CUMMINS MEN IN FULL CONTROL

Iowa Republican Convention Indorses Governor in Platform.

RULE WITH GENTLE HAND

Great "Stand-Patters" With Kindness, Indorse Delegation in Congress and Pledge Allison Reelection—Hiss Dolliver Man.

WATERLOO, Ia., June 24.—While "Progressives" were in control of today's Republican State Convention, they did not bear down with any undue rigor on the "stand-patters." They adopted a state platform giving enthusiastic indorsement to Governor Cummins and the Progressive Legislation upon railroad and corporation questions but they also gave warm indorsement to the Iowa delegation in Congress and especially to Senator W. B. Allison and a pledge for his re-election by the next Legislature.

The "Progressives" secured control of the new state campaign committee, controlling it by a majority of one. Mr. Cummins was permanent chairman of the convention.

The convention nominated Judges Scott M. Ladd and Silas M. Weaver to succeed themselves on the supreme bench and also went through the formality of approving the nominations for state officers made in recent primaries.

Hisses for Chairman.

W. S. Hart, the temporary chairman, in his address took occasion to compliment Senator Dolliver for refusing the Vice-Presidential nomination at Chicago. No sooner were the words out of his mouth than a storm of hisses broke out and he was compelled to take his seat. When the tumult subsided he continued, saying in part:

I venture no uncertain statement when I say that throughout Iowa there is a satisfaction and rejoicing that from the first reading of the National platform to those who so desired it and the second, or the third at the utmost to those who wished it, otherwise it is clear that the maintenance of the protective idea is still the cornerstone of Republicanism; that from the platform of our party rings out the grand old battle cry of protection with all its old-fashioned simplicity, strength and significance; without one word of qualification to limit or mystify its meaning or one accent of apology for its utterance.

Only Necessary Protection.

By a Republican Congress the Dingley schedules will be scrutinized with the presumption arising from the years of the high tide of progress and prosperity in their favor, and upon every article where the full measure of necessary protection to insure to the American laborer the highest wages in the world, and to the American farmer the best market in the world does not require the present rate of duty, it will be lowered to that extent regardless of what protest may come from any special interest and in the spirit and with the same promptitude if it should appear that the present schedule does not in any single instance give to our citizens a distinct advantage over the citizens of other countries, the duty upon that article must be raised accordingly.

Iowa Idea Nation Wide.

The Iowa idea of protection is the Nation wide doctrine of the Republican party, that there must be all the protection required to give to her industry the exclusive American field as far as it can occupy the same, a clear profit after paying wages commensurate with the American idea of sufficient earnings to maintain a comfortable home owned by the wage-earner himself, with something laid by for the rainy day of sickness and misfortune and, when the duty goes beyond such limitations, and only then, it should be stricken off without question, as a burden for which there is no rightful beneficiary.

The convention adopted a resolution with respect to the death of Grover Cleveland.

ADOPT SWEEPING PLATFORM

Iowa Prohibitionists Declare in Favor of Hosts of Reforms.

DES MOINES, June 24.—With perfect unity and intense enthusiasm, one of the most sweeping platforms ever framed by an Iowa political party was adopted by the Prohibitionists in state convention here today. The platform demands immediate repeal of the Iowa mulct law; that the prohibitory amendment be resubmitted to the people at the earliest possible date; that women should have the right of suffrage; that all gambling on stock exchanges, boards of trade or elsewhere should be a felony.

It also urges that uniform marriage and divorce be adopted throughout the country and that polygamy be considered a crime.

HAS AFTERNOON OF FUN

Y. W. C. A. CONFERENCE CELEBRATES "ASSOCIATION DAY."

Parade of Many Features and "Stunts" by Various Delegations. Portland Scatters Roses.

SEASIDE, Or., June 24.—(Special.)—The whole conference gave itself up to the spirit of fun yesterday on "Association Day." Every year one afternoon is set aside for an exhibit of some kind from each city and student association represented. This means friendly rivalry between colleges and even between states, and tends to a wholesome emulation and increases college and association spirit, besides binding the whole gathering together in a united effort to have a jolly time. Whitman College had charge of affairs this year, marshaling the delegations into line with a huge megaphone. A long line of 200 girls and women wound over the flower dotted campus to the tent where the ceremonies were to take place. Each delegation was bright with its colors and pennants, here a group with daisy crowns, there one with fern flags, another gay with wild roses.

The leaders formed the audience and before them were carried out the "stunts" planned. One of the most unique was that of Washington. She represented the coming of the fleet. Seven vessels, made of sheets for the hulls, laths and brown paper, each with three ventilators and smokestacks complete, came sailing in after the procession with the associations of Eastern Washington representing the visitors—a mother and her children, a pair of bashful lovers.

Seattle had her "spirit" with her—a large woman draped in a sheet carried in on a truck from which she rose majestic and unabashed. Whitworth represented a camp and the arrival of the visitors. It was a clever take-off on the convention leaders and after each, especially hard hit they sang with abandon, "O, She's a Jolly Good Fellow." Puget Sound University had a "humaniphone" from which issued most spirited songs. Dallas College girls came singing as they pulled their college set amidst its hills, all laid out in a tiny cart.

Portland's delegation marched forward to a lively song composed by Miss Copeland. They had mysterious paper bags marked Seattle which they proceeded to blow up and burst; then raising the umbrellas they carried they showered the audience with Portland roses.

Oregon State University outlined the word Oregon with confetti, the girls garlanded with bright wreaths and singing their college song. The real work of the conference is not in any way interfered with by all this fun but Bible and Mission classes are carried on as usual.

One of the strongest city conferences yet held met yesterday with Miss Abby McIlroy presiding. She spoke of the work being done in stores, telephone offices, factories and mills—of the cooperation of employers, association workers and employes resulting in the establishment of clubs and classes of all kinds from Bible classes to sewing, cooking and other industrial classes in which the girls are taught to save their earnings and fit themselves to earn better wages.

She made a strong plea for the investigations of conditions among working girls and women, for a study of theaters, dance halls and other places of amusement and then for a strong combination with the churches to better these conditions and raise standards of living.

Miss Annie Reynolds spoke on the "Relationship to the National Board." This board with its 30 members has its headquarters in New York City. Miss Grace Dodge, who worked in "Working Girls" clubs, is the president. The National convention is to be held next April in St. Paul.

"There are nearly 116,000 students in our colleges and four student secretaries who belong to the National board," said Miss Margaret Matthews in her talk about student work, "who spend all their time in study, travel and definite works among students."

Miss Hays told of the 23,600,000 women in the United States over 16 years old, 5,000,000 of whom are at work. Among these have been established 167 city associations and 38 centers of industrial work. Every week the Y. W. C. A. reaches 15,000 factory girls. But in the anthracite region of Pennsylvania, in Chicago and in Minnesota there is a large region still untouched.

WILLING TO BACK ROAD

Grays Harbor Capitalists Have Faith in Electric Line.

ABERDEEN, Wash., June 24.—(Special.)—Some of the leading financiers of Grays Harbor and particularly Aberdeen are interested in promoting a suburban electric line from Olympia to this place. An important meeting was held last night nad preliminary action taken. There is promise of ample aid in getting the road established and it is understood that a million and a half of money is available to bond the road if sufficient other capital is forthcoming. A committee, it is understood, was appointed to take up the matter with men in Aberdeen and Hoquiam.

The proposition is to make a connecting link between the Grays Harbor country and Tacoma though the line from Tacoma to Olympia has already been provided for. The enterprise would give a local service to Montesano, Elma, Oakville, Satsop and other towns between here and the Sound. It is understood the line will be independent of the Grays Harbor Power Company though the system here may be a part of a through route to Hoquiam and Moclips from Tacoma.

RIVALRY FOR COMMANDER

G. A. R. Encampment at Newport Begins Business Session.

NEWPORT, Or., June 24.—(Special.)—The annual encampment of the G. A. R., 500 strong, commenced its business meeting this morning. The Relief Corps and Ladies of the G. A. R. are also in session. The town is full of hale and hearty old gentlemen, many of whom bear scars of battles in which they took active part. This is the first time Newport has had a G. A. R. encampment accompanied by a fife and drum corps. The principal excitement is the election of commander, for which there are several candidates. Much good-natured rivalry is exhibited. Every one is enjoying himself to the fullest extent. The weather could not be better for such an occasion. At the meeting this morning there were only two veterans who were under the age of 60 years and many were over 80. At the opera-house last evening a reception was tendered Department Commander Blythe and President Cora M. Davis and their official staff. The opera-house was crowded to the utmost capacity. Refreshments were served during the evening.

DALLAS TO HAVE MILITIA

Company of National Guardsmen to Muster In Tonight.

DALLAS, Or., June 24.—First Lieutenant W. R. Holman, Third Infantry, has been in Dallas since Monday afternoon enlisting men for the organization of a company of National guardsmen in this city.

The required number of men was secured last night and Adjutant-General W. E. Finger will arrive in Dallas Thursday night and formally muster in the company which will be officially designated as Company H.

The young men have rented the Woodmen's Hall, one of the largest assembly halls in the city, for an armory, and will begin drilling at once in preparation for the work in the Summer encampment at American lake.

NEW RESPITE FOR HEMBREE

Sentence Postponed, Pending Arguments for New Trial.

DALLAS, Or., June 24.—The sentence of A. J. Hembree, recently found guilty of the murder of his wife at Sand Lake, Tillamook County, has again been postponed.

Hembree's attorneys today filed petitions to set aside the jury's verdict and call for a new trial. With the consent of Prosecuting Attorney J. H. McNary, Judge Burnett adjourned the court until July 9 at 10 o'clock A. M., when argument on the motion of the defense will be finished.

RUEF CALS HENEY LIAR

(Continued From First Page.)

it would live long in the esteem of the people.

Decision Stinks, Says Heney.

Heney replied that it was a decision that will stink to Heaven while all in court live and long after they are dead. He added that he had no fears of the decisions of the Supreme Court.

When adjournment was taken Heney said he would not appear at night as he did not want to take chances of visiting the vicinity of the courtroom after dark. In daylight he would appear with his back to the wall, he said meaningly.

Spring styles Hanan shoes at Rosenthal's

Spectacles $1.00, at Metzger's

TERROR REIGNS IN PERSIAN CAPITAL

Homes of Popular Leaders Are Sacked by Cossacks and Hungry Mob.

RIOTERS FIGHT FOR LOOT

Bombardment Is Renewed and Soldiers Openly Carry Off Plunder. Fear for Safety of Europeans. Refugees Flee to Legations.

SCENE OF STRUGGLE IN PERSIA

Teheran, the scene of the struggle between the Shah and his Parliament, is in Northern Persia, 70 miles south of the Caspian Sea, on a plateau nearly 4000 feet above sea level. It is near the foot of one of the highest peaks of the Elburz Mountains. Irrigation has converted the surrounding plain into a garden. The city is surrounded by a wall and moat.

Teheran is in a state of transition from a medieval, Oriental town to a modern Western town. Mud dwellings of the poor and larger houses of the rich front on narrow, unpaved streets, which run side by side with modern gas-lighted boulevards traversed by street railways. The better houses are richly furnished and have courts, in which are gardens and fountains. The royal palace has beautiful gardens, marble throne, museum of priceless gems. It has a number of modern institutions, including the King's College, with many European professors. The population is about 250,000.

BERLIN, June 24.—The Lokal Anzeiger's special from Teheran dated yesterday midnight says:

The bombardment here today lasted for an hour and a half. As was the case yesterday bombs were thrown and the Cossack artillery brought up two guns and fired upon the buildings at close range. The house of Zahred Dowle is in ruins, the interior being entirely demolished. The looters entered the house after the bombardment and smashed everything they could lay their hands on. Hundreds of windows in the European quarter were splintered owing to the concussion resulting from the firing.

The Persian soldiers were participants in the plundering and the storming of houses, the object of which in many cases was simply to give an excuse for looting. The soldiers were permitted to load their booty on the gun carriages and thus transport it to their camp. Everywhere throughout the city today mobs were fighting over the plunder and the Cossacks had the hardest task to drive them out of the streets.

Eventually the Cossacks succeeded in this and toward evening, when quiet had been partially restored, the Shah ordered the bazaars to reopen, otherwise they would be bombarded.

The heat here is terrific and the air pestilential, many dead horses are still lying in front of the Parliament building, and probably the corpses of men under the ruins. The diplomatic corps has announced that state of siege has been proclaimed.

The situation is serious, for, although the people hitherto have respected Europeans, it is feared that lives of foreigners will not be safe for long. Doubtless further bombardment will occur soon. Many refugees have fled to the British legation, and the Shah, it is stated, is ignorant that the right of asylum has been accorded them there. The Cossack cavalry guard the entrances to this legation.

FIGHTING BEGUN BY BOMB

Cossacks Then Bombarded Parliament and Charged.

PERSIA, June 24.—Special dispatches received here from Teheran say that the fighting began about 8 A. M. yesterday and was provoked by a bomb thrown from the roof of one of the buildings among the Cossacks. The fighting continued until late in the afternoon, many being killed on both sides. The Shah sent the Cossacks and artillery to surround the Parliament building as a result of the Parliament's ultimatum refusing to hand over certain persons, whose arrest the Shah had ordered. An officer and 50 soldiers requested the Assembly to surrender five men who had been leaders in the agitation against the Shah. This being refused, the officer left the men to guard the doors while he proceeded to military headquarters for further instructions.

An hour or so later and before the troops had taken any action, a bomb was thrown from a roof among the Cossacks. It killed two horses and did other damage and created a panic owing to the absence of the officer. The latter hurried back and was fired at. The Cossacks returned the fire and there was a lively exchange, which continued for three hours.

Later artillery was sent into action and shelled the Assembly building for several hours. When all was over it was found that casualties on both sides were very heavy. Apparently blank shells were used at the beginning, as the damage to the buildings was very slight for a considerable time. A man who fought on the roof of the building says he and several others fired steadily into the troops until the ammunition was exhausted and the rifles were too hot to hold.

Eventually a shot crashed through the Parliament building and the Cossacks charged, the occupants of the building fleeing. The soldiers had no sooner entered the place than they began to loot it, next turning their attention to the neighboring shops.

Hundreds of people, who a few days ago assembled before the Parliament building and demonstrated against the Shah, now proceeded to the work of demolishing the building, with cries of "Long live the Shah," "We don't want a constitution."

CONSULS HOLDING INQUIRY

Confirm Reports of Kurdish Outrage With Turkish Connivance.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 24.—The Novoe Vremya today publishes a dispatch from its correspondent at Urumiah, sent from that city by courier to the frontier post of Julfa. The correspondent says the missionaries and the British and Russian consuls at Urumiah are interesting themselves actively in the fate of the Christian villagers residing in the surrounding country, who have been subjected to rapine and pillage by the Kurds. They have held a conference in which representatives of the Kurds took part, but nothing definite was decided upon.

In order to establish the facts definitely the two consuls, escorted by the Turkish commissioner, Takir Pasha, visited the pillaged villages and confirmed the reports that there have been several cases of killing; that many women have been maltreated; that a large number of churches have been desecrated and that property has been destroyed wholesale.

Urumiah is crowded with refugees and supplies are running low. The Kurds are a mile from the city. Epidemic and famine are feared.

Russia has directed her consul at Urumiah to act in concert with the consul of Great Britain and mediate with the Persian authorities to put an end to the Kurdish outrages around that city. The Kurds are believed to be acting more or less with the countenance of the Turkish troops.

The attention of the Porte has been drawn also to the fact that Turkish regular troops have advanced far beyond the limits of the region in dispute. The Porte either pleads ignorance or an unintentional transgression of the boundary.

CIVIL WAR IS PREDICTED

Russian Paper Expects Shah's Defeat by Rebels From North.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 24.—The foreign office this morning received dispatches sent from Teheran at nightfall yesterday, stating that the fighting around the National Assembly building had ceased and that the town was quiet.

The Liberal press of St. Petersburg, which throughout the Persian troubles has sympathized with the Persian Parliament, regards the attack upon the Cossacks as the initiation of a pure coup d' etat and it is convinced that it will be followed by the dissolution of the National Assembly and by the revocation of the constitution.

The Slovo declares that a civil war accompanied by all its horrors has begun in Persia. The Shah, the paper says, has been successful, but the final outcome is doubtful, as the Shah's handful of troops may be defeated when the armed forces of the revolutionists arrive from the North.

The Slovo sees no reason for international intervention in Persia as long as the lives of foreigners are safe, and it warns the government of the danger of any dealings whatever with the reactionary circles in Teheran which would greatly alienate the sympathy of the masses of the people and destroy Russian prestige in Persia.

The Bourse Gazette says the firing in Teheran was the beginning of the end and the Shah has definitely cast his lot with the reactionaries. The sword must now decide whether the idea of popular representation is firmly rooted in Persia or not.

SLAUGHTER STILL CONTINUES

Corpses of Men and Horses Fill Teheran Streets.

BERLIN, June 24.—The Tageblatt publishes a dispatch from Teheran saying that the firing of small arms and artillery was still going on today.

The buildings of parliament were quite demolished by the bombardment of yesterday. Corpses of men and bodies of horses cover the main square of Teheran. It is impossible to give the exact number of casualties, but the Cossacks alone lost 70 men killed. The palace of Prince Seili-Es-Sultan, an uncle of the Shah, and the buildings adjacent to it, have been pillaged by the soldiery. According to news from the provinces, Seili-Es-Sultan, who is friendly to Great Britain, has taken up the leadership of the movement in the south.

The night passed quietly, but the outbreak of firing this morning leads to the belief that there may be further collisions. The government has declared a state of siege. The bazaars throughout the country have been closed.

STATE OF SIEGE IN TEHERAN

Troops to Prevent Further Attacks by Political Clubs.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—It was learned at the Persian legation here that the city of Teheran has been placed in a state of siege by royal edict. Owing to existing conditions, the Persian Minister said, the government has detailed troops to safeguard the inhabitants against further attacks by the political clubs gathered at the mosque of Zeephealar and the Andjouman Azerbaibjian, revolutionary organ.

The state troops have been attacked with rifles and bombs by the revolutionists, said General Morteza Khan, the Persian Minister, tonight, and several persons have been killed and wounded, and in order to stop these troubles and the effusion of blood, the city of Teheran, by royal order, has been declared in a state of siege.

The Minister desired to correct the statement that 30,000 had been killed in political riots in Persia during the past few years, saying the number would not exceed 3000.

HEAVY FIRING IS RESUMED

Troops Loot Rebel Leaders' Houses, Aided by Mob.

BERLIN, June 24.—A special dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger, dated Teheran, says:

"Heavy rifle firing re-commenced at 3 o'clock in the afternoon after a quiet night and morning, but there was very little opposition on the part of the people to the troops.

"The house of Zehor-ed-Dowle, the present Governor of Recht, was looted. His son was arrested yesterday and taken before the Shah. Many other houses were plundered by the citizens, who joined the troops in this work, including one in the European quarter.

"The Cossack Brigade, according to eyewitnesses, even went so far in the fighting as to fire upon the wounded."

SHOOTING AND LOOTING CITY

Cossacks and Mob Start Reign of Terror in City.

LONDON, June 24.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Teheran, telegraphing Wednesday evening says:

The bazaars were re-opened today and for a time everything was quiet. During the course of the afternoon, however, the Cossacks began bombarding some of the grandees' residences, in which it was supposed opposition leaders had taken refuge. As usual, looting followed the bombardment, the populace helping the troops to ransack the houses.

A reign of terror prevails here and it is not known how far the Shah is prepared to go in the way of violence. He is now taking steps to prevent an increase of the occasional terroristic attacks on the Cossack patrols.

Hold Englishman for Ransom.

TANGIER, June 24.—An Englishman named Clark Kennedy has been captured and imprisoned by the House tribes near Tetuan, 38 miles southeast of this city. The tribe demands a ransom for his release.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve Wins.

Tom Moore, of Rural Route 1, Cochran, Ga., writes: "I had a bad sore come on the instep of my foot and could find nothing that would heal it until I applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Less than half of a 25 cent box won the day for me by effecting a perfect cure." Sold under guarantee at Woodard, Clarke & Co.'s drug store.

W. B. and NEMO CORSETS fitted by the ONLY EXPERT CORSETIER in PORTLAND

The Pioneer Store of the West—Established Fifty-Eight Years

Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

High-Class Imported and Domestic

Fancy Lingerie Waists

$6.95

Tomorrow we offer our entire stock of Imported and Domestic Novelty Lingerie Waists including the celebrated "Castleton" brand—made of finest lingerie materials in hand embroidered and lace effects. Every waist new this season. Selling regularly from $12.50 up to $25.00. Friday Bargain Day, while they last **$6.95**

See Big Corner Window Display Today

TODAY

Great Silk and Kid Glove Sale

All items reduced as advertised. Lowest Prices in Portland.

TODAY

White Goods Red. All Depts.

Only a few more days of this Great June Sale. ALL UNDERMUSLINS reduced to lowest prices seen in Portland in years.

SNEAK THIEVES IN JAIL

TWO MEN ARRESTED FOR DAYLIGHT ROBBERIES.

Charles Williams and E. D. Snyder Captured Through Prompt Action by Clerk of Pawnshop.

Owing to the cleverness and prompt action of Abe Semler, a clerk for Ben S. Backman, proprietor of the Old Pioneer Loan Office, at 13 North Third street, the police last night arrested two men, Charles Williams and E. D. Snyder, alias Ferguson, who are charged with having committed a large number of robberies from apartment-houses and rooms throughout the city during the past few days. According to the police, Snyder confessed the crimes and Williams made admissions that leave no doubt as to his guilt. Both men are strangers in the city and say that they came from Canada. This is believed to be merely a ruse to throw the police off the scent of their previous records. They are thought to be experienced professional sneak-thieves.

In the room of the men at the Palmer, corner of Park and Alder streets, many articles were found by the police, which it is thought investigation will show were the proceeds of the robberies of the past few days. Snyder was arrested first and told the police enough to enable them to catch his partner.

The capture of the men was easy. Two days ago, when the robberies were reported to the police, the description of the goods stolen was furnished Detectives Smith and Kay, who are known as the "pawnshop" men. These officers immediately notified all the pawnshops in the city to watch out for the loot. Williams and Snyder tried to dispose of some of the stolen jewelry at Backman's pawnshop yesterday and were waited on by his clerk, Semler. Semler remembered the description given him by Detectives Smith and Kay and refused to make an offer on the goods. He immediately notified the police station. Two detectives were assigned to the case and looked all day for the two men, but failed to find them.

Last night Semler was passing the Palmer lodging-house and saw one of the men on the steps. He ran all the way to the police station and, out of breath, told the captain in charge that he could point out one of the thieves if an officer would accompany him. Two police officers went with Semler and Snyder was found waiting for his partner, Williams' arrest followed a short time afterwards.

When searched Snyder was found to have a stolen watch in his possession. After this discovery he broke down and told what he and Williams had done.

Several criminals have been apprehended lately through information furnished by pawnbrokers. In this case the culprits almost escaped the police entirely. A tip was given the detective force on these two men on Monday by S. Stein, proprietor of the Union Loan Company, 47 North Third street, with whom they had tried to pawn a diamond pin, which they had stolen that afternoon, but it remained for Semler to point the thief out to the police before any effective effort was made to arrest the criminals.

MAY LOSE FREE SERVICE

Government Wants Good Roads for Rural Carriers.

OREGON CITY, Or., June 24.—(Special.)—Not only Clackamas County but other portions of the country as well may lose a part of its rural free delivery sytsem this Winter unless the roads are placed in good condition for travel during the rainy weather. The Postoffice Department is conducting a campaign for good roads, and several months ago obtained from Postmaster Randall a statement of the condition of the roads in Clackamas County, showing just what portions are in first-class shape, covered with plank or crushed rock, and also the parts that are in need of repair. Upon receipt of this report, the department sent circular letters to the Road Supervisors calling their attention to the fact that portions of the roads should be placed in order before Winter, and intimating that in case of neglect the rural service might be discontinued in certain districts where the roads are not up to the standard.

USES BIG SAW AS WEAPON

Laborer Attacked and Badly Cut by Fellow-Lodger.

H. Johnson, a working man, residing at the River Hotel, East Oak and East Water streets, was assaulted and badly cut on the head last night by Frank Gannon, another laborer, residing at the same place, who used as a weapon a long crosscut saw. Johnson was arested for being drunk and was locked up in the City Jail, while Gannon, who had assaulted him, was allowed to escape by the police.

The assault occurred because Johnson carried in an armful of wood for a woman at the River Hotel, with whom Gannon was friendly. Johnson was taken to a nearby drugstore, where his wounds were dressed, and was then locked up in jail. Gannon was allowed to go to his room. He locked the door and later, after citizens had complained to the police that the man should be arrested, escaped by jumping from his window, on the second floor, when an officer came to arrest him.

GETS DOLLAR FOR SLANDER

Sues for $25,000 for Being Called Murderer.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., June 24.—(Special.)—The jury which tried the slander suit of James Henderson against J. B. George, arising from the disappearance of H. E. Nicolia, of Sunnyside, last Summer, returned a verdict this afternoon for the plaintiff, assessing damages of $1. A new trial will be sought on the ground of misconduct of the jury in failing properly to assess damages. The jury found that George had orally published statements that Nicolia had been murdered and that Henderson was the murderer. Nicolia returned to Sunnyside two months after his disappearance, alleging that he had wandered away while his mind was a blank. The plaintiff asked $25,000 damages.

HOTEL LENOX.

Special monthly rates to permanent guests, families or single persons. Excellent cafe. Perfect service. Opposite Plaza blocks. Third and Main streets.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional disease originating in impure blood and requiring constitutional treatment acting through and purifying the blood for its radical and permanent cure. The greatest consitutional remedy is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

In usual liquid form or in chocolated tablets known as **Sarsatabs.** 100 doses $1.

Nasal and other local forms of catarrh are relieved by Catarrlets, which allay inflammation and deodorize discharge. 50c.

The light of day has not been shed on the original draft of the Declaration of Independence in five years, and there is no likelihood of its being placed on view until 1928.

—what 25% means

There isn't a tailor in Portland that is less able to give 25 per cent off his regular prices than the Columbia Shop. It means a loss to us. That's a fact. But, we told you why we did it; we have to move the goods and we must keep the boys busy. That's what 25 per cent means to us. It also means that you can get a $25 Suit for $18.75, a $30 Suit for $22.50 and a $35 Suit for $26.25. If you can see any advantage in getting tailor-made clothes for less than ready-made, better call and see what we have to offer for these prices.

Columbia Woolen Mill Co. TAILORS

GRANT PHEGLEY, Mgr.

Seventh and Stark Sts.