MAY VOTE TO RAISE LEGISLATORS' PAI

Question Will Be Submitted to the People at June Election.

\$10 A DAY IS NEW SCALE

If Proposed Amendment to Constitution Is Adopted, Cost of Legislators' Services Will Be Increased \$15,000 a Session.

SALEM, Or., March 1 - (Special.)-Among other questions upon which the people of Oregon will vote at the coming June election is that of increasing the comof members of the Legislature persation of members of the Legislature from \$120 to \$400 for the session. Assuming that regular sessions will consist of 40 days, as in the past, the increase is from \$21 per day to \$10 per day. This smendment was proposed by the last Legislature and has not yet received much attention from the general public.

The measure submitted is an amendment to section 25 of article 4 of the constitution, though by a clerical error the

stitution, though by a clerical error the resolution adopted by the Legislature describes the section as 28. In preparing the bellot title Attorney-General Crawford mentioned this manifest error, so that it cannot be said afterward that there trained be said afterward that there was any misunderstanding as to the section affected. Whether the error will throw doubt upon the validity of the amendment if adopted is a purely legal-question, probably made less serious by reason of the fact that the ballot will show the number of the section intended to be awayded.

Section 29 as it now stands provides that the members of the Legislature shall re-ceive for their services "a sum not ex-ceeding 33 a day from the commencement of the season; but such pay shall not ex-ceed in the aggregate \$120 for per diem sllowance for any one session. When convened in extra session by the Gov-ernor, they shall receive \$3 per day; but no extra session shall continue for a longer period than 20 days. They shall also receive \$5 for every 20 miles they shall travel in going to and returning from their place of meeting on the most usual route. The presiding officers of the assembly shall, by virtue of their office, receive an additional compensation equal to two-thirds of their per diem allowance

The presiding officers receive, therefore, 5 per day, or \$300 for the session. The alliesge amounts to 15 cents per mile raveled. A member from Portland retraveled. A member from Portland receives \$15.90 as mileage. A member from
Jackson County receives about \$3 mileage, a member from Baker County \$122
and one from Curry \$168 as mileage. The
mileage allowance more than pays traveling expenses for one trip but members
from Western Oregon counties and from
Bastern Oregon counties along the railjoad usually make two or three trips
home during the session, so that their
mileage is more than used up. In the past mileage is more than used up. In the past members have as a rule traveled upon passes, so that miless they had to travel on stages or steamboats their mileage allowance was practically additional con pensation.

Text of Amendment.

The proposed amendment provides:
Section 29. The members of the Legislative Assembly shall receive for their services the sum of four hundred dallars as zer dism for such session. When convened in extra session by the Governor, they shall receive ton (\$100 dellars per day, had no extra session shall continue for a longer period than 20 days. They shall also receive their actual traveling expenses in going and returning from their place of meeting, on the meet usual route. The presiding officers of the Assembly. route. The presiding officers of the Assembly shall, in virtue of their office, receive an additional compensation equal to two-fifths of their per dism allowance as members.

This arrendment proposes several changes in the section. First—The In-

changes in the section. First—The increase in the amount of compensation generally. Then it is provided that presiding officers shall receive an additional compensation of two-fifths of the regular compensation. Presiding officers would receive \$14 a day, or, rather, \$560 for the session. Under the present constitutional provision the compensation is by the day, with a \$120 limitation. The proposed amendment allows \$460 for the session, whether it be 46 days or less, or more, Experience has shown, however, that a Legislature can scarcely get through its work in less than 40 days, which includes Sgndays and other days upon which no

Experience has shown, however, that a Legislature can scarcely get through its work in less than 40 days, which includes Sandays and other days upon which no meetings are held. It is possible, of course, that if the new amendment should be adopted and the members receive a fixed amount, regardless of the length of the session, they might introduce a smaller number of bills and get through in less time than 40 days.

Another change is that instead of receiving is cents a mile for traveling expenses, the members would receive, under the proposed amendment, the actual amount expended by them in going to and from the capital. While the term, "actual traveling expenses," is an indefinite one, usage in this state has made it mean all necessary expenses while traveling. It would include not only railroad and stage fase, but meals on trains, hotel bills and sleepling-car fares, while traveling. The proposed plan would probably cost the state a little less than the present system of paying it cents a mile, but the difference would not be enough to make it an item worth considering in determining upon the merits of the measure. In this connection the proposed amendment that some bearing upon the compulsory pass bill, for if that bill should be adopted and the railroads should bring themselves under its provisions and should recognize its validity, the mempers of the Legislature would not have to reinburse them for railroad fares.

Present Pay \$3 a Day.

Present Pay \$3 a Day.

The chief argument advanced in favor amendment is that members of of the amendment is that members of the Legislature do not now receive enough, as a member cannot live at Salem for less than II a day during the Legislature and many of them mirt pay more than that in order to get desirable rooms and board. It is, therefore, urged that a poor man cannot afford to run for the Legislature, for he would not only be out his commander expenses but would be out his campaign expenses, but would receive to little pay that he could not afford to accept. The argument is made that the compensation should be large enough to reimburse the average business man for the time he takes away from his business in attending the Legislature. On the other hand, it is argued that the office is one that should be sought for the honor there is in it and not for the

pay; that to serve in the Legislature when oalled upon to do so is a duly which every citizen owes to his state and that he should be satisfied with more reimbursement for his necessary expenses, whilch, it is said, the \$2 a day will cover-The argument as to the poor man not being permitted to run for the Legisla-ture is answered by the assertion that if being permitted to run for the Legisla-ture is answered by the assertion that if a man has not made a sufficient success of his private business to enable him to pay legitimate campaign expenses he is not a proper man to serve in the Legis-

lature. If he is a desirable man for the Legislature, it is urged, his qualifications will have become known to his neighbors and it will not be necessary for him to incur heavy campaign expenses.

It is also asserted that successful business men-men of means-will not be attracted to the Legislature by a compensation of \$400 any more than they would be by a compensation of \$100. It has been argued, too, that the poor man who goes to the Legislature and receives only \$120 for his time and expense, is tempted to take money from corporations and special interests in order to make the service profitable financially and that if he were receiving \$400 from the state he would not feel this temptation. On the other hand it is declared that a man who would sell himself at all would do so whether the state paid him \$120 or \$400.

Against the measure, it is asserted that any state in the compensation to \$10 a day Against the measure, it is asserted that

increasing the compensation to \$10 a day will attract many men who will want to go to the Legislature for the money alone, while if the compensation be left at \$1 a day only those will seek election who have a desire to serve the state.
Under the present section, the expenditure for per diem of members of the
Legislature is \$16.800 per session. Under
the proposed amendment it would be \$36.

PLAN SURPRISE FOR EVANS

TITLE OF VICE-ADMIRAL TO BE AWARDED.

If Congress Acts Promptly, Commission Will Be Offered as Hero Enters Golden Gate.

WASHINGTON, March 1.-In a WASHINGTON, March 1.—In a quiet way naval officers in Washington are endeavoring to arrange an agreeable surprise for Admiral Evans when the battleship fleet under his command saits through the Golden Gate, completing the Pacific cruise. It is proposed to greet the Rear-Admiral with a commission as Vice-Admiral of the American Navy. Of course, the success of this undertaking ourse, the success of this undertaking lepends upon Congress, but the Presi dent has done his part in making a proper recommendation to that body for the re-establishment of that naval grade, and it is not doubted that Congress can be induced to act upon the recommenda-tion in season to insure the issue of Admiral Evans' commission, so that he may bear the title of Vice-Admiral for the few months that intervene between his arrival at San Francisco and his re

trement from active service.

The naval argument in support of the proposed re-establishment of the grade of Vice-Admiral is strongly reinforced by a comparison made at the Navy Department between the British home fleet engaged in the maneuvers of last Fall and the splendid battleship fleet commanded by Rear-Admiral Evans. The British fleet, composed of 25 battleships, 15 armored crulsers, nine protected crulsers, and Transport of these processes of the second crulsers and Transport of these processes are the second crulsers. ed cruisers and 57 torpedo craft, was commanded by one Admiral, three Vice-Admirals, seven Rear-Admirals and one

The American fleet when it is fully assembled in San Francisco harbor will consists of 19 battleships, 8 armored cruisers, 3 protected cruisers and a large number of supply ships, colliers and re-pair ships, nine destroyers and five torpedo-boats, commanded by only four Rear-Admirals.

TAFT SPEAKS ON TARIFF

Work of Y. M. C. A. Nominal Subject of the Address.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 1.-Sec string of War Tatt addressed an audience of more than 2000 persons in the Court Square Theater this afternoon. He spoke upon the tariff, and took the work of the Y. M. C. A. as sis subject.

MILLBURY, Mass., March 1.—Secretary Taft arrived in Milhury tonight and went to the home of his aunt, Miss Delta C. Torrey, where he will spend the

Miss Torrey occupies the old home stead, which was formerly the residence of Samuel D. Torrey, Secretary Taft's grandfather, and where Mgs. Louisa Taft, mother of the Secretary, passed Taft, mother her last days.

OHIOANS OUT FOR REVISION

Republican Convention Will Declare for Special Session Work.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Marc... i.—The Republican State Convention, which will meet here on Tuesday next, will declare for revision of the tariff, if present plans are carried out. The platform is not entirely formulated as yet, and it is, of course, entirely possible that many changes will be made in it

that many changes will be made in it before final adoption by the convention. The prospect is, however, that the declaration will be "for revision of the tariff along protective lines, at a special meeting of the next Congress." The policies of President Roosevelt will be upheld and Taft will be indorsed. The advance guard of the convention commenced to straggle into the city today, but the great number of delegates is not expected before tomorrow. All the candidates are on the ground and they are sifficiently numerous in themselves to constitute a formidable array.

The convention will name candidates

The convention will name candidates for Governor and other State offices, and four delegates-at-large to the Re-publican National Convention. Gov-ernor Harris will be renominated by ac-

clamation. The four delegates-at-large to the Republican convention will be Myron r. Herrick, Cleveland: Charles H. Taft, Cincinnati, A. I. Vorbys, Lancaster, and Governor Andrew L. Harris, of Eaton. It is understood that there will be no "slate" prepared for the convention, and that the fight for all the offices will be

Neither Senator Foraker nor Senator

HUGHES RESOLUTIONS READY

Woodruff Will Move Indorsement by New York Convention.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Timothy L. Woodruff, chairman of the Republican State Committee, before starting for Atlantic City today, drew a rough draft of resolutions indorsing Governor Hughes for the Presidential nomination, which he will introduce at the meeting of the Republican State Convention on Saturday. The resolutions will also contain an indorsement of the administration of President Roosevelt.

In addition to indorsing Governor

President Roosevelt.

In addition to indersing Governor Hughes' nomination, the resolutions, it is understood, will pledge the support of the State Committee and express the opinion that the delegates to the National Convention be instructed for Hughes.

Duchess of Marlborough Coming.

LIVERPOOL March 1 .- The Duchess



Cipman, Wolfe & Co.

Values Up to \$1.00 Yard, Today 25c

MONDAY morning, the sale beginning at 8 o'clock sharp, we offer the most sensational embroidery event of the year—an opportunity to purchase your needs for the entire season. There is an unsurpassed assortment of new embroideries, 8 to 22 inches wide, made of excellent quality Swiss, nainsook, batiste and cambric. Included in the lot are corset cover, flouncing, edging, insertion and shirtwaist embroidery - dainty patterns in shadow embroidery, floral, scroll and open effects. Without doubt the greatest values and the great-

est quantities ever offered by any Portland store. Values to \$1.00, Monday sale..... Extra clerks, cashiers and wrappers to wait on you. No mail orders, none C.O.D., no phone orders, none reserved

Regular \$7.50 Lingerie Waists, \$5.75 Each

Linen Waists of fine sheer white lawn, elaborately trimmed with rows of fine Valenciennes insertion; the yoke is made with fine pin tucking and embroidered medallions; \$5.75 elbow sleeves, with lace insertions and medallions; selling regularly at \$7.50. Hundreds of New Waists now here to select from—Jap Silk Waists, Net Waists, Silk Waists, Messalin Waists, Tailor-made Waists, Lingeric Waists, Lawn Waists, in fact all that is new in the waist line

Short Covert Jackets Again in Vogue-\$10

Short Covert Jackets are again in vogue; tight-fitting styles, semi-fitted and box coat styles. We have received bundreds by express during the past few days, and are now ready to offer them at very attractive prices. For today we will offer two styles at \$10. Made of fine double-twisted covert cloth, in a medium shade of tan, in fly front, or but-\$10.00 toned-through style; notched collar, fitted back and satin-lined, at

China Will Surrender the Steamer Tatsu Maru.

APOLOGY IS DEMANDED

Mikado's Government Also Seeks Indemnity-Cruiser Idzumi Sent to Chinese Waters to Investigate Seizure of Steamer.

PEKIN, March L-It is announced that the Chinese government will surrender the Japanese steamer Tatsu Maru, which was seized on February 7 by the Chinese customs cruisers outside of Macao while unloading a large consignment of rifles and ammunition, the rifles numbering several thousand. It was originally charged that an attempt was being made to bring war supplies into China for revolutionists.

The statement is made by officials in the Chinese government that a conspiracy to the chinese government that a conspiracy is constituted to the chinese government that a conspiracy is constituted to the chinese government that a conspiracy is constituted to the chinese government that a conspiracy is constituted to the chinese that a conspiracy is constituted to the chinese that a conspiracy is constituted to the chinese that a conspiracy constitute that a conspiracy constitute that a cons

is on foot to import seven or eight thousand rifles and ammunition therefor and the government believes the munitions on the Tatsu Maru were intended for rebels on the Tonking border, but it has not been able to prove the act of converting. smuggling.

A despatch from Tokio yesterday stated that the Japanese government was maintaining a determined attitude with regard to the seizure by the Chinese of the Tatsu Maru, and that it will de-mand both an apology and an indemnity from China. It was stated also in this despatch that the Chinese foreign office wished to submit the entire question to a mixed court. To this, however, the Japanese government would not consent

Japanese government would not consent until the vessel was first released.

The Toklo statement declared that the Tatsu Maru was regularly cleared from Kobe with a consignment of arms and ammunition for Macao, and that the Portuguese minister at Peklu supported the contention of the Japanese minister of foreign affairs, that the vessel was seized in Portuguese waters.

The armored cruiser Idrami sailed on Friday from Shanghai for Hongkong, her object being understood to be the investi-

object being understood to be the investi-gation of the seizure of the Tatsu Maru,

JAPAN IS VERY MUCH EXCITED

Seizure of Steamer Regarded as Sufficient Cause for War.

VICTORIA, B. C., March 1 .- China has seriously involved herself with both Japan and Portugal by the seizure of the Japanese steamer Tatsu Maru No. 2, 10 miles off Macao, according to advices received by the steamer Empress of Japan. which arrived tonight from Yokohama, and unless immediate and substantial reparation is made Japan is disposed to consider the matter a causus belli. Ar-rivals by the Empress of Japan say considerable excitement prevalls in Japan regarding the seizure, especially follow-ing upon a number of questions which have recently arisen between Japan and

When the Tatsu Maru left Japan telegrams in cipher were sent the Chinese government, in consequence of which the Chinese guvernment, in consequence of which the Chinese guntary of foreign drilled troops on board, put to sea under sealed orders, and the Chinese revenue cutter Lung Tsing and three gunboats joided her. The Tatsu Maru was found hove to 16 miles off Macao, in Chinese waters, awaiting a pilot to get to the Portuguese port. The schooner was selzed and 1500 rifles and 40,000 rounds of ammunition which were manifested, and 750 rifles not manifested, which were secreted, were taken. The Chinese commandant, Captain Wu, hauled down the Japanese flag and replaced it with the dragon flag, and placed armed forces on board. A Portuguese junk with some Portuguese troops When the Tatsu Maru left Japan tele-

placed it with the dragon hag, and placed armed forces on board. A Portuguese junk with some Portuguese troops on board went out to assist the Japanese steamer, but was prevented from communicating with her by the Chinese, owing to which strong protests are being made by the Portuguese officials.

All communication was prevented. The war munitions, which Chinese say were intended for Chinese rebels, were consigned by ways & Co. the Kobe firm interested in the big Japanese mine on Queen Charlotte Island, B. C., to Kwong Bo & Co., a Chinese firm of Macao, and shippers, agents and consignees have engaged a Portuguese lawyer to make representations against the seizure.

Meanwhile the seized Taisu Maru was taken to Canton under seizure. The ship's agents contend that she was legally within her rights in taking arms to Macao, but the Chinese claim they found her endeavoring to land the arms surreptitiously. Aways, head of the firm

nent, being formerly a member of the House of Representatives, and the Japa-ness government has, on his representations, taken up the case very strongly. The Taixu Maru is guarded by six Chinese gunboats and, two torpedo-boats at

VIEW FACE OF DEAD PRIEST

Ten Thousand Persons Brave Sleet Storm to Do Him Last Honor.

PATERSON, N. J., March L.-Ten housand persons today looked upor the face of Rev. Father Leo Heinrichs at St. Bonaventure monastery, In which the murdered priest was for years the pastor.

The Lody lay in state from noon until 11 o'clock tonight, and during these hours an unbroken procession of mourners passed the bler. So great was the throng that a detail of 50 police men was required to maintain the formations of two lines that extended for blocks. Through a succession of snow, sleet and rain storms, outside, the parishioners stood for hours patiently

waiting their turn. There was no un-toward demonstration. Because of falling health, Father Leo was transferred last September to Denver, where at the chancel rail of St. Elizabeth's church tast Sunday, he was shot and killed by the avowed anarch-ist known as Gluseppe Allo. The fu-neral will be held tomorrow morning. Intermen, will be in the plot, of the Franciscan monks in Holy Sepulchre Cemetery on the outskirts of the city.

CHURCH TOPIC IN DENVER

Ministers All Refer to Last Sunday's

of Rev. Father Leo Heinrichs by the Italian anarchist. Gluseppe Alio, which occurred in this city one week ago, while the priest was giving the sacrament in St. Elizabeth's church. All the ministers referred to the murder as a most dastardly crime. In this connection, several preachers took advantage of the to criticise the newspapers toward sensationalism.

FRAME DRY-FARMING BILL

Western Congressmen Agree on Compromise Measure. OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash-

ington, March 1.—A meeting to discuss dry farming Legislative measures, held ory farming Legislative measures, held today, was attended by Representatives and Senators from Gregon, Colorado, Washington, Wyoming, Utah, Nevada and Montana. Bills which have been introduced by Senators Smoot and Dixon and Representative Mondell to enlarge the homestead area and establish so-called dry farming homesteads were discussed and features adopted from each which will be framed in a new bill upon which it is expected all Western members will unite. The new bill will fix the area of homesteads at 330 acres, make the law applicable to all arid land states, will require residence of the entryman upon his homestead, excepting in Utah, will not permit commutation and will require cultivation and proof of certain value of improvements. The bill agreed upon will be pushed to passage if possible this homestead area and establish so-called pushed to passage if possible this

TILMON FORD DEAD

Prominent Oregon Lawyer Succumbs to Paralysis

AT HIS HOME IN SALEM

Death Ends Career of Man Known as Leader of the Bar, Bril-

liant Orator and Active Politician.

SALEM. Or. March 1.—(Special.)—
Tilmon Ford, for many years recognized as the leading member of the
bar in the Willamette Valley, died this
afternoon at the home of his cousin.
W. M. Kaiser, of this city. He had
been ill about three weeks, suffering
from an attack of paralysis. The funeral will be conducted at 2 P. M. Tuesday from the Congregational Church.
Rev. P. S. Knight officiating. The remains will be buried in Oddfellows
Cemetery. The services at the grave
will be conducted by the order of Oddfellows, of which the deceased was a
member. SALEM, Or., March 1 .- (Special.)-

Mr. Ford was born in Missouri Mr. Ford was born in Missouri in 1843, while his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Ford, were crossing the plains to Oregon. The family arrived in Oregon in the Fall of that year and settled on a farm north of this city, where Tilmon spent his boyhood days. He was educated in the common schools and at Willamette, University, from which institution he was graduated in 1879, the studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1874.

Career at the Bar.

Taking up the practice of his chosen profession in this city, Mr. Ford soon won recognition as a reliable legal adviser, a tactful trial lawyer and au orator of unusual ability. Like most of the old school of attorneys, he spent little time searching for precedents, but was well grounded in the principles of little time searching for precedents, but was well grounded in the principles of law and equity. Though he was very frequently employed to defend important criminal cases, he never based his defense upon unimportant technicalities. His skill in clearly presenting facts to a jury made him a airong advocate in the trial of cases upon the merits. The suits which brought him most to public attention were the damage cases against the Southern Pacific arising from the wreck of a passenger train at Lake Labish in the early 30s. He was attorney for hearly all the claimants, and won every case.

His ability as a public speaker made Mr. Ford a strong factor in politics and he served two terms in the Legislature from this county, one in the early 30s and the other in 1893. He was chosen one of the Presidential Electors from

one of the Presidential Electors from Oregon in 1906. As a stump speaker he presented convincing arguments in an entertaining manner, and was one of the most popular Republicar campaign speakers in the state.

Gave to Willamette.

Mr. Ford's law practice brought him a large income, which he invested in farms, and in recent years he devoted farms, and in recent years he devoted in the carbarns, and in recent years he devoted much of his time to the management of his ranches. In all business relations, whether in his personal affairs or his work as an attorney, he enjoyed a on the blazing building the fire did not

is understood that in recent years made liberal donations to William-te University, but with the agreement at his contributions should not be

made known.

Mr. Ford left one sister and two brothers: Dr. Angie Ford Warren, of Portland; Charles D. Ford, of Sestile, and Frank Ford, of ochester, Mont.

BRUTAL CRIME IN LOWELL Former Friend Held for Murder of

Plumber's Helper.

LOWELL, Mass., March 1.-Joseph Gailloux, 37 years old, a plumber's helper

Gailloux. 37 years old, a plumber's helper, was found dead in the shop of his employer today with his head and face covered with outs and bruises, his mouth burned, as though an attempt had been made to pour liquid poison into it, and the room filled with gases escaping from an open jet.

A former room-mate, Napoleon Rivet, 25 years old, has been arrested on suspicion. Rivet denies all knowledge of the probable murder and no motive for the crime has thus far been discover 4. It was learned that up to last Friday night Gailloux and Rivet roomed together, but nothing had been seen of Rivet there since that time, it was further learned that two years ago Gailloux turned over a \$1000 life insurance policy to Rivet. The latter is held pending a further investigation. further investigation.

POLICE GUARD CHURCHES

Extra Precautions in Chicago Be cause of Recent Threats.

CHICAGO, March L-Details of policy vere stationed during early mass in all of the Roman Catholic churches here today because of threats against the lives of priests in letters received since the Denver tragedy. The guards, who wore citizens clothing, closely scrutinized every person was entered the churches where trouble was feared, and after the services began, occupied posts close to the altar. Special precautions were taken in Italian churches in all parts of the city and in several Bohemian churches, be-cause of the anti-cierical feeling known to exist among persons of those nationalities in Chicago. Less attention was paid to the large cathedrals because of the number of policemen always in attendance at services in them. No disturbance was reported at any of the churches.

FIRE DESTROYS CARBARNS

Paint Factory Also Burned at New York City.

NEW YORK, March 1.-Two fires that NEW YORK, March 1.—Two fires that brought out all the fire apparatus in the upper section of the city and raged in lively fashion from midnight until dawn today, burned down the carbarns of the New York City Railway Company on Second avenue in Harlem, and the paint factory of George W. Grote & Company, only a few blocks distant. There were 740 surface cars burned in the destruction of the barns and the loss to the company is estimated at \$2.50,000. The loss on the paint factory is given as \$155,000. It was the railway people's second.

It was the railway people's second serious fire within the year, the former blaze having destroyed the Madison ave-

floors to the ground. The fire started in a paint shop on the second floor.

During the progress of the fire the police ordered scores of families, itving opposite the barns, to leave the tenements. While the apparatus was at the carbaru fire two alarms were turned in for a recognition for the two carbarus. for a speciacular fire in the paint fac-tory of George W. Grote & Company, occupying a four-story building. The paints and oils blazed furiously and within a short time the building was in

FIRST CARS REACH IOWA

American Auto Stops for Night Near Marshalltown.

DES MOINES, March 1.-The American car in the New-York-to-Paris race broke out at Belic Plaine, just east of Mar-shalltown and will stay there, it is reported, for the night.

CLINTON, Ia., March L-The French car No. 1 stopped here a moment this afternoon to take on a pilot and left for the West at 3:29 o'clock The Italian car passed through Clinton at 4:08 P. M., stopping only to take on a pilot.

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., March L-The German car and the French car No. 2 arrived here at noon and departed for Chicago an hour later.

Army Car at Omaha.

OMAHA Neb. March 1 - The Army car, which is making a fast run from New York to Fort Leavenworth, arrived here at 5:5 o'clock this afternoon and left three hours later for Lincoln. For the first time since it left New York the car was thoroughly cleaned at a local garage. The fourth set of tires were put on.

NEW YORK DENTISTS

4TH AND MORRISON STS., PORTLAND, OREGON.

CHALLENGE THE WORLD

No charge for Pninless Extraction when other work is ordered. We were the first and only Eastern Specialists to advertise and do first-class dentistry absolutely without pain at moderate prices.

We have always associated with us the world's most Famous Dental Experts.

Do not be misted by unscrupulous advertisers who resort to scare-head advertisers who resort to scare-head advertisements to entice the unwary to their offices.

Pay no fancy fees until you have consulted us. Our continued success is due to the uniformly high-grade work done by gentlemanity operators. We make a perfect set of teeth for \$5.00.

When they are made by the

\$5.00. When they are made by the



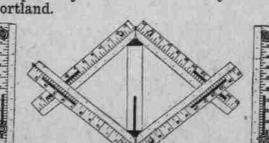
They guarantee for 10 years
Gold Fillings \$1.00
Gold Fillings 5.00
Silver Fillings 5.00
joid Crowns, 22k 5.00
We are making a specialty of
Porcelain Bridge Work,
Largest and best equipped dental
establishment in the world.
DR. A. C. FROOM, PROPRIETOR
Hours 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Independent Furniture Co.



Complete House Furnishers-Cash or Easy Payments-104-106 First Street Green Front Building, between Washington and Stark streets-the most reasonable price

furniture store in Portland. We are not in the Furniture Trust. If you need any Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Linoleum or other House Furnishings, come to see us-we will treat you better and please you better than any other store in Portland.



This cut shows the same Curtain Stretcher partly closed to be put away.