BELLE WAYMIRE TELLS HER STORY

Defendant in Conspiracy Case Strong Witness in Her Own Behalf.

EVADES TRAPS OF LAWYERS

Matches Wits With Attorneys for Prosecution in Cross-Examination. Displays Marked Dramatic Ability in Denying Charges.

Mrs. Belle Waymire gave to the jury in the State Circuit Court yesterday her story of the dramatic episode in Mayor Lane's private office on September 28, which resulted in her arrest on a charge of conspiracy to blacken that official's reputation. She was clear, graphic, plausible, convincing. More than that, she was clever. The intricacies of cross-examination were mere child's play to her.

In every essential her story was different from that told earlier in the trial by Mayor Lane. It was embellished with a wealth of detail, not one word of which was improbable or strained. If the woman was lying, her sense of intrigue and faculty for creating detail are infinite. If she was telling the truth, few women have been more grossly wronged.

Her story made a decided impression on the jury. The 12 men who are hearing the case became oblivious to everything else during her direct examination. Several of them even leaned forward in their interest, notwithstanding the fact that they were less than a dozen feet away.

Could an actress of ability have been assigned to assume the role of Mrs. Waymire defending herself on the witness-stand under such a charge, that actress must have demeaned herself very much as the accused did. Not that she was dramatic, any more than would a real artist be dramatic in depicting such a role. She was earnest, quiet, alert. Now and then there was a flash of feeling. She lost her patience under the torment of cross-examination or dispensed a tear or two in touching on some hard point of her experiences.

Shows Fine Repression.

Throughout her testimony, though, her manner was marked by a fine repression which made it more effective.

Her personal appearance, too, was in her favor. She was neatly dressed in a stylish tailored suit. In face and figure she was more than good-looking, but without approach to beauty. Her round, rather fleshy face, large eyes and countenance free from lines of character, gave her something the appearance of a big doll. It was an intelligent but not refined face. Her ample mouth showed both a quick temper and a well-defined sense of humor, and the jury got to see both of those qualities before the day was done.

Cross-examination failed completely, so far as getting her entangled in any traps. But the cross-examination was made to serve its useful purpose. Finding he was gaining little by going over the story with the woman, Special Prosecutor Malarkey adopted new tactics. The woman did not see through his plan, and there was no way for her advisers to let her know. He set out to give the jury a more intimate knowledge of the kind of woman that was being dealt with. He provoked her into little tempests of fury. He even used the spectators in his plan by working the woman into a fury and then asking some question that would convulse the rabble outside the rail. Mrs. Waymire would forget her mood and join in the laughter with the others.

Mirth Hurts Her Story.

It hurt the effect of her story. And then the mob would laugh all the louder, all unconscious of the fact that it was being manipulated for the attorney's ends. Mrs. Waymire's little fits of temper and her quick transitions from frowns to broad, hearty smiles were the one weak point.

Her ordeal on the stand took up substantially all day. Three minor witnesses were sandwiched in at noontime, but the defense concentrated itself on the woman, trusting to the effect of her story to dispel the strong case made by the state and thus pave a way for the better reception of consequent testimony. Attorneys Logan, Fouts and McGarry clearly showed good judgment in opening their case in that manner.

Not until Monday will the case be renewed, as today is a legal holiday. The defense expects to finish its case Monday. Arguments should be completed in time for the jury to get the case Tuesday; or it is possible that a late session will be held Monday night in order to finish.

E. E. Radding, the woman's alleged accomplice, is to be the other important witness for the defense. In fact, it is hinted that Radding's testimony may be quite the feature of the trial. That worthy has very little reputation to lose in any event and it is learned from an authoritative source that he does not intend sparing himself except as to the charge against him in this case. It is said he will say that he was shadowing quite another woman than Mrs. Waymire to the Mayor's office.

State Rests Case.

The state rested immediately after the calling of court but later called T. G. Greene, of the Executive Board, to the stand to tell how it was he came to sign the complaint against Radding and Mrs. Waymire. The state had some other witnesses of small importance in mind but did not call them.

As soon as Mr. Malarkey stated that the state would rest Mr. Logan got up and asked for dismissal of the case on peremptory instructions to the jury on the ground that the state had failed to make out a case. This was a mere matter of form, no doubt intended more to impress the jurors than in any real hope of a favorable ruling. Judge Gantenbein promptly overruled the motion and directed that the defense proceed with its case.

"We will call Mrs. Waymire," said Logan, and there was an expectant buzz of interest among the scandal mongers who packed the courtroom. But the buzz quickly changed to silence under the gavel of the comically stern and officious bailiff.

Mrs. Waymire's story was the same as that given by her on the occasion of her preliminary examination in the Municipal Court. In response to questions she described her meeting with Mayor Lane, saying she went to him for assistance in getting back her child who was in possession of her husband's parents in a small Kansas town. The Mayor was very friendly and showed an unusual interest in her, calling her by endearing terms but on account of his age she said she thought it was only a fatherly interest in her.

Tells of the Climax.

She came to a different conclusion about his intentions about a week before the climax came, she said. That was when she called at the private office in the Hamilton building to get that much-vaunted letter of introduction and recommendation, on Tuesday night. As she was leaving, she said, Dr. Lane put his arm about her neck and tried to kiss her. She said she broke away, whereupon the Mayor apologized, said he was an old fool and advised her that she would be doing quite the proper thing to take a brick and "break his old head" with it.

She went into minute detail as regards the final conflict in the Mayor's office, saying he attacked her like a madman, so that she was forced to kick him in order to get free. The struggle occurred after he had locked the door into the reception room, drawn her to sofa, ostensibly to talk to her, and had removed her hat, tossing it on the operating table.

When he attacked her she said she threatened to scream and that he throttled her by forcing his arm and breast over her throat and mouth. It was then that she kicked him and when he removed his arm commenced screaming.

"Babe, babe! Be still; what on earth are you doing? Do you want to rouse the whole building?" are the remarks Mrs. Waymire accredited to the Mayor, saying he made them when she commenced screaming. It was told with forceful earnestness as the woman leaned towards the jury and addressed herself to the 12 men. She was quite as earnest and seemingly as frank and sincere as was the Mayor when, two days before, he told the same jury that what he said was, "Woman! woman! Are you crazy? Damn you let go of me!"

Talked With Her Lover.

After the door was broken in and she left the place the woman said she went first to her temporary quarters in the Marquam rooming-house and then decided to leave. She talked the matter over with her sweetheart, Bell, and with Radding, and later took the car for Vancouver, Wash., where she remained at a rooming-house until arrested.

She was asked to identify letters received from Radding while he was in Seattle on a trip. These letters were then offered by the defense as evidence but their benefit would seem to be obscure. They were intended to show Radding's devotion for the woman and his willingness to yield to the suit of the more favored Bell. Teeming with affectionate and extravagant terms they showed that Radding must indeed have been smitten, or else he had a weakness for writing endearing letters.

It was claimed by the defense that these letters showed Radding was too much in love with the woman to have sought to compromise her by involving her in a dangerous plot to ruin the Mayor's reputation. Mrs. Waymire said she answered but three of these epistles.

Cross examination was taken up by Mr. Malarkey and continued until noon. The woman was led over and over the story. She was positive on every detail. When some question was asked that she did not fancy she would, in the cleverest kind of way, make out to speak, but in fact remain silent until Mr. Fouts or Mr. Logan had time to jump up with an objection.

Newspaper Men on Stand.

At the opening of the afternoon session two witnesses were interposed to show how the news of the trouble in Mayor Lane's office was made public. E. B. Piper, managing editor of The Oregonian, said in response to questions that the Mayor called on him on the night in question and told of the affair. Horace E. Thomas, a reporter, told of having taken the Mayor's statement of the affair on the same occasion. In response to further questioning, Mr. Thomas also told of having been present at the meeting of the Fire Board on September 26 and said he recalled that the Mayor excused himself between 5:30 and 6 P. M., saying it was not possible for him to remain any longer.

The Mayor could not recall that incident when on the stand Thursday.

Mrs. Waymire then took the stand again and Mr. Malarkey proceeded with his cross-examination. She was asked particularly about her relations with Radding and Bell. She admitted that Bell registered at the same hotel in Vancouver with her on the night she fled from the city and that he registered as her brother and took an adjoining room. She denied having known how he registered at the time. Efforts to bring out any facts concerning her life in Missouri failed as no reference to that was made in direct examination.

Neither side essayed to go into the respective "characters" of their clients and thus far the letters relating to Mrs. Waymire's past have remained in Malarkey's pocket.

"When you left Portland that night did you intend ever to come back?" Mr. Malarkey inquired.

"No, I did not," Mrs. Waymire replied.

"Not even for Bell?"

Not Even for Bell.

"No, not even for Bell," she snapped.

On redirect examination Mrs. Waymire explained how she came to go under the name of Jones while in Vancouver. She said the hotelkeeper where she was stopping gave her that name in order to throw a persistent newspaper man off the trail. No sooner had she changed her room and name than the reporter walked in on her quite unexpectedly and introduced himself, she said.

As soon as Mrs. Waymire's story was finished, adjournment was taken as one of the jurors said he wasn't feeling well. The jurors were cautioned by Judge Gantenbein in the usual manner about discussing the case with anyone between now and Monday, and allowed to separate.

MISSIONARY WILL SPEAK

Rev. Frank W. Bible to Occupy the Presbyterian Pulpit.

Rev. Frank W. Bible, who is a missionary in China, will preach at the First Presbyterian Church, Sunday morning. He has just returned to this country on a furlough, and is on his way East. His work is in Hangchow, the capital of Cheklang Province, the smallest province in China, only about as large as the state of Indiana, and yet supporting a population nine times as large. This province in the central part of China was occupied as a mission station in 1859. The result today is a flourishing church and the well-known Hangchow College. The enrollment of this school is over 100.

Mr. Chow, who had charge of the Hangchow exhibit at the World's Fair three years ago, has been recently given the position of Chinese superintendent. A difficult problem confronts this school. Many of its students have little or no means to pay for their education. To give them free education would be demoralizing, and the idea of working one's way through college is foreign to the Chinese mind. But it is gradually being impressed upon the minds of the parents and scholars that an education that is worth having is worth working for, and the result is that an increasing number of the students are now engaged in outside pursuits to earn means for their schooling.

SOCCER FOOTBALL TODAY

International Association football game at league baseball grounds this afternoon—Scotch against English. Best soccer game of year. Kickoff, 2:30. Admission, 25 cents.

Olympia Malt Extract, good for grandma or baby. Only 15-100 of 1 per cent alcohol. Phones: Main 671, A 2467.

SAY TRUST EXISTS

Councilmen Threaten to Curb Paving Companies.

BIDS ARE BEYOND REASON

City Engineer Is Instructed to Gather Data for Purpose of Fixing Maximum Limit on Future Contracts.

A battle royal is promised between the City of Portland and the Warren Construction Company and the Barber Asphalt Paving Company, the two corporations being illegal combinations, in restraint of trade, according to members of the City Council. At a meeting of the streets committee of the Council, held yesterday afternoon, the matter was discussed and Chairman Vaughn and Councilman Rushlight strongly advised immediate appointment of a special subcommittee to investigate the situation. City Engineer Taylor was instructed to gather data for the committee. This is with the object of determining the legitimate cost of laying bitulithic or asphalt, and it is the intention of the committee to recommend that the City Council fix a maximum rate for both forms of hard-surface pavements and to hold the companies down to such rate.

"It is getting so that we cannot obtain a reasonable bid for bitulithic or asphalt paving jobs," said Councilman Vaughn, chairman of the committee. "It seems to me it would be proper for us to fix a maximum rate and hold these companies down to it, in order to protect the city."

"If the paving companies are going into the hold-up business, we might as well get into the game," remarked Councilman Rushlight. "I am in favor of fixing a maximum rate and forcing the Warren Construction Company and the Barber Asphalt Paving Company to abide by the terms we may fix."

"I don't believe it would be well to do so," said Councilman Driscoll. "I think the idea is wrong. It might hold up a lot of improvement work that needs doing, and might result in litigation; maybe we wouldn't have any hard-surface pavements at all on our streets."

"Don't you think for a minute that we would not have plenty of hard-surface pavements," said Mr. Vaughn. "The companies would bid and we would not only have the pavements but we would save a lot of money to the property owners."

The discussion arose over the bids for bitulithic paving on Broadway street, from Nineteenth to Twenty-fourth, and on Seventeenth street, from Broadway to Halsey. No bids within the margin allowed by the old rule of the Executive Board were received, although advertised for several times. The matter was finally referred back to the Council for action.

The same conditions prevail as to bitulithic pavement, for which bids were asked, on Stark, between Seventh and Burnside streets. The bids were advertised three times, and each time the Warren Construction Company, the only corporation in the city able to bid, increased its price, so that this bid also was finally referred back to the Council.

"It looks as if the Warren Construction Company and the Barber Asphalt Paving Company had buried the hatchet," remarked Councilman Rushlight, after hearing the result of the advertising for bids. "It used to be that when one would get a contract for paving a street, the other would have a petition out within 15 minutes, asking for its brand of pavement; now they don't pay any attention to each other; and it looks bad for the city."

COMPANIES IN COLLUSION

Property-Owners Sue City to Enjoin Paving Contract.

"If any of these people know of any collusion between the Warren Construction Company and the Pacific Bridge Company, or between these firms and the City Council, it is their duty to report it to the executive board, not to the State Circuit Court." With these words, Attorney Grant began the presentation before Judge Cleland, yesterday, of his argument against the granting of an injunction to restrain the city from improving Belmont street. William Donovan and other property owners living on Belmont street, between East Tenth and East Nineteenth streets, are seeking the injunction to prevent the city from paving this portion of the street with bitulithic pavement. They allege that the price of bitulithic is constantly rising, and that as it is patented, no other firm can put in a competing bid. The letting of the contract under these circumstances is alleged to be in violation of the city charter.

The remark of Mr. Grant came as a reply to the request of the plaintiff's attorney that he be allowed to place R. L. Sabin, a member of the city executive board, on the witness stand to tell of the relations between the two firms. Several councilmen had been requested to make affidavits on the question, he said, and had refused. The deposition of Charles F. Swigert, of the Pacific Bridge Company, was then introduced. It was to the effect that no agreement existed between his firm and any other relative to the bids or the price to be asked of the city for the improvement of Belmont street.

The case was taken under advisement by the court.

AGAINST SPECIAL PERMITS

Council Votes to Compel Builders to Obey Laws.

After voting to grant a special permit to H. D. Winters, authorizing him to maintain two steps of three flights of stairs to project two feet into the sidewalk at East Davis street and Grand avenue, the streets committee of the City Council yesterday afternoon went on record as opposed to further encroachments on the streets or sidewalks. The committeemen voted to instruct the building inspector to compel builders to include in all future applications for permits plans for steps. This will enable the City Engineer to discover intended infringements on the sidewalks that might otherwise be overlooked.

"I think we ought to instruct the building inspector to allow no more permits where buildings encroch on the streets," said Councilman Wallace.

"It would be more to the point to vote to instruct ourselves not to grant any more such permits," replied Councilman Vaughn, the chairman of the committee. This committee has to be consulted before special permits are to be had, and we are responsible. The building inspector has no power one way or another. The whole thing is up to us."

Recommends Granting Permit.

A permit will be granted the Pacific Bridge & Building Company to lay tracks and operate cars for hauling dirt for East Side fills over East Salmon street to East Third street, north on that street to East Alder street and east on Alder street to East Eighth street, if a recommendation passed by the street committee is adopted by the Council next Wednesday. The corporation has contracts for a lot of fills and needs the trackage privilege.

PLAY CARDS FOR CHARITY

Enjoyable Party Given for Benefit of Educational Cause.

A most enjoyable card party was given yesterday afternoon for the benefit of the educational loan fund of the State Federation of Woman's Clubs. More than 500 women gathered in the beautiful hall of the Masonic Temple; many more who were unable to attend, had taken tickets, and in many instances generous gifts were received in addition to the cost of tickets. Six city clubs were participating, and many handsome gowns were worn.

In the receiving line were Miss Spalding, chairman of the loan fund committee; Mrs. Sarah A. Evans, president of the state federation; Mrs. Frederick Eggert, president of the Woman's Club; Mrs. Ben Selling, president of the Council of Jewish Women; Mrs. A. Stiles, president of the Tuesday Afternoon Club; Mrs. Cartwright, vice-president of the Forestry Club; Mrs. Sherman, vice-president of the Portnomah Club, and Miss Mathews, president of the Froebel Association.

Bridge and "500" were played, but there were no prizes. The arrangements of the floor committee, under Mrs. S. M. Blumauer, and of the refreshment committee, under Mrs. P. J. Mann, were admirable. Several of the leading department stores and creameries generously donated cards and ice cream, respectively; another firm gave the cakes, and the chairs were supplied by various fraternal societies.

It is expected that a considerable sum will thus be available for loans to young girls who are seeking education at different institutions, throughout the State of Oregon.

SHIRT SALE.

The celebrated "Mount Hood" make—soft golf, light and dark colors, $1.25 and $1.50 grades, 87c; fancy French percale, open front and back, separate cuffs, swell styles, $1 to $1.50 grades, today, 47c; extra fine French rib shirts and drawers in blue, 50c grade, for 29c; 20c and 25c fancy and solid colors socks, 10c; boys' percale shirts, 19c; men's white hemstitched fine handkerchiefs, also colored borders, 5c. McAllen & McDonnell, Third and Morrison.

Neighborhood Favorite.

Mrs. E. D. Charles, of Harbor, Maine, speaking of Electric Bitters, says: "It is a neighborhood favorite here with us." It deserves to be a favorite everywhere. It gives quick relief in dyspepsia, liver complaint, kidney derangement, malnutrition, nervousness, weakness and general debility. Its action on the blood, as a thorough purifier makes it especially useful as a spring medicine. This grand alterative tonic is sold under guarantee at Woodard, Clarke & Co.'s drugstore, 50c.

MRS. BELLE WAYMIRE TELLING HER STORY ON THE WITNESS STAND

M'KINLEY GIVEN UNTIL THURSDAY

Fugitive Land-Fraud Operator Brought Back From Far East for Sentence.

WAS CONVICTED IN 1904

Left San Francisco for China in Company With Little Egypt—Detective Kerrigan's Long Journey to Get the Prisoner.

Horace G. McKinley, convicted Oregon land-fraud operator, was arraigned before United States Judge Wolverton in the Federal Court yesterday and, on request of the prisoner, the pronouncing of sentence was deferred until next Thursday. McKinley was convicted in 1904, together with S. A. D. Puter, Marie Ware, Dan W. Tarpley and Emma A. Watson for conspiracy in the famous "11-7" case. A motion for a new trial is pending in McKinley's case and will probably be disposed of before he is sentenced. United States Attorney Bristol consented to a postponement in the sentencing of McKinley after he had announced that the case before the court was one of the "Heney cases" with which he (Bristol) had nothing to do. Bristol took a further slap at Heney by asserting that in consenting to a postponement of the sentence for a few days he did not wish the inference to be drawn that McKinley was to receive an immunity bath or any other consideration so far as he was concerned.

McKinley was returned to Portland yesterday by J. F. Kerrigan, of this city, Special Deputy United States Marshal, who, as the agent for the Government, went to China, where McKinley had been arrested, and brought him back to this country. Reaching San Francisco, McKinley was joined by his wife, Marie Ware McKinley, whom he is supposed to have deserted when he went to China nearly three years ago in company with "Little Egypt," a dancing girl. Mrs. McKinley accompanied her husband as far as Eugene, where she left the train, having relatives in that city.

McKinley Given Puter's Old Cell.

Reaching this city, McKinley and Officer Kerrigan were met by Deputy United States Marshal Nicholson, and they were driven to the County Jail, where McKinley was assigned to the cell that was occupied by S. A. D. Puter until he was pardoned last December by President Roosevelt.

In April, 1905, following his conviction and before he had been sentenced, McKinley left Portland, going to San Francisco, where he deserted his wife, Marie Ware McKinley, and took a steamer for China in company with "Little Egypt," of whom it is said he had become enamored. Reaching China, McKinley engaged in the importing trade, and was doing a successful business in the belief that he was beyond the reach of the United States authorities, since this country has no extradition treaty with that country. But the authorities in this county resolved to make an example of McKinley, and, having arranged with the officials of the Chinese government for the return of the fugitive without the formality of a treaty, appointed Mr. Kerrigan as a special representative to cross the Pacific Ocean and return McKinley to this country, the land thief having been located in the meantime.

Detective Kerrigan's Chase.

Kerrigan left Portland on October 29 last, McKinley being arrested at Mukden, Manchuria, on October 4. But before Kerrigan could reach Mukden, McKinley escaped from the Manchurian jail and was not recaptured until December 27. McKinley made no attempt to resist extradition, and caused Mr. Kerrigan hot the slightest trouble in the tedious homeward journey. The officer at no time caused the prisoner the embarrassment of placing him in irons. McKinley's submission to arrest and his willingness to return to the United States was apparently due to the fact that he was glad of the opportunity to leave China, for he assured Kerrigan that he would prefer being in jail in the United States to an indefinite residence in the country where he had sought refuge.

Mr. Kerrigan left Portland October 30, last, going to San Francisco, where he sailed immediately for Shanghai. Arriving there, Kerrigan learned of McKinley's escape from the Mukden jail. After making arrangements looking to the recapture of the fugitive, Kerrigan continued to Tien-Tsin and Pekin. He remained in Pekin for several days and was finally ordered to return to the United States for it was considered improbable that McKinley would be located. Before leaving Shanghai, on December 10, Kerrigan learned from a European that McKinley was in Manchuria, probably at Harbin, and he acquainted the Chinese authorities of the fact.

It was while in Honolulu that Kerrigan chanced to see a newspaper account of the arrest of McKinley. He promptly cabled to United States Marshal Reed in Portland, and was instructed to return to China. Four hours after receiving word from the United States Marshal, Kerrigan was en route to Shanghai on the steamer Siberia. He reached Shanghai on January 18 and took another boat for Chin-Wang-Tao, and this proved one of the most difficult parts of the trip. For a distance of 90 miles the boat had to force its way through a sea of ice from six to 12 inches thick. The rest of the distance to Tien-Tsin, where McKinley was delivered to the officer, was made by train.

Return Made Without Incident.

The return trip was made without any unusual incident. Mr. Kerrigan was accompanied by his wife and daughter. Miss Lottie E. Kerrigan, who had originally planned to accompany him only as far as Hongkong, but when they learned of the escape of McKinley, decided to make the trip into the interior of China. On their return Mrs. Kerrigan and her daughter remained at Honolulu while Mr. Kerrigan returned to Tien-Tsin for McKinley, and completed the interesting journey when they were joined by Mr. Kerrigan and his prisoner about two weeks ago.

In the aggregate the movements of Mr. Kerrigan from the time he left Portland until he returned to this city, covering a period of four months, amounted to 27,264 miles. The expense to the Government in returning McKinley was enormous, not being restricted to the actual expenses of the officer who was sent after him, by any means. The expense of typewriting alone in preparing the record of McKinley's case in the Federal Court, which had to be submitted to the Chinese authorities, amounted to about $300.

The conspiracy charge of which McKinley was convicted nearly four years ago, is punishable by a fine not exceeding $10,000 and by imprisonment not exceeding two years or both.

MORE PENSIONS ALLOWED

Congressman Ellis Receives Notice From Commissioner.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Feb. 21.—Congressman W. R. Ellis has been notified by Commissioner of Pensions Warner, that the following residents of Oregon have been allowed pensions under the act of February 7, 1908, during this week:

George W. Evans, Montavilla	$12
Edward Sweeting, Madras	12
Daniel W. Gains, Troutdale	12
William Hutchinson, Portland	12
James H. Underwood, Cornucopia	12
Jonathan Talbert, Freewater	12
Martin M. Mitchell, Condon	15
Ferdinand Wachter, Nye	20
A. J. L. Blise, Prairie City	15
Gideon Wolfe, Wallowa	15
Chilon L. Dickson, Wallowa	12
Henry A. Courtney, LaGrande	12
Edward R. Morelock, Elgin	12
Julius Jackson, Portland	12
Louis M. Stenger, Portland	12
John S. Hughes, Prairie City	12
Juline P. Bowman, Seaside	12
Samuel C. Hoadley, Portland	12
John S. Birdsalls, Rainier	12
George Mann, Portland	15
Leander W. Prieze, Fossil	12
Harrison Goodman, Durkee	12
Frederick W. Young, Haines	12
John McConnell, Portland	12
James O. Brandon, Baker City	12
Moses Bingham, Portland	15
Philip C. Buffington, Westfall	15
William H. Kirkham	15
W. A. Maddron, Madras	12
John W. Burton	12
Robert F. Wilmot, Ione	12
Benjamin F. Allen, Astoria	12

PERSONAL MENTION.

Dr. W. H. Flanagan, a prominent physician of Grant's Pass, is registered at the Imperial Hotel.

S. Swinky is improving from an operation for abscess of the hip, performed by Dr. Glesy at Good Samaritan Hospital.

S. T. Dove, of Portland, who has been ill of pneumonia at Racine, Wis., for a month past, returned Wednesday. He is gradually regaining his strength.

D. O. Clark, vice-president and general manager of the Union Pacific's coal land department, will arrive in Portland this morning. Mr. Clark is traveling in his private car.

Bishop Charles Scadding returned yesterday from Spokane. He will preach Sunday morning at Trinity Church and will officiate at confirmation services Sunday night at All Saints Church.

Rev. William Hiram Foulks, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, went to Eugene yesterday, where he delivered the principal address at the State Christian Endeavor convention last night.

W. B. Chase, ex-city engineer, is still at the Good Samaritan Hospital, and there is no improvement in his case. His friends are greatly concerned over his condition and fear that he cannot recover. Mr. Chase was stricken with paralysis a few weeks ago.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Northwestern people registered at New York hotels today as follows:

From Seattle—W. Denby and wife, at the Seville; Mrs. M. A. Dyer, at the Latham; W. N. Vanders, at the York.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—The following Oregon people are at Chicago hotels:

From Portland—P. McDonald, J. D. Spillman and wife, at the Auditorium; F. P. Kendall, at the Great Northern.

DAILY CITY STATISTICS

Deaths.

RICHARDS—At 765 East Taylor, February 19, Mary R. Richards, a native of New York, aged 78.

CHAMBERS—At St. John, Feb. 18, Isaac Chambers, a native of Indiana, aged 69.

JOHNSTON—At Second and Burnside, February 20, Harry Johnston, aged 45.

COOPEY—At East Thirtieth street North, February 11, Mrs. M. Coopey, a native of Ohio, aged 41.

ROGERS—At Astoria, Or., February 18, F. S. Rogers, age 42.

DOREMUS—At Wiberg Lane, February 19, Sarah Doremus, a native of England, aged 85.

ROCKAFELLOW—At 683 Belmont, February 20, W. H. Rockafellow, a native of Ohio, aged 85.

MORRIN—At Oswego, February 19, Dorothy Morrin, an infant.

M'CULLOCH—At 361 East Couch, February 21, Ida M. McCulloch, a native of Washington, aged 32.

MARION—At Oak Grove, February 19, Gustav Marion, a native of California, aged 36.

PAWLOPKE—At 287 Farragut, February 21, A. J. Pawlopke, a native of Germany, aged 68.

BAILEY—At Good Samaritan Hospital, February 19, Charles M. Bailey, a native of New York, aged 66.

Births.

RAGNONE—At 644 Fourth, February 12, to the wife of Nicola Ragnone, a daughter.

DOOLEY—At 752 Water, February 11, to the wife of P. J. Dooley, a son.

WILLE—At 475 Spokane ave., February 16, to the wife of A. N. Wille, a son.

MOORE—At 694 Harold, February 15, to the wife of Charles W. Moore, a son.

Building Permits.

J. M. BUELL—To erect five-story frame apartment at Salmon, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth; $20,000.

MRS. R. C. STONE—To erect one and one-half-story frame, on East Thirteenth, between Rigsen and Burham; $2800.

FRED NELSON—To erect one and one-half-story frame, on Commercial, between Failing and Shaver; $1400.

S. M. HORTON—To erect one-story frame, on Burrage, between Killingsworth and Burton; $1900.

ED. MEISENER—To erect two-story frame at East Everett and East Thirty-first; $2000.

H. B. GRANTHAM—To erect two-story frame, on East Nineteenth, between Mildred and Surman; $1800.

LEANDER BROWN—To erect two-story frame, on Tamarind, between Tillamook and Thompson; $2000.

W. S. NASH—To erect two-story frame, on Marguerite, between Hawthorne and East Clay; $2500.

JOSEPH JACOBBERGER—To erect two-story frame flats, on Jackson, between Fifth and Sixth; $7500.

OTTO ROTHSCHILD—To erect two-story frame, on Kearney, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth; $4500.

Articles of Incorporation.

THE FRENCH BAKERY COMPANY—Incorporators, J. Beiybeder, Joe Christil and Jean Barrere; capital $14000.

MODERN TELESCOPE BAG COMPANY—Incorporators, James McKittrick, J. S. Kallsher and A. Kallsher; capital $5000.

PACIFIC CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL—Incorporators, G. W. Betts, W. W. Wagoner and K. P. Baber; capital $7500.

COAST RANGE TIMBER COMPANY—Incorporators, Russell E. Sewall, R. R. Giltner and Louis B. Reed; capital $100,000.

Marriage Licenses.

SUESS-JESSUP—William F. Suess, 22, city; W. E. Jessup, 22, city.

SCHWARTZ-HOFFMAN—Max Schwartz, 26, city; Hattie Hoffman, over 18, city.

SHAVEDLING-LICHTENSTEIN — Jacob Shavedling, over 21, Vancouver, Wash.; Esther Lichtenstein, over 18, city.

WELLS-MARTIN—William Wells, 45, city; Susan Martin, 28, city.

BARRINGER-GORE—F. Barringer, 23, Montavilla; Edna Gore, 20, city.

LOZZI-OLIVERIO—Tony Lozzi, 20, city; Mary Oliverio, 22, city.

BAKER-LONOGROPH—E. L. Baker, 29, city; Anna E. Lonogroph, 29, city.

Wedding and visiting cards. W. G. Smith & Co., Washington bldg., 4th and Wash.

Girl Closes Bank.

MADISON, Ill., Feb. 21.—State Auditor McCullough arrived from Springfield today and began an investigation of the Tri-City State Bank, which closed its doors yesterday. President C. R. Kiser said today that the bank is solvent, though it has very little cash on hand. He would not state the exact amount.

A run was started yesterday and in the temporary absence of Cashier C. W. Burton, his daughter, Miss Roxy Burton, assistant cashier, closed the bank to stop the run. Cashier Burton is a brother of Former United States Senator Joseph Ralph Burton, of Kansas.

Minister to Spain Entertains.

MADRID, Feb. 21.—William M. Collier, the American Minister to Spain, gave a specially elaborate reception last night. The American Legation was sumptuously decorated and the affair was attended by the Spanish nobility, members of the Diplomatic Corps, members of Parliament, military officials and Spanish grandees.

Colonial Masquerade, Oaks Rink.

See big masquerade tonight, Oaks Rink. The event of the city tonight. Cars every five minutes direct to the Oaks Rink. Six elegant prizes.

Europeans expect a slump in automobile prices and a crisis in the industry this year. In 1907 11,040 tons of silver ore, valued at $10,000,000, were shipped from Cobalt, Canada.

LILLY'S BEST NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS

Are tested and proved best for the West—all other sorts being discarded. Why experiment, why take chances? You can absolutely depend on [illegible] seeds. Our catalogue for 1908, consisting of 112 pages, 16 colored pages made from actual photographs, with full cultural directions, is yours for the asking. You'll also find that [illegible] seeds are

SOLD BY DEALERS

The Chas. H. Lilly Co.

Seattle, Portland, San Francisco.

Livers Exchanged

IF the active liver of the cod-fish could be put into the place of the torpid liver of the consumptive it would probably do him a world of good. Next best thing is

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil. Almost as good as a new liver. The great power of SCOTT'S EMULSION as a flesh-producer proves that much of the activity of the cod's liver is contained in every spoonful.

All Druggists: 50c. and $1.00.

Why You Should Bank

IT OPENS up a new line of business credit for you, gives you a standing in the commercial world not otherwise obtained and keeps an interesting record of receipts and expenditures.

GERMAN-AMERICAN BANK

Sixth and Washington Sts.

PORTLAND, OR.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES $4 AND UP PER YEAR

NEW YORK DENTISTS

4TH AND MORRISON STS., PORTLAND, OREGON.

CHALLENGE THE WORLD

We will forfeit $1000 to any charitable institution for any dentist who can compete with us in crown work and teeth without plates.

This is without doubt the most beautiful and lasting work known to **dental science.** Ask to see samples of this beautiful work. No charge for **Painless Extraction** when other work is ordered. We were the first and only **Eastern specialists** to advertise and do first-class dentistry absolutely without pain at moderate prices.

We have always associated with us the world's most **Famous Dental Experts.**

Do not be misled by unscrupulous advertisers who resort to **scare-head** advertisements to entice the unwary to their offices.

Pay no fancy fees until you have consulted us. Our continued success is due to the uniformly high-grade work done by gentlemanly operators.

We make a perfect set of teeth for $5.00.

When they are made by the

DENTISTS

They are guaranteed with a protective guarantee for 10 years.

Gold Fillings	$1.00
Silver Fillings	.50
Gold Crowns, 22k	5.00
Bridge Work, 22k	5.00

I am making a specialty of **Porcelain Bridge Work.**

NEW YORK DENTAL PARLORS

Largest and best equipped dental establishment in the world.

DR. A. C. FROOM, PROPRIETOR.

Hours 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.