

Spring Millinery More than a hundred New Hats on display in the Millinery Section, and they've all arrived in the last ten days. Chic, clever styles indeed; saucy, jaunty toques and turbans; wide drooping shapes and the distinctly new Butterfly effects. Hats for elaborate dress occasions or tailored and street styles. Fashion's choicest conceptions from the leading wholesale milliners here in plentiful assortment. Prices run from \$5 to \$25.

Women's Coats Worth to \$48.50 Each--Half



Coats for street or dress wear; made of fancy materials or rich plain colored cloth, trimmed in perfect taste. Fashioned by expert garment makers who impart that elusive something that defines style to every garment they produce. Coats in all sizes and in practically all colors. Regular values from \$20 to \$48.50 each; for today's selling, without exception, this lot of two hundred is reduced..... One Half

Short Kimonos and Dressing Sacques Half House garments in kimono or dressing saeque style, with loose or fitted sleeves and belted or loose waist. Made of first-class quality flannelette in striped or figured patterns. A lot containing nearly 300; in all sizes and colors, all going today at..... Half Price

MAIL ORDERS VERY CAREFULLY FILLED OLD'S NORTH & KING FIFTH WASHINGTON--SIXTH STREETS



Sale of Silks and Dress Goods

We are determined to make the Dress Goods Aisle (in the Fifth Street Annex), a busy place this week. We want women who have Silks to buy to come now. Anticipate the rush season; get the dressmaker started on your gowns and save liberally, for here is a sale that offers unprecedented opportunity.

27 and 36-In. White Japanese Silk

No more staple fabric could be offered when you remember that warm weather is but a trifle over two months away. This is a weave that makes up into charming styles and can be laundered perfectly. Two weaves are concerned and hundreds of yards are offered at these remarkably reduced prices. We advise prompt buying and respectfully request that you shop in the morning if possible.

\$1.00 Values..... 73c Values..... \$1.09 \$1.25 Values..... 89c Values..... \$1.48

Plain Colored Panamas 79 Cents Up

This is the season's favorite weave in Wool Fabrics. In this sale are offered all colors, including cream and black. You may choose from regular or chiffon weights and from the largest assortment ever assembled in this city. This truly a sale of tremendous importance, for supremely good qualities and all grades are concerned.

\$1.00 Values..... 79c Values..... 89c Values..... \$1.19 \$1.75 and \$2.00 Qualities..... \$1.39

Dinner Set Sale A special effort to dispose of odd sets which are sold down to only one or at the most two of a style--our desire to reduce these lines quickly results in tremendous savings for you. Read well:

DECORATED SEMI-PORCELAIN SETS. 50-pc. sets worth \$4.50 for \$3.50 60-pc. sets worth \$6.40 for \$4.50 100-pc. sets worth \$9.60 for \$6.90 WHITE SEMI-PORCELAIN SETS. 50 pc. worth \$4.45 for \$3.44 60 pc. worth \$5.60 for \$4.50 100 pc. worth \$8.70 for \$6.82

Cambric Skirts; \$3 Vals. Sell for \$2.19

Petticoats so alluringly dainty, so charmingly constructed that every woman who sees them will instantly want to own one. They are made of a fine quality cambric, finished with a flounce 15 inches deep that is trimmed with eight rows of lace insertion and lace edge. Another style has an embroidered ruffle which is trimmed with embroidery insertion and tucks. These Skirts sell regularly at \$3 each; special today..... \$2.19



Women's Nainsook Drawers-- Trimmed with five tucks and lawn ruffle. Ruffle finished with three rows of hemstitching and embroidery edging. A regular \$1.00 value..... 83c

Children's Coats--In best materials, including Bear Cloth, Astrachan and Fancy Mixtures, values \$1.50 to \$2.00. Your choice..... 1/2 PRICE Children's Dresses--In various styles, made of good materials, sizes 2 to 12 years, values from 85c to \$1.25..... 63c And from \$1.50 to \$2.00 at..... 98c

FAULTS OF BANKERS

Stone Dilates on Them, Opposing Aldrich Bill.

PREFERS TREASURY NOTES

Missouri Senator Advocates Guaranty of Deposits, Defends Free Silver and Makes Demits in the Fall Dinner Fall.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The Aldrich currency bill was opposed in the Senate today by Stone of Missouri. During Stone's argument in advocacy of the plan for Government guaranties of deposits in National banks of Georgia, took occasion to oppose that proposition at some length. Bacon declared that, if such a plan were put into effect, state banks would be put out of business, as their deposits would find their way into National banks.

The bill to revise the criminal code of the United States was considered during a couple of hours in the afternoon. Stone declared that during the recent financial panic was in part due to a shortage of available currency, the concentration of the money at given points had much to do with it, and that, if too much of this money in New York. The Aldrich bill he regarded as merely a makeshift in meeting the needs of the country.

Banks Have Too Much Power. "I am opposed," he said, "to conferring the great additional favor and power upon National banks. The idea of a corporation usurping and using the funds of a Nation has always been obnoxious to me. The power they can exercise upon the political and industrial well-being of the Nation is enormous, and although it is no doubt entirely true that the National banker is as patriotic as the average citizen, yet money and business with him, as with others, are generally selfish and grasping things, and dividends are often regarded as of more importance than patriotism."

He objected to giving the banks power to regulate in any degree the volume of the people's currency by expanding or contracting it as may happen to suit their whims or their interests. Stone declared that he would prefer to curtail the powers of the banks, because the Government is now dependent upon to give stability to the currency.

Would Guarantee Deposits. "I shall vote for the emergency treasury note instead of the emergency bank note," said Stone. State banks and trust companies should not, he thought, be denied the same privileges as the National banks. He favored a law demanding that reserves should be kept in the country banks. If that had been done, he believed the intensity of the recent panic would have been lessened. He spoke in favor of a guarantee fund to insure the deposits in National banks. He also wished to see banks receiving Government deposits required to pay interest on them.

Referring to a suggestion that the Treasury Department should be controlled by a board of directors rather than by a single Secretary, he said too much power was placed in the hands of an individual. He denounced stock gambling and declared that it took out of the market too much money that might be available for lending for commercial purposes. The recent panic, he said, had come to a Republican administration, although the party had always declared that it brought prosperity upon the country.

Apology for Free Silver. Stone referred to the silver issue, saying its purpose had been misrepresented and that it had been expected that the party of all money would be maintained under that system.

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"We recognized the crying necessity for additional money," he said. The contention that adequate increase of the volume of money would revive industry, enhance property values and labor wages had been demonstrated by the history of the last decade. The enormous gold supply had done what it was expected gold and silver would do.

"But the Republican party has fashioned a taxing system, under the operation of which the grasping monopolies are created to plunder the people," he added. "I prophesy that many moons will wane before they will again enhance property values and labor wages. The democratic and lying in strict chorus the 'song of the soup-house.' The full dinner pail will not be again blazoned as an emblem of triumph on the Republican shield."

This panic, he said, would have been worse had the Democrats imitated the example of the Republicans in 1896, when they seemed bent upon making things worse than they were. Banks, then, he said, coerced their customers, as did corporations their employees. Now Democrats have striven to ally themselves with the corporations and monopolies. When the country is again controlled by the party of Jefferson and Jackson, he expected to see industry revived.

Smoot Opposes Guaranty. During the portion of the speech in which Stone expressed a belief in a Government guaranty of deposits in National banks, Smoot suggested that such a guaranty would increase "wildcat" bankers and he believed it would result in failures greatly in excess of the present rate of one-tenth of 1 per cent of the banks.

SMOKING OUT THE HOLD-UPS Senate Inquires What Banks Hoarded Others' Money.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Senator Culberson's resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the Senate what National banks outside of New York hoarded the money of other banks, was adopted by the Senate today.

On a motion of Senator Clapp, the resolution was amended so as to direct the Secretary to send to the Senate his answers to such letters or telegrams, as well as the letters and telegrams themselves.

Before the resolution was placed upon its passage Mr. Culberson stated that the chairman of the finance committee, Mr. Aldrich, had agreed to it. There was no further comment or discussion in connection with its adoption.

BUILDING BOOM ON AT KESLO Contracts Let for Construction of 40 Dwelling Houses.

KESLO, Wash., Feb. 18.—(Special.)—Considerable activity in real estate transactions and building operations is evidenced in this city. Today the contract was let for the building of an opera house by W. E. McDonough, and contracts have been let to date for the building of nearly 40 dwelling houses. The two-story building to be occupied by the Keslo Soda Works is nearly completed and work on the new Ballard brick block is progressing. Several large tracts of city property have changed hands the past week and dwellings will be erected on the lots purchased. The Businessmen's Club building is under way and the local Grange for fair grounds, and work will begin immediately to place the tract in condition for a county fair next fall.

MORMONS TO NAME TICKET Dubois' Partner Forecasts Idaho Republican Nominations.

MOSCOW, Idaho, Feb. 18.—(Special.)—C. E. Arney, associated with ex-Senator Dubois in the publication of the Idaho Selmiter, who was in town yesterday, contended that his trip was one of a business nature only and had nothing whatever to do with state or National politics. He did relax sufficiently, however, to say that the Mormon "hierarchy" at Salt Lake had already selected the ticket for the Republicans of Idaho and that the "abject slaves" of the "hierarchy" will nominate just that ticket.

He said H. Brady, of Pocatello, will be named for Governor because he is entirely satisfactory to the Mormon Church. Arney contends that he can name the ticket now and that the work of the convention will show that he is correct. He also declares Idaho will go Democratic on both state and National issues.

FALLING OFF IN IMMIGRATION Secretary Straus Presents Interesting Data to President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—At the Cabinet meeting today Secretary Straus, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, laid before the President some significant figures as to immigration and emigration. The figures show that for January there was a large decrease in the number of Japanese arriving in the United States. The total arrivals for both the mainland and Hawaii were 591 as compared with about 500 for January, 1907. Mr. Straus did not offer any explanation as to the falling off in Japanese arrivals.

As to the emigration to the United States from other countries, Mr. Straus' report shows the total for January was, in round numbers, 706, as compared with 600 in January one year ago, a decrease of 50 per cent. Mr. Straus showed that for the months of July, August, September and October the total immigration to the United States was 452,000, while the emigration for the same period was 190,000. The figures on emigration for November, December, January and February, not yet appeared, but are expected to show a still greater ratio as compared to immigration, there having been a large outflow of foreigners in November and December.

FINDS BANK ROTTEN

Tonopah Grand Jury Severe in Its Report.

WILL INDICT OFFICERS

They Received Deposits at State Bank & Trust, Knowing of Insolvency—Hamper Inquiry Into Their Crimes.

TONOPAH, Nev., Feb. 18.—The report of the grand jury filed with Judge O'Brien this afternoon, is a severe stricture on the State Bank & Trust Company. The jury asked that it be not discharged until District Attorney P. A. McCarran secures sufficient evidence to lay before it for the purpose of bringing indictments.

Judge O'Brien said that in accordance with the expressed wish of the body he would assure Mr. McCarran that upon a proper showing, made by him, the processes of the court would be at his disposal in order to secure proper evidence.

The report dwelt upon the fact that deposits had been received on the day before the bank closed. There is a criminal state on this head, and in this regard the report says:

As to the violation of this act, we beg to submit that the evidence before this body is incomplete in itself, but sufficient for this body to declare by this voice that a crime has been committed and that crime is embezzlement, in that deposits without question were received on the 22d of October, 1907, and that the officers of the State Bank & Trust Company well knew that the bank was insolvent and in a failing condition on that date.

The committee on banking, whose report is embodied and made part of the general report, says:

"We have been astounded at the awfulness existing in the condition and affairs of the State Bank & Trust Company." The grand jury says that it has been hampered in its investigations by the officials of the bank and by the Attorney-General of the state.

TRYING RICKEY AS EMBEZZLER State Bank Directors and State Officials Defend Him.

CARSON, Nev., Feb. 18.—The preliminary hearing of T. R. Rickey, president of the State Bank, charged with embezzlement, was resumed this morning in the Justice Court, Carson. Brougber, Woodbury and Morris, three of the directors, testified that they were of the opinion that the bank was solvent at the time of the suspension, and that they had received from Goldfield assistance from the depositors. The prosecution endeavored to place the responsibility of the loans made upon Rickey's shoulders.

The directors agreed that the loans were first-class at the time of issuing. During the taking of testimony a telegram was received from Goldfield of the taking up of the loan of the Kean Wonder Mining Company. This amounts to \$100,000. The prosecution objected to the telegram being introduced as testimony, but it was finally placed on record.

The bank examiner stated that on his investigation he did not report anything criminal in any of Rickey's loans or connection with the bank. The report he had made, which declared the bank insolvent, was taking the valuation of assets as he figures them. He admitted that he had stated that when the bank was first closed he thought it solvent and that, if the depositors had signed, the bank could have been put on its feet. The trading of ac-

Wreck on Canadian.

NORTH BAY, Ont., Feb. 18.—As the Canadian Pacific Railway Express from the West was nearing Chapeau, Ont., last night, the wheels of the mailcar broke and several coaches were derailed. The Japanese porter was killed and 15 or 17 were injured, some seriously.

Tomorrow, Thursday, will positively be the last day for discount on East Side gas bills. Portland Gas Company.

counts he believed had put the bank in unsafe condition. As far as he could ascertain, Rickey did not owe the bank a cent.

Attorney-General Stoddard, who is also clerk of the bank commissioners, testified that he had signed the first statement that the bank was solvent. This he did upon being furnished information by the commissioners. At present he did not believe the bank solvent. The reason that he had not ordered a receiver was that he had not been requested to do so, either by the commissioners or the examiner. He had been guided solely by the members of the commission and, as Governor or Sparks, the chairman, was ill, there had been no method of calling for a receiver.

Several clerks agreed that they had no idea that the bank was insolvent. They were, in fact, all depositors.

May Reorganize Bank. GOLDFIELD, Nev., Feb. 18.—James T. Chaw, chairman of the reorganization committee of the State Bank & Trust Company, and United States Attorney Samuel Platt, special counsel for the reorganization forces, are in Goldfield from Reno in furtherance of the plan to rehabilitate the bank. They are meeting with great encouragement. D. McKenzie, of Goldfield, has deposited securities as a guarantee that he will supply funds for the payment of 10 per cent of deposits due at the end of 60 days from the opening of the bank and further promises to finance the new management and head the reorganization.

MORSE PUTS UP MORE BAIL Lawyer Denounces Jerome for Sensational Manner of Arrest.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—C. W. Morse, the former banker and steamship promoter, who yesterday was indicted on a charge of perjury, today entered a \$10,000 bail.

The perjury indictment grew out of a loan of \$100,000 to E. R. Thomas, general manager of the bank, which was called before the grand jury as a witness. It is charged that Thomas caused a deposit of \$50,000 of the funds of the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York to be made with the National Bank of North America, of which Morse was vice-president, and then Morse caused the bank to loan Thomas \$100,000. Morse is alleged to have testified at first before the grand jury that he did not authorize the loan, and then admitted that he did so.

Other persons have been arraigned in this court on the same count and released under bail as low as \$2500. Mr. Morse is under \$20,000 bonds already. To ask another \$20,000 is in accordance with the brutal and unreasonable conduct of the District Attorney on Sunday, when he sent three detectives down the bay to arrest in a sensational and ostentatious manner a man who had traveled 3000 miles to surrender himself.

The bail was furnished by the surety company which gave bail for Morse yesterday.

Attorneys for Morse announced today that preliminary steps had been taken in a motion to vacate the attachment against Morse's property taken out two weeks ago by Charles A. Hanna, receiver of the National Bank of North America. The attachment is for \$32,000.

WESTERN BUYERS IN NEW YORK Estimated 5000 Are There to Select Goods for Trade.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The steady influx of buyers from the West and South, which began a week or more ago, is constantly increasing, and day by day hundreds more are added to the already large army of buyers in New York. It is now estimated that there are nearly 5000 of them in New York, each one with orders for large quantities of goods of every description for the Spring and Summer trades. In almost every case the buyers

are enthusiastic over the prospects of business for the future. They say that the financial depression of last Fall has passed away and that there are nothing but good times in sight. It is estimated that these buyers will spend more than \$200,000,000 with New York jobbers within the next few weeks.

Tramp Attacks Child. BEAVERTON, Or., Feb. 18.—A young tramp, apparently a typical railroad track hobo, made an unsuccessful attack on Dorothy DeBere, the 6-year-old daughter of C. O. DeBere, city marshal of Beaver-ton, yesterday afternoon, and while the father pursued the wrong man, escaped down the Southern Pacific toward Portland.

The child was returning home from Beaver-ton, where she had been sent on an errand, and was seized when passing a warehouse, right in the town and not over 40 yards from a dwelling. Several minutes later her screams attracted attention, and the tramp began to flee.

Suspended Temporarily. LEECHBURG, Pa., Feb. 18.—The Leechburg Banking Company's bank did not open for business today. It is understood the suspension is but temporary, and due to the tight condition of the money market.

Iowa Bank Closes. FORT MADISON, Ia., Feb. 18.—The West Point, Iowa, Bank closed today. Liabilities and assets unknown.

FOOD FOR YOUNG SALMON McGowan Gives Ton of Cullied Goods to Government Hatchery.

OREGON CITY, Or., Feb. 18.—(Special.)—Senator H. F. McGowan, of McGowan, Wash., has backed his interest in the propagation of Columbia river Chinook salmon with one ton of cullied salmon for fish food. This information has just been received by Henry O'Malley, superintendent of the United States Bureau of Fisheries. Senator McGowan is desirous of having the fish in the Columbia river hatcheries fed until they attain a growth wherein they will be able to successfully combat with their ene-

emies during their stay in fresh water. From the Little White Salmon Station on the Columbia during the last week several thousand rainbow trout have been shipped by the United States Bureau of Fisheries 600,000 Chinook salmon to Seufert, Or., where F. A. Seufert has two large lakes, where these fish have been liberated and will be fed and cared for by the Seufert Bros. Canning Company until they reach a growth of four or five inches, which should be in the latter part of next May or early in June, when the lakes will become a part of the Columbia river and the fish will be naturally liberated.

One hundred thousand rainbow trout eggs have been received by Superintendent O'Malley from the United States Bureau of Fisheries Station at Manchester, Ia., making a total of 500,000 trout that have been received this season. All of these trout will be distributed during the coming Spring and Summer from Clackamas Station.

CUT THIS OUT AND SAVE IT So Many People Here Can Be Cured of Stomach Troubles by Taking This Simple Mixture.

There are so many people who suffer from Stomach Troubles that the following mixture will be highly appreciated by them.

Get from any druggists one ounce Compound Tincture of Cinchona, one ounce Prose Compound, and half a pint of good Sherry Wine. Mix these together and take a teaspoonful in a little water before meals and at bed time.

Stomach Specialists claim that Indigestion and Dyspepsia are caused by the failure of the Gastric Juices to do their work. We overload our stomachs, giving them more to do than they are capable of; the consequences are the undigested food lies in the stomach and becomes sour, creating Indigestion and Dyspepsia.

The Prose Compound in the above Tincture supplies the stomach with artificial Gastric Juice and digests the food that your stomach is unable to take care of. This digestive compound is put up only by the Cooper Pharmaceutical Company, Chicago, and can be taken alone in three to five-drop doses in a little water, but preferably in the above mixture, as the Cinchona and wine make an excellent tonic.

If you suffer with Stomach Troubles try this mixture. If not, cut this out and hand it to some friend.

Lewiston Bonds for Sale

A GILT-EGGED proposition in the way of \$52,000 in bonds of the Lewiston Land & Water Power Company, subject to prior sale. These bonds bear 6 per cent interest, payable semi-annually. Full particulars by calling on our bond department.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES \$4 AND UP PER YEAR German American Bank SIXTH AND WASHINGTON STS. PORTLAND, OR.