NO WATER IN ANY RAILROAD STOCKS

President Howard Elliott, of Northern Pacific, Makes This Statement.

ATTACKS RAISE HAVOC

Says Development of West Has Been Put Behind 15 Years by Vicious Legislation Giving Increased Power to Commissions.

SPOKANE, Wash., Feb. 2.—A Spokesman-Review special from its staff representative at Lewiston, Idaho, says:

Blaming anti-trust legislation for the cessation in railroad building except on projects well under way, President Howard Elliott, of the Northern Pacific Railroad, declares that the West has been retarded 15 years by the great power given to commissions, his opinion being that the Interstate Commerce Commission is the greatest check to further development. In speaking of what he calls hostility of the administration to corporate interests, Mr. Elliott said:

"Not satisfied with the havoc already wrought by extreme and unwise statements, President Roosevelt yesterday made another attack on corporations. His recommendations for Federal control of the stock issues of corporations is so rabid as to be alarming. The encroaching power given commissions over railroads has checked building for years to come, and the West must suffer for this unwise legislation.

"This talk about water railroad stock is untrue. There is not a single drop of water in any railroad stocks of the country. It would be impossible to replace the railroads for the par value of the railroad stocks of the country today.

"It is time that the President called a halt on this vicious legislation, for it must be checked if future development is to be expected. Take the Northern Pacific for an instance of the absence of water, or better stated, over-capitalization. Our earnings amount to 4.23 per cent, certainly not too much for investors. How many business men of Lewiston would be satisfied with such a small profit. All railroad development work not largely completed must stop, because of the power given to commissions and bureaus under the present administration. Instead of giving these commissions more power they must be shorn of some they now possess before corporate conditions again become normal."

Settle Summer Rates.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 2.—Sessions of the general committee of the Transcontinental Passenger Traffic Association will begin at Hotel del Coronado tomorrow morning. One of the matters to be considered is a schedule of Summer excursion rates to and from the Pacific Coast. This will later be submitted to the convention proper for ratification.

The convention will open Wednesday morning and will probably continue until Sunday. Prominent railway men from all over the country will be present.

FIND EVIDENCE OF PLOT

(Continued from First Page.)

ing, fired with deadly intent at the heads of their victims.

Two of the remaining dead regicides have been identified as store clerks, one being named Alfredo Costa.

At a meeting of the council of state tonight, Premier Franco and the chiefs of the progressist and regenerationist parties offered the King their support for a coalition ministry, which the King accepted.

The cabinet has resigned and it is understood that Admiral Ferreira do Amaral will form a coalition cabinet. This action indicates that the opponents of Premier Franco have decided temporarily to abandon their differences and unite with him in an attempt to save the monarchy.

SINCERE SORROW IN BERLIN

German Emperor Telegraphs His Condolence to Portuguese Queen.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—News of the assassination of the King of Portugal and the Crown Prince was telephoned to the Imperial palace by a semi-official news agency shortly after 5 o'clock this morning. An official dispatch relating to the tragedy had come through some time before from the German legation at Lisbon to the foreign office, but was still in the hands of the translators. When the press news was communicated to the Emperor by the adjutant on duty at 6 o'clock in the morning, the Emperor was greatly distressed as he was especially fond of the Crown Prince, of whom he saw much during his visit to Portugal in 1905.

The Emperor at once telegraphed to the Queen and Prince Manuel his condolences and later directed that the court should go into mourning for three weeks. He also recalled the invitations to the court ball which was to have been held on Wednesday next.

Shortly before noon, the Emperor called on the Portuguese minister, Dr. Pindella, at the legation and expressed his sympathy in warmest terms. The Portuguese minister, who only recently returned from Lisbon, gave his Majesty various details concerning the political situation in his country when he left for Berlin.

The American Ambassador, Charlemagne Tower, and all the other ambassadors and foreign ministers also called at the Portuguese legation. The general official view here appears to be that the death of King Carlos and the Crown Prince is a great misfortune for Portugal, as it was believed that the King would have succeeded in establishing reforms.

EVESHAM HEARS OF TRAGEDY

Home of Queen's Brother Expresses Grief and Horror.

EVESHAM, England, Feb. 2.—Details of the tragedy enacted at Lisbon were received by the household at Wood Norton, the residence of the Duke of Orleans, brother of the widowed Queen of Portugal, with grief and horror, and expressions of deep sympathy with Queen Amelie in the loss of her husband and son, were heard everywhere. Neither the Duke of Orleans nor his wife, Countess of Paris, is here at the present time.

The news of the assassination spread quickly throughout the Evesham district and everywhere was received with profound regret and condemnation. King Carlos owing to his frequent visits to his wife's family here, was well known and exceedingly popular.

Queen Amelie was a visitor at Wood Norton as recently as last November, when she came to England to attend the marriage of her sister, Princess Louise, to Prince Charles of Bourbon.

SORROW IN ENGLISH COURT

King and Queen Postpone Visit to Denmark and Norway.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—Official announcement of the tragedy at Lisbon was received at the Portuguese legation between 3 and 4 o'clock this morning. The details of the tragedy differed but little from those given in the newspaper cables previously received here. Three of the regicides were killed and three others were captured, according to the official reports, which added that at the time the dispatch was sent the city was quiet.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra, on learning of the tragedy, sent telegrams of warm sympathy to Queen Amelie in her bereavement. The intended visit of their majesties to the courts of Denmark and Norway and also the next court at Buckingham Palace have been canceled as a token of respect for the memory of the King and Prince.

Dispatches from Lisbon say that the strictest censorship is still maintained by the government, and in consequence the officials' report that the assassins were anarchists instead of republicans is received with reserve here. The censored telegrams state that the effect of the assassinations has been to strengthen the monarchistic feeling among the masses and that the army spirit and discipline is perfect. Statements regarding political conditions in Portugal will be regarded suspiciously throughout Europe until news through uncensored channels becomes available.

An unconfirmed news agency dispatch dated Lisbon declared that another sensational episode occurred this afternoon, when a party of armed republicans attacked the residence of Premier Franco. The dispatch says that the military guarding the Premier's residence exchanged a fusillade with the republicans, wounding several of them.

The attack on Premier Franco's residence probably occurred yesterday, as mentioned in tonight's dispatch from Madrid.

ENJOYING ITS HOSPITALITY

OFFICERS AND MEN OF FLEET GO ASHORE.

Many Plans Made for Entertainment—Banquet and Balls Arranged—Also Good Races.

PUNTA ARENAS, Strait of Magellan, Feb. 2.—The officers and men of the American fleet, now that the warships are safely riding at anchor, are beginning to enjoy hospitality ashore. Official visits have been exchanged and yesterday guns were booming all day. Admiral Thomas returned the visit of Admiral Simpson, head of the Chilean legation, which came here on the cruiser Chacabuco, to Admiral Evans, and there were cordial greetings on both sides. The officers of the American fleet have a desire to call at Valparaiso, but this will be impossible. Admiral Evans says he will pass close enough to see and be seen by the watchers on shore.

There is great enthusiasm here, and a hearty desire on the part of the residents to make the stay of the Americans enjoyable. A banquet was given on the Chacabuco and a ball has been arranged for tomorrow at the residence of the American consular agent, Moritz Braun. Rowing competitions between the various champion crews of the vessels also are being arranged. It has been reported that an army pilot was to pilot the fleet through the Strait, but it is announced that the officers of the ships are all the pilots necessary.

During the last three days of the passage to this port the fleet encountered occasional fogs and rains. On the morning of the 31st Cape Virgins was sighted and at noon, in single column, the fleet passed into the great waterway. The Chilean signal station at Dungeness signalled:

"Enter Chilean waters distinguished American seamen. A pleasant voyage."

ADMIRAL REPORTS ARRIVAL

Sends Cablegram to Navy Department—One Man Dies.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—A cablegram was received at the Bureau of Navigation of the Navy Department today from Rear-Admiral Evans, commanding the Pacific-bound battleship fleet, announcing the arrival of the fleet at Punta Arenas yesterday. Admiral Evans stated that on last Monday, while in longitude 55 west and latitude 59 south, greetings were exchanged between the battleship fleet and the Argentine fleet, consisting of two armored cruisers which were sent there by the Argentine government to meet the American fleet.

The Admiral also reported the death of one of his men, who was buried at sea.

Chile to Greet the Fleet.

VALPARAISO, Chile, Feb. 2.—A steamer has been chartered here to take 300 passengers out into the Pacific Ocean to greet the American battleship fleet when it arrives off the Chilean coast here.

Mail From the Fleet.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The steamer Thespis which arrived today from Rio Janeiro brought 30 sacks of mail from the American battleships.

SALOONMAN IS MURDERED

Shot in Doorway as He Is Locking Up—ExConvict Arrested.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 2.—Early this morning Carl R. Carlson, a saloon-keeper on Ocean Beach avenue, was shot dead in the doorway of his saloon just as he was locking up, by two men. They afterward escaped.

The police have under arrest Charles Duffy, an ex-convict, who was found in a near-by saloon later this morning, his clothing wet and muddy. They are also searching for George Chelsey, a son of Carlson's present wife, whose father was shot and killed by Carlson ten years ago. Young Chelsey has, it is alleged, made threats against the life of Carlson. He has disappeared, however, and the police have been unable to locate him.

PLAINDEALER BURNED OUT

Cleveland Publishing Company Suffers Heavy Fire Loss.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 2.—The four-story brick building containing the mechanical department of the Plaindealer Publishing Company was practically destroyed by fire today. The adjoining structure, in which the business offices were located, was not seriously damaged.

HEARTBROKEN, SHE SITS BY HER DEAD

(Continued from First Page.)

flanks of his horses, and with a bound they dashed away, disappearing into the Arsenal quadrangle. The panic-stricken people who had fled on all sides could see the Queen leaning over the Crown Prince and her younger son, who was bleeding from wounds made by the assassin's bullets.

Prince Manuel Fires.

How many shots were fired no one could say, but it was a veritable fusillade coming from the right side of the street. The effort of the Crown Prince, who was sitting opposite the King, to rise was pitiful and without avail, for he just lifted himself sufficiently to pitch forward and fall over the prostrate body of his father.

Queen Amelie, uttering a scream that could be heard by all who had not become frenzied by the attack, threw herself toward her sons, shielding their bodies with her own. She frantically struck at the murderers with a bouquet of roses which she had been carrying, but even in the face of this the men fired again and again. As he saw his father and his brother fall, Prince Manuel whipped out a revolver and discharged it at the men, but was himself struck on the right arm by a bullet from a carbine. A footman in the carriage was also wounded, and it was said that a bullet grazed the Queen's shoulder, but did her no harm.

Attack Comes From Rear.

Only mounted police accompanied the carriage, as the King had refused military escort. The attack came from the rear, for it was found afterward that the King had been shot in the back of the neck, and it was so entirely unexpected that the murderers had emptied their carbines and revolvers almost before the police knew what was going on. They turned to flee into the crowds that, now panic-stricken, had dropped back before their weapons, then the guard charged them, pursuing them down the street and riddling three of them with bullets. Hundreds of people joined in the pursuit and the others of the band of assassins were made prisoners.

The royal carriage had been by this time driven into the quadrangle and the gates of the arsenal were shut.

The grief of Queen Amelie and Prince Manuel was heartbreaking. Within a few minutes the Queen mother, the Dowager Queen Marie Pia, the Duke of Oporto, the King's brother, and the Ministers of State assembled, all weeping bitterly.

No Further Disorder.

The news of the assassination spread like wild fire and thousands of people, bewildered and terrified, poured into the streets. Soon the troops and police occupied all the prominent places, and the people hurried to their homes and barricaded the doors and windows to await in fear the unknown future.

The strictest measures were taken by the officers in charge of the troops to suppress the first sign of disorder, but their work was light. There have been no disturbances in Lisbon in the last 24 hours, and Sunday passed off in the deepest gloom, with the populace mourning on every hand.

"POOR AMELIE," CRIES POPE

"She May Now Really Be Called the Saint Queen."

ROME, Feb. 2.—The whole press and public are horrified and express violent indignation at the assassinations in Lisbon, although doubt is expressed by the newspapers as to the advisability of attempting to rule a country by Premier Franco's system of dictatorship. The mourning at the court is deep and sincere and everywhere sympathy is heard for Queen Amelie, who is most popular in Rome, her goodness rivaling that of her sister, the Duchess of Aosta, who is worshipped by the people.

King Victor Emmanuel has ordered the observance of strict mourning for 30 days, and has cancelled all court functions for an indefinite period.

Dowager Queen Margherita, to whom the announcement of the tragedy was a great shock, as it recalls to her the murder of King Humbert, at Monzea, in 1900, sent a message to Queen Amelie, saying:

"None better than myself can understand your terrible misfortune."

The Pope was most distressed this morning when Cardinal Merry del Val communicated to him the tragedy in all its details.

"Poor Amelie," said the Holy Father, "she may now really be called the Saint Queen."

After sending a telegram of condolence, he asked the Cardinal to go personally to the Portuguese Embassy and express the papal sympathy.

Senor Martins d'Antas, the aged Portuguese Ambassador and Dean of the Diplomats, accredited to the Vatican, was in bed when notified of the death of the King and Crown Prince. He burst into tears, and amid sobs only was able to murmur that the murderers were cowards.

The Pope has ordered a funeral service for the late King and Prince in the Sistine Chapel on Thursday. Cardinal Merry del Val will conduct the service in the presence of the sacred college, the papal court, the diplomatic corps and the aristocracy of Rome.

FRANCO BLAMED FOR TRAGEDY

Portuguese in Paris Comment on Murder of King Carlos.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—So great was the shock experienced at the Portuguese Legation here over the announcement of the assassination of the King and Crown Prince that at first dispatches from Madrid giving an official view of the events at Lisbon scarcely could be credited. Later the Legation was draped in mourning.

Premier Clemenceau and M. Pichon, Foreign Minister, as the representatives of President Fallieres, and representatives of foreign nations and other prominent officials, called at the Legation to offer their sympathy.

President Fallieres received the news of the tragedy direct from the Duke O'Porto, the King's brother, who telegraphed that two of the regicides had been killed and three arrested and that Prince Manuel would be elevated to the throne today. The French President in reply, telegraphed his condolences to the Duke and also to the Queen Amelie.

The death of King Carlos and Prince Luiz Philippe and the manner of their taking off caused a profound sensation among the Portuguese colony in Paris. There was general expression of grief and horror at the crime and execration of the murderers.

Senhor Magalhis Lima, a prominent Republican and a grand master in the Portuguese Masonic fraternity, who was banished from the country for treason, today charged Premier Franco with being alone responsible.

"It is he," said Senhor Lima, "who fomented with cool calculation popular discord and popular hatred."

He declared the assassinations was the work of cranks and not Republicans, and added:

"I admit Carlos had become unpopular because he had retained Franco. Indeed there was no more King and government, only one man invested with extraordinary power, which he used to drive the country to disaster. All parties, without exception, opposed the dictatorship, but solemnly aver that the Republicans are fighting for ideas and principles and cannot be held responsible for this crime.

"Now either Franco will retain the dictatorship, in which case there will be a terrible revolution, or Franco will retire, which will mean a period of calm."

The French press in referring to the Portuguese assassinations express the sorrow of France at the lamentable catastrophe.

The Temps points out that King Carlos, despite his friendly and sympathetic character, had not succeeded in winning popular regard because he had given him support to Premier Franco, and Franco's policy perhaps was marked by excessive rigor. The Temps thinks that the result of the murders will be an enlargement of the restrictive measures already adopted by the Premier. If another blow falls at the coming elections, the paper thinks it will bring out a clear manifestation of Portuguese loyalty.

The Journal Des Debats does not think that the tragedy will modify the natural course of events, for it must be remembered, it says, that the people are loyal and the army faithful.

SPAIN FEARS THE ANARCHISTS

Extra Precautions Are Taken by the Council of State at Madrid.

MADRID, Feb. 2.—The assassination yesterday of King Carlos and Crown Prince Luiz Philippe has created general sorrow in Spain, but at the same time it has awakened the fears that once obtained that a recrudescence of anarchistic deeds is not improbable in this monarchy, where the propaganda of the anarchists already has secured for them a strong foothold.

Especially in Barcelona, where the anarchists and revolutionists are notably powerful, did the news of the assassinations cause great excitement. It is understood that for a long time there has been active communication between the radical revolutionists of Portugal and Spain having in view acting in accord at the psychological moment. These facts induced the government today to take a firm grip on the Spanish situation with the intention of forestalling a possible outbreak of violence in the monarchy.

A meeting of the council of state was held today, at which it was decided to observe especial precautions at the frontier, and rigid rules will be enforced concerning the passage across the frontier of individuals, traffic and merchandise.

Immediately after the council of state had concluded its session, Premier Maura left for Seville by special train for consultation with King Alfonso.

The foreign office today gave out a statement saying that the assassins number six, all of them being armed with carbines and revolvers. They were paid by political agitators, enemies of the government. One of the slain regicides was a Frenchman, according to the statement, and encircling his body was a belt filled with gold, the profit for his share in the murderous act.

Simultaneously with the assassinations, the statement also says, an armed band surrounded the home of Premier Franco in the outskirts of the city, but was beaten off by the guard.

The Dessidents have announced that grave events would develop from the situation in Portugal, but it was not imagined that they would take the grave turn they did.

The Spanish press, while expressing sorrow and indignation at the assassinations, makes various comments on the political aspect of the murders. The Liberal says they probably were provoked by the negligence of the Portuguese government, adding: "We can only suppose that Premier Franco, the moral author of the horror, if not yet dead from remorse, has already retired from public life."

The Liberal welcomes rumors that the Spanish Ministry of War will send troops to the Portuguese frontier in readiness for any eventuality.

The Imparcial declares that officers of the Madrid garrison have been ordered to remain in barracks. The paper is of the opinion that the errors of King Carlos provoked the assassinations.

El Pais thinks the tragedy the result of the political absurdities of Premier Franco. The paper says it believes the new King of Portugal has the necessary force of character to master his grief and work for the salvation of the country.

King Alfonso while on his way to Madrid today visited the Countess of Paris, mother of Queen Amelie, at the Villa Manrique, in the province of Seville, and offered his condolences.

The King has instructed the colonel of the Castilla Regiment, of which King Carlos was an honorary member, to proceed to Lisbon and watch at the bier of the dead sovereign.

King Alfonso will be represented at the funeral by his brother-in-law, the Infante Fernando, who is the husband of the Infanta Maria Teresa.

Roosevelt Sends Cablegram.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The President is reported to have sent a cablegram today to the American Minister, Mr. Bryan, at Lisbon, conveying condolence to the royal family.

Fire in Rome, N. Y.

ROME, N. Y., Feb. 2.—Fire in the business district destroyed F. E. Bacon & Co.'s department store and other property. Loss $250,000.

English Ships to Lisbon.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—It is reported that the British Atlantic fleet now at Vigo has been ordered to Lisbon to watch events.

LOSE MARKET IN MEXICO

That Country to Develop Her Own Lumber Resources.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Feb. 2.—Oregon lumbermen are apt to lose at least a part of their Mexican market, according to a report recently received by the State Department from Consul-General A. L. M. Gottschalk, of Mexico City, who says:

A prominent American has purchased near Mexico City 15,000 square meters (17,940 square yards) of land, which is to be devoted to the establishment of lumber yards, larger than any now in the republic. It is proposed by the company that has been organized to keep in stock large quantities of native Mexican lumber, the proposed buildings to be sufficient to accommodate 8,000,000 to 10,000,000 feet of lumber and to compete as much as possible with foreign importers. The company controls large tracts of timber in the northwestern part of the republic and has already entered into arrangements for rates and tariffs to New York, Liverpool, and Havre. They will probably export through the port of Tampico, which is rapidly becoming one of the great exports outlets of the republic.

Mexican lumber has during the past few years been generally used in the country and has successfully satisfied the tests of railroad construction; hence it is probable that if the new company carries out its plans there may be a noticeable decrease in American exports of Oregon and Georgia pine to Mexico.

Dr. Landrith Stricken.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 2.—While en route here from Nashville, Tenn., Rev. Dr. Ira Landrith, general secretary of the Presbyterian Brotherhood of America, was suddenly stricken with appendicitis upon arrival today and was taken back to his home in Nashville tonight. Dr. Landrith is the retiring moderator of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church.

TAFT LEADS IN POLL OF SENATE

Twenty-nine Votes Favor the Secretary, While Ten Are Non-Committal.

HOLDS MAJORITY OF ALL

Surprising Strength Shown in View of Hospitality to Roosevelt—Knox and Fairbanks Rank Next, With Five Each.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Feb. 2.—It is surprising, but nevertheless true, that one-half of the Republican members of the United States Senate favor the nomination of Secretary Taft. No other candidate in the field has more than five supporters in the Senate. This fact was disclosed by a recent poll, which was possible only when assurance was given that names would not be used, except where specifically authorized. While the poll, therefore, does not show what Senators favor Taft, or the other candidates, the distribution of Taft supporters is disclosed in a general way.

That Taft should be so strong in the Senate is little short of remarkable. The Senate, as a whole, is hostile to President Roosevelt; he has many bitter enemies among the Republican members, and it was generally believed that this animosity towards Roosevelt would carry with it opposition to Taft. This assumption appears to be etirely incorrect, for many of Taft's warmest indorsers are men who take direct issue with the President. From the result of the poll of the Senate it is to be inferred that Roosevelt's indorsement of Taft is not a handicap, as is alleged by his opponents, but rather a source of strength.

How the Vote Stands.

The Republican membership of the Senate is found to stand as follows: Taft, 29; Knox, 5; Fairbanks, 5; Hughes, 2; Cannon, 2; La Follette, 2; Foraker, 2; Roosevelt, 1; noncommittal, 10; absent, 2.

In canvassing the Senate, Knox, La Follette and Foraker were not interviewed. In every instance their colleagues declared in their behalf. Penrose is for Knox, Stephenson is for La Follette and Dick for Foraker. The Vice-President, not being a member of the Senate, was not interviewed, but the two Indiana Senators declared a preference for him. Likewise, the two Illinois Senators declared for Cannon, and it is understood the New York Senators are both for Hughes.

As previously stated, Senator Bourne is the only man in either branch of Congress who openly expresses a preference for Roosevelt. On a recent poll of the House, not a single Republican was for the President; Bourne stands alone in the Senate. And yet his vote is not, in a sense, truly indicative of his feelings. While there is no question that he prefers Roosevelt to all other candidates, he has promised to deliver to Senator Knox "at least a part of the Oregon delegates."

As a further indication that the Oregon Senator does not look for Roosevelt's renomination, it is but necessary to quote his own words. Bourne said he was "opposed to the President naming a residuary legatee. Secretary Taft might nominate his own successor, who might be the son of President Roosevelt; President Roosevelt's son might nominate the son of Secretary Taft, and this process might go on ad infinitum." When the Senator places his opposition to Taft on such grounds, and simultaneously works to get delegates for Knox, his vote for Roosevelt does not mean all that it might were he absolutely sincere.

In contrast to Senator Bourne, every other Pacific Coast Senator, save Perkins, is favorable to Taft. Perkins favors Fairbanks, Senator Borah, of Idaho, is the strongest kind of a Taft man; Senator Heyburn, like Bourne, is working for Knox. Four of the Senators from Montana, Wyoming, Utah, Colorado and Nevada voted for Taft; one for Knox and two were non-committal. It is believed that Guggenheim is the sole Knox man; while the Wyoming Senators, Smoot and Sutherland of Utah, are counted for Taft. This analysis of the vote in the Mountain States is not authentic and may be subject to revision, though the total figures are correct. Knox is trying to get a foothold in Utah, and friends of the Mormon Church who are also friends of Knox are doing a deal of sub-surface maneuvering in support of the Pennsylvania candidate.

With the exception of Nelson, of Minnesota, every Republican Senator from North and South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Minnesota, Iowa and Missouri expressed a personal preference for Taft. Nelson is for Fairbanks. This is particularly significant, in view of the fact that Senator Knox is relying upon his action in the Northern Securities case, while Attorney-General, to get him votes in the Northwest. Out of the states traversed by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern, Knox has but one supporter in the Senate—Heyburn, of Idaho.

In Mississippi, Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Michigan the preponderance of sentiment is against Taft, but this list includes four states having favorite sons, and it is known that both Ohio Senators are opposed to the Secretary of War. Three senators voted for Taft in the West Virginia, Michigan, Delaware and New Jersey combination; one for Fairbanks, and one for Knox. Two were noncommittal. From New York and New England delegations, Taft received five votes; Hughes two. Five were noncommittal and two absent.

It is said that of the ten senators who refused to commit themselves, eight are opposed to Taft; two for him. If this be true, Taft has the indorsement of a majority of the Republican members of the Senate; a majority of one.

Taft on First Ballot.

It was remarked that practically all senators who expressed a preference for Taft, believe that he will be nominated on the first ballot. It is their opinion that he will get a majority of the Northern states, and enough from the South to give him a safe majority. It is also believed that he can be nominated without the New York delegation.

While it is true that poll of the Senate is not necessarily indicative of public sentiment generally, it is rather remarkable that Taft should have had such a tremendous lead over all other candidates. The Senate poll is more significant, when considered alongside the recent poll of the Republican membership of the House which showed Taft, 119; Cannon, 41; Knox, 31; Fairbanks, 18; Hughes, 10; La Follette, 7; Foraker, 3; noncommittal, 25; absent, 22. The combined polls show that Taft is first choice in California, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

Says Gems Are Substitutes.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—Henry Lemoine, who is charged with obtaining money under false pretenses from Sir Julius Charles Wernher, of the De Beers Mining Company, in an alleged diamond swindle, in the upholding of his innocence before the examining magistrate yesterday, swore that the diamonds exhibited by Wernher as having been sold to him were substitutes and not those that Lemoine had manufactured. Lemoine announced that he would prosecute Wernher in the English courts for swindling.

MONEY ENOUGH IN SIGHT

Continuance of Drain Normal Till After Next Legislature Assured.

DRAIN, Or., Feb. 2.—(Special.)—The citizens executive committee for the State Normal School here was collected and remitted to the State Board of Regents the money required to continue the school the remainder of this year, and has secured sufficient subscriptions to continue the school up to March, 1909, or until the close of the next Legislature.

The enrollment of the school is growing and the prospects are encouraging to those who have furnished funds for the work. The second semester opens Monday, February 3, with a number of new students coming.

Lincoln day will be observed by the school and literary societies February 12. Hon. Benton Mires will deliver an address before the literary society.

PACKED TO HEAR BRYAN

Philadelphia Theater Turns Away Many—Bryan League Formed.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 2.—An enthusiastic reception marked the appearance of W. J. Bryan at the Lyric Theater here today to address a meeting of the Y. M. C. A. The theater was packed to the doors and many were turned away. Mr. Bryan's topic was "The Prince of Peace." He also made an address tonight in Camden, N. J.

Following the dinner to Mr. Bryan and State Treasurer Berry here Saturday night, Democrats from various sections of the State held a meeting and organized the Bryan Democratic League, for the purpose of promoting his candidacy for President. It was determined to organize the State at once.

FILIPINO LADS STOWAWAYS

Three Days' Hunger Drives Them From Hiding on Transport.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 2.—Pedro Jajomera and Isaac Villannewa, Filipino stowaways, after having hidden in the coal bunkers for three days on the transport Crook, which arrived today, were driven by hunger from concealment. They came on deck and announced their willingness to be put to work. Both were bright lads, having gone to the public school at Honolulu and they paid for their voyage by shining shoes, cleaning decks and waiting on table. The Filipinos sneaked on board the transport while it lay at Honolulu.

SERIOUS RAILWAY WRECK

Two Passengers Killed and 34 Injured in Michigan Accident.

ADRIAN, Mich., Feb. 2.—The Detroit Accommodation on the Wabash railroad due at 7:17 and running late, was wrecked two and a half miles east of here shortly before 10 o'clock tonight, two passengers being killed and 34 more or less seriously injured. A special train is taking the injured to Detroit. Among the injured are several people from the Belasco Theater, New York.

Election in Honduras.

MOBILE, Feb. 2.—Advices from Puerto Cortes say in the election held recently General Miguel Davila was elected President and General Dionisio Gutierrez Vice-President of Honduras, practically without opposition.

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Nervous Break-Down

Nerve energy is the force that controls the organs of respiration, circulation, digestion and elimination. When you feel weak, nervous, irritable, sick, it is often because you lack nerve energy, and the process of rebuilding and sustaining life is interfered with. Dr. Miles' Nervine has cured thousands of such cases, and will we believe benefit if not entirely cure you. Try it.

"My nervous system gave away completely, and left me on the verge of the grave. I tried skilled physicians but got no permanent relief. I got so bad I had to give up my business. I began taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In a few days I was much better, and I continued to improve until entirely cured. I am in business again, and never miss an opportunity to recommend this remedy." MRS. W. L. BURKE, Myrtle Creek, Oregon.

Your druggist sells Dr. Miles' Nervine, and we authorize him to return price of first bottle (only) if it fails to benefit you.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

KIDNEY-CURE TEA

W. J. VAN DAMME.

It will cure all cases (including chronic) of kidney and liver diseases. I sell my kidney cure (just a tea, no medicine) on the condition of "No cure, money refunded." Call at office and read testimonials of persons cured by the use of this tea. A trial will convince any sufferer. Put up in 60c and $1.10 bottles. 185 Morrison street, near bridge, next to Pap's coffee house.

NEW TESTIMONIALS.

Mr. A. L. Petty, of 285 Portland Blvd., was doctoring for 15 years for what the physicians called rheumatism. He could not get around without the aid of a heavy cane, but after taking three bottles of Kidney Cure Tea he threw the cane away and went to work. Eight bottles completely cured him, which demonstrated that while the physicians were dosing him for rheumatism, he really had kidney trouble.

A. J. Wilks, of 709 Williams avenue, suffered for 10 or 12 years with kidney trouble; and a prominent physician wanted $200 to treat him. His back was as black as his hat, and his stomach so inflamed that he could not button his pants or vest. He was induced to try a bottle of Kidney Cure Tea. He immediately had some relief and by the time that he had taken 10 bottles he was completely cured. Where his clothing was too tight, there is now 10 inches of space between his vest and his pants.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

PORTLAND RY., LIGHT & POWER CO. CARS LEAVE.

Ticket Office and Waiting-Room, First and Alder Streets

FOR

Oregon City—4:00, 6:25, 7:00, 7:55, 8:10, 8:45, 9:20, 9:55, 10:30, 11:05, 11:40 A. M.; 12:15, 12:50, 1:25, 2:00, 2:35, 3:10, 3:45, 4:20, 4:55, 5:30, 6:05, 6:40, 7:15, 7:50, 8:25, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 P. M.

Gresham, Boring, Eagle Creek, Estacada, Cazadero, Fairview and Troutdale—7:20, 9:20, 11:30 A. M.; 1:50, 3:40, 5:44, 7:15 P. M.

FOR VANCOUVER.

Ticket office and waiting-room Second and Washington streets.

A. M.—6:15*, 6:50, 7:25, 8:00, 8:35, 9:10, 9:50, 10:30, 11:10, 11:50.

P. M.—12:30, 1:10, 1:50, 2:30, 3:10, 3:50, 4:30, 5:10, 5:50, 6:30, 7:05, 7:40, 8:15, 9:25, 10:35†, 11:45†.

On Third Monday in Every Month the Last Car Leaves at 7:05 P. M.

*Daily except Sunday. †Daily except Monday.

San Francisco & Portland Steamship Co.

Only direct steamers to San Francisco. Only ocean steamers sailing by daylight. From Ainsworth Dock, Portland, 4 P. M.

S. S. Senator, Feb. 5, 17, 29, etc.
S. S. Costa Rica, Feb. 11, etc.

From Spear St., San Francisco, 11 A. M.

S. S. Costa Rica, Feb. 6, etc.
S. S. Senator, Feb. 12, 24, March 7, etc.

JAS. H. DEWSON, Agent. Ainsworth Dock. Main 288.

North Pacific S. S. Co's. Steamship Roanoke and Geo. W. Elder

Sail for Eureka, San Francisco and Los Angeles direct every Thursday at 8 P. M. Ticket office 132 Third St., near Alder. Both phones, M. 1314. H. Young, Agent.

COOS BAY LINE

The steamer BREAKWATER leaves Portland every Wednesday at 8 P. M. from Oak-street dock, for North Bend, Marshfield and Coos Bay points. Freight received till 4 P. M. on day of sailing. Passenger fare, first-class, $10; second-class, $7, including berth and meals. Inquire city ticket office, Third and Washington streets, or Oak-street dock.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EMPRESS LINE OF THE ATLANTIC.

The Empresses sail from Quebec to Liverpool; two days on the majestic St. Lawrence, and less than four days at sea; fast and luxurious. Write for Summer sailing lists, rates and information. F. R. JOHNSON, P. A., 142 Third St., Portland, Or.

WILLAMETTE RIVER ROUTE

Steamer Pomona for Salem, Independence, Albany and Corvallis, leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:45 A. M.

Steamer Oregonia for Salem and way landings, leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:45 A. M.

OREGON CITY TRANSPORTATION CO., Office and Dock Foot Taylor Street. Phone: Main 40; A 2231.