# DR. COE WINS OUT

## Chosen Delegate in Second District Convention.

## ASA B. THOMSON GOES, TOO

**J. W. Kelly, of Multnomah, and J. L. Gault, of Harney, Are Named as Alternates — Delegates Retire Before Vote Is Announced.**

It was 4:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon when W. E. Williamson, chairman of the Second district Congressional committee, called the Second district convention to order in the Empire Theater, following the adjournment of the state convention. The regularity of the meeting of the Congressional committee the night before, when Williamson was selected temporary chairman, was raised by E. H. Flagg, of Columbia, who officiated as secretary at that meeting. Chairman Williamson ruled Flagg out of order and the convention was organized by the election of A. B. Manley and B. A. Austin, both of Multnomah, as temporary chairman and secretary, respectively. They were afterwards made the permanent officers of the convention.

The eligibility of the delegates in attendance to sit in the convention was determined by roll call, without resorting to the appointment of the usual committee on credentials, and nominations were declared in order for two delegates to the National convention.

Nominations were made as follows:

Dr. H. W. Coe, of Multnomah, by D. J. Quimby, of Multnomah, and seconded by J. F. Kertchem and W. W. Banks, of Multnomah; W. D. Richards, of Umatilla, and G. C. Fulton, of Clatsop.

B. E. Kennedy, of Baker, by Bruce Dennis, of Baker, and seconded by Frank Davey, of Harney.

Asa B. Thompson, of Umatilla, by R. R. Butler, of Gilliam, and seconded by W. W. Banks, of Multnomah, and G. C. Fulton, of Clatsop.

Russell E. Sewall, of Multnomah, by James Cook, of Multnomah, and seconded by E. H. Flagg, of Columbia, and Thomas Sawyer, of Multnomah.

In the balloting 114 votes were cast, with the following result:

Coe, 79; Thomson, 68; Sewall, 48; Kennedy, 32. Coe and Thomson were declared elected. J. K. Kelly, of Multnomah, was chosen as Coe's alternate and J. L. Gault, of Harney, as alternate for Thomson.

Fatigued by an all day's session, many of the delegates had retired from the hall before the vote was announced, and the convention was dissolved by general consent and without the formality of a motion.

# W. H. TAFT GETS VOTES

(Continued from Page 12.)

will loyally support the nominee of the Republican National Convention."

### Falls on Deaf Ears.

This manifesto of Bourne's fell in the convention with a dull, sickening thud and enthusiasm was at zero. Not a single hand-clap greeted it. Right at once, Dr. Paine, of Lane, a Fulton leader, moved for election of George H. Williams and Fulton as National delegates by a unanimous rising vote. This eagerness of Dr. Paine to rap Bourne was out of place on the "programme" else it might have carried.

At the proper juncture Paine renewed his motion successfully. The majority for these two men, while overwhelming, was not unanimous. The vote for their selection was standing and a number of delegates from Jackson, Baker, Union and Multnomah remained sitting.

Contrasted with the cool reception of Bourne's telegram was the warm reception of a message from Fulton. One loud applause followed the reading of the Fulton message. Senator Fulton congratulated the convention on its lineup for Taft and urged united party effort for the June and November elections.

A later message from Bourne, however, raised some enthusiasm, by means of pledges to the campaign fund, $500 to the state committee and $250 to each of the Congressional committees. This was the only applause that Bourne received in the convention. Even this $1000 pledge, however, did not awaken a response equal to an occasional mention of Fulton's name.

### STATE CONVENTION FOR TAFT

**Resolution of Instruction Adopted.**

**Delegates and Electors Chosen.**

W. M. Cake, state chairman, called the Republican state convention to order at 10:20 o'clock yesterday morning at the Empire Theater, and having stated the purposes for which the meeting had been called, announced that nominations for temporary chairman would be received. H. S. Rowe, of Multnomah, nominated Frank Davey, of Harney, Dr. J. N. Smith, of Marion, presenting the name of A. J. Johnson, of Benton, choice of the caucus that was held the night before. Davey withdrew in favor of Johnson, whose nomination, on motion of Rowe, was made unanimous. Thad W. Vreeland, of Multnomah, was the unanimous choice of the convention for secretary, and on motion of J. W. McKinney, of Marion, William J. Clarke, of the same county, was elected assistant secretary.

### Committees Are Appointed.

The following committees, on motion, were appointed by Temporary Chairman Johnson:

Credentials—John Knight, of Marion; F. D. McCully, of Wallowa; F. W. Hollis, of Jackson; J. E. Love, of Douglas; Frank Davey, of Harney.

Permanent organization and order of business—W. W. Banks, of Multnomah; Morgan Baker, of Yamhill; W. G. Ayre, of Baker; Frank Ira White, of Klamath; E. D. Cusick, of Linn.

Resolutions and platform—Baker, Bruce Dennis; Benton, George W. Denman; Clackamas, John H. Gibson; Clatsop, F. I. Dunbar; Columbia, James W. Wicks; Coos, Peter Loggie; Crook, not represented; Curry, not represented; Douglas, F. B. Alley; Gilliam, C. A. Denneman; Grant, M. S. Monteith; Harney, Frank Davey; Jackson, E. D. Briggs; Josephine, A. C. Hough; Klamath, C. N. McArthur; Lake, G. C. Fulton; Lane, S. M. Yoran; Lincoln, A. C. Bense; Linn, M. N. Newport; Malheur, Gilbert L. King; Marion, C. B. Moores; Morrow, Phil Metschan; Multnomah, C. M. Idleman; Polk, A. C. Talbert; Sherman, Ed McKee; Tillamook, H. T. Butts; Umatilla, P. G. Montgomery; Union, A. H. Peare; Wallowa, George W. Hyatt; Wasco, H. C. Rupert; Washington, Benton Bowman; Wheeler, J. H. Putnam; Yamhill, Clarence Butt.

On motion of J. M. Shelly, of Lane, a committee of three was appointed to confer with the railroad officials in the interest of reduced rates for delegates attending the convention. The committee consisted of Shelly, of Lane; H. S. Rowe, of Multnomah, and J. U. Campbell, of Clackamas. Having completed its temporary organization, the convention at 11 o'clock took a recess until 1 P. M., when the transportation committee reported its inability to secure any concessions from the railroad companies as to rebates on their return home fare.

On the recommendation of the committee on permanent organization and order of business, the temporary organization was made permanent, after Thomas McCusker, of Multnomah, who held the proxy of S. C. Spencer, also of Multnomah, sought to have the report amended by substituting the name of Frank Davey, of Harney, for chairman.

### Taft Resolution Adopted.

The committee on platform and resolutions, of which S. M. Yoran, of Lane, and C. N. McArthur, who held a proxy from Klamath, were chairman and secretary, respectively, submitted a platform and declaration of principles, including several detached resolutions, all of which were adopted without a dissenting voice. This action was preceded by the adoption of the Taft instruction resolution. The platform and the resolutions adopted by the convention are printed on another page of this issue.

Before the resolutions instructing the delegates for Taft had been adopted, W. E. Williamson, of Multnomah, moved to substitute the name of Roosevelt for that of Taft, but the motion was defeated decisively. McKinley Mitchell, another Multnomah delegate, followed by proposing the substitution of Hughes' name for that of Taft, but he failed of a second and the resolution was adopted as it was presented to the convention.

### Delegates Are Nominated.

Candidates for delegates-at-large to the National convention were nominated as follows: Dr. W. Kuykendall, of Lane, by Dr. D. A. Paine, of Lane; W. A. Williams, of Washington, by J. W. Hughes, of Washington; George H. Williams, of Multnomah, by W. W. Banks, of Multnomah; C. W. Fulton, of Clatsop, by C. N. McArthur, of Multnomah; A. N. Gilbert, of Marion, by Dr. J. N. Smith, of Marion; C. G. Huntley, of Clackamas, by J. U. Campbell, of Clackamas.

Davey, of Harney, in an eloquent address, seconded the nominations of George H. Williams, Fulton and Gilbert and on motion of Paine, of Lane, Williams (George H.) and Senator Fulton were unanimously declared the choice of the convention.

Before the nominations had closed, A. W. Orton, of Multnomah, addressing the chair, said it had been his purpose to present the name of Senator Bourne as a candidate for delegate to the Chicago convention but, in a telegram, had been notified of the withdrawal of his candidate from the contest. Mr. Orton then read Bourne's telegram retiring from the race. It was as follows:

### Senator Bourne's Telegram.

"Washington, May 13.—John C. Young: Have the following telegram read to Republican State Convention:

"In my platform, when elected, among other pledges I stated I would do my utmost to help renominate President Roosevelt. I am doing my humble best to keep my pledge. The country wants and needs Roosevelt's renomination. If left to a popular vote in Oregon I think every member of the convention will concede that he would receive 80 per cent of the vote of the people. Roosevelt twice made the statement that he would not accept if nominated. This was the individual. The sovereignty of the Nation and of the state is infinitely greater than he. If Oregon and a sufficient number of other states command him to serve his country another four years, he must obey or be considered by the present and future generations a contemptible and selfish coward and a traitor to his country. The possibility of such action on his part is not only absurd, but absolutely inconceivable.

"I urge the Republican delegates to the Oregon Convention to instruct their National delegates for Roosevelt. All must concede that he is the choice of the people, and that his renomination guarantees the election and a Republican House of Representatives. I have sought to be elected as a delegate to the National Convention solely to enable me to better carry out my pledges to the people of Oregon in assisting in securing Roosevelt's renomination. Should the State Convention instruct delegates for any other candidate than Roosevelt, I withdraw my candidacy, for if elected a delegate to the convention I should disregard the State Convention's instructions to vote for any other person than Roosevelt and would vote for Roosevelt. I will loyally support the nominee of the Republican National Convention."

The reading of the Bourne telegram by Orton was listened to respectfully, but hisses were substituted for applause when Orton retired from the floor.

### Williams Addresses Convention.

Following his unanimous election as one of the delegates at large, Judge Williams was called to the platform amidst a wild demonstration of applause and cheering, and addressed the convention as follows:

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention—I appreciate the honor you have conferred upon me in unanimously choosing me as a delegate from the State of Oregon to the Republican National Convention. I assume that we still have a Republican party in the State of Oregon, and that you are the representatives of that party. I assume that this convention means that the Republican party of Oregon is an organized party and anxious to succeed at the approaching election. We have just passed through a primary election in which many candidates were defeated and their friends disappointed. Nearly all of the men I voted for were defeated. I am now going to vote for the successful candidates. I was sorely disappointed in the defeat of Mr. Fulton for United States Senator, but I am going to vote for Mr. Cake. I am going to support the candidate of the Republican party for United States Senator, and so in my judgment is everyone voting the Republican ticket at the primary election. If this is not so, then the primary law is a farce and a fraud. When there are several candidates for the same office, of course some of them must necessarily be defeated, and if the friends of those candidates have voted for the nominations that are made, as has heretofore been the case, they are obligated, having voted in the primaries, to support the successful candidates. When party bosses dominated conventions and made nominations, there might be some excuse for voting against that nomination, but, when the people nominate a candidate and a majority selects that candidate, there is no justification for refusal to vote for such candidate, unless the man is known to be dishonest or corrupt. The primary law was intended as a substitute for making convention nominations, and it is a good substitute; but if it is not carried out with more wisdom that it has been, it is no better than the convention system.

"I wish to remind you gentlemen that this is a year in which a President is to be elected. On the first Monday in June Oregon will fire the first gun in the Presidential campaign, and it will be heralded all over the United States as a Republican or a Democratic victory. It is bound to have a decided effect on the Presidential election. It will be taken as the index of public opinion. To elect a Democrat would mean that Oregon will give its electoral vote for the Democratic candidate for the Presidency in November. There is just as much reason for voting for the Democratic candidate for the office of President as there is for the candidate for the office of United States Senator. Mr. Bryan can say just as well as Governor Chamberlain, 'I am an able man and I am an honest man. You Republicans ought to vote for me, for I am the head and foot of the Democratic party.'

"This talk about there being no political parties in the June election is absurd. Why are Democrats making a big campaign for their party? Chamberlain represents that he is a Roosevelt man when everybody knows that he is for Bryan.

### Appeals to Republican Loyalty.

"I appeal to the Republicans of this state to stand by the time-honored and battle-scarred flag of the Republican party. It is the same old flag that Lincoln, Grant, McKinley and Roosevelt fought under. It represents the growth and progress of our country. William H. Taft will be a worthy successor to these great men, and our June election ought to be an assurance to him that Oregon is still a Republican state and will give him an overwhelming majority."

### Delegates and Alternates Chosen.

Chairman Johnson appointed the following tellers: A. A. Bailey, proxy from Washington; J. N. Hart, of Baker; C. H. Davidson, of Linn; W. G. Gilstrap, of Lane; W. C. North, proxy from Multnomah; W. C. Richards, of Umatilla. The convention proceeded to ballot for the other two delegates-at-large. A total of 232 votes were cast, with the following result: A. N. Gilbert, 151; C. G. Huntley, 122; W. Kuykendall, 121; W. A. Williams, 73. On motion of Kuykendall, the election of Gilbert and Huntley was made unanimous.

The following alternates were elected by acclamation: A. S. Tetu, of Multnomah, alternate for Huntley; J. H. Brown, of Multnomah, for Williams; W. A. Williams, of Washington, for Fulton; H. C. Kinney, of Josephine, for Gilbert.

For Presidential electors, five candidates were nominated, as follows:

J. D. Lee, of Multnomah, by F. E. Beach, of Multnomah, seconded by G. L. Hawkins, of Polk.

R. R. Butler, of Gilliam, by W. D. Richards, of Umatilla; seconded by N. Whealdon, of Wasco; Frank Davey, of Harney; H. S. Rowe, of Multnomah; W. W. Banks, of Multnomah; C. N. McArthur, of Multnomah.

J. W. Sherwood, of Multnomah, by Elmer B. Colwell; seconded by J. H. Gibson, of Clackamas; S. C. Beach, of Multnomah.

F. J. Miller, of Linn, by N. M. Newport, of Linn.

A. C. Marsters, of Douglas, by E. D. Briggs, of Jackson; seconded by W. A. Taylor, of Marion; C. A. Schlbrede, of Coos; J. U. Campbell, of Clackamas; J. M. Shelly, of Lane.

### Presidential Electors Nominated.

The vote resulted: Butler, 223; Marsters, 203; F. J. Miller, 177; Lee, 169; Sherwood, 136. Butler, Marsters, Miller and Lee were declared nominated, and each responded briefly, thanking the convention for the honor.

Before the convention adjourned a second telegram was read from Senator Bourne, in which he pledged a subscription of $500 to the state committee and $250 for each of the two Congressional committees for campaign expenses.


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# START LIVELY ROW

## Hot Debate Over Delegates in Multnomah Camp.

## BOURNE MEN SAT UPON

**Senator's Friends Make Futile Fight to Have Him Sent as Delegate to National Convention at Chicago.**

After morning adjournment of the state convention, the loitering delegates were shortly attracted to the rear of the Empire Theater by a loud wrangle in the Multnomah delegation. This county's delegates had met to determine their choice for National delegates. W. W. Banks moved that the delegation resolve to support George H. Williams for National delegate. This fired the Bourne men, led by W. E. Williamson, who moved to amend by including the two Senators, Bourne and Fulton, in the Multnomah support. As this was one of the chief issues of contention between the two factions, the fight began right away.

"I'm not antagonistic to Bourne," shouted F. E. Beach, "but I don't like to hear the Bourne men saying that if they don't get what they want they will disrupt the party and beat Cake."

This brought forth a hot rejoinder from Thomas McCusker, Bourne's most active defender. He denied that any such threats were made. He had heard orders from the other side, however, to line up and dry up. He flatly refused to do either. "This rallying cry of the 'Grand Old Man' meaning Williams is all right," declared McCusker, "but it isn't necessary to bring sentiment into this convention. Besides I have been told he would not go if he were elected. It is unfair to divide this thing up in the way that is planned. Both Senators ought to go to Chicago. This convention should not be made a vehicle for carrying political spite. If you don't care for the people and are resolved to gratify your spleen, then go ahead."

James Kertchem tried to pour oil on the troubled waters but had poor success. He said the convention was a place for harmony. Dr. Emmet Drake declared that the Williamson amendment was out of place and that the Fulton-Bourne fight should not be shoved off on George H. Williams. Chairman H. S. Rowe asserted that the whole delegation could agree on Williams. A. W. Orton, a Bourne man, put in to demand whether Hodson and Beach would agree to support both, if the Bourne men would accept Williams.

At this point, Judge Williams arose and lifted his voice above the din to declare that he did not wish to attend the National Convention, if he had to be drawn into the controversy. "I refuse to allow my name to be bandied about," he declared, "in a controversy between the two Senators."

This shamed the warring men somewhat. Then McCusker wanted to know whether Judge Williams really intended to go to Chicago if elected.

"If able to go I will go," declared Judge Williams positively.

Hodson asserted that he would vote for Bourne under no circumstances, but that he would support Williams. He declared Williamson a disrupter of the party. He said the Bourne men were employing tricks that made harmony impossible.

Williamson offered then to compromise by voting on each of the three candidates for National delegates separately, first Williams, then Fulton and next Bourne. This plan was welcomed by a number of voices, whereupon Williamson withdrew his amendment, and Banks' motion for Williams was carried. Immediately Banks moved adjournment, which the majority of the delegation wanted sure enough but which they failed to carry in the viva voce vote, though thinking they had done so. In a few moments they were recalled to the wrangle. Other names were then proposed for the delegation's support, Dr. Coe and Russell Sewell, but finally adjournment was carried, much to the disgust of Williamson, who cried:

"You fellows agreed to vote on the two Senators. Are you going to keep your agreement?" The only response was a chorus of jeers from the jubilant anti-Bourne men.

# SEEK TO OUST WILLIAMSON

**FULTON FACTION FIGHTS FIRST DISTRICT CHAIRMAN.**

**Bourne Man, Who Was Nominated Through Oversight, Holds Fort Against Opponents.**

Because a Bourne man, W. E. Williamson, is chairman of the central committee of the Second Congressional District, the Fulton element contends that the central committee is not organized, since Williamson was elected at a meeting Wednesday night, attended by less than a quorum of the committee. This issue injected a bitter venom into the Congressional convention and then into an attempted meeting of the committee called by the convention.

"You're not chairman," asserted J. C. McCue, of Clatsop, a Fulton man.

"I am," retorted Williamson.

"The committee is not legally organized," declared McCue.

"It is organized," replied Williamson.

So there the matter rests. The Fulton camp says Williamson holds an empty title; that he cannot call the central committee together, and that there is no organization to carry on the campaign in the Second Congressional District.

"The blame will rest on your shoulders," insisted McCue. But Williamson only grinned. He had fought the Fulton folks to a standstill and they failed to oust him.

Williamson slid into the chairmanship through carelessness of the Fulton men, chiefly through inattention of McCue, who was representing G. C. Fulton by proxy at Wednesday night's meeting of the central committee. Too late, McCue found out that Williamson was a Bourne man. The Fulton forces planned then to repair the damage by making sure that Williamson should not be elected chairman of the district convention and then by effecting a new organization of the central committee. The first plan succeeded, but the other failed.

The Fulton element feared the Bourne men would use the chairmanship to put some pet scheme through the district convention and possibly to force anti-Taft men on the Oregon delegation. Therefore the Fulton forces picked out one of their own number, A. B. Manley, for permanent chairman and right at once on the opening of the district convention in the afternoon proceeded to corral Williamson. E. H. Flagg, of Columbia County, sprung the first surprise by declaring the district committee illegally organized, since only seven of its 14 members were present when Williamson was elected. Williamson, acting as temporary chairman of the convention, promply ruled Flagg out of order, but Flagg persisted. The chair again ruled him out of order for the reason that he, Williamson, had three unused proxies at the committee meeting. Flagg appealed to the convention.

At this juncture Hodson asked that the minutes of the committee meeting be read. This Flagg, who was secretary, proceeded to do. The minutes showed the following to have been present: J. C. McCue, proxy for G. C. Fulton, of Clatsop; J. C. McCue, proxy for E. L. Freeland, of Morrow; J. C. McCue, proxy for George H. Catenach, of Grant; D. A. Barnes, of Union; Alex Stewart, of Wasco; W. E. Williamson, of Multnomah; Thomas Thompson, of Umatilla. These seven elected two men to fill vacancies, F. D. McCully, for Wallowa, and E. H. Flagg, for Columbia.

A. W. Orton, of Multnomah County, of the Bourne camp, professed to see no reason for the inquiry. Hodson brought the matter to a focus by declaring the meaning of the inquiry to be that Chairman Williamson was not legally elected. Ben Selling, of Multnomah, brought the dispute to an end for the time being by demanding that the convention proceed to organize. But the sparks flew a few moments longer from Flagg's demand that the chair put his appeal to a vote in the convention. This Williamson refused to do. He stood his ground firmly and rapped loudly for order, and then put before the convention a motion of W. W. Banks for the election of A. B. Manley for chairman. Manley was elected. On motion of McCue, the convention proceeded with its regular business and adopted a call for the committee to meet after adjournment.

The dispute came to nothing, however. Williamson would not be budged from the chairmanship of the committee. McCue led the attack, but did not have the requisite proxies to win against three proxies held by Williamson. After a half hour's futile debate in the committee, the committee adjourned. Williamson steadfastly refused to put before the committee a resolution of McCue's that the committee reorganize. McCue stated the motion himself and declared it carried, but did not go on with the matter further. Williamson decared no quorum. Williamson called for the credentials of the McCue men, but they were not forthcoming. After the two sides had stood each other off half an hour or more, the meeting came to an end.

"You are trying to ditch me," said Williamson, "but I refuse to be ditched."

# UNDER FIVE INDICTMENTS

**MANY TRUE BILLS AGAINST T. J. EARHART, OF IONE.**

**Gambling, Assault and Threatening Court Officer the Charges—Grand Jury Ends Work.**

HEPPNER, Or., May 14.—(Special.)—Judge Bean today declared a recess of the Circuit Court, being held here, until June 4. The grand jury completed its investigations this afternoon, returning 17 indictments and seven not true bills. All the indictments have not been made public, but it is expected that the Sheriff will get busy before court is called June 4.

Five indictments were returned against T. J. Earhart, of Ione, three for assault with a dangerous weapon, one for gambling and one for assault upon an officer of the court with attempt to intimidate such officer. Earhart put a revolver up against Deputy Sheriff Casin's breast, telling Casin that if he didn't use his influence to get his (Earhart's) case thrown out of court he would kill him and then blow his own brains out. Earhart was placed under $4200 bonds. Not being able to give bonds, he was placed in jail.

Ollie Haguewood, who went on a spree last Fall, played bad man and shot up the town of Ione, was arraigned and fined $75.

Miles Bickerstaff, a saloonman of Lexington, was arraigned on charges of keeping open his saloon and selling liquor on Sundays. He pleaded guilty to the first charge and was fined $25. He will fight the second charge.

Homer Bozarth and Will Furlong were fined $50 and $10 respectively for breaking into a sheep camp and wantonly destroying personal property. The Furlong boy, being only 15 years of age, was severely lectured by Judge Bean and given a light fine.

Judge Bean and District Attorney Phelps will return to Pendleton in the morning. Mr. Phelps is a candidate for re-election and will immediately begin on his campaign.

**New Railway Mail Clerks.**

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, May 14.—E. J. Jorgenson, Portland; H. M. Sanford, Pendleton, and Charles F. Flyter, Arleta, have been appointed railway mail clerks.

**Only Woman City Treasurer.**

SEATTLE, Wash., May 14.—(Special.)—Miss Tiera Farrow, who bears the distinction of being the only woman City Treasurer in the United States, is visiting in Seattle. Miss Farrow is a public official of Kansas City, Kan. Miss Farrow is on a two months' leave of absence. She is an attorney-at-law and has a good practice in her home city.


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Samples for experimental purposes may still be had, free of charge, by writing to the laboratories for them.

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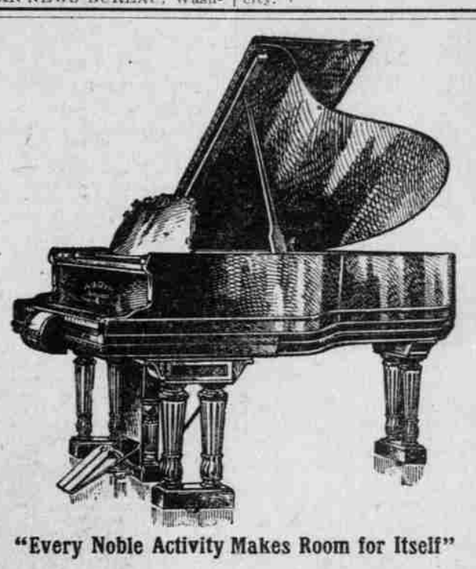

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