EVELYN THAW TO SUE FOR DIVORCE

Says Thaw Insane When They Married.

THAW OPPOSES SEPARATION

His Mother Not Meddling in Couple's Affairs.

WILLING TO BE LIBERAL

Ample Provision Will Be Made, but She Can Live by Writing, Says O'Reilly-Suit Is Based on Experts' Evidence.

NEW YORK, March 16.- Evelyn Nesbi NEW TORK March 16.—Deelyn Nesbit. Thaw tomorrow will institute proceedings for the annulment of her marriage to Harry K. Thew. The action will be based on the alegation that the defendant was insane when the union was contracted. Thank purposes to defend the suit. The papers will be servede some time to-perrow, and an early trial is expected. In the meantime the two, by mutual agreement, will remain, apart. In official statements by counsel for

In official statements by counsel for both parties tonight was confirmed the ung suspected culmination in the wedded lives of Stanford White's slayer and the woman whose story in his defense brought woman wrose story in his defense brought her an inchappy notoriety as wide as the reading world. For weeks it had been gosselped that a divorce was imminent and even during Thaw's last trial, throughout which his wife stood gamely by him, it was pretty generally believed that, whatever the outcome for the prisoners, the two would never again live togethers.

Thaw's Mother Not Concerned.

These reports were frequently based on rumored opposition to the young woman on the part of the Thaw family. In their statements tonight, however, counsel de-nied that Mrs. William Thaw, Harry's mothere, had taken any part in the pro-posed separation. During the day Colonel Franklin Bartlett, counsel for the elderremain Bartiett, counsel for the elder Mrs. Thaw, made a statement in which he said there was no truth in the reports that detectives employed by Mrs. William Thahw had had her daughter-in-law under surveillance for mondis. As to her possible separation. Colonel Bartlett said:

Family Will Provide for Her.

The mailer is inchoate. There is every disposition on the part of my clients to be absolutely fair and just toward. Evelyn Thaw and to make liberal provision for her support, and even more than that Hary K. Thaw has sought a reconcilation and has not desired that his wife should leave him, has the desired that his wife should leave him, has the desired.

Mr. O'Reilly added to his formal statement that Evelyn Thaw would take the would also be called. He added that, despite his announced determination to de-fend the suit, he believed Thaw would put no serious obstacles in the way of separation, if for no other reason than the gratitude he felt toward his wife for

Evelyn Can Live by Writing.

As to his citent's financial resources, Mr. O'Reilly said he thought she had-funds enough to maintain her during the trial of the case, and as for the future, was capable of earning a large income as

Both lawyers emphatically denied that Evelyn Thaw had been followed by de-tectives, or that she had made any demand upon her husband's mother for a

It is understood the attorneys for Mrs. Thaw will depend upon the evidence of insanity introduced at the last trial of Thaw to prove that he was mentally inompetent at the time to legally contract marriage. Should this be established, the case would be wen for the plaintiff, providing there was not introduced in the defense that Thaw had recovered full possession of his faculties and by con-tinuing the marriage relation gave valid-ity to the original contract. This point the attorney would not discuss tonight. It was, however, pointed out that Thaw having been insure at the tim che led White, has not been declared insane at the present time. Whethelir the matter of his insanity will be determined before the trial for annulment is not known. If it is not, there will be added interest in the probable effect of the resent suit upon the later efforts to get Thaw out of the asylum

BOOM FOREIGN MISSIONS

Great Convention to Promote Young People's Movement.

PITTSBURG, March 10.—With 300 persons actively participating haif of that number being delegates from all parts of the world, the first international convention of the Young People's Missionary Movement convened here today in the music half of the Pittsburg Exposition. The convention represents 14,320,000 persons and is one of the largest gatherings of the kind ever held.

At a session held tonight in Exposition

At a session held tonight in Exposition Hall three miles of moving pictures il-lustrating the missionary fields of the world were shown for the first time. At Old City Hall and several churches throughout the city overflow meetings were held. The meetings today were heid, the hereings today were entausiastic. The devotional exet-were in charge of Rev. John W. president of Occidental College, Angeles, who will also preside during the convention. Addresses were also made by C. C. Michner, of New York, general secretary of the Young People's Missionary Movement of the United

States and Canada; Rev. James I. Vance, Newark, N. J., on the "Resurrection, and on the foreign missionary movement by Kenneth MacLeman, Great Britain, Rev. J. L. Gurdine, Corea, and Rev. Arthur H. Ewing, India.

Purpose of Organization.

Purpose of Organization.

Mr Michner said the organization was incorporated in 1907, the majority of the board of managers always to be officially connected with home and foreign mission boards in the United States and Canada. The object is to assist denominational mission boards, home and foreign, in missionary education. The organizations had extended from the young people's societies, with 5,00,000 members, to the Sunday schools. The plans included provision for missionary instruction in the Sunday schools, putting material at the disposal of Sunday schools.

During the first year of the movement's work about 17,000 persons were enrolled in mission study; the second year approximately 22,000; the third year about 50,000; the fourth year a little over 61,000; last year nearly 100,000; and, based upon the caroliment to the first of January, 1908, it is safe to say that during this mission study year there will be 175,600 persons enrolled in mission study classes in the



Harry Thaw for Divorce,

thurches. The movement provides a

ludes 200,000 volu Trains Leaders and Teachers.

Owing to lack of proper leaders in the churches for mission study classes, Sumner conferences had been organized to leaders and fully 6000 had been trained. Institutes had also been estab-lished in the larger cities, which more than 5000 persons had attended. The various Sunday school bodies are cooperating in plans for missionary in-

struction in Sunday schools, The movement plans to send out dur-ing the Summer of 1968 a number of interdenominational musionary deputations of three men each, with lanters slides, moving pictures and exhibits, who will go to the smaller cities and deliver addresses and display pictures. One man in each deputation will gather together persons in the different churches who will in the next year teach mission study classes; another will instruct in methods of introducing missionary instruction into Sunday schoots

and stands in the position of administer ing to the needs of all churches, thu uniting all missionary organizations for common purposes.

DYNAMITE CAR EXPLODES

Frame Houses Wrecked, but No

Lives Are Lost.

DENVER, Colo., March 10.-A News special from Buford, Wyo., says a car of dynamite exploded there tonight from ome unknown cause, wrecking several frame houses nearby and destroying a number of freight cars. As far as known to noe was killed or injured.

CONTENTS TODAY'S PAPER

The Weather. YESTERDAY'S Maximum, temperature, si degrees; minimum, 32

TODAY'S-Showers and cooler; southerly winds. Foreign.

King Alfonso received with suthusiasm at Barcelona Page Insane man tries to kill King Haakon of Norway, Page Japan ridicules Chinese naval preparations.

National.

House hears speech on trusts and discusses postal affairs. Page 4. Congress broaks away from standpatters and will start tariff revision. Page 1: McCourt appointed District Attorney

Craisers and torpedo-bonts to visit Portland.

Naval officers criticise construction of war-ships. Page 1. sevelt speaks to Mothers' Congress.

Domestic. Evelyn Thaw to sue for divorce; thay to resist. Page 1. Eye-witnesses tell of Alia's crime, Page 4. our negroes lynched in Mississippi Page aroner says some person must suffer pen-sity for Collinwood school fire. Page 3. Beginning of Raymond Hitchcock trial

Great missionary convention opens. Page Eara Meeker coming home with his ox team.

Smithson breaks 70-yard hurdle record.

American auto stuck in anowdrift in Wyom-ing. Page Beavers in fine trim for ballgame today

Schmitz released from jail and reconcited, with Ruef. Page 2

Hency and Langdon answer Ruer's plea for immunity. Page 2. Tevis' agent forced to reveal secrets of water deal. Page 2. Luce tells California Rallroad Commission how he made rates to suit occasion

Tacoma Democrats renominate Mayor Wright Page 6 Crazed father butchers wife and two chil-

dren Page 0.

Harry Crehard pleads guilty and will be sentenced next Wednesday. Page 7. Van Dusen's days as Fish Cor numbered. Page 6.

WORK ON REVISION DURING SUMMER

Congress Breaks From Standpatters.

FEARS ANGER OF THE NATION

Backed by Roosevelt, May Revolt Against Leaders.

HAS HEARD FROM THE WEST

People Want Action, No Campaign Believing Promises La Follette Threatens a Startling Speech.

WASHINGTON, March 10 .- (Special.)—Before the present session of Congress adjourns there is to be action definitely fixing a tariff revision programme and starting the wheels preparatory to the enactment of a bill next year. The action probably will take the form of a resolution in the House, either authorizing the ways and means committee to sit during the Summer or instructing that commit to employ experts to gather data for use when Congress again convenes.

The standpatters who control the ways and means committee at present have not inaugurated the scheme and do not take to it with any feeling There are indications. lowever, that they cannot help it, and that they either may fall gracefully into line or interpose obstacles and suffer defeat for their pains. In the event of a clash, the select coterie of ruling spirits in the House is likely to suffer disruption of its harmonious or ganization because some of its mem-bers are for the action which is sched-

Roosevelt Favors Action.

As late as today Chairman Payne Assistant Standpatter-in-Chief Dalzell gave statements in opposition to having preliminary tariff reform carried on during Congressional recess. But following this the voice of a larger element in the House was heard. developed that President Roosevelt is back of the plan to have some action taken before adjournment, not with the idea of getting any actual results at this session; but with the idea of putting the Republican party on record in a practical way before entering upon the Presidential campaign. It also was made known that the Repub licans of the interior states-especially in the Central West-demand the ac tion favored by the President, being in grave fear of their individual cammake some practical performance to show that business is meant by the promise of revision "after election."

aders is one of the facts made apparen by the latest developments. There is the best of reason for saying at this time that, if pressure be needed to insure the moderate action suggested, it will be forthcoming. If exerted, it will be pretty sure to prove effective:

PORTLAND, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11, 1908.

Head Off Revision Orators.

It is proposed to take the question of revision of the tariff out of the Presi-dential campaign to a great extent by anticiphting in practical form the Reing motive that may cause the stand-patters to submit gracefully is connected with the agitation in favor of a perma-nent tariff commission. There is pending the Beveridge bill on that subject, and Senator LaFollette is preparing a meas ure to be introduced in the near future. Mr. LaFollette further may make a ch which will bristle with data far from agreeable to the over-protected inerests on the eve of a National cam-page. Several influential members of the Republican side desire to forestall



Trial in New York for Crimes

the possible disadvantageous effect that such exposure might have at this par

JAPANESE CONSUL AT HONG-KONG SCOUTS TROUBLE.

Believes Tatsu Will Be Released in Day or Two-Witnesses to Selzure Go to Pekin.

HONGKONG, March 11.-In an inter view today the Japanese Consul laughed at the naval activity in connection with the seizure of the Japanese steamer Tatsu. He believes the Tatsu will be released in a day or two.

The witnesses of th eseigure of the Tatsu have been sent to Pekin. The Tatsu is still held at Whampoa. The Japanese cruiser Idsumi has ar-

Did Yankton Save New Crusoe.

washington, March 10.—The cruiser unless they formance to the Navy Department by wireless early today that she election."

Washington, March 10.—The cruiser Yankton reported to the Navy Department by wireless early today that she early to an arrive at Acapuleo tomorrow night. The Yankton was detached from That the movement for definite action admiral Evans, fleet to go to Indefating the movement for definite action has assumed proportions that are decidedly large and in a large measure concealed until now from the stand-pat to go to Indefating the stand for an American seamon named Jeffs, of Tacoma, Wash. The dispatch did not say whether Jeffs had been made with the Connection of the control of

WHEN JUSTICE IS BLIND

FACTS SLIP OUT DESPITE THE GAG

Serious Defects in Navy, Say Officers.

ALL ARMOR BELTS TOO LOW

Winslow and Key Tell Facts to Senate Committee.

OFFICIALS WERE WARNED

All Evans' Ships Had Armor Under Water-Danger in Ammunition Hoists Explained Before Ex-

all over-draft when they left Hampton Roads. He defended Admiral Rojestven kers of coal, saying that the Russian

Commander Key attempted to direct low and the ammunition hoists as un-safe. He attempted to dispute the testidecided that Commander Key should be heard tomorrow, but that his criticism

Danger of Low Armor-Belt.

The witness was asked to compare certain types of American ships with the contemporary class of British ships. He son and in gunnery said the British ship had made better records for rapid shooting with her battery of 9.2-inch guns then had been made with the Connecticut's 8-inch guns. He thought this achieve-

plosion on Missouri.

WASHINGTON, March 10 .- That there are serious defects in the construction of American battleships was charged tosistant Chief of the Bureau of Navigation of the Navy Department, and Commander A. L. Key, former naval side to President Roosevelt. The former officer said the ships under Admiral Evans were sky for taking the Russian ships into battle with the Japanese with full bunommander could not have done otherwould be compelled to steam.

the form of his own testimony and in-curred the displeasure of the committee on that account. He criticised the ar-mor belt and the gun decks as being too mony of other officers, especially Chief Constructor Capps, but was not permitted to do so. Finally the committee held an executive session, at which it was should be confined to ships and not di-rected against officers.

Captain Winslow, who was the first witness, in defending the Russian Admiral used the fate of the Russian flect as an illustration of the danger of going into action with the armor belt too far under water. At the same time he said that the ships should carry at least twothirds their capacity of coal and full amthirds supply of all stores would make all American battleships too low and therefore the armor belt should be raised. He could not state the exact amount, as it would vary on different ships.

"On what ships now under command of

Admiral Evans is the belt misplaced "All of them." "Misplaced because it is too low?" "Because it is too low." Continuing, Captain Winslow said that the armor belt extended five feet below water on all of the ship in Admiral

Evans' fleet when it left Hampton Roads. and most of them showed less than a foot of armor above the water line. He said that, with two-thirds supply of coal and two-thirds of all other stores on board, the armor belt of all the American battleships would be too far below

the water line This would be the condition in which the ships would go into battle." he said. in reply to questions by Mr. Tillman he witness said he never had written the department concerning the defects he had found in battleship construction but that he knew the faults had been

Paid No Heed to Warnings.

pointed out by other officers.

As to ammunition hoists, Captain Wins-



George P. Wright, Renominated for Mayor by Tacoma Democrats

low said that it was not a question of direct hoists as against two-stage hoists. but entirely a question of safety.
"Well, have we got it?" asked Mr

The witness replied that we had not had safety in the past, but that he was

not familiar with the new direct holsts with automatic shutters. Captain Winslow gave his experience s a member of the board which injuired into the causes of the explosion on the Massachusetts in 1903. In that case it was found that the damage was due to the open turret and the ineffec-

tiveness of the direct hoist, "Naval officers had predicted that just such a catastrophic would occur and the fault should have been corrected then," said Captain Winslow.

"What officer had pointed out the danger?" asked Mr. Tillman. "In 1902 I received a personal letter from Cammander Simms, criticising the Kearsarge and the Kentucky, and saying that there was great danger in the

turrets," replied Captain Winslow. He added that this information had been given to the Department. He said responsibility for the failure to correct the fault, unless it was in the fact that facilities, for the firm expects to operpartment throught frequently shifting the Orient to carry refrigerated meats civilian secretaries.

Witness Gagged by Hale.

Commander Key began by stating that he had a duty to perform not ennot be approved at the Navy Department. He said he expected to show by camparison that there were defects In American ships as to the location of armor belts, the height of freeboard and the character of ammunition hoists, packing-house in South Portland, and that he would be compelled to Although this will bring the packpoint out inaccuracies in the testimony of Rear-Admiral Capps, chief construc tor, and some other officers who have

been before the committee. Chairman Hale told the witness that discussing defects in old types of ships had been laid down by the committee. the yards.

Speed Tests Are Fakes.

The witness took up the subject of not be placed around a fictitious water line, but should be located with regard to the actual line when a vessel is equipped for action. He criticised the speed tests of battleships and declared that the vessels run so light that the test is of no value in ascertaining the actual speed of a vessel when carrying

full armament, crew and stores. "Why should contractors be per mitted to bamboogle the country these fictitious speed tests?" asked Mr.

"They should not. That is just what been trying to show," replied Commander Key.

Considered Inadvisable to Send Battleships to Portland. WASHINGTON, March 19. - Senators

the Navy Department that one or two cruisers and possibly several smaller ships will be sent to Portland in June, during go ahead with the work is the consent the period of the Rose Festival. The department was asked to send buttleships, but decided it was inadvisable to do this The department is now working on plans for distributing the various ships of the Pacific squadron to several Pacific Coast erect points.

Lands to Be Surveyed.

ington, March 10.-The P-nate has passed offensive odor. Every ounce of grease of public land in Idaho, Oregon, Montana offal that is thrown away by and California, regardless of settlement, and requiring the surveys to be made as

HUGE PLANT FOR SOUTH PORTLAND

Independent Packers to Invade Field.

PLAN TO EXPEND \$1,500,000

Schwartzschild & Sulzberger Take Option on Site.

INSIDE THE CITY LIMITS

Council Will Be Asked Today to Grant Biggest Firm Outside the Beef Trust a Franchise to Operate Abattoir.

Schwartzschild & Sulzberger, the biggest independent firm of meat packers in the United States, will build a packing plant in South Portland coating \$1,500,000 if the Council will permit the establishment to be located within the city limits. An ordinance will be presented to the Council today for pas-sage, granting the firm the right to construct and operate a modern packing plant on the present site of the Zimmerman Packing Company's establishment. An option is held on the Zim-merman plant by the Schwartzschild &

Sulzberger Interests. The plant to be erected in South Portland will be a duplicate of the Schwartzschild & Sulzberger establishment in Chicago, one of the most com plete in the world It is thoroughly up to the standard of such plants any where and, although not so large as the Schwartzschild & Sulzberger packing-house in Kansas City, is said to be a model in construction. The capacity of the Portiand establishment will be 10,000 cattle, 25,000 hogs and 15,000 small stock a week.

The completion of the plant will require between a year and 14 months Machinery must be ordered from the East and its manufacture will require at least six months. When the machinery is delivered the erection of the packing-house will be begun, for the machinery must be built into the If the permit desired is given by the Council, the option on the Zimmerman site will be closed at once and

the contract let for the machinery. Fine Wharfage Available.

The choice of the Zimmerman site for a big, modern packing plant is he did not know where to fix the favored by the independent packers on account of the excellent wharfage there was constant change in the De- ate its own steamers from Portland to to foreign markets. Two mammoth steamers, each drawing 35 feet, can He end to end at the big docks, to be erected in front of the plant.

There are said to be few other available sites along the river front that offer such advantages as the tract now under option. Largely on this account, the independent packers will make a strong plea to the Council that they be allowed to construct and operate their

ing establishment within the city limits, the packers contend there will not be a single objectionable feature about the plant. Stockyards will be maintained far outside the city, where he need waste no time in criticising a large farm is now under option to the statements of other officers nor in the Schwartzschild & Sulzberger interests. Only animals to be killed that and instructed him to keep abreast of day will be brought into the abattoir times and follow the lines that and all reserve stock will be kept at

Furthermore, the plant, it is alleged, will not give off any offensive odors. There will not be an ounce of waste in any department, save the water that ta used in washing the carcases. sewerage will escape through air-tight Special ventilating apparatus will be installed, and air escaping from the killing and packing rooms will be passed through vats of bolling tar, thus deodorizing it thoroughly.

Cover 18 Acres.

The establishment, as planned, will cover 18 acres of ground, being equal also to this respect to the Chicago establishment. Construction is to be of the latest improved type, and as is required by the Government regulations affecting abattoirs, Cement floors CRUISERS FOR ROSE FESTIVAL rule so that everything can be washed

clean. J. S. Heisey, Pacific Coast manager for the Schwartzschild & Sulzberger people, who is in Portland, said:

"We are, willing to invest a large Fulton and Bourne have assurance from sum of money in Portland if the Cocit will permit us to operate this plant within the city limits. All we need to of that body, which we feel sure be forthcoming. All objectionable fea-tures that usually attach to a small plant will be entirely eliminated in such an establishment as we propose to

There is absolutely no smell from such a piant as we will build. It will be entirely different from the small slaughter bouses that throw offal out OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU. Wasn; of doors and which causes a strong Heyburn bill, providing for surveys and fat about our plant is used. The smaller plants is made into fertiliber

(Concluded on Page 10.)