

## BRYAN BUMPS THE POLITICAL BUMPS

### Turned Down by Three Conventions.

### RUSHES TO MEND HIS FENCES

### Stops Fight on Johnson and Sullivan in Illinois.

### REPUDIATES PRESS AGENT

### Meets Rebuff in Michigan and Says Financiers Use Money for Johnson Against Him—Finds the Illinois Vote Very Essential.

CHICAGO, April 16.—(Special.)—Rus William J. Bryan been "bumping the bumps" in a Presidential-candidate way during the last week? The answer to this oft-repeated inquiry today, given by political leaders from all over the Central West, who have flocked to Chicago, is: "He has."

These facts are cited as having been made into political history within four days:

The New York Democratic state convention refused to instruct the 78 delegates for Mr. Bryan.

The Michigan Democratic state committee declined to endorse Mr. Bryan's candidacy, in spite of his presence on the scene.

The Delaware Democratic state convention instructs its delegates to support Judge Gray for the Presidency rather than Mr. Bryan.

Governor Johnson, of Minnesota, comes to Chicago on an apparently peaceful mission, arises in wrath at the attack upon him from an alleged Bryan press bureau and responds with the declaration that his own Presidential candidacy is not "an impertinence."

### Rump Convention Planned.

Bryan out-and-outers in Illinois announce plans for a rump state convention in opposition to Roger C. Sullivan and for a contest in the Denver convention.

Mr. Bryan rushes into Chicago from Peoria, apparently squelches the anti-Sullivan fight, rears content with the situation in Illinois as it stands and practically repudiates the statements charged to his press bureau, in which Mr. Johnson was attacked.

All these incidents in National politics have been the subject of comment in Chicago within the last few hours, and it is the belief among the politicians that they will have a decided effect on the result of the Denver convention.

### Can't Win Without Illinois.

The most significant development from both the Bryan and anti-Bryan standpoint is the almost complete change in the condition of affairs in Illinois. Mr. Bryan was in Chicago Wednesday and had an earnest conversation with Chairman Rosenheim, of the Democratic state committee. It was made evident that Mr. Bryan has little hope of nomination unless Illinois is with him. It was agreed that every angle of political expediency necessitates that National Committee man Sullivan and his friends in Illinois must deliver the 54 delegates to the Bryan cause. Mr. Bryan, satisfied of this, immediately set his foot down on the anti-Sullivan agitation in Illinois.

### Money Fights Him in Michigan.

Mr. Bryan then rushed away to Michigan and found the fat in the fire. He broadly intimated that money is being used against him in Michigan and that it is money furnished by financiers who have faith in the ultimate results of the Johnson Presidential propaganda. This was denied by the anti-Campau Democrats in Michigan.

### MAY MAKE PEACE WITH BRYAN

### Connors to Arrange Conference With Democratic Leader and Murphy.

NEW YORK, April 16.—A possible peace between the New York Democratic leaders and W. J. Bryan is foreshadowed in the announcement tonight that W. J. Connors, chairman of the state committee, is expected to confer with Mr. Bryan tomorrow and may try to arrange for a meeting between Mr. Bryan, Charles F. Murphy and himself at some early date.

The state committee today re-elected Mr. Connors chairman and appointed a committee of 12 to reorganize the Democracy of Kings County.

The motion to reorganize the Kings County Democracy in accordance with a resolution adopted by the state convention was unanimously agreed to by the committee. The committee is headed by Arthur A. McLean, of Orange County. J. Sergeant Cram, of New York, is a member of the committee.

### BRYAN GETS A SEVERE SHOCK

### Cannot See Why Michigan Committee Failed to Indorse Him.

LANSING, Mich., April 16.—William J. Bryan, who spoke here last night and was the central figure of a great Democratic celebration, did not learn until 2 o'clock this morning that the Democratic State Central Committee had yesterday refused to indorse his candidacy for the Presidential nomination. When told of the committee's refusal, he was visibly

surprised and declared that it would have been well within the province of the committee to have taken such action.

In this connection he pointed out that the Minnesota State Central Committee had indorsed Governor Johnson.

## MINNESOTA INDORSES TAFT

### Republican Convention Instructs Delegates for Secretary.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 16.—William H. Taft was indorsed for President today by the Republican state convention, the delegates chosen to represent Minnesota in the National convention being instructed for the Secretary of War. Harmony was the keynote of the convention, every element of contest being eliminated. President Roosevelt's administration was commended and revision of the tariff "by a Republican Congress" was urged in the resolutions adopted.

The delegates-at-large are Frank B. Kellogg, St. Paul; Walter Heffelfinger, Minneapolis; State Senator Frank E. Putnam, Blue Earth, and C. B. Hawk, W. D. Parsons, of Winona, surprised the convention by withdrawing from the



Frank B. Kellogg, Prosecutor of Standard Oil Company and Leader of Minnesota Republican Delegation to National Convention.

race for delegate-at-large and moving that the four other candidates be chosen by acclamation. After several heated speeches the motion was carried by a rising vote.

The platform was read and adopted by a rising vote. It heartily commended the splendid administration of Mr. Roosevelt and expresses the belief that "the time has come when there should be a revision of the tariff schedules by a Republican Congress." It concludes by instructing the delegates to the National convention to use all honorable means to secure the nomination of William H. Taft for President and to vote for him until selected.

## GO-EDS SEE PRIZE FIGHT

### SEE BATTLING NELSON AND OTHER PUGS IN ACTION.

### Three-Round Bout Fought Under Auspices of Polytechnic Club of University of California.

BIRKBELEY, April 16.—Batling Nelson and a number of other representatives of the prize ring, appeared in three-round bouts tonight before a large crowd of students of the University of California, among whom were many co-eds. The entertainment was held under the auspices of the Polytechnic Club of the university. The affair, postponed from three weeks ago, was held outside the university grounds, but was sanctioned by the executive of the Associated Students and the faculty of the university.

No attempt was made by the ministers, who recently protested, to stop the exhibition.

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## CHARGES PANIC RESULT OF PLOT

### Crozier Ready to Produce Witnesses.

### ALDRICH BILL THE FRUITS

### High Financiers' Aim to Influence Legislation.

### LEARNS BANKERS' SCHEME

### Delaware Man Astonishes House Committee by Telling of Trick to Get Low Interest on Currency Under the Vreeland Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—In picturesque language, at times violently denunciatory, Alfred O. Crozier, of Wilmington, Del., today told the House committee on banking and currency that he had unearthed a secret scheme for a compromise on the Aldrich currency bill.

He intimated plainly that the Bankers' Association committee did not act fairly with the banking and currency committee in unanimously opposing the Aldrich bill yesterday.

"While opposing the bill on principle," he said, "the members of that committee objected to it because the emergency currency was to bear 5 per cent interest and are ready to support it now if it is interest is reduced to 3 per cent."

"Last evening our distinguished banking friends had a conference," he said. "Today they are having another with the wicked proposers of the wicked Aldrich and Vreeland bills. What for? They are agreeing on a compromise. On what basis? Just a simple little amendment requiring the tax of 3 per cent and some other minor changes."

How He Learned the Trick. He declared that this conference was only held after it was stated that the hearings before the banking and currency committee had been closed.

"If this committee had not honored me with this opportunity to speak at this time," he said, "and if one of the distinguished bankers who addressed me yesterday had not mistaken me last evening for one of their fraternity and unreservedly told me the whole programme, the trick would have been turned quickly and suddenly. The business interests of the country might never have known that they had been sold out by their banking partners and even this committee in time have become aware that men who spoke here against the bill openly were in fact favoring it."

"The Aldrich bill," Mr. Crozier declared, "is a gambling game from start to finish, brought here by the gamblers

and promoted by gamblers for gambling purposes."

### Plot to Produce Panic.

He asserted stoutly that he knew the late financial stringency was brought about deliberately by Wall-street men. "I was told in Wall street that such a measure as the Aldrich bill would be brought before this Congress and that a panic would precede it," he said.

Mr. Crozier said that, if a Commission was appointed, he would furnish a list of witnesses to the counsel by whom this charge can be proved. As an evidence of the conspiracy to bring on a panic, Mr. Crozier said a prominent financier told the president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railway that it was to be brought on before the meeting of Congress and on that information he said the railroad borrowed \$100,000,000.

Urged to tell who the financier predicting a panic was, Mr. Crozier said he did not like to give his name at this time, but would give it to the counsel of any Commission Congress might appoint to investigate the causes of the financial crisis.

Upon the conclusion of Mr. Crozier's story, Chairman Fowler announced that there would be no further discussion of the Aldrich bill.

After a short executive session the committee adjourned until tomorrow, when it is expected an adverse report will be made. The Vreeland bill is before the committee and, if Mr. Vreeland should desire to have hearings on that measure, he probably will be given an opportunity to present any testimony he desires.

## THEY AGREE WITH VREELAND

### Bankers Get Concessions on New Currency Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Members of the currency committee of the American Bankers' Association, who appeared before the House committee yesterday in opposition to the Aldrich bill, called on President Roosevelt today and made known their views to him.

The committee held a conference with Representative Vreeland today in relation to his bill, and indicated several amendments to the bill which would make it satisfactory to them. An agreement was reached to reduce from \$10,000,000 to \$6,000,000 the aggregate amount of capital required to permit National banks to form voluntary clearing-house associations, and to hold commercial paper to be used in addition to bonds as securities for emergency currency. The bankers also desired to reduce from 4 to 3 per cent the initial rate of interest to be charged, and it is likely that a compromise will be made on 5 per cent.

No encouragement was given to their proposition to allow the assets of the banks to be accepted for one-half of the issue of emergency currency. The Vreeland bill will be considered by a Republican caucus of the House, probably next Tuesday evening.

## PREPARE A CURRENCY BILL

### Fowler Fathers Measure Providing for Commission to Draft It.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Chairman Fowler, of the House committee on banking and currency, today introduced a bill providing for the appointment of a committee to prepare a bill for a scientific financial and currency system. The membership is to consist of 15 Senators, 15 members of the House and 21 citizens to be designated by the President. The commission is required to make a report to Congress by January 1 next.

## Death List Is 17.

GOTHENBERG, Sweden, April 16.—Seven persons perished by the capsizing of the steamer Gotheborg yesterday. They, for the most part, were passengers. The captain and crew of the steamer managed to swim ashore. Several bodies are still unrecovered.

## TOWN TERRORIZED BY MAD ELEPHANT

### Brute Kills Woman at Riverside, Cal.

### RUNS AMUCK IN HOTEL COURT

### Keeper's Heroism Saves Lives of Two Men Attacked.

### FOUR VICTIMS INJURED

### Explosion of Big Oil Tanks Stampedes Elephant Herd of Circus. Animals Do Much Damage. Leader Fights for Liberty.

RIVERSIDE, Cal., April 16.—Thrown into a wild panic by the explosion of a huge oil tank in the outskirts of this city, at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon, a herd of elephants belonging to the Stella Photo circus, dashed madly through the streets of the residence district driving terror-stricken citizens before them and leaving a trail of destruction in their wake. The leader of the herd invaded the business district before he was recaptured and ran amuck in the courtyard of the Glenwood Hotel, where he attacked Miss Ella Gibbs, a prominent church woman, pinned her against the side of the building with his tusks, then threw her to the ground, trampled upon her and inflicted injuries from which she died at 2:36 o'clock tonight.

Attacks Hotel Guest. D. P. Chapman, a guest of the hotel which is one of the famous hostleries of the Coast, attempted to stop the elephant, and was in turn attacked by the infuriated animal, which knocked him down and trampled upon him breaking his leg, and otherwise injuring him. The big beast then crashed through the wall of the courtyard into the hotel barber shop, wrecking that establishment in gaining Main street, plunged through the plate-glass window of a store on the opposite side of the thoroughfare and after hurling Frank A. Bird to the ground and going him all but fatally, was rounded up in a heavy stable and made captive.

Hurls Keeper Over Fence. Four other elephants of the main herd, which had in the meantime been recaptured, were brought to the stable to aid in subduing the leader, and before he was chained fast to his comrades the brute added one more to his list of victims by hurling one of his keepers over a high board fence, badly injuring him.

The keeper of the elephants, whose name is not known, was the means of saving at least two lives before the big brute was again under control. At the corner of Orange and Seventh streets, where the elephant had thrown Bird, and was about to crush him, the keeper

came up close behind and fired three shots from a revolver into the elephant's neck. This caused the big beast to swerve around, his attention being distracted from his intended victim. In the meantime, however, Bird had been badly injured.

### His Keeper a Hero.

In the courtyard of the Glenwood Hotel, where Chapman was thrown by the elephant, the same keeper arrived on the scene in the nick of time. He fired the four shots from his revolver into the elephant, and the brute at once turned his attention from the man on the ground to the assailant.

The left trousers leg of the keeper was ripped wide open by the infuriated beast and the leg was painfully lacerated. The flesh of the keeper's right hand was also torn away.

At the Glenwood Hotel, Eva Howe, a guest, was sitting in a swing when the infuriated beast charged her. She was about to flee when the elephant's keeper, who was close behind, advised



Julia Marlowe, the Actress, Cleared of Charges in the Von Hermann Divorce Case.

her to sit still. As a result the elephant rushed blindly by her without molesting her.

### Citizens Are Besieged.

For several hours the town was in an uproar of excitement over the escape of the elephant herd, and the East Side district, to which most of the animals confined their depredations, was in a state of siege, citizens for the most part barricading themselves in their homes and allowing the elephants to trample down orchards and fences, destroy lawns and overturn outhouses at their own sweet will.

Another was added to the list of the injured today when L. K. Worsley, an oil-wagon driver, who was fatally burned in the explosion, was taken to the city hospital. It was from his wagon, it is said, that the fire was communicated to the oil-tank which exploded. Worsley was hurled 30 yards by the explosion and was picked up with his clothing in flames. He is dying.

### Fire Loss Is \$11,000.

A second large storage tank filled with oil exploded soon after the first and both burned until late at night. Sixty thousand gallons of oil, including much refined oil in cases, was consumed, together with the buildings adjoining the tanks. The Standard Oil Company's loss on the oil is \$7000 and on the buildings \$4000. Two large tanks containing high-grade oil failed to explode and were saved from the flames.

The circus tents were pitched three blocks from the oil-tanks. When the first muffled explosion occurred, shaking the ground like an earthquake, and the flames shot up several hundred feet into the air, the circus management hurriedly cleared the tents and sent home the crowd which was assembling for the afternoon performance. It was while the tents were being struck that the frightened elephants became unmanageable and stampeded.

### Leader in Charity Work.

Miss Ella Gibbs, who died tonight, was a deaconess in the First Congregational Church of this city. Before coming here, about three years ago, she was a prominent worker in the slums in Chicago. Since her arrival in Riverside she has been doing mission work among the Chinese and Japanese population and had also made a life work of assisting consumptives who arrived here penniless.

## DEVIOUS WAY OF A WOMAN

### YOUNG WIFE KISSES BARBAROUS HUSBAND IN JAIL.

Gandy, Who Handcuffed, Tied and Beat His Helpmeet, Greeted Affectionately.

TACOMA, Wash., April 16.—(Special.)—Throwing her arms about the neck of the man who had handcuffed her, tied her to the bed and left her a prisoner in her own home for hours at a time on many occasions, beaten her and practiced cruelty on her which has no parallel in the annals of Tacoma police history, Mrs. Clinton E. Gandy was the principal today in one of the most surprising scenes ever witnessed in the Pierce County Jail.

The meeting between husband and girl-wife occurred just after the husband had been doing mission work in the Superior Court on a charge of assault and battery, the most serious which could be brought against him. Husband and wife embraced and kissed each other before being separated. Mr. Olson, Mrs. Gandy's father, restrained himself with difficulty during the scene.

When arraigned before Judge Spell Gandy asked for time in which to consult with an attorney. He was given until Saturday. Later he stated in the jail he didn't care to see an attorney.

## KILLS MONOPOLY IN SUBMARINES

### House Gives Navy Secretary Power.

### BUILD NONE ON PACIFIC COAST

### Humphrey's Plea Is Fruitless Through Technicality.

### LILLEY GETS HIS ANSWER

### Knowland Denies Mare Island Navy-Yard Useless—Tawney's Plea for Economy in Repairs Falls on Deaf Ears.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The long-existing controversy as to whether the United States Navy should have submarine torpedo-boats of the Holland type, as recommended by the committee on naval affairs, was settled in the House of Representatives today when, after a lengthy and lively debate the proviso limiting the Secretary of the Navy to the purchase of boats only of the Holland type was stricken out.

The effect of this action was to give the Secretary a freer hand in the selection of submarine boats.

The members haggled over almost every line of the three pages of the bill remaining to be disposed of when the House met, but the principal action was that with regard to the submarines.

A humorous speech by Williams, in which he had several friendly clashes with Hobson over warships and balloons, commanded the attention of the house for some time.

### Submarines Out and In Again.

When consideration of the bill was resumed, Madden of Illinois made a point of order against the provision relating to the method of contracting for the ten torpedo-boat destroyers. The chair sustained the point.

When the section relating to the eight submarine torpedo-boats was reached, Hill of Connecticut made a point of order against the proviso restricting the Secretary of the Navy to the selection of "all such boats heretofore determined to be superior as the result of competitive tests." The chair ruled against Hill, who thereupon made a point of order against the entire paragraph. A long wrangle ensued, but the chair ruled in Hill's favor and the authorization for submarines went out of the bill.

The paragraph having gone out, several amendments were offered, among these being one by O'Leary of New York, slightly changing the phraseology of the submarine proposition and another by Bonnyne of Colorado authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to contract for or purchase the eight submarines and providing that before doing so he shall determine the comparative efficiency of several different types of boat. Despite vigorous objection by Hill, the chair overruled a point of order made by him and the amendment was discussed at length.

### Build Them on Pacific Coast.

An amendment was offered by Humphrey of Washington providing for the construction of some of the submarines on the Pacific Coast, but was lost on a point of order. Humphrey argued that it would be cheaper and more economical to build ships intended for use on the Pacific Coast in yards along that Coast than to build them on the Atlantic and ship them across the continent in sections, or send them through the Straits under their own steam.

As finally amended, the bill authorizes the eight submarines, but strips the Secretary of the Navy of the limitation to contract only for boats of the Holland type.

On a point of order by Stafford of Wisconsin, there was stricken from the bill the provision authorizing a sub-surface destroyer torpedo-boat.

There was a brief discussion over the old question of armor plate and its cost. Hitchcock of Nebraska contended that there really was no competition, and he offered an amendment fixing the price at \$375 a ton of 2340 pounds. Tawney insisted that there was competition, and said that as a result the Government saved \$400,000 on the battleships Delaware and North Dakota alone.

### Defense of Mare Island.

In a brief speech, Knowland of California blamed Lilley for making palpably false and misleading statements in his speech of last week regarding worthless Mare Island, in which he stated that the Mare Island Navy-Yard was one of them. Lilley, he said, had grossly misrepresented the facts regarding the Mare Island drydock, in the matter of work done and money paid out, and he offered official figures to substantiate his denial. He then hurled a bomb at Lilley and charged that that gentleman had at New London, Conn., in his own district, a useless Navy-Yard upon which considerable sums are being uselessly expended.

Replying briefly, Lilley declared that his figures were obtained from the Navy Department, and that he would just as soon abandon the New London Navy-Yard as any other one, should it be shown to be useless.

Tawney vehemently opposed adoption without careful investigation of an

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