

95c for Men's Shirts Worth to \$2.50



A final invitation to participate in the best Men's Shirt sale of the season. Come today or lose this phenomenal opportunity for savings of men's shirts in standard makes.

MEN'S SPENDERS. Well-made Suspenders with leather ends, cast-off buckles. Regularly 35c the pair, special 19c

MEN'S UNDERWEAR. Shirts and Drawers in natural gray wool. Regularly worth \$1.25 the garment; special at 79c

SILK FOUR-IN-HAND TIES in light or dark colorings; pleasing patterns. Regular 50c values, special 25c



Graves' Tooth Powder Two Bottles For 25 Cents

A famous dentifrice at half regular price for Saturday. Stock up for months to come. Dainty, fragrant and antiseptic.

TOILET PAPER in 5 oz. or 7 oz. rolls. A fine tissue toilet paper selling special Saturday: The 7 oz. rolls for 5c each; or 50c the dozen; and 5 oz. rolls for 3c each, or the dozen for 35c

Child's School Hose 15c

Stockings for boys and girls made of a splendid grade cotton yarn; built for sturdy wear. They are in 1x1 rib, fast black, with double heels, toes and soles; school weight. Let mothers who would economize be early at this sale.



WOMEN'S HOSE, fast black. A regular 35c quality, selling very special for Saturday, the pair 19c

LACE ROBES, HALF PRICE. Our entire line of Lace Robes in exquisitely beautiful designs priced as follows: \$15.00 values \$7.50 \$35.00 values \$17.50 \$25.00 values \$12.50 \$90.00 values \$45.00

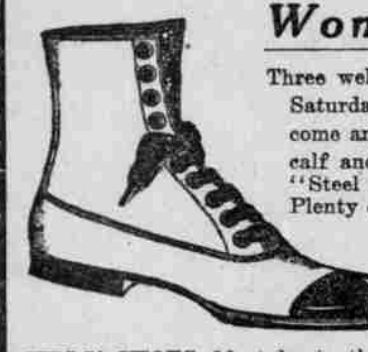
PERSIAN BANDS AND WOMEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS

35c PERSIAN BANDS 10c YD. In light or dark colors, 1/2 to 1-inch wide and regularly worth 35c the yard, special Saturday only 10c

WOMEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS, fine linen kerchiefs with hemstitched border and 3/4-inch hem. Specially priced for Saturday, at each 12 1/2c

Saturday - Children's Day

Boys' School Shoes \$1.49



Women's Shoes \$2.69

Three well-known makes liberally under-priced for Saturday's selling. Be well shod for months to come and savings worth while.

WOMEN'S SHOES, broken lines of \$3.50 and \$4.00 grades. Over 1000 pairs in the lot, chiefly French heel styles; have hand-turn soles and come in patent or kid leather.

GIRLS' SHOES, 10 styles in the best makes to be had. Kid and patent leathers, welt extension soles, lace or button styles.

Men's Shoes, worth \$3.00 the pair, special for today \$1.89

WOMEN'S SHOES in several styles and leathers. Values to \$6.00 the pair, sale price \$3.89

WOMEN'S SHOES, with light or heavy soles in all leathers, styles and lasts, reg. height or college cut; \$3.50 and \$4 values.

WASH DAY NEEDS

SPECIAL OFFERS on the 3rd floor present attractive savings on helps for wash day. Be prepared for the blue Monday. Come today and secure supplies at much below regular prices.

COPPER RIM WASH BOILERS, large size, regularly \$2.15, special \$1.50

WASH BOILERS of anti-rust copper regularly \$3.00, special for Saturday \$2.50

WASH TUBS of galvanized iron, \$1.00 values, special 75c

DOUBLE WASH BOARDS of galvanized iron, 40c values, special Saturday 30c

WATER PAILS, 12-quart size, 30c values, sale price 20c

CLOTHES WRINGERS, regularly \$3.00, special for Saturday \$2.65

CLOTHES DRYER with 8 arms; regularly \$1.00 each, Saturday 75c

GAS TOASTERS worth 40c, special 30c

CLOTHES BASKETS; 75c values, special 50c

RUG BEATERS, special for Saturday 12c

LAUNDRY DIPPERS, 4-quart size regularly 20c each, special 15c

WIRE SOAP SAVERS, 20c sale price 15c

Women's Waists \$7.98

Child's Coats 1/2

Today again we offer choice of any Child's Coat we own in plain or fancy wool materials for half regular price.



Children's Silk Raincoats, worth to \$15.00 each, very special for today \$6.49

Women's Waists \$7.98 ea.

Waists of wondrous richness and beauty, of shining silken fabrics or lovely lacey nets. The best styles obtainable and qualities beyond compare.

ALL WALKING SKIRTS AT HALF PRICE. This phenomenal value repeated for Saturday's selling. Our entire stock of walking skirts, without reserve, is included in this monster sale.

JONES IN LIMELIGHT

Drives Bill Through House for Power Franchise.

HAS BOUT WITH ILLINOISAN

Informing Mann Washington Can Regulate Charges of Power Companies—Burleson Praises Fowler Against Roosevelt.

The House of Representatives today resumed its activity and for over five hours transacted business of a public nature.

The feature of the session was a brief address by Burleson, of Texas, who credited Senator Fowler and other Republicans with having charged the President with the responsibility for the recent financial panic.

The House adjourned at 5:12 P. M. until tomorrow, after an effort had been made by the Democrats for consideration of the code bill.

Jones Becomes Storm Center. The House of Representatives took on its old-time form when Jones, of Washington, called up the bill authorizing the Amazon Water Company to construct a dam across Snake River at Five-mile Rapids, Wash.

The point of difference was whether the General Government has the right to fix the charges for electric light and power furnished by the company.

Inquiry Into Bank Deposits. The House today adopted a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information concerning the total number of National banks in operation August 22, 1907, and December 3, 1907.

Reorganizing the Militia. The joint resolution extending to January 21, 1908, the time allowed militia companies in which to conform their organization, armament and discipline to that prescribed for the regular forces of

the United States, was adopted by the House today. The measure now goes to the President.

Until the confirmation of the militia to the regular Army system is completed there can be no participation by the delinquent states in the increased Federal appropriation for military improvement.

This report of the committee recommending the adoption of the resolution, recites that Idaho, Massachusetts and South Dakota already have conformed; that Arkansas, Indiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, Oregon, Tennessee, Alaska and Louisiana lack state legislation enabling them to conform; that Kentucky, Texas, Utah, and the District of Columbia report non-conformity, and that 22 states and territories have failed to take official notice of the opportunity to conform.

The combined militia organizations of the United States now number 150,000 officers. Information in the hands of the committee is that the several states and territories appropriated for military purposes in 1907 the sum of \$4,961,889.

Will Be Confirmed by Senate. WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Senate committee on territories today passed favorably upon the nomination of George Curry to be Governor of New Mexico; Nathan Jaffa to be Secretary of New Mexico, and John H. Page to be Secretary of Arizona.

The committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico voted to recommend the confirmation of Regis H. Post, of New York, to be Governor of Porto Rico; William F. Willoughby, of the District of Columbia, to be Secretary of Porto Rico, and Edward Dexter, of Illinois, to be Commissioner of Education of Porto Rico.

Cranston Leaves Federal Service. DENVER, Jan. 10.—United States District Attorney Earl Cranston has sent his resignation to Attorney General Charles J. Bonaparte at Washington to take effect as soon as his successor is appointed. A desire to resume private practice is given as the reason for the resignation.

Earl Cranston is a son of Bishop Earl Cranston, formerly of Portland, Or.

CAMP AT AMERICAN LAKE

Militia to Guard Alternate Years. Proposed Portland Rifle Range.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 10.—Adjutant-General Finzer, of the Oregon National Guard, had another conference at the War Department today and secured assurances from Assistant Secretary Oliver that the entire Oregon National Guard should participate in joint maneuvers at American Lake the coming summer.

General Finzer spent some time at the capitol today conferring with Representative Hawley regarding the necessary appropriation for equipping militia companies which may hereafter be recruited for seacoast artillery service. Mr. Hawley is favorable to such legislation and promises to give it his support.

General Finzer is also urging that Congress make an appropriation for the purchase of a rifle range near Portland for the use of the Oregon National Guard. He says a suitable site can be found near Montavilla, which can be had for \$50,000.

ESTIMATE TOO LOW

Canal Expected to Cost Nearly \$200,000,000.

SOME EXPENSES OMITTED

Sanitation, Zone Government, Widening of Locks and Higher Cost of Labor Cause Large Increase in the Figures.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Because of changed conditions from those existing in 1905, when the minority of the board of consulting engineers of the Panama Canal made its report, the estimate made by that report for building the canal was far too low and that the cost may approximate \$200,000,000. This includes various incidental items, such as administration, sanitation and improvements aggregating several millions of dollars in Panama and Colon, which, however, will be refunded by the Panama government, and the expenses of the zone government and various expenses incidental to the relocation and acquisition of the Panama Railroad.

The estimate of the board in 1905 was that the cost of the canal would be \$133,785,000, but this estimate did not include expenses on account of interest during construction, sanitation and zone government. Since last Spring, when the Commission, after some general estimates, placed the probable cost of the work at anywhere between \$210,000,000 and \$350,000,000, the more conservative members have found that a considerable saving can be made, and they now feel warranted in placing the estimated cost at nearer \$200,000,000 than a higher figure.

Various reasons are assigned for the increased cost, including wider and longer locks than those proposed by the board of engineers, a greater quantity of excavation than that estimated by the board, an increase in unit prices and higher prices for labor than those thought adequate by the board. That board estimated the locks would cost less than \$40,000,000, while the present Commission thinks the cost will be between \$50,000,000 and \$80,000,000, with a still greater increase of 10 per cent if the locks are farther widened, as proposed by the Navy Department.

ATTACK FORESTRY POLICY

Coming Dry Farming Congress Has Programme Outlined.

SALT LAKE, Jan. 10.—The programme for the sessions of the Trans-Missouri Dry Farming Congress, which meets in Salt Lake City January 22 to 25, has been about arranged. Papers bearing on the various phases of dry farming and the tremendous field for its development in the arid regions of the West will be read by a number of experts from the United States Department of Agriculture and by

practical dry farmers of the West, including H. W. Campbell, of Nebraska.

It is expected also that the Administration's policy with regard to forestry and public lands will be attacked, and an attempt made to have adopted resolutions criticizing those policies. Nearly a thousand delegates, representing 19 states and territories, and cities and counties, and agricultural colleges will be present.

EAGLESON WILL NOT QUIT

Request for Resignation From Garfield Will Be Ignored.

BOISE, Idaho, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Surveys General Eagleson today received a letter from Secretary Garfield requesting his resignation by order of the President. The letter is brief and shows apparently that the former charges of incompetency and of being a disturbing element have been withdrawn, and a new charge of criticizing inspectors of his office was made and his resignation ordered on that ground.

Mr. Eagleson states that he knows of no unjust criticism he made of the inspectors, and will therefore respectfully decline to hand in his resignation. In his reply to the former charges he submitted data relating to this office as compared with others of its kind in the Interior Department, which showed that his output was twice as much per man as it had ever been before or is now being done in any other office in the country. The data submitted, he says, completely repudiate the allegations made by the inspector relative to his incompetency and organizing ability.

EUGENE SEMPLE SICK MAN

Ex-Oregon Politician and Newspaper Man Not Expected to Live.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Eugene Semple, Territorial Governor of this state under President Cleveland, lawyer, newspaper man and financier, is lying at the Minor Hospital so dangerously ill that his life is despaired of. He has been ill for a month, and it was planned to send him to California, but before this could be accomplished his condition became too critical. Old age and a general breaking down are responsible.

Ex-Governor Semple has been prominent in this state ever since coming here from Oregon to take the position given him by President Cleveland. In Oregon Mr. Semple took an active part in politics, and at one time was elected Printer there. He published several papers in that state, and was also a member of the Oregon State Bar. He has been recognized as one of the most prominent Democrats in the Northwest.

Killed, Perhaps, by Indians.

SPOKANE, Jan. 10.—A. C. Coggin, of Seattle, state manager of the Loyal Americans; J. W. Vessey and John O'Connell, of Portland, Ore., were left for Durango, Mexico, late last March to purchase land. They took along about \$30,000. No trace of them has been found since last April, though it is known they reached Durango. It is suspected they were lost in the mountains or were killed by Indians.

Hunter Mine Will Resume.

WALLACE, Idaho, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—It is reported from Mullain that the Hunter mine, which closed recently, will resume development work in the morning by contract. The Hunter is unable to ship ore because of a lack of market for ore.

ENOUGH OF THEORY

Judge Parker Raps Rampant "Untutored Idealism."

SPEAKS ON CREDIT PANIC

Incidentally Grills the President as the Cause and Says His "Callow Youthfulness of Development" Dangerous When Let Loose.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Jan. 10.—Before an assemblage of political associates of his home county of Ulster, ex-Chief Judge Alton B. Parker, of the Court of Appeals, Democratic candidate for the Presidency 1904, spoke tonight of the causes of the recent "credit panic," and of what he considered the dangers of putting "untutored idealism" in charge of the Nation's affairs. The occasion was a dinner given by four score or more of Ulster County Democrats at which Judge Parker was the guest of honor. Judge Parker spoke in part as follows:

Judge Parker's Address. We are all members one of another. Oregon and Maine are linked together, if only by so humble a bond as pine, plane forests and great apple crops. Florida would not be so strangely whether she found herself seated under the sacred codfish that hangs in the hall on Beacon street, or sat in a California orange grove, Pittsburgh and St. Louis may interchangeably accept their respective symbols—"Roosevelt" currency" emblems simultaneously issued under the stress of the great "credit" panic.

And here, incidentally, we can for at least one thing thank our present Chief Executive. He has bound us indissolubly together. He has taught us that untutored idealism that ordinarily is not interrupted by experience, that callow youthfulness of development, become dangerous when let loose on an entire community.

General Conditions Excellent. What is wrong with our financial condition? Can any one say that we are on an unsound financial basis? What is at fault with general mercantile conditions? They are excellent. What visible danger threatens our property? None, so far as we can determine. Whence, then, this abnormal situation, which has startled the better of the world, upon every European financial center? The answer is to be found in the simple fact that there has been a determined attack upon property as such.

Our actual wealth today staggers the belief of the world. Yet a great unknown, undefined, dreaded fear that we shall none of us be allowed to retain the results of our toil, but that in a renewed exploitation of theories, theories of human greed, theories of mental, theories economic, we shall see the wreck of industry, the paralysis of fortune, the destruction of the value of the investment of our savings, has taken possession of the entire body politic.

Stop Trying Theories.

To whom must we attribute this result? Now and in the future to any man possessed of power who advocates violent experiment with the existing adjustment of human relations, an ad-

justment which has been the slow outgrowth of all experience and can only be modified carefully, slowly and judicially.

We fear mob rule, we fear revolutionary methods. We fear the sudden application of new, untested, unthought-out ideas to the whole social fabric. Confidence is lost, other theories, nor by a continuance, at the will of our present ruler or of any like him, of sporadic spectacular attacks, one following another, upon the various forms of invested savings.

If you ask how credit shall be restored, I can give you but this negative answer: Not by a continuance of the possibility of application to the whole of the country of still other new theories, nor by a continuance, at the will of our present ruler or of any like him, of sporadic spectacular attacks, one following another, upon the various forms of invested savings.

SWALLOWS STOLEN COIN

Seattle Girl Admits Theft, but Can't "Cough Up" the "Dough."

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—"Yes, I took it," tearfully admitted Pearl Myers today, when she was charged with stealing a \$10 gold piece from a Japanese. "Where is it?" demanded Patrolman Henry Hardin, who had arrested the girl for taking the money from the Japanese, whom she says she met on the street and engaged in conversation. The girl did not reply. Instead, she began to cry. After some effort the policeman consoled the girl, and again asked her what she had done with the money.

"I put it in my mouth to hide it," she said, "and then you arrested me and I was so frightened that I swallowed it."

She made the declaration between sobs, and at the end of her confession cried as if her heart would break. The woman was charged with larceny and will be taken into court on that charge. There will be no money as evidence, however.

FIVE KILLED IN COLLISION

Passenger and Logging Trains Meet on Alabama Road.

VINEGAR BEND, Ala., Jan. 10.—Five persons were killed and two seriously injured in a collision on the Alabama & Mississippi Railroad, between a passenger train and a logging train. The dead: W. B. Payne, merchant, of Vinegar Bend. Charles C. Busbee, section foreman. Three negroes, names unknown. Frank Marks, engineer of the passenger train, one of the injured, will die.

House Inquires Into Naval Row.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Gill resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy to furnish the House a full record of the correspondence, orders, etc., relative to the assignment of Surgeon Stokes to the command of the hospital ship Relief and to the resignation of Admiral Brownson, was reported favorably today by the House committee on naval affairs.

Warsaw Terrorists Busy Again.

WARSAW, Jan. 10.—The terrorists of this city, who have been quiet for some time, have resumed operations. Today a bomb was thrown at the post car station at Sokolow, on the Vienna Railroad, killing two and wounding ten soldiers and railroad employees. After looting the safes the terrorists made their escape with a large amount of money.

HELPS STOCK GAMBLING

ALDRICH CURRENCY BILL THUS CHARACTERIZED.

Fowler Bill Contemplates Complete Reorganization—Aldrich Bill Is Merely Temporary in Scope.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—At a meeting of the House banking and currency committee today, Chairman Fowler explained at length the provisions of his currency reorganization bill as distinguished from the Aldrich bill in the Senate, arguing that while the former contemplates a complete reorganization of National bank currency on the basis of lien credit guaranteed notes secured by National bank assets, the latter is an emergency expansion measure purely and provides for the issue of currency on such general security as the bonds of railroads, counties and municipalities, which are approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Numerous questions were asked, which brought out to some extent the varying attitude of members toward the Fowler bill. After the meeting Representative Haves, of California, said:

"While I am not committed to Mr. Fowler's measure and shall not make up my mind until the subject has been thoroughly gone into, I am favorably inclined toward it. Between it and the Aldrich bill there is a wide chasm. The Aldrich bill, aside from the serious objection that it is merely temporary in scope and aims at emergency expansion, is in the nature of a stock gamboing instrument pure and simple.

"Wall Street in its boldest moment could ask for nothing better fitted to its own peculiar purposes."

Valparaiso, Chile.—The encounter three days ago between a party of German and the remnants of a battle about midway between this city and Santiago, in which one German was killed and five wounded, has brought to the attention of the German legation, and a thorough investigation will be made.

The Grip

The Late Dr. Shradley, One of New York's Most Successful Practitioners, Advised Getting Warm and Using Cathartics at Once in Cases of Grip.

The first thing to do in an attack of the grip is to get warm, and be sure to move the bowels freely, preferably with Hood's Pills. Generally speaking if these simple directions are quickly followed, not more than a day or two need be lost.

If the attack is severe time will be saved by remaining in bed two or three days. Be careful to avoid a relapse. The grip is invariably followed by weakness. It lowers the health tone and poisons the blood, hence the remedy clearly indicated is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which creates an appetite, aids digestion, neutralizes the poison in the blood, which it purifies and revitalizes, thereby giving renewed strength and ambition. No other medicine will produce such quick and permanent results. No other is so economical. One hundred doses one dollar. It is wise to get a bottle and begin taking now.