

CANDIDATES FIGHT SHY OF PLEDGE 37

Would-Be Washington Legislators Inclined to Ignore Primary Law.

ALTERS SENATORIAL FIGHT

Unless Sentiment Changes, Majority of Next Legislature May Be Free to Choose in Naming Ankeny's Successor.

OLYMPIA, July 19.—(Special.)—Filings of declarations of candidacy for legislative positions on the Republican ticket, which began July 19, have thrown a new light upon the proposal of Congressman Wesley L. Jones, made in that latter part of June, that Senator Levi Ankeny and he sign a compact providing for the withdrawal of the loser of the preference vote in the primary election of the next legislative session to be held by the Legislature next January.

Candidates for legislative positions are not yet falling over themselves to subscribe to the Section 37 pledge, declaring their purpose to "always vote for the candidate for United States Senator who has received the highest number of votes" upon their party ticket.

Unless public sentiment becomes more demonstrative concerning this feature of the direct primary law, it is well within the range of possibilities that a majority of the members of the next Legislature will not be subscribers to the pledge.

Of the 107 members of the Legislature, but 36 are to be elected this year. In the Senate there are 21 hold-over Senators, three of whom are Democrats.

These hold-over Senators, not having been elected under the provisions of the primary law, are not pledged to vote for the party choice for United States Senator. A majority of the Legislature is 54.

Therefore, if the 23 Senatorial Senators and Representatives would make up a majority of unpledged members, or if the three Democratic hold-overs are eliminated from consideration, the election of 36 unpledged Republicans would make the election possible of a candidate for the United States Senate who failed to receive the popular vote.

Politicians Play Wise Game. While Congressman Jones' supporters are apparently anxious to rest his case with the voters, the more astute politicians who are guiding the destinies of the Ankeny fight have avoided, by advising him to refuse to enter into the compact, the possibility of eliminating both candidates from success in the election by the Legislature.

While in declining to enter into the compact, Senator Ankeny gave several reasons for not pledging himself to withdraw from the race in the event he fails to obtain the majority of the popular vote, it has become understood that there were weightier and thoroughly honorable motives back of his refusal that were not mentioned.

Such a compact might result in an illustration of the old adage of two quarreling over a bone until a third ran away with it. There is nothing in the law of this state that prevents a person whose name does not appear on the primary election ticket as a candidate for the United States Senate from becoming a candidate and submitting his chances to the Legislature.

The apathy of the candidates and voters concerning the Section 37 pledge now illustrates that the entering into of such a compact as that proposed by Jones would have been equivalent to the assumption by the Senatorial candidates themselves of the pledge which the law provides may be subscribed to by the candidates for the Legislature.

What Compact Would Do. With such a compact in force, the interest that now attaches to the choice of the Legislature subscribing to the pledge would not prevail and it would be regarded a certainty that a majority of the members of the Legislature would be elected without being bound to vote for either Jones or Ankeny.

In such an event a dark horse could enter the race with good chances of winning. If a man of prominence in the state, he would have not only his personal following, but very likely that of the one of the two candidates who was defeated in the popular choice contest.

Politicians claim that Senator Ankeny, in refusing to enter into the compact proposed by Mr. Jones, has only saved himself from the possibility of a defeat by a third person, but probably has done Mr. Jones a kindness.

Senator Ankeny's refusal to join to Congressman Jones, and in previous utterances, has very plainly declared himself to be in accord with the features of the primary law pertaining to the choice of United States Senators. It is not believed by the honest element of the Jones faction that Senator Ankeny will go before the Legislature seeking election if the voters of the state approve the primary law by electing a majority of pledged members of the Legislature and express a choice for Mr. Jones.

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PORTLAND RAILWAY, Light & Power Company

BULLETIN NO. 8 Motormen and Conductors

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The closest attention is paid to this branch of the business of the Transportation Department, because it is realized that it is necessary to have men who can be relied upon to meet any and all emergencies, as well as to go through the day's work with a pleasant and accommodating spirit. Rules have been adopted regarding the employment of men for these positions, which reduce to a minimum the chance for an incompetent person to secure a position on the cars.

EMPLOYING MOTORMEN AND CONDUCTORS. The course that applicants go through is very interesting, showing as it does the care taken to get good men. The Portland Railway, Light & Power Company employs over 500 carmen. Applications for positions as motormen and conductors are received at the offices of the Superintendent of Transportation, at First and Alder streets and East Water street and Hawthorne avenue. Applicants are received personally by the Superintendents, and applications are accepted from those giving suitable references. The applicant is then subjected to an examination by the company's physician as to his general physical condition, and particularly as to his eyesight. After the examination is concluded, the physician's certificate is returned to the Superintendent, and, if satisfactory, the applicant is eligible for employment. A complete record of the applicants is kept, and as far as they are needed they are placed under the instruction of competent men familiar with every detail of the duties which they will be required to perform.

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SURPRISE YOUR WIFE

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MOB THIRSTS FOR BLOOD

SEeks LIFE OF MAN WHO SLEW MEXICAN DEPUTY SHERIFF.

Flagstaff Bartender Kills Officer When Latter Attempts to Make His Arrest.

FLAGSTAFF, Ariz., July 19.—As the result of a sunlight at Williams yesterday, a Mexican deputy sheriff named E. Dominguez was killed and two Mexican bartenders wounded. James Duncan, a bartender at the Harvey House, is under arrest for murder. It is claimed Dominguez attempted to arrest Duncan in a saloon for a previous disturbance. Duncan claims he did not know of the attempted arrest, and started away when Dominguez commenced shooting. He returned the fire, killing Dominguez. Duncan's clothes were set on fire by the discharge of his revolver.

Mexicans talked of lynching Duncan, but he was brought to Flagstaff before the mob could be organized. The two injured will recover. Duncan is an ex-soldier, who recently returned from the Philippines, and has borne a good character. The brother of the dead man washed his hands in his brother's blood and vowed vengeance on Duncan.

Balloon Lands in Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 19.—The balloon Chicago landed at Bloomington, Minn., 8 miles south of here, at noon today. So far as known the Fomern has not yet landed. It was last seen near Northfield, Minn., this morning.

STOP SUNDAY BASEBALL

Salem Ministers Ask Indictment of Local Club Managers.

SALEM, Or., July 19.—(Special.)—The Salem team of the Tri-City League will be before the grand jury tomorrow at the instance of a committee of Salem ministers. The ministers believe that ball playing on Sunday is forbidden by law. They tried to get Sheriff Minto to take it upon himself to stop the game, but Minto refused, saying that the question should be taken before the courts. He volunteered to call all the witnesses the preachers wanted.

Last week the ministers were before the grand jury presenting this matter and tomorrow they will ask that the managers of the Salem league be indicted for playing the game to the injury of the Sabbath. Evidence of public sentiment in favor of stopping the games, though Salem is not a good town for Sunday sports in any kind.

THREE COTTAGES BURNED

Fire at South Bend Causes Loss of About \$3000.

SOUTH BEND, Wash., July 19.—(Special.)—Fire of peculiar origin destroyed three cottages on Nob Hill this afternoon, entailing a loss of nearly \$3000. Insurance companies are covering the losses. One of the dwellings were owned by John Porritt, whose loss is \$1400 with \$800 insurance. The other building belonged to Jiver Holmes, who loses his loss at \$1200 with \$900 insurance.

The fire started in one of the Porritt houses occupied by Jerome Simmons. No one was hurt at the time, and when the alarm was sounded the fire had gained such headway that it was beyond control.

The flames quickly spread to adjoining buildings and there was little time to save the furniture and household effects.

RESCUES MAN FROM RIVER

Captain Phillips, of Oregon City, Saves Life of Sam Faust.

OREGON CITY, Or., July 19.—(Special.)—Captain Merrill D. Phillips late of Company I, Second Oregon Volunteer Infantry, saved the life of a drowning man in Willamette River looks, across the river from Oregon City, Oregon. Mr. Phillips is foreman of the shipping department of the Willamette Pulp & Paper Company. About 10 o'clock this morning, while on duty, he observed a man in the company's steamer, N. R. Lang, in the locks, the ladder on which Sam Faust was standing suddenly gave way, falling into the water and carrying Faust with it.

Faust is unable to swim and was rapidly becoming exhausted in his efforts to keep afloat, when one of his helpers

CLEAR THE COMPLEXION OVERNIGHT

Pimples, Rash, Eruptions, Etc., Quickly Eradicated by New Skin Remedy.

Since its discovery one year ago, poslam, the new skin remedy, has, in an extraordinary accomplishment, exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the eminent specialist who gave it to the world. It has cured thousands of cases of acute and chronic eruptions and other disfigurements of years' standing. The terrible itching attending eczema is stopped with the first application, giving proof of its curative properties at the very outset.

In less serious skin affections, such as pimples, rash, herpes, blackheads, barber's itch, etc., results show after an overnight application, only a small quantity being required to effect a cure. A mousy or scabby complexion is noticeably improved by a single application. Those who use poslam for these minor skin troubles can now avail themselves of the special 50-cent package, recently added to meet such needs. Both the 50-cent package and the regular \$2 jar may now be obtained in Portland at the Skidmore Drug Co., and other lead drug stores.

Samples for experimental purposes may be had free of charge by writing direct to the Emergency Laboratories, 22 West Twenty-fifth Street, New York City.

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For conductors: first—the general rules of the company; and second—detailed information regarding the names of streets, locations of public buildings, railroad stations, steamboat wharves and other points upon which passengers may require information.

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