AT HEADQUARTERS

Both Parties Confident and Both Claim Big Victories.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Although most official business had been completed the night before, there was considerable activity about the National headquarters of both the Republican and Democratic parties here today.

After going over all available sources of late information, William Hayward, secretary of the Republican National Committee, asserted that from his viewpoint all anxiety as to the outcome of the election had been eliminated and that New York, Ohio, Illinois and Indiana are safely Republican. At Democratic headquarters opinions were equally optimistic. Vice-Chairman Lamb repeated former predictions claiming 295 electoral votes and including in his list of Bryan states New York and Ohio. Both headquarters were crowded with visitors during the day.

TRAVELING MEN FAVOR TAFT

Straw Vote at Valley Hotels Largely Republican.

Against the assertion that a majority, or even a considerable part of the traveling men are supporting Bryan, L. L. Gilbert, of Portland, a member of that profession, has just come in from a tour through Dallas, Corvallis and Albany, reporting that Bryan claims of this sort are wholly without foundation.

A poll of the men in Gail Hotel, Dallas, showed 30 men all for Taft, 25 of them being traveling men. At Corvallis, in the Corvallis Hotel were 19 traveling men, of whom 17 were supporting Taft. In the Revere Hotel, Albany, were 45 traveling men, of whom 42 favored the Republican candidate. Mr. Gilbert cites these examples as evidence of the overwhelming sentiment of commercial men in favor of Taft.

SINGLE VOTE MAY DECIDE IT

Conservative People Admit Contest Is Close in Montana.

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 1.—That a single vote may decide the election of the Governor and Presidential electors is the belief expressed by conservative people throughout the state. Both sides are claiming small majorities.

Every man who is registered will be taken to the polls if he can be found. On the state ticket popularity of the individual will cut a big figure. Thomas D. Long, Democratic candidate for Congress, is conceded to be practically certain of election.

ARCHBOLD SHOWN TO BE FALSIFIER

Oil Trust's Part in Bench Appointments Known to Beneficiaries.

BAILEY AGAIN IN LIGHT

Senator Friend of Sibley, Who Schemed to Corrupt Press. $3000 Paid for a "Year's" Subscription to Magazine.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Standard Oil's pernicious influence in the political, industrial and judicial life of the country received another severe drubbing at the hands of W. R. Hearst tonight when another series of sensational letters from the files of "No. 26 Broadway" were read to the immense gathering in Carnegie Hall, where the Independence party closed its campaign.

Archbold's declaration last week that his effort to secure the appointment of Henderson and Morrison as judges in Pennsylvania courts was merely a matter of friendship and that they knew nothing of his efforts in their behalf was proven to be false when Mr. Hearst read a letter from Archbold written to Morrison regarding the matter.

Senator Bailey of Texas and Representative Sibley of Pennsylvania were also dragged into the limelight long enough to show that the latter since his occupancy of a seat in Congress has acted as a "spy" for the Standard Oil interests, and Senator Bailey was shown to be linked arm and arm with the Congressman.

Still more sensational were the disclosures made regarding the Standard's efforts to subsidize magazines and papers, Sibley himself dealing to some length with the proposition to the Standard Oil to gain control of the Associated Press and other news bureaus so public opinion could be properly influenced.

Mr. Hearst read one letter in which Archbold renewed his "year's subscription" to the Manufacturers' Record, inclosing a certificate of deposit for $3000 in payment. In another letter the Standard Oil magnate agreed to pay $5000 to a Southern paper, with the hope that its influence would be for the best, and in another letter the sum of $1250 was transferred to a Pittsburg daily.

Proves Denial Is False.

In his speech Mr. Hearst referred to a recent statement by John D. Archbold that he was sure that until Mr. Hearst read the letters regarding Pennsylvania judges, neither Judge Morrison nor Judge Henderson had any knowledge that he (Archbold) wrote Governor Stone in their behalf. Judge Morrison also declared, said Mr. Hearst, that he knew Archbold years ago, but that he had not seen him in years and it was inexplicable that the Standard Oil man should take an interest in his welfare.

"In the light of the letter I am about to read," continued Mr. Hearst, "the explanation seems simple enough. Mr. Archbold apparently took so deep an interest in the matter of the appointment of Mr. Morrison to a judgeship because Mr. Morrison asked him to do so, and Mr. Morrison certainly knew of Mr. Archbold's activity in his behalf because Mr. Archbold wrote Mr. Morrison telling him about it. You will see plainly from the first paragraph that this letter which Mr. Archbold wrote was in reply to a letter which Mr. Morrison wrote. Here is Mr. Archbold's letter:

His Own Words Contradict Him.

"26 Broadway, New York, August 3, 1899.

"Hon. Thomas A. Morrison, Smithport, Pa.—My Dear Sir: I am duly in receipt of your favor of August 1 and it has given me great pleasure to write Senators Quay and Penrose, expressing my earnest desire that it may prove possible and consistent for them to support you for the Supreme Judgeship. Very truly yours,

"JOHN D. ARCHBOLD."

Mr. Hearst then read letters from Mr. Archbold to Senators Quay and Penrose, making the recommendation and saying he would be greatly pleased by their support.

"I have shown heretofore," Mr. Hearst went on, "the peculiar interest taken in newspapers and magazines and lectures and other institutions and individuals that influence public sentiment."

Mr. Hearst then read the following:

26 Broadway, October 10, 1902.

Mr. H. H. Edmunds, Baltimore—My Dear Sir: Responding to your favor of the 9th, it gives me pleasure to enclose you herewith certificate of deposit to your favor for $3000, covering a year's subscription to the Manufacturers' Record. Truly yours,

JOHN D. ARCHBOLD.

750 Years in Advance.

"I have looked up the subscription price of the Manufacturers' Record," Mr. Hearst continued, "and I find it is $4 a year. Consequently Mr. Archbold was either subsidizing the Manufacturers' Record or he was subscribing for 750 years. The $3000 is definitely stated as a year's subscription, so that there is no possibility of it being anything else than a subsidy.

"The object of these checks is to induce these publications to influence public sentiment in favor of the Standard Oil Company, as the following letter will show:

"26 Broadway, December 18, 1901.

"Mr. Thomas P. Grasty, care of Buck & Pratt, room 1203, No. 27 Williams street, city—Dear Mr. Grasty: I have your favor of yesterday and beg to return herewith the telegram of Mr. Edmunds to you. We are willing to continue the subscription of $5000 to the Southern Farm Magazine for another year, payments to be made the same as they have been this year. We do not doubt but that the influence of your publications throughout the South is of the most helpful character. With good wishes, I am, very truly yours, JOHN D. ARCHBOLD."

Subsidizes Teachers.

"The Standard Oil Company not only endeavors to influence public sentiment through magazines and newspapers, but it subsidizes teachers and lecturers to 'educate' the public in the interest of the Standard Oil Company. The following letter is an example in point:

"26 Broadway.

"Professor G. W. Gunton, 41 Union Square, city—My Dear Professor: Responding to your favor, it gives me pleasure to inclose you herewith certificate of deposit to your favor for $5000 as an additional contribution to that agreed upon and to aid you in your most excellent work. I most earnestly hope that the way will open for an enlarged scope, as you anticipate. Youre very truly,

"JOHN D. ARCHBOLD."

"In the following letter is mention of a certificate of deposit to a daily newspaper:

"26 Broadway, Jan. 7, 1899.

"Hon. W. A. Magee, Pittsburg Times, Pittsburg, Pa.—Dear Sir: As per understanding, herewith enclosed find certificate of deposit to your credit for $1250, the receipt of which kindly acknowledge. Truly yours, JOHN D. ARCHBOLD.

Sibley's Designs on Press.

"I will now read a letter which indicates a still wider and more comprehensive plan and one of even greater danger to a free press. The letter is from the Standard Oil Company's Congressional spy, Joseph C. Sibley. It is written on the letter paper of Congress and is headed Joseph C. Sibley, chairman committee on manufactures, House of Representatives, United States, Washington, March 7, 1905." Mr. Hearst then read:

My Dear Mr. A.: The illness of a member of my family has prevented my coming to New York. Senator B. was to have gone with me. I think he will go anyway, as he has business there. I had a conversation with an important "official" yesterday and he told me there was but one thing to do, and that was to start a "back fire." Like myself, he is much alarmed and as a member of the reigning family, he hand and tongue are tied. He thinks the work should be done in the education of public sentiment between now and the meeting of Congress in October. It has, I think, been decided to convene Congress in extra session at that time, though the Speaker will try to have it go over until November if he can't do better. I will know in a day or two how he stands.

Sizes Up Long and Campbell.

Long (Senator) and Curtis (Representative) are the strong men in the Kansas delegation. I have explained matters to them and I think their influence will count some when they go home. Campbell is a clever boy; has no strong points yet developed. He seeks notoriety, but is harmless in himself. This agitation, in the language of officials, started from the top and will run its course. It is not a deep-seated, profound conviction of wrong. The only thing is to get delay until temperate action can be secured. I think the pendulum will swing to the one side after a while, but I do not want the devil to pay before it goes back.

Get Control of Press.

An efficient literary bureau is needed, not for a day or a crisis, but a permanent and healthy control of the Associated Press and kindred avenues. It will cost money, but will be the cheapest in the end and can be made self-supporting. The next four years is, more than any previous epoch, to determine the future of the country. No man values public opinion or fears it so much as Roosevelt. No man seeks popularity so much as he. Mild reproof or criticism of his policy would nearly paralyze him. Today he hears only the chorus of the rabble and he thinks it is public sentiment. I don't know whether the industrial corporations and the transportation companies have enough at stake to justify a union of forces for concerted action. It seems to me necessary.

Sincerely yours, SIBLEY.

Mr. Hearst continued:

"The Senator B. mentioned in this letter, of course, is our old friend Joe Bailey of Texas. Without doubt, as Mr. Sibley says, Bailey would come anyway. He had business there. It is impossible to open up any crooked cranny of Standard Oil association without finding Mr. Bailey in some dark corner blinking with beady eye at the unwelcome light.

"The important part of this letter, however, is not the part that reveals Senator Bailey, a Democratic friend of the Standard Oil, or Mr. Sibley, the Republican friend of the Standard Oil. It is the part which reveals the plan to control the great news organizations of the country—'the Associated Press and kindred avenues,' to influence public opinion. In that way Mr. Sibley thinks the public can be deceived and public men like Mr. Roosevelt, who values public opinion, can be criticised and controlled.

"'It is undoubtedly possible for the 'industrial corporations and the transportation companies' with the Standard Oil at the head to bring about 'a union of forces for concerted action.' That union of forces would enable them to control many of the great avenues of publicity.

Joy of Standard Oil Press.

"Think of the joy of the Standard Oil in a 'self-supporting' organization which would daily deceive all the citizens of the United States. No more subsidies to newspapers and magazines and lecturers. No more passes for 10,000 and season tickets for 2000 performances. Merely a self-supporting or even profitable organization, which under Mr. Archbold's direction could be brought to fabricate and falsify as glibly as he do s. Perhaps the people's public servants could be controlled then without the need of so many secret certificates of deposit, and certainly any exposures of men like Foraker and Haskell would be suppressed as yellow journalism and news not fit to print.

"In complete ignorance of what was occurring, the people could be led blindly to the polls to vote for the perpetuation of the government of the Standard Oil by the Standard Oil and for the Standard Oil.

"When I am attacked by certain publications for making these Standard Oil letters public, I cannot help but think that the Standard Oil Company has been partially successful in establishing the efficient literary bureau which costs money but is the cheapest in the end.

Wanted Morgan Supported.

"Mr. Grasty, to whom Mr. Archbold wrote a letter that I lately read, wrote a letter to Mr. Archbold on December 4, 1903. The letter refers to the subsidized Manufacturers' Record and says:

"'Dear Mr. Archbold—In the article, "Teachers vs. Doers," in the Manufacturers Record this week, there is a world of good common sense. Although Mr. Morgan is commended as the leader in rescuing transportation properties and thereby meeting the needs of the country, yet some consideration is given to the powers that have expanded our commerce. Now, while it is expedient under existing conditions to do all that we can to turn the tide of anti-Morgan sentiment, nevertheless I want to say to you that I think it would be a good thing if Mr. Morgan could be peacefully and quietly supplanted as the most conspicuous representative of financial power.

"'Unless you have devoted more time than so busy a man is likely to be able to spare for such a purpose to that great man's loss of the public confidence, you can scarcely realize how much harm has been done by his undoing or what people consider the exposure of his methods. But whatever we may call it, the effect of the discredit which has befallen him has been to make the public believe—or at least to take seriously—sensational stories concerted for demagogic effect which prior to these disclosures were considered as unfounded and unworthy of credence. A number of my friends—men of sanity and feelers of the public pulse—have earnestly expostulated against the course we have taken in Mr. M's defense, saying with singular unanimity, "He does not deserve it and will not appreciate it."

Feared "Trust Busters."

"'I am telling you all this because I honestly believe interests of such immeasurable magnitude as Mr. Morgan's are supposed to be, ought to be, under the control of wiser men—men with sense enough to see and avoid such palpable pitfalls as surround the shipbuilding deal.

"'A substitution of controling power—a change of generals—seems to be the only way to escape the consequence and head off public distrust of our great organizations and stop the supply of fresh ammunition to the "trust busters."

"'Now among the latter I put Theodore Roosevelt and W. R. Hearst in the same category, and Hearst today has an organization of immense efficiency, made up of first-class, high-priced brains—backed, not by a barrel but by hogsheads, and is liable to be the Democratic nominee for the Presidency. That Roosevelt will be the Republican nominee is a foregone conclusion. Now in times of depression the slogan "anything for a change" goes a long way. If a change be even possible—in my opinion it is probable—people who stand for the maintenance of American institutions and do "the greatest good to the greatest number," ought to be arranging to prevent the possibility of such a disaster as Mr. Hearst's election to the Presidency. Yours truly, THOMAS P. GRASTY.'"

BUELOW LOSES HIS POWER

His Position With People Is Almost Untenable.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—Chancellor von Buelow's position appears to be almost untenable. Far and wide throughout the empire the newspapers of all parties, with varying degrees of amazement and regret, view the government's explanation how what purported to be enormously important utterances of the Emperor, affecting three great powers, passed through the hands of the Chancellor and a long line of Foreign Office people without seemingly having been considered by any of them or read by most of those responsible for the delicate foreign relations.

The Emperor fully condones Prince von Buelow's part in the affair, but the Chancellor's authority and prestige with the country have been so shaken that he may again ask the Emperor to relieve him.

Radicals Making Demands.

The Radical, social and Socialist journalists utilize the occasion to urge on the country a demand for a Ministry responsible to the Parliament and people.

In addition to the semi-official accounts already published, it is learned that the Emperor handed the manuscript of the interview which appeared in the London Daily Telegraph and the authorship of which is still undisclosed, to Baron von Jenisch, who was attached to his entourage while the Emperor was absent from the capital a short time ago, as the representative of the Foreign Office, with the direction to send it to Prince von Buelow. The Chancellor interpreted the note from Von Jenisch, which accompanied the manuscript, as referring to the inclosure as an article, not as an interview, so that the Chancellor did not consider it necessary to give it his personal attention. The manuscript consisted of a number of small, flimsy sheets and the handwriting being difficult to decipher, the Chancellor referred it to Herr von Mueller, the minister at The Hague, who was acting as his private secretary.

Picked Up by Reporter.

The latter, in his turn, and without examining the document, sent it to the Foreign Office, where, in the absence of Herr von Schoen, the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, it was read by subordinate officials who did not attach importance to its contents and returned it through the proper channels without further examination until transmitted by one of the imperial secretaries to England, where, as the Taglische Rundschau, one of the newspapers that is read in court, aristocratic and military circles, described it, "It emerged gaily into the world, infuriating the French, Russians, Dutch and Japanese, chilling the British, exciting bitterness and nervous irritation on the part of our own people and undermining our neighbors' belief in our reliability."

The whole subject is likely to come up for debate in the Reichstag, which will reassemble Wednesday.

Foreign Secretary Resigns.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—It is reported that Herr von Schoen, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, has also tendered his resignation, in connection with recent publications in a London newspaper of the Emperor's interview.

CHINESE SHOPS ATTACKED

Twenty-Six Places Looted as Result of Japanese Boycott Trouble.

HONGKONG, Nov. 2. — Twenty-six shops and godowns were looted last night. The looting grew out of the anti-Japanese boycott. Some of the Chinese merchants have expressed a desire to abandon the boycott while others have protested against its discontinuance and last night's attack on the shops was for the purpose of emphasizing the need of keeping up the boycott.

Hundreds of police have been armed and further trouble is expected tonight.

Over 300 arrests have already been made amid scenes of great excitement.

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Ladies' Home Journal patterns are the latest, most authentic, most easily understood of any patterns made. Prices 10¢ and 15¢ each.

Agents for Dr. Deimel's **Linen Mesh Underwear**

We are sole agents for the women's garments. This is the only store in Portland where you can buy them. We have a special agency for the men's goods, and we recommend this splendid underwear for either sex. Ward off colds and discomfort by wearing Linen Mesh Underwear this Winter. Linen Mesh Underwear absorbs the perspiration and keeps the body cool, dry and comfortable all the time. If you are not a wearer of Linen Mesh now, let us convert you. Single-piece, 2-piece, union suits, all sizes

Single Garments $3 Union Suits $6 At Underwear Counter

Ho! for the Great Linen Sale

We expect all the thrifty and all the particular housewives in Portland here this morning. We are prepared for them. There will be a display of linens that will delight the fastidious—that will bring joy to the hearts of the economists. Richardson's linens bargainized in time to make ready for the Thanksgiving feast. Let who will furnish the turkey, if you seek quality and small price, Olds, Wortman & King will supply the linens.

All Dress Goods Reduced

Yes, all goods—every yard we own—in black or colored dress goods, except Read's lansdowne, on sale at special prices for this tremendous event. Regardless of texture, color, weight or price, decidedly bargainized for one full week's selling.

Men's $20 Coats $14.95

Garments from makers of National reputation for goodness, quality and style. Snappy, clever coats that faddish fellows will buy and wear. Raincoats, Topcoats or Overcoats, in plain or fancy materials. $20.00 values, for only, per garment $14.95

Women's Costumes and Wraps

To choose from so wide an assortment of rich garments—to revel in their unusual and distinctive beauty and style correctness—to slip one on and try the effect before the mirror—is a pleasure no woman in Portland should deny herself. Myriads of costumes, plain or fancy tailored suits, street coats and opera wraps, await the inspection of Portland's more discriminating buyers. Prices are not high—quality considered, they are surprisingly low.

Hair Rolls at 39c

"Never Slip" Hair Rolls for the new Pompadour effects; light and durable; made of wire. Regular 50c values, special, only..... 39c

Combination Garment Hangers for coats and trousers. Nickel finished wire; 15c values, for low price.... 9c

Detachable Dress Shields—Can be worn without sewing in garment. Sizes 2, 3 and 4. Values to 30c the pair, special, only 19c

Basting Thread—Large size, 500-yd. spools; white only. Sizes 40 or 50. The spool. 4c

Waldorf Toilet Paper, in rolls. Fine tissue; 8-oz. size; worth 7c roll, special..... 5c

Lace Curtains

A closing out of small lots. Only a few pairs in any one style or quality, but large assortment of patterns. They are Irish Point, Cluny, Renaissance and Brussels Net. Reg. $5 Curt'ns, the pair ... $2.95

$ 8.00 values, the pair $4.75
$11.00 values, the pair $6.65
$12.00 values, the pair $7.50
$13.50 values, the pair $8.75
$15.00 vaules, the pair $9.85

Novelties at Half

All Hallowe'en Novelties left in our Stationery Department on sale this morning at half the regular price. Pumpkins, games and novelties of all sorts for use at parties or Winter evenings, priced.. ½

Tooth Brushes—Special lot of imported French goods. Values to 50c, special... 25c

Peroxide of Hydrogen—Pint bottle, regular 50c value, special only..... 35c

"500" Score Cards, with rules printed on the back. The dozen for low price of only. 9c

Postcard Albums, lithographed covers, hold 400 cards; 60c value, for low price. 39c

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