

ting and collecting roads for freight and must use on all Western freight the rates fixed by the trunk lines," he did not believe that his efforts would be influential. He was, however, in a favorable mood toward a conference. He suggested that W. C. Brown be secured to get the Eastern men together.

President Delano, of the Wabash, declares his bellef in the principle of conferring with the shippers upon increases or upon anything which interests both the carriers and the shippers. He believes that an amicable understanding can be reached in conference and will heartily co-operate.

Woman Eludes Sheriff.

BAY CITY, Mich., Aug. 4.-Miss Eliza-beth Barnett, recently acquitted of the murder of Oscar Peterson, a bachelor beth Barnett, recently acquifted of the murder of Oscar Peterson, a bachelor farmer, and re-arrested on a charge of forgery, escaped from Sheriff Hartley yes-terday to the brush-covered sand ridges on the shore of Saginaw Bay, ten miles northwest of here. She was hunted un-

Ex-Mayor of Bellingham Charges Criminal Libel. BELLINGHAM, Wash., Aug. 4.

(Special.)-A complaint charging criminal libel was sworn out today by Alfred L. Black, former Mayor of this city and a prominent attorney, against of the eighteenth century. The boy was raised on his father's farm, assisting in its cultivation and doing a man's work in the Summer and attending the district W. D. Dodd, editor of the Bellingham Herald, Black alleges defamation of character in an editorial published in the Herald. The particular words to which Black objects are "moral contortionist" and "repudiator." The editorial was aimed at Black as to Worcester Academy, and subsequently to Alleghany College, at Meadville, Pa., where he spent a year. After teaching school a year he attended Western Re-

a result of a political speech made by him in the interests of Henry McBride for Governor.

Bank Winds Up Voluntarily.

serve College at Hudson, O., and soon after began the study of law. In 1851 he was admitted to the bar and began his political career through appointment to the office of county clerk. His political leanings were toward the Whigs, who were a little later merged into the new Republican party. He was a delegate to the Republican state con-

school in the Winter. He showed an aplitude for study and an eagerness to learn and when 16 years of age was sent

YOUNG WOMEN'S SHOES-Sizes 24/2 to \$1.98 7, with low heels, on sale at, the pair...... WOMEN'S VACATION OXFORDS-White (Continued From First Page.) completed until tomorrow. 7 funeral will possibly be held Friday. The canvas; regular \$2.50 values, on sale at, pair. BOYS' SHOES, \$1.49 A PAIR AND UP. Senator Allison was born at Perry, O., Sizes to 131/2. Others on sale at, pair March 2, 1829. He was of Irish descent, his grandparents having emigrated from Ireland to Pennsylvania in the latter part

MEN'S SHOES AND OXFORDS, the pair \$3.69 Over 6000 pairs, all sizes and all styles; every stylish and wanted shoe included. Let the men learn the women's way of saving. Buy your shoes here and save money.



A great special on embroidery in blind or openwork patterns; widths 2 to 6 inches, edges and insertions, in cambric or lawn materials; regularly worth to 35c yard, 10c on special sale at, the yd.. WOMEN'S INITIAL HANDKER-CHIEFS, with plain hemstitched borders, broken lots; special 5c WOMEN'S UNLAUNDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, hemstitched border and embroidered corner; extra good quality linen; regular 20e value, on sale at 121/2c



\$1.49

\$2.50 Summer Parasols 85c

Extra special values on White Linen Parasols in plain or embroidered effects. Have smart wood handles, well made; just the thing to carry with your white Summer suit. Values to \$2.50; this morn- 85c ing from 8 to 12, choice.....



BANK CLERK IS SUICIDE

Shoots Himself in Basement of New York Institution.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4-Charles W. Westerfeld, aged 22, a clerk in the Produce Exchange Bank, at 10 Brondway, shot and but killed himself in the basement of that bank this afternoon. No reason is known for Westerfeld's self-destruction. An investigation of Westerfeld's accounts was unexpired term and to win at the begun at once.

> Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and

danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. Mother's Friend is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the



vention in 1856 and in that campaign sup-ported Fremont for President. The fol-lowing year he removed to lows, setting at Dubuque, where he rapidly became prominent in law and in politics. He was a delegate to the Chicago convention of 1800 and as one of the secretaries of that body assisted in counting the ballots that nominated Abraham Lincoln for the mesdency. President in 1880, offered Senator Alli- of tariff revision, reciprocity, railroad field.

dency. the breaking out of the Civil War Mr. Allison was appointed on the staff of the Governor of Iowa and rendered valuable assistance in organizing and piacing volunteers in the field. His ca-resr in Congress opened in 1862, when he regr in Congress opened in 1885, when he was elected to the House of Representa-tives. He was re-elected three times, serving in the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth and Foriy-fifth Congresses, from 1861 to 1871. He was a member of the ways and means committees most of this time and was one of the Congressmen chiefly relied upon by President Lincoln of during plane for relign momey to carry to devise plans for raising money to carry on the war. He was one of the most ar-dent reconstructionists after the close of the war and warmly advocated giving

In ballot to the colored man. In 1871 Mr. Allison refused re-elec-tion to Congress and became a candition to Congress and became a count date for United States Senator. After a long and spirited contest he defeated James Harlan for the office and took his seat in the Senate in March, 1873. His schooling in finance and political economy caused him to be chosen chairman of the committee on appro-nelations which position he held priations, which position he held throughout his career. He steered a middle course on the tariff, taking a position between that of the high pro-tectionists and the tariff reformers. He was responsible for pruning down some of the more extravagant sched-ules of the McKinley bill as it came from the lower House, and also advo-

to work to prevent such an alliance by coming to terms with the President. In course of the conferences Senator Fulton drew an amendment which he sub-mitted to Senator Allison, on which all the Republican leaders agreed, and which Allison agreed to father. Roosevelt's negotiations with the Democrats came suddenly to an end, whereat they were highly indignant. The Republicans pre-sented a united front in support of the rate bill, except Senator Foraker and a few other irreconcilables, and the bill became a law as a Republican measure, many Democrats supporting it because they dared not do otherwise. This was Senator Allison's last great service in

preserving the unity of his party. Senator Allison was known as the leader of the conservative faction in the James A. Garfield, when elected Republican party of Jowa, the points of difference with the progressives, led by Governor Cummins, being the questions

son the position of Secretary of the Treasury, but it was declined. Senator Allison was a leading candidate for passed a bill providing for a direct primary, with a popular vole in each party on candidates for United States Senator. When the first primary under this law the Presidency in 1888, and after the election of Benjamin Harrison again refused the same Cabinet portfolio that was tendered him by President Garwas held, last June, Senator Allison was the candidate of the conservatives and Cummins of the progressives for Senator. At the time of his death Senator Allison was chairman of the appropriations committee and a member of the finance committee. In recent years his most re-markable achievement in the Senate was Senator Allison won by a majority o over 12,000, after a bitter campaign. his death before election by the Legis-lature gives Cummins an opportunity to appoint a Senator friendly to himself for

brake and wheel-fastener. Regular prices \$2.75 to \$23.50.

next session of the Legislature.

use of Mother's Friend.

"It is worth its weight in gold," says many who

have used it. \$1.00 per bottle at containing valuable information of in-terest to all women, will be sent free.

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his reconciliation of the opposing Repub-lican factions on the rate bill advocated by President Roosevelt. President Roosevelt, being unable to force the Re-publican Senators to insert in the bill what he considered a reasonable court what he considered a reasonable court review provision, opened negotiations with the Democrats, with a view to se-curing the adoption of such an amend-ment by a combination of Democratic and progressive Republicfan votes. The Republican leaders immediately set to more to never tends an allunce by