



## BATTLE TO FINISH BEGINS IN HOUSE

### Payne Takes up Williams' Challenge.

### SAYS MAJORITY SHALL RULE

### Republicans Determine to Carry Out Programme.

### DEMOCRATS ACCEPT FIGHT

### End to Contests Between Parties Proclaimed, and Whole Evening Is Consumed in Filibustering. Rollcall on Every Motion.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Formal notice was served on the Democrats in the House of Representatives late today by Payne, N. Y. leader of the majority, that from that time on the Republicans would lock horns with the Democrats and carry through the programme of the majority in spite of the attempt of the minority, under the leadership of Williams, to dictate the character of legislation to be enacted. Immediately undertaking to carry this challenge into effect, he forced the latest sitting of the session.

Both sides were able to keep their members in their seats and it soon became evident that the threatened Democratic filibuster was "on" in real earnest and that the Republicans were determined at least to test the sincerity of their opponents. The Democrats, after the passage of the agricultural appropriation bill, had interposed obstructive tactics against any business being done.

### Payne Lifts the Gauntlet.

After several measures had been refused consideration by reason of these tactics, Payne called up the resolution to refer to the special committee the President's recent special message to Congress. Observing that the Democrats were preparing to place obstacles in the way of its consideration unless ample time should be given for general debate, Payne asserted that "because of the hypocrisy of those on the other side," meaning the Democrats, no general debate would be allowed.

Payne denounced the Democratic filibuster begun last Monday in pursuance of the notice given by Williams a week ago, and characterized the action of Williams as "puerile." The Democrats, he contended, were in no position to lay down a programme of action for the Republicans. "The majority," he said, "have charge of the business of the House and the business will go through just as the majority declares it shall go through." Shouts of Republican approval greeted this utterance.

### Extend No More Courtesies.

Discussing the President's message, Payne asserted that there never had been any doubt about a new employment bill law being enacted this session. He gave notice that he would in future object to Democratic requests for unanimous consent or for time to speak.

"Go to your own leader, the gentleman from Mississippi," he shouted at the top of his voice, "and ask him to stop his filibustering. Ask him to cease his objections and when he stops his objections, I will move to pass the bill then the business of the House will proceed in the usual way. Otherwise, we will transact business in our way in spite of our opponents."

### Exhausts Power to Filibuster.

On the proposition that there should be no general debate on the resolution, the Democrats kept up their filibustering, but without effect. Every subsequent motion by Payne with respect to the disposition of the resolution met with obstruction. Having exhausted all means of obstruction to the resolution and with no desire to oppose its passage, the Democrats turned in and voted with the Republicans to pass the resolution. The resolution was adopted.

Payne moved to adjourn. The Democrats forced the thirteen roll call and by the vote of 131 to 81 the House at 10:05 P. M. adjourned and the struggle for the time being was over.

### SCHOOLS OF CAPITAL CITY

### Senate Would Give Commissioner of Education Control.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The executive session of the Senate today was largely consumed by discussion, without passage of a bill to reorganize the public school system in the District of Columbia by placing it under the control of a director appointed by the National Commission of Education, superseding the control by a Board of Education composed of citizens of the District.

### PINCHOT FINDS A CHAMPION

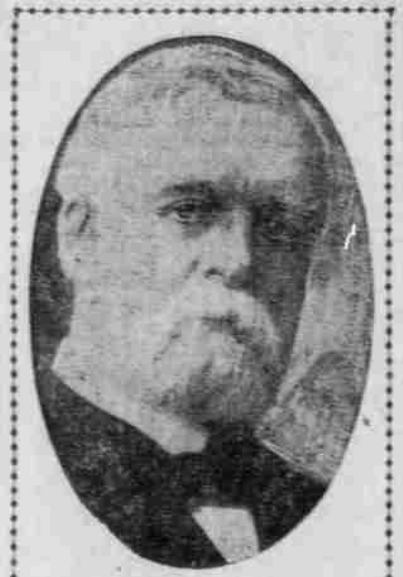
### McLachlan Defends Forester Against Assaults of Californian.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—An echo of the charge by Smith of California, made

last Monday, that Gifford Pinchot, the chief of the Forestry Bureau, had acted improperly with reference to the water rights of Owens River, California, was heard in the House today when McLachlan of California rose to refute the statements. The Forestry Bureau, he declared, had been placed in a false light. He declared that every member of the California delegation except Needham, Smith and Kahn had written the President asking that the reservation be made, and that Pinchot was acting in accordance with the request and the demand of the people of Los Angeles and the request and the demand of the majority of the California delegation.

McLachlan explained that when the matter was presented to the President Kahn was absent and that was why his name did not appear in connection with it.

Smith denied that Mr. McLachlan's statement was in accordance with the facts. The paper sent to the President, he declared, contained no reference to any particular tract, and the signers were not



Representative Serena E. Payne, Republican Leader in House, Who Accepted Democratic Challenge to War.

Jed to believe that it had reference to the Owens River Valley.

### NINE DAYS' STRUGGLE ENDED

### Agricultural Bill Passes With Flurry Over Good Roads.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Carrying a total of \$108,000, the agricultural appropriation bill passed by the House late today. It had been under discussion for nine days and from the time its consideration began until the very end its progress was marked by a hotly fought struggle with the result that it underwent many changes. Just before its passage, Scott, of Kansas, chairman of the agricultural committee, made an unexpected fight to have stricken out the amendment adopted yesterday considerably increasing the appropriation for soil investigations.

### Senate Confirms Hill.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Senate today confirmed the nomination of David Jayne Hill to be Ambassador to Germany. The nominations of Spencer P. Eddy, to be Minister to the Argentine Republic, and Arthur M. Beaupre, of Illinois, to be Minister to The Netherlands, were also confirmed.

### CONTENTS TODAY'S PAPER

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## WIN FORTUNE BY THE OREGONIAN

### Advertisement Secures Fisks Their Own.

### MISSING WITNESSES FOUND

### Violation of Deathbed Promise Is Revealed.

### STEPMOTHER'S BAD FAITH

### Woman Who Nursed Mother in Last Illness Answers Oregonian Advertisement and Restores Million to the Rightful Heirs.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 2.—(Special.) An advertisement in the Oregonian produced a witness whereby two boys have just come into a million dollars wrongfully willed away from them. Judge Roraback of the Superior Court, decided today that the late Eugene D. Fisk, of Chicago, deeded a million dollars' worth of property illegally to his second wife, who formerly was a servant, in favor of Louis and Leonard Fisk, sons of the former Chicago millionaire by his first wife, who was Kate Danzick, daughter of the late Leonard Danzick, also of Chicago.

### Deeds Property to Stepmother.

The sons left Chicago for Connecticut with their father, who after the birth of a child to his second wife, deeded to her the property of their mother, most of which was in Chicago real estate. The beneficiary of Fisk's bequest formerly was Margaret Fugarty. She was employed in the Fisk household before the first wife's demise. After Fisk's marriage to the servant, a union opposed by his sons, his mind failed rapidly. Upon the birth of their first child, who was christened immortal, Fisk declared that the boy was immortal and the rightful King of England.

### Denies Deathbed Promise.

Property which had been left by Fisk's first wife was inventoried as worth \$88,000. When he died two years ago, his sons were left with little of the estate, and they discovered that the property had been deeded to their step-mother. The second Mrs. Fisk, before the estate could be probated, was called upon through court procedure, instigated by Louis and Leonard Fisk, to turn over to them a share of their mother's estate, which had been held in trust for them. They set forth that by a death-bed agreement their mother had stipulated that this amount should be held in trust for them. Mrs. Fisk the second denied knowledge of the death-bed agreement and the suit followed.

### Oregonian Finds Witnesses.

The sons inserted advertisements in various newspapers in the Fall of 1906 for Mary Anderson, a nurse, who attended their mother during her fatal illness in 1881 and who was a witness to

the agreement that their father held in trust for them a share of the estate. After months of waiting, during which the preliminary trial of the case occurred and was decided against the sons, Mary Anderson was discovered.

She saw the advertisement in The Oregonian, Portland, Or., where she had lived for many years, and communicated with the Fisks. She told them that she would testify to the death-bed agreement of their mother and Dr. Fitch, the physician who attended their mother, also would vouch for the fact that was made at the time.

### Boys Get Back Their Own.

Mary Anderson, although 70 years of age, and Dr. Fitch came to New Haven and, when the case came up on appeal, were the principal witnesses. Their testimony resulted in a reversal of the decision of the lower court.



Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Suing for Divorce From Multi-Millionaire Husband.

### PEACE WITH STRONG ARM

### HOW ROOSEVELT WOULD FURTHER THE GOOD CAUSE.

### Must Back Pacific Intentions With Preparedness for War Greater Than Now Exists.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Senator Overman of North Carolina, today introduced to President Roosevelt Payne Day's, president of the North Carolina Peace Society, who invited the President to address the Arbitration and Peace Congress to be held at Wilmington, N. C., the first week in May, this being its first anniversary. The President did not signify whether or not he would be able to attend the congress, but expressed in emphatic language his approval of the programme of the North Carolina Society on adequate armament and effective arbitration. After promising his assistance in every possible way to effectuate this programme, the President said in part:

"As things actually are at the present day, we are helpless to further the cause of peace and effective international arbitration unless to just and peaceful intentions we add a stout heart and strong arm—and this means military and naval preparedness to a far greater degree than is at present the case. With this purpose in view, I am now negotiating arbitration treaties with the various nations of the world and the Senate is ratifying them.

"I most honestly hope at the same time, as an even more important step toward peace, the present Congress will provide for our battleships and a sufficient number of cruisers and for the thorough fortification of Hawaii and Guam."

## TRIES TO FLANK THE PUBLISHERS

### Cannon Comes to Rescue of Paper Duty.

### BLAMES TRUST, NOT TARIFF

### Asks for Information to Show It Controls Price.

### CLARK BOILS WITH ANGER

### Says Republican Editors Should Lash Leaders for Not Repealing Duty. Search for New Materials for Paper.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—In his capacity as a member of the House, Speaker Cannon today introduced a resolution, directing the Attorney-General to transmit to the House the papers bearing on the investigation into the affairs of the print paper trust. This resolution is as follows:

Resolved, That the Attorney-General be directed to transmit to the House, if not in connection with the public service, such papers and information as may be in possession of the Department showing what steps, if any, have been taken to investigate the action of the International Paper Company of New York and other corporations, joint stock companies or corporate companies engaged in the manufacture of wood pulp or print paper or the sale thereof, and what steps have been taken to prevent the sale of such paper or the sale thereof, in violation of the law, in case reasons for such prosecution may have appeared from investigations, information from the Department of Commerce and Labor or otherwise.

### Wants More Information.

A resolution giving similar directions to the Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor was also introduced by the Speaker as follows:

Resolved, That the Department of Commerce and Labor be directed, if not incompatible with the public service, to transmit to the House all papers and information which may be in the possession of the Department relating to any steps which may have been taken by the Bureau of Corporations to make a diligent investigation into the organization, conduct and management of the business of the International Paper Company of New York and other corporations, joint stock companies or corporate companies engaged in the manufacture of wood pulp or print paper or the sale thereof, and to go by law of the United States, and all the papers and information in his department which are the result of such investigation, if any shall be made.

### Cannon Says, "Don't Blame Tariff."

In reply to a question as to the purpose of the resolution, Mr. Cannon said: "The duty on print paper is 13 per cent ad valorem and has been the same since 1890 under the McKinley law, the Wilson law and the Dingley law, covering a period of 18 years. It is claimed that the price has been advanced within the last few months, largely more than equal to the duty.

"The publishers of the United States, represented by Herman Ritter, claim that manufacturers of wood pulp and print paper have, by agreement and combination, been covering arrangement with Canadian manufacturers, arbitrarily limited the production and advanced the price of print paper, the claim of the publishers is correct, the manufacturers of print paper are subject to penalty and the trust can be dissolved and abolished by proceedings in equity in any of the United States courts where they, or any of them, can be found, and if the claim of the publishers is correct, the advance in the price is not due to the duty, but results from the illegal trust and combination. If the duty were repealed, it would not interfere with the illegal trust agreement.

"The object of the two resolutions is to ascertain, first, what investigations the Department of Commerce and Labor, through the Bureau of Corporations, has made, if any, touching on the premises, second, to ascertain what steps have been taken by the Department of Justice, if any, to investigate touching the premises, and if there is reason to believe that the law has been violated or is being violated, what steps are being taken to enforce the same."

### "Lash the Speaker," Says Clark.

Later in the day, Representative Champ Clark, of Missouri, denounced the Speaker and the Republican members of the committee on ways and means for persisting in their refusal to bring in a bill placing wood pulp and white paper on the free list. He said that the Republican editors and publishers, if they were worth the powder and shot to kill them, would lash the Speaker, chairman and the other Republicans of the committee.

"If they don't do it," he exclaimed, "they ought to hold their peace and vote for us in November."

On a point of order by Littlefield, of Maine, there was stricken from the agricultural appropriation bill a paragraph

## BACK FROM THE FROZEN NORTH

### Captain Mikkelsen Explores Wastes.

### TRANSCONTINENTAL SHELF

### Gets Beyond Point Sounding-Line Would Reach.

### GOING TO TRY IT AGAIN

### Has Hopes of Reaching Independent Continent in Beaufort Sea—Obtains Much Valuable Knowledge as to Ocean Currents.

SEATTLE, April 2.—Captain Einar Mikkelsen, who jointly commanded the Anglo-American Polar expedition, which sought to find an undiscovered continent in the Beaufort Sea, arrived from the North today on the Fuzat. Captain Mikkelsen's vessel, the Duceson of Beaufort, was lost in the ice pack near Flaxman Island a year ago. He brings with him a great fund of information concerning the unexplored Beaufort Sea and announces his purpose of fitting out another expedition to continue his search for land.

Ernest de Keyser Löffingwell, who, with Captain Mikkelsen, commanded the expedition, remained at Flaxman Island to continue his scientific work. Captain Mikkelsen started October 18 from Flaxman Island and made the journey along the northern shores of Alaska to Nome, arriving at the latter place January 3. He left Nome with a companion January 18 and journeyed with dog sledges up the Yukon River to Fort Gibbon, and came out by the way of Fairbanks and Valdez.

### Finds Out About Ocean Currents.

Captain Mikkelsen's expedition traced the continental shelf in the Beaufort Sea and ascertained that if land flows beyond the sea it is an independent continent. He has obtained information concerning ocean currents which will be invaluable to him when he makes his attempt to attain the unknown continent.

"Captain Mikkelsen made use of a new idea in polar travel by which he was able to save 90 pounds' weight on his sleds. In the tedious march over the ice hummocks the party frequently came upon open water. Captain Mikkelsen had none of the native kayaks of which Dr. Nansen made such good use, but instead he made his boats when the occasion arose. He strapped a waterproof tarpaulin beneath his sledges and improvised a raft which floated.

### Goes Further Than Planned.

The sledge expedition went further into the unexplored Beaufort Sea than had been planned by the Royal Geographical Society of London and the American Geographical Society of New York, which directed the expedition. They found the continental shelf and learned that beyond this shelf there was water of great depth. It was ascertained that the Beaufort Sea was not a shallow basin as had been supposed.

### SHOOTS WHEN CONVICTED

### INCENDIARY TAKES REVENGE ON HIS PROSECUTORS.

### Kills Detective, Wounds Several Others and Is Riddled With Bullets in Courtroom.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 2.—Found guilty of a charge of arson, Henry F. McDonald, in the courtroom today, shot and killed William E. Dwyer and seriously hurt another man and was himself seriously wounded.

The shooting followed the announcement of the verdict of the jury before which McDonald had been tried on a charge of dynamiting stores and a church in Sanford last year. When the jury reported its verdict, McDonald jumped to his feet and drew a revolver. He fired at Prosecuting Attorney J. A. Cooper, Jr., but missed. Mr. Cooper dodged and McDonald directed his fire at the officers seated around the table. Without an opportunity to defend himself, Detective Dwyer was shot down.

In an instant, instant policemen and deputy sheriffs in the courtroom drew their revolvers and opened fire on McDonald. The convicted man fell with half a dozen bullets in his body. He was taken to a hospital and will recover.

Harvey V. Jones, Superintendent of Police, was shot in the side. Deputy Sheriff Ira Weston sustained a wound in the chin, and a bystander was also struck.

The shooting was the climax of a sensation trial. The Police Department had been active in the case and several officers were in the courtroom to hear the verdict. They had expected a demonstration, but were not expecting such action.

### TWENTY-THREE DROWNED

### English Cruiser Sinks Torpedo-Boat Destroyer During Maneuvers.

PORTSMOUTH, Eng., April 2.—A wireless message received here states that during the night maneuvers in the Channel the cruiser Berwick ran down the torpedo-destroyer Tiger.

The Tiger was cut in half and speedily sank. Boats from the Berwick and the cruiser Gibraltar picked up 22 men, one of whom died later from his injuries. It is believed that the Tiger had a crew of 65 men and that all the others were drowned.

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PRESENT REGISTRATION 27000

WHAT IT SHOULD BE 35000

PUBLIC INTEREST

REGISTRATION 35000