

TAFT POINTS OUT RIVAL'S WEAKNESS

Cannot Govern by Power of Debate.

CONTRASTS PARTY RECORDS

Power of Efficient Performance Necessary.

TOUR OF UPPER NEW YORK

Republican Candidate Shows Effect of Party Responsibility in Recent History—Democratic Injunction Plank Is Meaningless.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 29.—Republican cheers have sounded in the wake of the Taft special train which today visited Lyons, Canandaigua, Geneva, Seneca Falls and Auburn. The climax was reached tonight in this city with a big parade, two meetings and an overflow. There has been no lack of auditors and demonstrations wherever the Ohioan has tarried. Despite the heavy campaigning required of him yesterday in Greater New York, he showed little effect of the strain today. He has hit at the roots of what he considers Democratic fallacies in every speech, and has been free in expressing his optimism as to the result next Tuesday. Governor Hughes has been commended in strong language. He was the remainder of the New York State ticket and the Vice-Presidential candidate.

Meets Rival Attraction

Mr. Taft had the rival attraction here tonight of Mr. Bryan, whose special car was at the station when the Taft train arrived.

Mr. Taft accepted today an invitation to visit New York City in December to attend the installation of an organ in the Metropolitan temple, the gift of Andrew Carnegie. This invitation was extended by Rev. Dr. John Wesley Hill, pastor of the Temple, who has been assisting Mr. Taft as a speaker. Mr. Hill left the party tonight after having made his speeches during the campaign.

Mr. Taft's arguments today have been made pointed with new phrases and illustrated with new comparisons. At Lyons, in the first speech of the day, where he talked to an audience in Gilchrist Hall, he asserted that the defeat in 1907 of the silver measure was a victory for good that was exceeded only by the victory of the Army in the Civil War.

The next extended effort of the candidate was at Canandaigua, where he went into analysis of government through political parties. He proceeded this with a prediction that Mr. Hughes would be elected. The crowd was well served, Mr. Taft asserted, was whether or not the American people had been well served under the Administrations of William McKinley and Mr. Roosevelt. He continued:

What Governing Really Means.

I sometimes think that we fail to appreciate what governing means. It does not mean oratory. It does not mean the power of a speaker. It means the power of efficient performance. It means the power to get things done. It means the power to get things done in the only method by which it can be carried on by a system of parties in which the members of the parties sacrifice many of their non-essential views and agree on a few vital principles.

Concerning the two parties, first, what experience has each had in governing? Second, what is it that the people want? It is a force that is likely to keep them together in such a way as to give them the best sense of responsibility that the people at large in carrying on the Government? Are the men whom they selected for their leadership—men with the sense of governmental propriety and governmental policy? Having made up the particular policies which they uphold in the present issue, can you usually make up your mind as to the party you ought to take, because between such two presidential elections many issues are likely to arise that cannot be submitted to a party convention; crises are likely to come that divide the party and the rank and file of the people and you have got to take a party and trust to it to work those issues?

How Republicans Met Crisis.

That was exhibited in the record of the Republican party with reference to the Spanish War. We determined to send the International scandal at our doors. We went into the war in Cuba and we came out with the Philippines, 18,000 miles away, and we had to decide the issues which were there raised and which were difficult to decide. They presented new phases of government that we had never had before, but our own Glibbs took to aid him, as one of the greatest jurists and statesmen this world has ever known, with the republicans behind him, with his solidarity and discipline and with his courage, those policies were carried through and they brought credit and glory to the Nation.

Democrats Only Blundered.

Now, what of the Democratic party? They had power for four years, but the minute they got into power they began to quarrel over what they should do. They passed a free trade bill through one House and then in the next House they made it impossible. The party passed a resolution requiring the best practice with respect to injunctions, specifying the instances in which injunctions shall issue without notice and offering an opportunity for a status

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LADY'S LIMIT PINT AT DINNER TABLE

MRS. GOULD'S COUSIN DEFINES CHAMPAGNE CAPACITY.

Discourse on Sparkling Beverage Comes Up Before Referee in Divorce Proceedings.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Elijah W. Sells, a cousin of Mrs. Katherine Clemmons Gould and a distant relative of her husband, Howard Gould, testified today before Edward G. Whitaker, as referee at a hearing in the suit for divorce instituted some time ago by Mrs. Gould. Mr. Sells is going abroad for six months and Justice Blisoff, of the Supreme Court, ordered the hearing now. Mr. Sells appeared as witness to the good character of Mrs. Gould.

In July, 1908, after serious differences had arisen between Mrs. Gould and Mr. Gould, he said, he tried to effect an arrangement whereby the Goulds would live according to a definite domestic and property plan. Certain stipulations were laid down by Mr. Gould to govern his wife's conduct, but Mrs. Gould rejected them. One of Mr. Gould's conditions, the witness said, was that his wife should abstain wholly from the use of intoxicants. On this point, on cross-examination, Delancy Nicol, who appeared for Mr. Gould, asked Mr. Sells to tell just how much wine he thought a lady should drink.

"Mr. Gould," the witness replied, "drank only as much as a lady should."

"Well, what is a lady's limit?" asked Mr. Nicol.

"Well, I should say that the limit for a lady is a pint of champagne at dinner," said Mr. Sells.

Charles J. Shearn, who represented Mrs. Gould, asked the witness prior to the cross-examination of Mr. Nicol: "Now, you have ever observed in Mrs. Gould's demeanor any evidence that she had been drinking to excess?"

"Oh, never," promptly said Mr. Sells.

SCORES ATTEND FUNERAL

Church Crowded During Services Over Rev. Mr. Landry's Remains.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 29.—(Special.)—The funeral of Rev. Joseph Landry, of Pendleton, Or., took place this morning at St. Ignatius' Church. All Wednesday the remains lay in state in the sodality chapel adjoining the church. They were visited during the day by relatives and acquaintances and by friends of the Jesuit fathers. In the evening, after the services for the dead, the fathers of the community formed a procession and bore the casket into the church, where it rested during the night. The office for the dead was chanted by the Jesuit fathers and scholars. The singing of the Benedictus in Gregorian music was remarkably effective. The office mass was celebrated by Very Rev. Joseph C. Sasia, president of St. Ignatius. There was an attendance of fully 25 secular priests and all the members of the church.

The church was crowded with devout mourners and the services were most impressive.

ONCE RICH, NOW VAGRANT

What Dissipation Did for Reno Mining Man.

RENO, Nev., Oct. 29.—(Special.)—Dan Crawford, ten years ago one of the wealthiest men in Reno, stood up in the police court this morning to enter a plea to the charge of being a common vagrant and drunk.

When the mining revival started a few years ago Crawford was one of the first to meet with success. He came into possession of enough wealth to insure him comfort and luxury the balance of his life. Within a year or two he had squandered in dissipation and given away about \$100,000.

Since then he has been making a living part of the time making a sheep camp, earning enough money for an occasional spree with the end in the city jail today.

SAYS EXPERTS CONSPIRED

Charles W. Clark's Reason for Calling Off Mining Deal.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 29.—Judge Dietrich, of Idaho, sitting in the United States Circuit Court, heard arguments today in the case of the Rosario Mine & Mill Company against C. W. Clark, son of ex-United States Senator Clark, to recover \$400,000 alleged to be due as the result of a contract entered into by the defendant to purchase a copper mine for that amount.

Mr. Clark's plea is that the experts sent by him to examine the mine made a false report, conspiring with the owners in so doing, and that this resulted in his agreement to buy the mine at the figure mentioned.

SUES STATE LAND BOARD

W. J. Pinney Demands Deeds on Certificates Forged by Turner.

SALEM, Or., Oct. 29.—(Special.)—W. J. Pinney, a Minnesota lumberman, began suit against the State Land Board this afternoon to compel the board to issue deeds upon four certificates of sale held by him. The certificates were among those granted upon applications forged by H. H. Turner, and the board refused to recognize them. They represent about 1300 acres of land.

NEW YORK CENTER OF BRYAN'S HOPES

Admits Defeat if Empire State Is Lost.

MIDDLE WEST LOOKS BLUE

Nebraskan Discouraged at Outlook in Ohio and Illinois.

FINAL DESPERATE BATTLE

Democratic Claims on New York and New Jersey Laughed At by Republican Leaders—But Both Are Fighting.

BY LLOYD F. LONGERAN.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—(Special.)—Bryan in the course of his tour of the Empire State, this week, made the following significant confession to several personal friends:

"I cannot win without New York."

The candidate hopes for victory here, but his expectations are not shared by the party leaders. Except Mack, anyone you talk to will tell you that the 29 Taft electors will have at least 50,000 plurality.

Bryan intimated that he was not satisfied with the outlook in Ohio and Illinois. The following statement was prepared by one of Bryan's close advisers, and demonstrates just where the candidate thinks he stands.

Sure of 217 Votes.

"We are absolutely sure of 217 votes. For we will carry the following states, Alabama with 11 votes; Arkansas, 9; Delaware, 3; Florida, 5; Georgia, 13; Indiana, 15; Kentucky, 13; Louisiana, 9; Maryland, 8; Mississippi, 10; Montana, 3; Missouri, 13; Nebraska, 8; Nevada, 3; New Jersey, 12; North Carolina, 12; Oklahoma, 8; South Carolina, 9; Tennessee, 13; Texas, 18; Virginia, 12; and West Virginia, 7. With New York's 29 we will have 356 votes in the electoral college, or 30 more than are necessary."

"The chances are against us in Ohio and Illinois, although it would not be good policy to admit it. I believe we will carry Colorado, Idaho and Wyoming, but those three states only total 11 electors, and would be of absolutely no value without New York. In every calculation we make we realize that New York is the keystone of the arch."

"The campaign in California and the Far West has collapsed. We have no hope of carrying Minnesota, or Wisconsin. Frankly we never did have any real expectation of wiping out the Republican majorities in those rock-ribbed communities. New York will tell the story, and we are putting in our best looks there."

Republican campaigners laugh at the pessimism.

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PRESIDENT ELIOT MODERATE DRINKER

DECLARES BEFORE CLUB HE HAS ALWAYS USED LIQUOR.

Complete Prohibition Not Desirable, He Says—Confines His Drinking to Wine and Beer.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 29.—(Special.)—President Eliot, of Harvard University, in an address delivered before the No License League of Massachusetts tonight, announced that he had always been a moderate drinker and had experienced no ill effects; that he believed that no license was the best weapon against intemperance, but that he had never yet been convinced that the complete exclusion of liquor from a community was desirable.

The total prohibition, he said, seemed to him too great an interference with personal liberty. President Eliot said that his use of intoxicants had been confined to beer and wine, for he had always hated distilled liquors. He had recently been convinced by the results of the progress of medical science, through animal experimentation, that even the moderate use of alcohol is objectionable and that the habitual use of stimulants is lowering to the intellectual and nervous powers.

President Eliot said that he had opposed no license in Cambridge when it was first proposed, but had been convinced that his first impressions of the plan were wrong and was ready to give his full endorsement to the crusade.

PLEDGE IS HELD INVALID

North Dakota Legislators Can't Be Bound to Senatorial Candidate.

BISMARCK, N. D., Oct. 29.—Members of the Legislature will not be compelled to carry out their pledge to vote for the successful candidate at the primary Senatorial election next Tuesday. The Supreme Court decided today unanimously that the pledge feature of the primary law as it relates to the popular election of United States Senators, but upheld the law providing for the vote.

The writ of mandamus prayed for is denied and the election will proceed, but all members of the Legislature are free to exercise their personal choice in the election of a Senator to succeed H. C. Hansbrough.

This means that Mr. Hansbrough, who was defeated at the spring primary, will try again. Many other candidates will be in the field.

TIED UP, HOUSE RANSACKED

Woman's Experience in Wild and Woolly Metropolis.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Mrs. Sarah Dickle was attacked in her apartment in West Ninetieth street early today by an unknown man, who fractured her skull with a revolver and tied her to the plumbing in the bathroom while he ransacked the house. He obtained, it is said, jewels and plate valued at \$3000 and escaped.

In giving a description of her assailant, Mrs. Dickle said she thought he was the man who called at her apartment last evening to inspect a room she has for rent.

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HEARST LETTERS SHED NEW LIGHT

Democrats Inimical to Country's Labor.

MORE STANDARD OIL BRIEFS

Archbold's Watchful Eye on Corporation Report.

ASKS SENATOR TO HELP

Octopus Documents Implicate Democratic Auditor, as Well as Others Opposing Earnest Efforts of Laboring Men.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Arguments directed to workmen and trade unions, arranging the Republican and Democratic parties, made up a speech delivered by W. R. Hearst in Cooper Union tonight for the Independence party. Two letters from John D. Archbold, of the Standard Oil Company, to the late W. J. Sewell, United States Senator from New Jersey, bearing on what Mr. Hearst called the indifference of Representative John J. Gardner, of New Jersey, chairman of the House committee on labor, to the demands of plain, every-day workmen, figured in the speech and two other letters were read by him which, he explained, were written by M. D. King, auditor of the National Democratic Committee, to D. M. Parry, president of the Manufacturers' Association, and to John T. Maxwell, secretary to Mr. Parry, respectively.

Includes Both Parties.

Mr. Hearst said that the letter to Mr. Parry congratulated him upon his re-election as president of the Manufacturers' Association and upon the adoption by the association's convention of Mr. Parry's "anti-labor union policies." The letter to Mr. Maxwell, Mr. Hearst said, referred to the fight of the Manufacturers' Association against the Typographical Union and against the eight-hour bill in Congress.

All four of the letters were cited by Mr. Hearst to emphasize his argument that the Democratic and Republican parties were inimical to labor.

The letters from Mr. Archbold to Senator Sewell follow:

Hon. W. J. Sewell, Senate Chamber, Washington, D. C.—My Dear Sir: We are informed that it is the purpose of the Industrial Commission, which has been taking testimony for a period of several months regarding industrial corporations, to make a preliminary report at an early date to Congress, which will probably serve as a basis for discussion here.

It seems very important that this report should be wisely and conservatively shaped. Representative John J. Gardner, of Atlantic City, N. J., is a member of that Commission, and we think it very desirable indeed that you should have a word with him on the subject. We have no doubt from what we know of him, and

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WEDDING DEPENDS ON QUEEN MOTHER

SHE STILL OPPOSES ABRUZZI-ELKINS MATCH.

Senator's Daughter Will Not Marry Duke if She Must Face Royal Family's Hostility.

ELKINS, W. Va., Oct. 29.—(Special.)—From a member of the Elkins family it was said authoritatively tonight that the marriage of Katherine Elkins, daughter of United States Senator Stephen R. Elkins, to the Duke of Abruzzi depends entirely upon the success of the nobleman in eliminating the opposition which is still manifested by some members of the royal family, notably the Queen mother.

If these relatives of the Duke can be induced to give their consent, the beautiful daughter of Mr. Elkins will become the bride of Italy's royal explorer and scientist. If this consent is withheld, the marriage will not take place, for the Duke and his family will not run the risk of incurring the hostility which might possibly follow such an alliance.

At the present time no engagement exists between Miss Elkins and the Duke and there will be no engagement until he can assure Miss Elkins that she will be welcomed to Italy by members of the royal family.

GOVERNOR SERIOUSLY ILL

Massachusetts Alarmed Over Condition of Its Chief Executive.

BOSTON, Oct. 29.—Governor Guild was seized with a severe attack of gastritis today. As this is the third dangerous illness experienced by the Governor within a year, there is considerable anxiety over his condition.

Governor Guild had an attack of inflammatory rheumatism and severe heart trouble on March 4. For nearly a week his condition was critical. He rallied, however, and after nearly three months' convalescence, was able to take up his work at the state house.

He had been at his desk scarcely a month before he was stricken down with appendicitis on August 24, and was obliged to undergo an operation. He was able to take up his duties several weeks ago and has spoken once or twice during the present campaign.

POWDER TRUST'S DEVICES

Let Agents Share Commissions and Quote Any Prices.

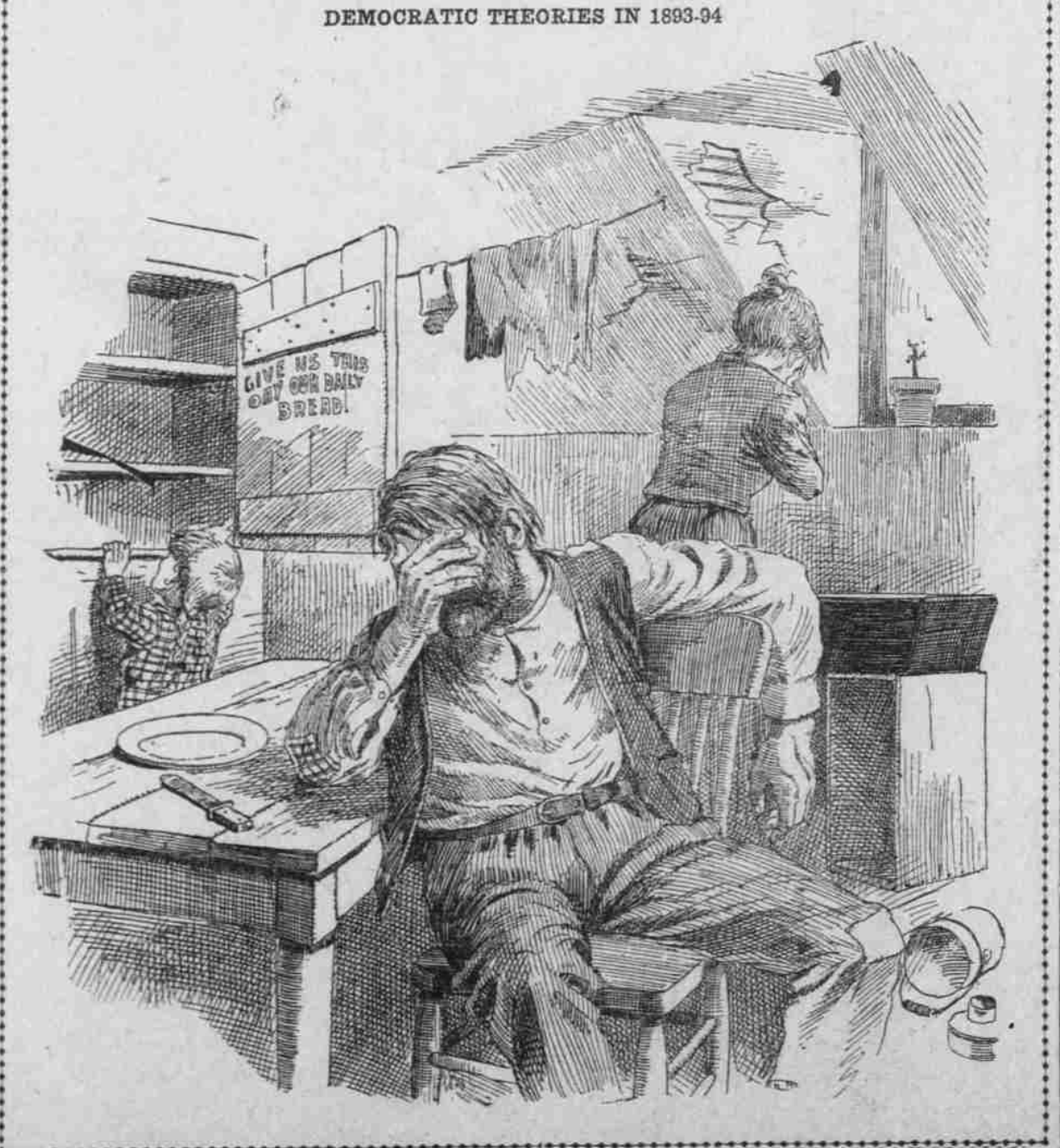
NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—F. J. Waddell, a former sales agent of E. I. Dupont de Nemours Powder Company, the methods of which company are under investigation here by the Federal Government, testified before Commissioner Mahoney today that its agents were accustomed to share their commissions with their customers.

The witness, who is now employed by another powder concern, said that he was given full permission in 1902 to quote whatever prices he pleased. Eugene Dupont, deceased, gave him this authority.

The witness said he would not be surprised to learn that the Birmingham & Southern Company was organized for the purpose of selling out.

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DEMOCRATIC THEORIES IN 1893-94



SAFETY LAW IS BROKEN

Government to Prosecute Oregon Road for 13 Violations.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Oct. 29.—The Attorney-General today transmitted to District Attorney McCourt information on 13 violations of the Federal safety appliance act on the part of the Oregon Lumber Company, of Oregon. The information was furnished by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

District Attorney McCourt has not yet received the information covering the above cases and is unable to determine their status. The violations referred to are believed to apply to a logging road belonging to the Eccles interests.

REACH POLE BY DRIFTING

Amundsen Will Adopt Nansen's Plan of Crossing Arctic.

COPENHAGEN, Denmark, Oct. 29.—(Special.)—The famous Norwegian Arctic explorer, Roald Amundsen, leader of the Gjøa expedition which discovered the Northwest passage, has planned a new exploit for the polar regions next year.

He will try to reach the north pole by adopting Fridtjof Nansen's plan of drifting northward on Arctic current. He will, however, choose a more easterly starting point than Nansen did, probably because he fears a too close proximity to Bering Strait. It is not improbable that Nansen's old ship, the Fram, will be used on this expedition.

MRS. ASTOR SERIOUSLY ILL

Family Deeply Concerned Over Her Grave Condition.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—It became known tonight that Mrs. William Astor has been seriously ill for several weeks at her home here. Although her condition is somewhat improved tonight, it was said her family has felt deep concern over her illness. Dr. Flint, Jr., said tonight:

"Mrs. Astor had a sudden recurrence of an old heart disorder about four weeks ago. Since then she has had several attacks of the same nature. At present she is resting quietly."

ELECTRIC ROAD FINANCIAL WRECK

Frenzied Methods of Frost Come to Light.

ACCOUNTANTS TELL TRUTH

Report Shows Disappearance of \$9,715,000.

LOST IN MANY VENTURES

Exposure of Jugglery With Chicago & Milwaukee Electric Bonds Reveals Squandering of Immense Sums by the Promoter.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29.—(Special.)—One of the worst messes of frenzied finance ever served up to the American public was disclosed today in the affairs of A. C. Frost's bankrupt Chicago & Milwaukee Electric Railway. In spite of the labored efforts of interested persons to conceal the facts, it became known that alarming conditions, warranting the most serious charges of financial jugglery, have been reported to the receivers of the concern.

The revelations substantiate nearly all of the accusations made against Frost when his troubles first became public last January. It is shown that the road is completely swamped by debt; that Frost padded the earnings to conceal a constant deficit and that nearly \$10,000,000 of the \$15,000,000 poured into the venture have been squandered or diverted.

Legerdemain With Funds.

The disclosed methods by which Frost shuffled the money of investors through the railroad company, the Republic Construction Company, which built the line, A. C. Frost & Co., bankers, and a myriad collateral ventures, amount to a financial legerdemain of the highest order. In these transactions Frost dealt principally with Frost, as he was the president of all the corporations involved.

The details of the remarkable situation were revealed in the official report of Arthur Young & Co., certified accountants, to the receivers appointed by Judge Peter S. Grosscup. This report was suppressed. The report made to the bondholders a few days ago for the purpose of paving the way to a reorganization of the road carefully avoided the sensational findings of the accounting firm. Young & Co. also were informed that they had

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