

CHAMBERLAIN'S BOSS' DICTATION

Openly Repudiates Connors' Declaration of Policy in Campaign.

GIVES ROOSEVELT SHOT

In Notification Speech Condemns President's Interference in Politics and Advocates Reform Without Noise or Panic.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 1.—In an address today at Poughkeepsie, the ancestral Chamber estate, 20 miles from here, the nomination of the Democratic party for Governor, Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, the present Lieutenant-Governor of the state, caused a decided stir among his hearers by prefacing his set speech with a statement that State Chairman W. J. Connors "betrayed a confidence" if he attempted in an interview given out yesterday to dictate what the policy of the Democratic party should be, and Mr. Chanler emphasized further along in his prepared speech that, "free from all hampering obligations of every kind, I shall know no master but the people's will and the people's interests."

Mr. Connors sat just behind Mr. Chanler during the speech.

The speech of notification was by Alton B. Parker, Democratic Presidential nominee in 1894. Mr. Chanler, in his speech of acceptance, said:

The people cannot rule in Nation or in state so long as the power and the patronage of the President are in the hands of a few individuals who are not elected by the people, and who are not responsible to the people, and who are not subject to the same laws as the people.

Reform Without Panics.

We have had too much excitement and hysteria. Let us right wrongs and reform abuses calmly and without unnecessary noise. It is not necessary to begin a reformation by creating a panic. A panic is a state of mind which is not based on facts and which leads to a state of mind which is not based on facts and which leads to a state of mind which is not based on facts.

Parker's Praise of Chanler.

Judge Parker, in his speech of notification, said in part: "You have been nominated because the Democrats of the state want and its people need the restoration of such policies as you represent. In your public life you have demonstrated the ability to resist wrong and to protect the public from extortion. This great service furnished a modern example of the old-fashioned virtues of a citizen and a man. Men who think have concluded that it promises much in a broader field."

WILL WIN, SAYS TAFT

(Continued From First Page.)

the candidate upon his arrival and departure came with a vim.

Nails Lie Without Flinching.

Throughout the day Mr. Taft confined his speeches to playing conditions under the last Democratic administration and contrasting them with Republican rule. As he has done during his two days in Nebraska, he did not fail to pay his respects to Mr. Bryan whenever he spoke. On several occasions he delivered his labor speech and declared to be the statement that he had ever declared that it was enough for any laboring man.

Omaha's reception of the candidate was in keeping with that accorded him at Lincoln last night. The Ak-Sar-Ben Carnival in progress here and the added illumination of the city lent a holiday appearance. No parade was arranged. The arrival of the candidate at 5:30 o'clock was signaled by the booming of whistles and firing of bombs.

A reception committee awaited the candidate at the Omaha station. He was taken for a short automobile ride. He returned to his car for dinner. The South Omaha meeting was reached by automobile and the return was made shortly after 9 o'clock to the Auditorium, where Senator Dolliver had been holding forth to an immense crowd for an hour. In his south Omaha speech, Mr. Taft, after reviewing the labor decisions he had rendered, defined this conclusion:

Defined Rights of Unions.

That is not all. I laid down the rule that labor not only had the right to unite, but that it could use its united strength as a lever; that working men had a right to appoint officers; that they had a right to raise funds with which to sustain strikes; that strikes could not be enjoined; that the employer who should direct them; that they should have the right to withdraw from their association with those with whom they had controversy; that they had the right to induce all their competitors, all their relations, to withdraw from such association; but that they did not have the right to induce the society of their employers or declare a secondary boycott against them.

Those decisions, I believe, have been the magna charta of trades unionism ever since the railway orders were that decision in case before Judge Adams against the Gould roads in which an injunction was issued prohibiting them to limit the election of their chiefs. They went into court and cited my case, and Judge Adams withdrew his injunction. The same thing happened down in Cincinnati under Judge Thompson in a similar case with respect to the Typographical Union.

First Anti-Trust Decision.

I have not decided all my cases in labor business. I have had also to run up against corporations. As one of the court I wrote the opinion in the first important anti-trust case that was decided and I laid down the principles upon which all the anti-trust provisions are now construed. I am not apologizing for anything I did, I am only telling you the truth when I say that the men to unite, to carry on their organizations to the perfection that they have reached, to make the trade agreements to settle them to the reasonable position that they occupy now in dealing with their employers, is largely due to the law which I laid down.

I am said to be the father of injunctions. I issued injunctions; there is not any doubt about that, and if I went on the bench and the occasion called for an injunction, I would issue it again, but I deny that I invented injunctions. Injunctions were issued long before I went on the bench and I only used a remedy that every man is entitled to when no other remedy is adequate.

Remove Abuse of Injunctions.

I agree that injunctions have been issued which have been much too broad and the reason why they have been too broad is because they have been issued without notice and the judge has not sufficiently considered it. Therefore I have been in favor of requiring that no injunction should issue without notice, but the Republican convention did not desire to go so far, but said, if you put into mandatory statute the best present statutes and so define the few cases where temporary injunctions may issue without notice and require that,

when a temporary injunction is issued without notice, it shall not have effect for more than 48 hours, so that a man may have a hearing within 48 hours, then that abuse of which they complain and of which they rightly complain, because injunctions have been issued temporarily without notice, and the time for hearing has been fixed three months hence, will be done away with. It is an outrage and ought not to be permitted, and are not defending it, but what I say is, there are judges and judges, and to what the responsibility for every abuse that has been committed and not to look to my own case and to know what my own case decided is not to give me a square deal.

The Taft speech at the Auditorium tonight was a repetition of what he has frequently said about the tariff, the trusts and the general records of the Republican and Democratic parties.

The entire Taft itinerary for the day included speeches at the following places: Crete, Wilber, Dewitt, Beatrice, Weymore, Pawnee, Falls City, Auburn, Table Rock, Nebraska City, Plattsmouth, South Omaha and Omaha. The Taft special left here shortly after 10 o'clock for Denver by way of Cheyenne, Wyo. Mr. Taft will reach Denver tomorrow night. Secretary of the Republican National Committee, who traveled with the candidate today, left tonight for Chicago.

NAILS DOLLAR-A-DAY LIAR

Taft Says Man Who Believes Story Is Fool.

TABLE ROCK, Neb., Oct. 1.—Judge William H. Taft used this strong language here in his labor speech today: "Now, some ordinary, cheap, common liar has devoted himself to the business of running around the country and saying that I am in favor of paying a laboring man a dollar a day, and that I have said that this is enough. I was at the head of the Panama Canal for four years, and we pay steam shovelmen down there \$20 a month. An I figure that out, that is a little more than a dollar a day. "Anybody that says I ever made that remark is a liar, and the man who believes him is a fool."

TAFT'S VOICE BAD AGAIN

Nothing Serious, Though—Leaves Omaha for West.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 1.—Judge Taft's special train left Omaha at 11:40 P. M., 25 minutes behind the scheduled time. His first speech tomorrow will be at North Platte. He is expected to arrive at the Omaha auditorium gave evidence that his voice was again bothering him, but the throat specialist accompanying him declared that there was nothing serious to apprehend.

FLEET REACHES MANILA

GIVEN ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME IN PHILIPPINES.

Vessels Swarming With Cheering Thousands Meet Warships on Entering Bay.

MANILA, Oct. 2.—With the brilliant tropical sunlight pouring down on their polished guns and gleaming paint and a swift land breeze whipping their many flags out straight from the masts and stirring the bunting that covered the launches and excursion steamers, that crowded with cheering thousands, escorted the big ships up the bay, the Admiral's fleet steamed slowly into Manila Bay this afternoon and sailing majestically across the battlefield where Dewey and his men fought the Spanish fleet 19 years ago, dropped anchor off the city.

The fleet cleared the south channel shortly after noon and steamed up the center of the bay with dozens of launches and steamers sailing proudly along beside the monsters of the Navy, sounding a discordant welcome with whistles, cheers and every other noise making device that could be contrived.

The ships presented a magnificent appearance as they moved slowly along and the sight of the long line of the wildest enthusiasm and admiration.

As the Connecticut led the line past Corregidor, the garrison there fired the Admiral's salute. The passage of the channel was made in single column but as soon as the last ship in the long line was safely through signals were hoisted and all along the shore line the crowd of thousands who were gathered to see the vessel had come to rest.

As the ships anchored, General Weston, Military Commander in this city, sent a message by wireless to convey the greetings of himself, his officers and the men of the army to Admiral Sperry and his men. Admiral Sperry replied thanking him for his kind welcome.

Governor-General Smith witnessed the arrival of the fleet from his launch, where he entertained a large party of officials who probably will pay an official visit to the Connecticut until tomorrow morning, when Manila's welcome to the sailors will be tendered in the form of a great water parade.

He sent the following message to Admiral Sperry: "We have looked forward for many months to the time when you would bid adieu to the officers and men of the big battleship fleet that the pleasure has been granted almost in the hour of its realization and it is a sad disappointment to us all that flying flags and the waves of clearest hands must signal the heavy welcome which our eyes and lips would gladly speak."

The actual handclasp and words of greeting must be deferred a little while, but when the time comes they will be some the less warm for a little waiting.

The outward manifestations of our welcome may be less magnificent than that of other lands, but in warmth and sincerity our welcome will yield to none.

THEFTS MAY REACH \$40,000

Pinkham's Shortage Now \$20,000. Has Disappeared With Woman.

TACOMA, Wash., Oct. 1.—(Special.)—That Frank D. Pinkham for eight years trusted cashier of the Tacoma Mill Company, is one of the cleverest defaulters the Coast has produced, is now the belief of his employers at the end of a week's examination of Pinkham's accounts.

From a shortage at first amounting to \$250, later found to be \$500, and now discovered to total \$20,000, there is a probability that when investigations are ended Pinkham will have the credit of stealing \$30,000 to \$40,000. The feature of his defaulting lies in the fact that the whole thing was apparently done in from 90 to 95 days.

President H. C. Chesborough and W. H. Hanson, vice-president and principal owner of the company, who have been called to Tacoma from San Francisco since Pinkham's alleged embezzlement came to light, spent much of today looking over the books.

Pinkham went from Tacoma to Bellingham and from there to Butte, Mont., accompanied by the "woman in the case." From Butte it is said Pinkham and the woman disappeared completely. Mr. Hanson states he is confident Pinkham has a large amount of money on his person and inclines to a belief that he is either in Honduras or on his way there.

Charles A. Howlands.

QUINCY, Mass., Oct. 1.—Charles A. Howlands, president of the Quincy Mutual Life Insurance Company, died at his home here today, aged 79 years.

GOULD CASE SPIGY

Millionaire's Wife Is Charged With Being Drunk.

WITNESSES ARE UNWILLING

Must Be Compelled by Court to Testify—Adjournment Taken Till October 13, After Heated Tilt Between Attorneys in Case.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—To permit counsel for Howard Gould an opportunity to submit affidavits of three disinterested persons who have seen Mrs. Gould intoxicated, a hearing on Mrs. Gould's application for alimony at the rate of \$120,000 a year was adjourned by Justice Gleicherich in the Supreme Court today.

The adjournment followed a spirited discussion between counsel, in the course of which Clarence J. Shearn, attorney for Mrs. Gould, declared the application for adjournment was merely jockeying for delay to save Mr. Gould a few paltry dollars and to attempt to get on the records wicked and scandalous statements against Mrs. Gould in an attempt further to blacken her character.

Adjournment Is Taken.

At the conclusion of the arguments, Justice Gleicherich, without comment, granted the application for adjournment to October 13, after he had learned that Mr. Gould had sent his wife a check for \$2000 as her monthly allowance yesterday.

Mrs. Gould's suit is for a separation, upon the ground of abandonment and cruelty. She has received an allowance of \$25,000 a year from her husband since they separated. During the course of his arguments for an adjournment, Delancey Nicoll said it was set forth in Mr. Gould's answer that he was justified in abandoning his wife because of her frequent intoxication, which made life with her intolerable. Mr. Nicoll said that once, while she was grossly intoxicated at a bridge party at the home of Mrs. George Kirkpatrick, in this city, Mrs. Gould attempted to assault several of the women present, and bit Mrs. Kirkpatrick's arm.

He said that on another occasion, when Mr. and Mrs. Gould were at a theater, Mrs. Gould wrongfully accused her husband of flirting with one of the actresses on the stage, and of having winked at the actress.

Charge of Drunkenness.

"We will prove" said Mr. Nicoll, "that not alone was Mr. Gould not intoxicated, as his wife asserts, not alone did he not wink at or attempt to flirt with an actress, but that Mrs. Gould was so drunk that she had to be led from the theater."

Mr. Shearn, replying, asserted that all these charges were false and were an outrage. He entered a vigorous protest against any adjournment.

"The request of Mr. Nicoll is merely jockeying for delay," said he, "and I insist that this matter should be disposed of now."

After Mr. Nicoll had told the court that three witnesses from whom he desired to procure depositions had refused to make affidavits and that it would be necessary for him to ask for a court order to compel them to submit to an examination, the adjournment was granted.

CONTRACT LET FOR DOCK

Big Wharf at St. John Will Cost City \$32,299.32.

At a meeting of the Council at St. John last night, the contract for the building of the new dock at that place was awarded to Joseph Paquet. The amount of the bid was \$32,299.32. Under this contract the work must be completed by March 1, 1909. The other bidders on the structure were Robert Wakefield, whose bid was \$34,024, and the Pacific Engineering Company's. The latter's bid amounted to \$42,373, or \$10,000 more than the successful competitor.

The dock is to be built at the foot of Philadelphia street, where the city has purchased 400 feet of water-front, 200 feet on each side of that street, which is 100 feet wide. The area also includes New York street, 60 feet wide, making the dock frontage 640 feet. The structure to be 100 feet wide. Of the total length of 640 feet, 440 feet will be inclosed, the remaining 100 feet being used for river steamers.

The new dock is to be built from the proceeds of the sale of \$60,000 worth of bonds voted last Spring. This amount will pay for both the site and the dock. The site cost the city \$23,500. It was purchased from M. L. Holbrook, who 30 days after the sale was offered a price \$10,000 in excess of that offered by the city for the property. Members of the City Council have conferred with Portland shippers and have contracts in sight that will practically pay at least the interest on the bonds as soon as the dock is completed.

Classy handbags at Byssell's.

LIFE'S ROAD

Smoothed by Change of Food.

Worry is a big load to carry and an unnecessary one. When accompanied by indigestion it certainly is cause for the blues.

But the whole trouble may be easily thrown off and life's road be made easy and comfortable by proper eating and the cultivation of good cheer. Hear what a Troy woman says:

"Two years ago I made the acquaintance of Grape-Nuts and have used the food once a day and sometimes twice, ever since."

At the time I began to use it life was a burden. I was for years afflicted with bilious sick headache, caused by indigestion, and nothing seemed to relieve me.

"The trouble became so severe I had to leave my work for days at a time. My nerves were in such a state I could not sleep and the doctor said I was on the verge of nervous prostration. I saw an adv. concerning Grape-Nuts and bought a package for trial."

"What Grape-Nuts has done for me is certainly marvelous. I can now sleep like a child, am entirely free from the old trouble and have not had a headache in over a year. I feel like a new person. I have recommended it to others. One man I knew ate nothing but Grape-Nuts, while working on the ice all Winter, and said he never felt better in his life."

"There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Well-Vile," in PKG.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.



WHERE ARE THEY GOING?

There's No Excuse for Any Man Going Without New Clothes—Good Tailor-Made Clothes, While This Sale Lasts

Friday and Saturday We Open Our Doors Upon Greatest Array of Clothing Values Ever Offered in Portland

Read What We Offer. Come to the Store and See the Goods Whether You Need a Suit or Not. If You Expect to Buy a New Suit During the Coming Winter, It Will Pay You Well to Select It Either Friday or Saturday. Have It Made to Your Measure When You Want It. Every Suit Will Be Built According to Columbia Standard Throughout. Not a Single Feature Will Be Neglected.

Regular \$25 to \$30 Values for

\$15 This sale includes a fine line of Suitings carried over from last season. Not a single pattern in the lot that can be duplicated at any other shop for less than \$25 to \$30. These suits will be hand-tailored throughout, made to your measure, and may be had on Friday and Saturday only at **\$15 and \$17.50.**

\$17.50

Regular \$35.00 Values, This Season's Goods

Special Shipment of All-Wool Patterns, Direct From the Best Mills in the Country, for

This is a line of Cheviots, Cashmeres and Worsteds bought from one of the best mills in the country at manufacturers' prices, which is 50 per cent below jobbers' price. Buying at this price enables us to save you one-third on the cost of the cloth in your suit. These are all new, stylish goods, direct from the factory, in full bolts.

\$20

Not a tailor in the City of Portland can duplicate these suits for \$35, with the high standard of workmanship that we put in every suit. These patterns are offered for Friday and Saturday at **\$20**, the biggest tailor-made suit value ever known. In this sale we include a fine showing of Serges, Thibets and black Worsteds.

Regular \$35 to \$40 Suits, Exceptional Line of Unfinished Worsteds, in Blacks and Blues

We offer for Friday and Saturday a choice of \$35 to \$40 Suits, of the highest grade of unfinished Worsteds, in blacks and blues, for **\$25**. These goods will stand comparison with any sold in Portland, and are offered at these special prices for two days only. Come in and see the goods and be convinced.

\$25

Grant Phegley Mgr. **Columbia** Woolen Mill Co. Seventh and Stark TAILORS

WHERE HAVE THEY BEEN?

