DEMOCRATS NOW HAVE HIGH HOPES

Success of Chamberlain Sets Faithful Dreaming of Federal Pie.

NOW SAY BRYAN WILL WIN

Link Name of "Our George" With That of "Peerless Leader"—How the Plums May Be Doled Out. Have Great Expectations.

EXPECTATIONS OF DEMOCRATS GROWING OUT OF LAST MONDAY'S ELECTION.

Chamberlain for United States Senator.
W. N. Gatens for his private secretary.
Bryan for President.
Tom Word for United States Marshal.
George H. Thomas for Collector of Internal Revenue.
Alex Sweek for Postmaster or Collector of Customs of Portland.
Harry Lane or John M. Gearin for Governor.
R. W. Montague for Mayor of Portland.
Bert E. Haney for Police Judge of Portland.
J. N. Teal for Interstate Commerce Commissioner.
Perhaps even Chamberlain for Vice-President.
In that event John M. Gearin for United States Senator or some other Democrat, should Gearin be Governor.

Joy reigns in the hearts of Democrats over the possibility of joint victory for Bryan and Chamberlain, and the ensuing rewards for Democratic faithfuls who have not had a taste of Federal pie since the days of President Cleveland, 12 years and more ago.

So happy are the patriots that they are already talking about filling the offices of Republicans like C. J. Reed, United States Marshal; Colonel D. M. Dunne, Collector of Internal Revenue; John Minto, Postmaster of Portland; P. S. Malcolm, Collector of Customs in Portland, and other jobs. And in order to keep the patronage of Oregon's Governor, they are looking again toward Harry Lane to learn whether he has been damaged by recent encounters.

The full measure of Democratic joy is not revealed, however, lest it drive Republican Statement One members of Chamberlain will mean Democratic patronage for Oregon, it is not considthe Legislature into refusing to elect Chamberlain. For although election of Federal patronage for Oregon, it is not considered good politics at this time to bring up the subject. That will be partisan politics.

Chamberlain's election, coupled with that of Bryan or any other Democrat for President, would bring far more fruits than only Chamberlain in the Senate. Democrats count Bryan's election over Taft a likely outcome. In fact, the prospect for a Democratic President they think better than for a long time. It is natural, therefore, for Democrats to look ahead to the time when Federal offices in Oregon again will be possessed by Democrats, and to prepare for that happy day. So the faithful are getting themselves ready and sidling up to Chamberlain.

Some there are who aver that Tom Word's campaign for Sheriff of Multnomah County was fought for the long-range purpose of putting Word first in line for United States Marshal, by keeping him in the public eye and showing him the leading eligible of the Democratic party for that office. Other Democrats worthy of recognition are Alex Sweek, chairman of the State Central Committee, and George H. Thomas, chairman of the Multnomah cenfral committee, who have never yet been rewarded for their arduous service in the party's interest. Alex Sweek would be entitled to a high-grade position like that of Postmaster of Portland or Collector of Customs. Next in order of rank comes Mr. Thomas, and for him the office of Revenue Collector would be appropriate.

The Democrats are in high fettle, and no mistake. And why not? Has not Chamberlain a good chance to be United States Senator and Bryan to be President?

DOES WELL BY UNIVERSITY

Eugene Rolls Up Majority of 1780 for Appropriation.

EUGENE, Or., June 4.—(Special.)—The official count for Lane County will not begin before tomorrow, as Middle Fork precinct has not come in. There is no close contest on any candidates, however, and while the count of four precincts, aggregating 50 votes, has not been reported, the complete returns will not be of much interest. The reports sent in by telephone and mail are not carefully compiled, but Cake's majority in this county, over Chamberlain, will be between 650 and 700. All state and district Republicans lead by overwhelming majorities. All Republican candidates for county offices, with the exception of Sheriff, will be elected by large majorities. Harry Bowen, Democrat, is elected Sheriff by 921 votes. The vote on Legislative candidates is L. E. Bean 3333, W. W. Calkins 3064, Allen Eaton 3785, Edmundson (Democrat) 2273. The three first, all Republicans, will represent Lane in the Legislature.

The majority for the University appropriation bill has grown to 1780, and may reach 1800. The county will go dry by about 650 votes. In Eugene, which went wet two years ago, the dry majority will be 70. In Springfield, which also went wet two years ago, the drys will carry by 55 votes.

The vote on the initiative and referendum measures will not be known in detail until the final count, there being not enough interest in these measures to get reports on them. The measures were, however, quite generally voted on throughout the county. The county high school measure carried by a majority of three or four to one.

TWO FOR AND TWO AGAINST

Even Break on Statement in Douglas County.

ROSEBURG, Or., June 3.—(Special.)—To cast his vote for Chamberlain for United States Senator is the unalterable purpose of Senator Albert Abraham, of this city. Abraham, who is a Republican and supported Statement No. 1, in an interview today declared that under no circumstances would he vote for any other than Chamberlain, unless Chamberlain should voluntarily withdraw his name. While Abraham has no pet measures of any kind, he is particularly partial to the enactment of railroad legislation in support of the National legislation on that subject. He will undoubtedly also be a firm friend of the Normal Schools.

George Jones, Representative, will follow in Abraham's footsteps as far as voting for Chamberlain is concerned. This makes an even division in Douglas County, as Joint Representative Buchanan and Representative Applegate, both Republican, are unpledged.

Benton's Vote on Amendments.

CORVALLIS, Or., June 4.—(Special.)—The vote on the amendments in Benton County is as follows:

Increasing compensation of members of the Legislature, yes 286, no 1475. Locating state institutions elsewhere than at capital, yes 684, no 951. Increasing number of Supreme Court Judges, yes 349, no 1083. Changing time of holding elections, yes 1199, no 312. Custody of prisoners, yes 1171, no 576. Free passes, yes 448, no 1264. Armories, yes 487, no 1133. University appropriation, yes 543, no 1060. Suffrage, yes 713, no 1171. Astoria fish bill, yes 916, no 775. Reddy bill, yes 603, no 1176. Single tax, yes 336, no 1516. Recall, yes 873, no 846. Mandatory Statement No. 1, yes 1335, no 567. Proportional representation, yes 770, no 904. Huntley bill, yes 978, no 717. Dalles fishing bill, yes 1030, no 630. Grand jury, yes 851, no 716. Hood River County, yes 788, no 641.

Clackamas Official Returns.

OREGON CITY, Or., June 4.—(Special.)—The official count of Clackamas County was partially completed tonight and Chamberlain is given a majority of 534 over Cake, although the figures have not yet been compared. Cake received 2132 and Chamberlain 2666. Hawley has 3163 and Whitney 1339, a majority of 834 for the present Congressman. This represents the straight Republican and Democratic vote. Bean obtained 4033, and Bailey 3127 to 1458 for Emery. The county has gone wet by 159. There were 5249 votes cast, the largest every polled in Clackamas County. The official count will be completed tomorrow afternoon.

UNIVERSITY BILL IS SAFE

BIG LEAD IN MULTNOMAH SAVES MEASURE.

Vote in Outside Counties Heavily Against Single Tax, Which Is Defeated by 25,000.

It is difficult to obtain authentic returns from the various counties of the state on the several initiative and referendum constitutional amendments voted on at the election June 1. Some of the counties make no returns whatever on the amendments and it will be impossible to learn anything about them until the official returns are canvassed. From the returns at hand, however, although yet quite incomplete, it is possible to state with reasonable accuracy the results. The pluralities for and against the various measures are estimated by The Oregonian as follows:

	For.	Against.
Pay of Legislators	.....	50,000
Location of State institutions	14,000	16,000
Increasing number of judges	55,000	.....
Time of election	40,000	.....
Custody of Prisoners	.....	30,000
Compulsory passes	.....	10,000
Armory bill	.....	.....
University Appropriation	5,200	.....
Woman suffrage	.....	25,000
First fish bill	7,500	.....
Reddy bill	.....	10,000
Single tax	.....	25,000
Recall	25,000	.....
People's choice	45,000	.....
Proportional representation	18,000	.....
Corrupt practices	25,000	.....
Second fish bill	15,000	.....
Indictment by jury	26,000	.....
Hood River County	30,000	.....
Port of Portland	16,000	.....

The University appropriation returns are in from nearly all the counties. The state at large has voted against the amendment by a plurality of 1200 and Multnomah has declared for it by 6430, leaving a comfortable margin of 5200 in behalf of the University and saving the day for that institution. There is an adverse vote of nearly three to one against increasing the pay of Legislators and there is also a decided majority against increasing the number of judges of the Supreme Court and otherwise enlarging the powers of the court.

Sheriff Stevens has won his fight in the referendum on the bill placing the custody of prisoners in his hands by about two to one, while compulsory passes goes down in disaster with nearly the same proportional vote.

The armory bill did well in Multnomah County, but in the state at large the opinion of the voters is largely against it.

Woman suffrage has lost by at least 25,000, the largest vote ever cast against this proposition in the four times it has been submitted to the people of Oregon.

The Reddy or open-town bill, which had the enthusiastic support of saloons and allied interests, had a large vote in Multnomah and several other counties, but in the dry counties it was not so popular and has undoubtedly lost by a considerable margin.

Single tax carried a large vote in Multnomah, but in the country districts it suffered severely and is overwhelmingly beaten.

The recall, mandatory election of Senators, proportional representation and corrupt practices all carried by a large vote. So has the measure requiring that indictments against offenders shall be by grand jury only.

Both fish bills have undoubtedly passed if expectations based on present returns are carried out, but the lower river bill has the larger majority and will prevail over the upper river bill in all sections where their provisions conflict.

VESUVIUS ERUPTS TONIGHT

And Pain's $1500 Fireworks Display follows. The grandest displays ever seen west of Manhattan Beach, New York. Seats for 6000. Prices, 25, 50, 75c and $1. •

Railway Offices Observe Holiday.

Railroad offices in the city made a holiday of yesterday to allow the employes of the different lines an opportunity to witness the parade and to take part in the festivities to the fullest extent. General offices of the Harriman lines in the Wells-Fargo building were closed all day. Ticket offices along the row were shut up during the time the parade was on the streets, but they resumed business in the afternoon. Hundreds of railroad men were enabled in this way to witness the parade and thoroughly enjoyed the holiday. During the remainder of the festival there will be more or less latitude allowed employes, not only in the railroad offices, but by business men generally about the city.

Monmouth Wants Freight Depot.

SALEM, Or., June 4.—(Special.)—The Oregon Railroad Commission has ordered that a hearing be had at Monmouth June 15 at 1:30 P. M. on the question of a Southern Pacific freight depot.

McDonald's 400 Chocolates. Most expensive but best candy in the world. Always fresh. Sig Sichel & Co.

TO PURIFY CAMPAIGN

Corrupt Practices Act Restricts Candidates' Acts.

TREATING PUT UNDER BAN

"Political Libel" New Crime Defined Under Act—Colonization of Voters to Go Out of Fashion.

SALEM, June 4.—(Special.)—The adoption of the corrupt practices act by the people at the election last Monday will make the next political campaign a vastly different one from those which have been seen in Oregon in the last few years.

For one thing, the advertising plan of making a campaign, which Senator Bourne made popular in Oregon, will be less extensively used in the future. Two features of the corrupt practices act will tend to accomplish this end—one a limitation on expenditures, and the other a requirement that paid advertising be so marked. Undoubtedly the measure will have a salutory effect in purifying elections, though some of its provisions seem unnecessarily severe.

Publicity in the matter of campaign expenditures is one of the most important requirements of the law, and hereafter it will be necessary for candidates and party managers to keep an account of all expenses and file it within 15 days after the primary or general election, showing contributions to campaign funds and the purposes for which all money was spent. Candidates are permitted to use one page of a pamphlet to be issued by the state for the purpose of giving the voters information concerning them, each candidate to pay for the space occupied and in excess of that each candidate may spend in a primary campaign 15 per cent of one year's salary, and in a general campaign 10 per cent of one year's salary, though any candidate may spend as much as $100 if the percentage should be less than that. A candidate for Governor will hereafter be limited to an expenditure of $750 in a primary campaign and $500 in a general campaign.

What Candidates Must Not Do.

Among other things, the new law makes it a criminal offense to solicit from a candidate and forbids a candidate to treat. A candidate must not bet on an election, directly or indirectly, must not promise political appointments, must not employ workers on election day except as challengers at the polls or watchers at the count, must not provide buttons or badges to be worn on election day, and must not pay any person for the time lost in going to the polls or pay his transportation there.

About Political Advertising.

Regulation of political advertising is one of the important provisions of the law. Section 33, which bears upon this subject, says:

Section 33—No publisher of a newspaper or other periodical shall insert, either in its advertising or reading columns, any paid matter which is designed or tends to aid, injure or defeat any candidate or political party or organization, or measure before the people, unless it is stated therein that it is a paid advertisement, the name of the chairman or secretary, or the names of the other officers of the political or other organization inserting the same, or the name of some voter who is responsible therefor, with his residence and the street and number thereof, if any, appear in such advertisement in the nature of a signature. No person shall pay the owner, editor, publisher or agent of any newspaper or other periodical to induce him editorially to advocate or oppose any candidate for nomination or election, and no such owner, editor, publisher or agent shall accept such payment. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be punished as for a corrupt practice.

"Political Libel" New Crime.

The corrupt practices act creates a new crime, that of "Political Libel." Experience has shown that it is practically impossible to convict a man of criminal libel on account of statements published regarding a candidate for office, for it is generally believed by juries that when a man offers himself as a candidate for office he invites the whole world to discuss his private and public life, real or imaginary. But the new law makes special provision for the protection of the reputation of the man who runs for office. As it has been common practice to tell all sorts of things about candidates for office, inasmuch as this policy will now be hazardous to those who undertake it, the section of the new law defining political libel is here given in full:

Section 35—It shall be unlawful to write, print or circulate through the mails or otherwise any letter, circular, bill, placard or poster relating to any election or to any candidate at any election, unless the same shall bear on its face the name and address of the author and of the printer and publisher thereof; and any person writing, printing, publishing, circulating, posting, or causing to be written, printed, circulated, posted or published any such letter, bill, placard, circular or poster as aforesaid, which fails to bear on its face the name and address of the author and of the printer and publisher, shall be guilty of an illegal practice, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine of not less than $10 nor more than $1000. If any letter, circular, poster, bill, publication or placard shall contain any false statement or charges reflecting on any candidate's character, morality or integrity, the author thereof and every person printing or knowingly assisting in the circulation thereof shall be guilty of political criminal libel and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than three years. If the person charged with such crime shall prove on his trial that he had reasonable ground to believe such charge was true and did believe it was true, and that he was not actuated by malice in making such publication, it shall be a sufficient defense to such charge. But in that event, and as a part of such defense, the author and the printer or publisher or other person charged with such crime shall also prove that, at least 15 days before such letter, circular, poster, bill or placard containing such false statement or statements was printed or circulated, he or they caused to be served personally and in person upon the candidate to whom it relates a copy thereof in writing, and calling his attention particularly to the charges contained therein, and that, before printing, publishing or circulating such charges, he received and read any denial, defense or explanation, if any, made or offered to him in writing by the accused candidate within 10 days after the service of such charge upon the accused person.

No More "Colonizing."

Colonization of voters receives a severe jolt at the hands of the corrupt practices act, for the publicity provision will prevent payment of money for such purposes and there is another section which prohibits securing a position, either public or private, for a voter with a view to influencing his vote. Moreover, electioneering is prohibited on election day and the class of voters who can be colonized are generally men who must be taken care of on election day in a manner that would violate the electioneering provision.

The section relating to electioneering on election day will put an end to the occupation of those men who have made a business of handing out cards at the polls. The section on this subject says:

Section 34—It shall be unlawful for any person at any place on the day of any election to ask, solicit or in any manner try to induce or persuade any voter on such election day to vote for or refrain from voting for any candidate, or the candidates or ticket of any political party or organization, or any measure submitted to the people, and upon conviction thereof he shall be punished by fine of not less than $5 nor more than $100 for the first offense, and for the second and each subsequent offense occurring on the same or different election days, he shall be punished by fine as aforesaid, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not less than five or more than 30 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Hanan shoes fit the feet. Rosenthal's. •

WEAK WOMEN

NEED A TONIC AS THEY APPROACH THE AGE OF FORTY.

Much Suffering Is Caused by Being Unprepared to Meet the Extra Strain to Be Borne at That Time.

As a woman approaches the age of forty or thereabouts, she should pay particular attention to her health. The hard work, which she may have been accustomed to do and the worry and excitement of her daily life should be lessened or avoided as much as possible. As her health after she passes this time will depend in a large measure upon it, every woman owes it to herself to build up her health during these years. It is absolutely necessary that the blood be made pure and rich, thereby enabling all the organs of the body to perform their work regularly. For this purpose Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have long been recognized as the standard medicine, because of their great blood-building and tonic properties.

Mrs. Minnie A. Kehling, a professional nurse, of 1005 1-2 North Illinois street, Indianapolis, Ind., says:

"An operation for appendicitis left me in a weakened condition and I approached the age of forty in a poor state of health. I was sick for two years, being very restless and had sick headaches all the time. I did not have much of an appetite and lived mostly on fruits and light foods, but even these caused so much gas on my stomach that I was continually belching it. Oftentimes there seemed to be a weight on my stomach.

"I was doctoring with local physicians but did not get better so decided to give them up and try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which I had read about in the paper. I noticed after taking a few boxes of the pills that I was beginning to get a little color. I took several boxes more and was cured. I have been in good health ever since and able to do my work."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are adapted for diseases due to impure blood and shattered nerves. They are invaluable in anaemia, rheumatism, after-effects of the grip and fevers and sick headaches, dizziness, nervousness, neuralgia, and even partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia.

A valuable booklet entitled "Plain Talks to Women" will be sent free, in a sealed envelope, upon request, to any woman interested.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

H. B. LITT

SALE
Today

Ladies' and Misses'
SUITS

Formerly $35 to $50 at
Every $17.00

Formerly $50 to $75 at
Suit $27.00

Formerly $75 to $100 at
In $37.00

Formerly Over $100 at
Stock $47.00

BRING NO FURTHER SUITS

United States Attorney McCourt Says Government Contemplates None.

United States Attorney McCourt yesterday denied the report that the Government contemplated bringing further suits at this time to cancel patents to valuable timber land in this state. It had been rumored that suit would be filed by the Government this week against the Minneapolis Lumber Company to recover about 10,000 acres of timber lands alleged to have been acquired fraudulently by that company in this state. The rumor was to the effect that the Minneapolis concern had operated in this state when the public lands were being seized by wealthy Eastern timbermen and by employing the same methods had obtained its full share of the spoils.

District Attorney McCourt says there are no such suits pending in this state, although he stands ready at any time to take steps to restore to the Government all lands that have been stolen. The suit brought by District Attorney McCourt against C. A. Smith, the millionaire Minnesota timberman, will probably be called at the July term of the Federal Court.

EXCURSION RATES EAST

On June 5, 6, 19 and 20, the Canadian Pacific will again have on sale special round-trip excursion tickets to Eastern points. Tickets will be good for stopovers with long-time limit. Apply at local office for full particulars regarding variable routes, etc.

Tans! Tans! Tans! at Rosenthal's. •

COLUMBIA LARD

Is the Name of Oregon's Most Reliable Shortening

Dr. H. S. Grindley, D. Sc., of the College of Science, Chicago, Illinois, in his article on the relative values of meat products and vegetable foods, says, "Meat foods are more nutritious and easier to digest than any other food products."

When EXPERIENCE and CHEMICAL ANALYSIS tells us that meat foods are more reliable and contain more nutrition, why be tempted to try an uncertain shortening that is no cheaper?

Columbia Hams, Bacon and Lard are wholesome, mild and of even grade.

When ordering specify COLUMBIA brand.

UNION MEAT CO.
PORTLAND, OREGON
Pioneer Packers of the Pacific

"The Donakin Circus" Starts Up Next Week

READ THE FIRST CHAPTER IN THE SUNDAY OREGONIAN

Animals appeal universally to children.
In "The Donakin Circus" the animals leap out of Don's picture book.

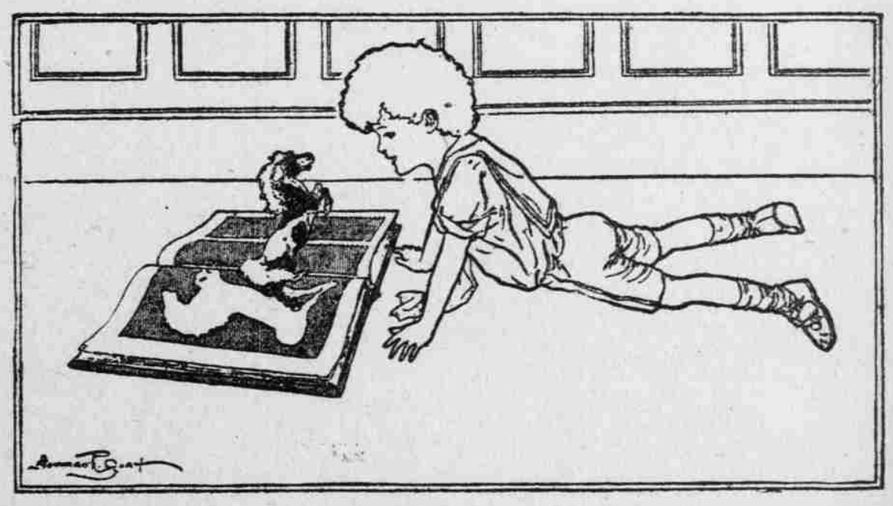
What they do constitutes a series of stories in rhyme that cannot help but hold sustained interest.

Here are the introductory lines:

Now wouldn't you think it remarkably queer
If all of a sudden there should appear
From the Animal Book you were glancing through
A horse and a spotted hyena or two,
And leaping out
With a snort and shout,
They should live and breathe beyond any doubt?

Yet this is only the merest hint
Of the wonders that sprang from a page of print,
To the great delight of a boy I know—
His name is Don and he's nine or so—
As he quietly lay
On the floor one day
All alone with a book in the comfy way.

I believe, by the way, there are very few
Readers of books this has happened to,
So it might be well for a minute to fix
Your eyes on the book that performed these tricks—
No dry old tome,
But a hippodrome,
And the handiest thing to have in the home.



Order early from your newsdealer. It often happens that the entire edition of The Sunday Oregonian is exhausted before noon.