PULLMAN ELEVEN WINS AT SEATTLE

Scores Two Touchdowns to One by Washington in Second Half.

HEAVY BACKS CRUSH LINE

University Faculty Breaks Off Relation With State College on the Ground That Three of Its Players Are Ringers.

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, Seattle, Nov. 21. - (Special.) - Pullman's heavy line-smashing machine won from the University of Washington football team this afternoon by a score of 11

All the touchdowns were made in the second half, the first part being a nip-and-tuck struggle, with neither eleven having a marked advantage. Most of the play was in Pullman's terhowever, Grimm outpunting In the first half, the heavy backs could do nothing Pullman backs could do nothing against the Washington line but, in lieu of that, surprised the spectators by using the forward pass effectively. But it was different in the second half. The farmers got their stride and shed the line continually for five yard gains at a buck. Pullman made a touchdown first, Nissen taking the ball over after a series of line plunges and what Bender calls a split play, the play moving toward left end and Nis-

sen durting in and going over the line through tackle. Haim falled at goal. Washington shortly afterwards made a touchdown, due to fake plays and forward passes. A forward pass from to Bantz netted 25 yards and nother from Spaiding to Grimm made 2 more. Willis and Bagshaw then hit the line for 10 yards, putting the ball on the three-yard line. Matthews made the touchdown, going around the end on a fake line-buck. Pullman's last touchdown was due principally to a long run of 40 yards by Nissen, who tore through the line and dashed toward the goal until downed by Mat-thews. A couple of line smashes took the ball over and Hahn kicked goal.

The game showed that the Pullman team is superior to Washington, espe cially in the old-style game. The Washington line was good for one half,

Pullmar's back field proved the ter rific line plunging machine it is tracked up to be. The game was clear from beginning to end, hard fought and pleasing to witness. Trott, Mackey and Bragdon were unable to play for Washington and the wet field and continual downpour of rain helped Pull-man on account of its greater weight. Hockenberry, of Portland, was referee, ind Chase, of Willamette, umpire.

out went completely to pieces after

WEST SIDE HIGH CHAMPION

Defeat of Portland Academy by Columbia Decides Football Struggle.

Columbia University's defeat of Portland Academy on Multnomah field last Saturday afternoon gave the West Side High School the Interscholastic football cham-pionship of the city. In Wednesday's game, the Academy team went on the field confident of at least tying the Var-sity, if not winning, while the Columbia players were not so confident. The Acad-emy was picked by a number of inter-scholastic football followers as the winner of Wednesday's game; some even thought that the Academicians would be able to run the score up to two or three to believe to the confident of winning because of the team's fallure to defeat the East Side High School and its defeat at the hands of the

came near resulting in a free-for-all fight after Wednesday's game. A large crowd of West Side High School students, who were present to witness the struggle be-tween the two outside schools, becoming enthusiastic after Columbia sent the ball over the Academy's goal for a touchdown, marched in lockstep fashion in front of that part of the grandstand where the Academy students were sitting. This ac-tion enraged the P. A. boys, and for a while it looked as if a fight were imminent. The peacemakers finally prevailed. Coach Henderson, who developed the West Side team, deserves a great deal of credit for his good work. His team clearly outclassed any other interscholas-His team g aggregation. It was faster and had sore trick plays than any of the other schools. West Side will play B. ker City at Baker City Thanksglving day. Hill Millitary Academy plays the Pendleton High at Pendleton the same day.

FACULTY ISSUES STATEMENT

Declares Rader Was Paid for Play-

ing at Willamette. UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON. Scattle, Nov. 31.—(Special.)—Before the Washington and Pullman game today the University of Washington faculty athletic committee gave out for publication a statement to the effect that hereafter no intercollegiate relations will be held between the two institutions. This stand

players are ringers. The game teday would not have been played but for the fact that a binding contract existed and a cancellation of the contest would have disappointed hundreds of fans. The athletic committee, consisting of Professors Haggett, Roberts and

ing of Professors Haggett, Roberts and Lantz, makes following charges: "Cherry is objected to because he failed completely at Oregon Agricultural College last year and has not had time to make a record at Washington State College. The second objection to this man is that his name was given out as Carish, with the knowledge and approval of the Washing-ton State College management, thus pro-

fessionalizing him.
"Hardy is objected to because he is now receiving money from the State of Washreceiving money from the State of Washington for instructional work at the Washington State College. He is on the faculty and is not a bona fide student. Rader is objected to on the ground that he received money for playing football at Willamette, which fact is known and accomplished by the Washington State Colknowledged by the Washington State Col-

The foregoing statement was made to the Washington State College last week. Notwithstanding this they have brought the men. We shall play them because of the existing contract but future games,

cannot be assured until a clean team of bona fide students is representing Wash-ington State College."

Many Football Stars Retire.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.-On Yale field NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—On Yale field last Saturday five of the 12 men who represented Princeton played their last game for old Nassau. Next Saturday eight Yale men and six Harvard men play their last game. Of the 19 men who thus pass out of the great college game, nearly all are star players. Yale loses Bigelow, Tad Jones, Howard Jones, Alcott, Palge, Foster, Congdon and Romar, Harvard loses Captain Parand Bomar. Harvard loses Captain Par-ker, Grant. Appolonio, Wendell, Starr and Newhall, Princeton's retiring squad includes McCormack, Harlan, Phillips, Winter and Brown, taking away from Captain Eddie Dillon every one of the Tiger's stars.

Last School League Game Today. The last game of the Interscholar ... c football season will be played this after-noon on Multnomah field between the East Side High School and Hill Military Academy. While the Cadets have a little the better of the contest in weight, the East Siders are fast and should be able to put up a strong game. Last Saturday on Multnomah field the East Siders were beaten by the West Side High School, 11 to 6. The game between Hill and the West Side High resulted in a tle. From this "dope" the East Siders ought to stand a good chance against the Cadets.

DAY BREAKS BILLIARD RECORD

Makes Average of 1.32 in St. Louis

Tourney. ST. LOUIS, Nov. 21.-Breaking the world's record for averages and sweeping his opponent before him with brilliaut and rapid play, Frank P. Day, of St. Louis, tonight defeated Alfredo de Oro, of New York, in the 25th game of the National three-cushion billiard champion-ide formans of 50 to 20 in ship tourney, by a score of 50 to 20 in 55 minutes. Day's average was 1.32, 28 more than the former record. In the short period of play, Day made five runs of four each and two of five. De Oromade a high run of seven and finished with an average of .502.

The 24th game in the tournament today resulted in a 50 to 43 victory for Thomas A. Hueston, of St. Louis, over Joseph W. Capron, of Galt, Canada. Hueston's high run, 4; average, 58; Capron's high run, 4: average, .50.

Multnomah Club Smoker.

Elaborate preparations are being made by the committee in charge of indoor athletics at Multnoman Club for the smoker and rally to be held there Thanks-giving eve. The boxing matches, which will be an important part of the programme, have been arranged, and most of the contests should prove interesting. The fight between Madden and Steward, 200-paragraphy. pounders, will be something unique in club circles. Both men are clean boxers, aggressive and good all round men. Among the other men who will go into the ring Wednesday night are George Handley, Leon Hughes, Parrazzo and The fights between these Olmar Dranga. club members will be as good if not bet-ter than the recent interclub fights.

Cups Arrive From Seattle.

The silver cups won by the members of the Portland Hunt Club who took prizes at the Seattle Horse Show arrived from Seattle yesterday. The Portland exhibitors carried off 12 very handsome cups, and 2. M. Cronin was busy delivering the trophies to the lucky winners. Those who received cups were Miss Anne Shogren, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Cronin, Otto Breyman, Miss Maud Hahn, Miss M. L. Flanders, Miss Eva H. Klernan and Thomas Scott Brooke. The cups that were given to the tandem classes are exceptionally pretty ones. Miss Shogren and Mrs. Cronin carried off two cups.

Schoolboys' Rifle Tournament.

schoolboys' National riffe tournament will be held at the exhibition of the Fish and Sportsmen's Asso-Forest. uary 4, by the National Rifle Asso-

Chit-Chat of the Sporting World

ED KENNEDY, Portland's first-base-man, is anxious to meet some of West Side team.

From the minute that the kick off was made until the whistle blew at the end of the local amateur wrestlers. If it can the second half, Columbia was picked as be arranged he would like to meet the second nair, Columbia was picked as a winner. They were there in every department of the game. The Academy did not play its usual brilliant game.

West Side can now boast of the championship. The long-standing rivalry between the Academy and West Side High Credie's new ballplayer has wrestled

If the president of the National League has his way, double-headers will be a thing of the past. If he is re-elected, and it looks as if he will be, all championship contests will be nineinning affairs, unless darkness or delayed trains should prevent.

Racing at Emeryville race track has lost none of its popularity and from all accounts the money stringency doesn't bother the race-going crowds. As usual, the horses that raced at Butte and Seattle last season are gathering in the money. Such horses as Gemmel, Jack Nunnally, Native Son and Janeta have romped home in front of the Eastern cracks in the stake events thus far held.

Last year when little Guy Burns, a brother of the clever rider. Tommy Burns, began to ride, horsemen passed him up with the remark that he would never make the rider his brother was. The youngster kept on riding and now he is among the best green riders in the country. It would not be surpris-ing to see Burns turn out as good, if not better than Miller, who has made over \$50,000 riding this year.

Iniversity of Washington faculty athletic committee gave out for publication a statement to the effect that hereafter no intercollegiate relations will be held between the two institutions. This stand was taken because the faculty has positive information that three of the Pullman players are ringers. Joe Gans does not seem to be taking

An Eastern magazine writer says in an article on duck shooting: "Five or six greenheads make a good day's bag." wonder what he would write if he had one day's shooting, say on Deer Island, in a state where the limit is 50 and where the limit could be bagged in four hours or less of shooting.

The Game and Fish Association of Michigan is planning to release in that state 25,300 quall. In order to preserve the birds farmers are going to be urged to lease the shooting privlleges to sportsmen and constitute themselves game wardens to protect the quall during the closed season.

The New York club must pay a fine of \$1000 for refusing to play the Phila-delphia Athletics in New Orleans last Spring. It will be remembered that after the first game McGraw objected to "Chief" Zimmer as umpire, and when the management refused to engage another umpire, McGraw took the Giants off the field and refused to finish the

SEE KISER'S NEW STORE.

(Continued From First Pag.) ber Manufacturers' Association, it is stated that \$100,000,000 is invested in the lumber industry in Washington, exclusive of the value of material on hand, standing timber, or timber lands; that more than 90,000 persons are employed in the industry, their annual compensation exceeding \$60,000,000. The annual output of lumber of Washington is said to exceed 400,000,000 foot related at \$55,000,000. ceed 4,000,000,000 feet, valued at \$55,000,000, in addition to \$17,000,000 worth of shingles. It costs in the neighborhood of \$25,000,000

annually to get this lumber to market. No Reason for Advance.

The rates on lumber heretofore in effect in the Northwest were voluntarily estab-lished by the railroads in 1893, and there has been substantially no changes up to the promulgation of the new rates, which would have become effective November but for the injunction of the courts. I general decrease in the rate per ton per mile on all traffic of the defendant railroads, the lumbermen had no reason to expect an increase in the lumber rates,

but were rather led to look for a reduc-tion, if any change was to be made. Taking this view of the situation, and n many cases at the solicitation of repin many cases at the solicitation of representatives of the railroads, the lumber-men largely increased their investments in the Northwest and spent considerable money in introducing their lumber into the markets of the Rocky Mountain and Mississippi Valley states. They were en-couraged to believe that the old rates would be continued. Had there been any intimation that the rate was to be increased, they would not have made such extensive investments. The enforcement of the new rates would render practically inaccessible the markets of the Middle West. Even under the old rates it was difficult for the Oregon and Washington manufacturers to comprete for the Chimanufacturers to compete for the Chi-cago market and the markets of the North Central States.

The lumber manufacturers of the Northwest come in competition with the lumber manufacturers of the yellow pine district in the Southern States in all the territory west of Chicago, and with the lumber products of Wisconsin and Minnesota in the Chicago territory, reaching as far west as St. Paul. The Southern manufacturers enlay a lower rate into this ufacturers enjoy a lower rate into this territory than do the manufacturers of Oregon and Washington, and if the new rate is enforced, the Northwestern mills will be unable to compete in this dis-

Old Charges Remunerative.

more than fair and unduly remunerative for the railroads, and that the traffic and earnings of each of the defendant roads has been constantly increasing for many years past. These roads at all times have earned large profits under the old lumber rates and therefore, it is alleged, that no increase should be permitted. The proposed advance is not necessary because of any changed conditions affecting the transportation of lumber, or the service required in connection therewith, or by the financial condition of the railroads.

The allegation is made that the capital stock of each of the defendant railroad companies greatly exceeds, as to the pubcompanies greatly exceeds, as to the public and as a basis for rates, the actual
value of the construction and equipment
of the roads, and the value of all their
property devoted to the public use, and
as a basis for rates the bonded indebts.
ness of each of said roads grossly exceeds the fair value of its property, and
that it is unjust to impose this increase
in rates in order to pay dividends on such
excessive stock, the principal and interest in rates in order to pay dividends on such excessive stock, the principal and interest on excessive bonds; indeed, it is declared that on a proper basis the former rates were unjust and unreasonable. Through the alleged conspiracy of the Hill and Harriman systems, it is charged that the railroads maintain a schedule of rates calculated to return an unreasonably high the state of the capital actually invested. profit upon the capital actually invested, strated if the roads are compelled to pro-

iuce their books.

The collection of the advanced rate on The collection of the advanced rate on lumber would not only affect the lumber manufacturers but would deprive the public in competitive territory of the benefit of obtaining Pacific Coast lumber. Neither the dealers nor the consumers will absorb the advance and the Pacific Coast manufacturer, because of competition, would be unable to advance the prices of his lumber sufficiently to cover the advance lumber sufficiently to cover the advance in rates.

Ask for Fair Schedule.

In view of the foregoing facts the Oregon and Washington Lamber Manufac-turers' Association asks that the Inter-state Commerce Commission, after due state Commerce Commission, after due hearing, issue an order compelling the rallroads to return to their old rates and that the Commission also definitely fix the rates which will be fair and reasonable and they further ask that the Commission fix no rates in access of those in effect immediately prior to November 1,

The Pacific Coast Lumber Manufacturers' Association is very similar to that of the Oregon and Washington Association, but reference is made to the restraining order of the Court which permits the roads to charge but not collect the new rates pending a determination by the Commission of their reasonableness. It is also alleged in detail that under an agreement between the Hill lines and the Harriman lines, the Northwest is parceled between them. Washington constituting Hill territory and Oregon Harriman territory. Under this agreement it is said that neither road will invade the territory of the other and that on shipments of lumber originating in the territory of the one and transported over the lines of the other a large if not prohibitive differential in rates is exacted so that each road dominates the transportation from points within its own territory. The advance in rates was brought about by agreement between the Hill and Harriman lines to suppress competition and for their mutual advantage, without regard to the interests of the public. This agreement is said to constitute a combination and restraint of interestae trade, in viola-The Pacific Coast Lumber Manufacturment is said to constitute a combination and restraint of interstate trade, in viola-tion of the law.

All Traffic Could Bear.

The Washington lumbermen declare that the old rates were as great as the lumber traffic could bear and greater than a large part of the product would bear and had the rates been lower the Washington mills could have marketed \$20,000,000 of low grade lumber which actually went to waste because it could not stand the freight charges to the markets of the North Central States, After queting the gross earnings and expenses of the various lines and showing the surplus of each as well as the dividends pare, the complaint alleges that the gross revenue derived by the Northern Pacific from the handling of lumber exceed by several million dollars the entire operating expenses of the company attributable to its freight business, so that the revenue derived from all other freight traffic may be classified as net earnings.

rived from all other freight traffic may be classified as net earnings.

The petitioners assert that a low grade commonity which bears such a burden and contributes so substantially to gross and net earnings, is highly profitable to the carrier. It is argued that lumber and forest products are entitled to as low a rate as will permit the traffic move freely and to afford fair compensation to the carriers. Under the old rates the traffic was profitable to the railroads, the tonnage was large and would be larger if the carriers would furnish the cars required, which they have failed and



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refused to do; that the movement was constant and between interstate points was almost wholly in carload lots and that under the old rates the cost of ransportation to consuming markets in other states exceeded the value of the at the mills.

Mills Forced to Close.

"From information derived from dealers in 14 states to which the Washington lumbermen have heretofore shipped large In 14 states to which the transfer in those states will be and are practically destroyed by reason of the increased rate." say the petitioners. Many mills have been forced to shut down or dispose of their product at ruinous prices; coastwise and foreign markets are very unsatisfactory and should the normal product of existing mills be forced upon the local market the result will be a complete demoralization in prices, which will be disastrous in its effort upon the lumber industry. Interstate shipments will be confined to the very highest grades of lumber and in consequence the waste necessary to secure these grades will be very great.

The complaint of the Western Oregon Lumber Manufacturers Association gon Lumber Manufacturers Association against the Southern Pacific and the Ore gon & California Railroad Companies is aimed at the advance made on April 18, 1997, on shipments of lumber from Willamette Valley points to points in Call-fornia, from \$3.10 a ton to \$5 a ton of 2000 pounds. The old rate was voluntarily fixed by the railroad companies and the fixed by the railroad companies and the increase is said to be unjust, unreasonable and discriminatory, and would have the effect of driving the Oregon mills out of the California market.

As in the other complaints, it is alleged

that the advance was not made necessary by reason of any conditions connected with the transportation of lumber. It is admitted that the rate in effect just prior to April 18, 1997, was fair and remunerative for the railroads and that the Southern Pacific has substantially increased its net revenue under the old tariff. The same charge of "watering" is made in this case as is made against Hill and other Harriman roads, and the valley lumbermen protest against the rate, if it is imposed to pay returns on

inflated values.

The complainants declare that the in creased rate deprives the public in California of the benefit of obtaining lumber from Willamette Valley mills. This gives the California manufacturers a monop enables them to fix prices at will. At the time the new rate was effect many of the Willamette rmen had outstanding a large number of contracts for the sale and delivery of lumber for California points, all of which contracts were made and ordered to be shipped under the old rates. But the Southern Pacific did not furnish enough cars to deliver this lumber and many of the orders were cancelled by the pur-chasers because of the advance in rates.

In other instances the lumbermen of the valley were compelled to live up to their contracts and sustained heavy loss by reason of being compelled to pay the higher rates. Since April 18, 1907, the Oregon lumber manufacturers have been compelled to withdraw from the Cali-fornia markets and it is said that their losses, due to the raise in rates, will amount to many thousands of dollars to each mill. The exact loss is not stated but it is said correct figures can be estab-

lished at the hearing next month.

The petitioners ask the Commission to set aside the rate made effective April 18, and to substitute reasonable rates for the shipment of lumber from Oregon to points in California, none of the rates to exceed those in effect prior to April 18 last. It is further asked that the Com-mission require the railroads to pay all damages sustained by the Oregon lumber-men as the result of the advance in

HEAD SPLIT WITH AN AX

INDIAN WOMAN FOUND DEAD IN POLK COUNTY.

Man With Whom She Lived Is Put in Jail, Under the Charge of Murder.

SHERIDAN, Or., Nov. 21 .- (Special.)-Evidence of a foul murder was uncovered by Polk County authorities early this norning when the dead body of Adaline Bond, an Indian woman of 30, was found with her skull crushed in by the blade of an ax. Enoch Storce, also an Indian,

of an ex. Enoch Storce, also an indian, who gave the information which led to the finding of the body, is in jall at Dalias charged with the murder.

There were no witnesses to the tragedy. Adaline Bond was the wife of Frank Bond, but had left her red man spouse to live with Storce, a man about 40 years to live with Storce, a man about 40 years and the believed that a quarrel took old. It is believed that a quarrel took place while the two were chopping wood and that in the heat of passion Storce struck the blow which resulted in the woman's death.

Storce evidently repented later for he went to the farm of Silas Blair, and went to the farm of Shas Blan, and asked for assistance, saying the woman was badly injured. The authorities were notified, and an investigation made this morning with the result that Storce now languishes in the County Jail with the charge of murder against him. Storce was at one time a student at the Chemana Ladien School



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Common Black Iron Roasters; special 85¢ "Savory" self-basting, seamless, Blue

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refused to accept them. He urged the President to provide some manner of relef and suggested that a temporary order be issued directing postmasters, upon demand, to cash properly indersed pen-sion vouchers. The President expressed desire to help out the pensioners and

promised to take up Mr. Bourne's suggestion with Secretary Cortelyou a Postmaster-General Meyer tomorrow.

Strike Closes Carpet Mills. LOWELL Mass., Nov. 21.-The entire

plants of the Bigelow Carpet Company, in this city, as well as at Clinton, will close down tomorrow night for 10 days. The striking weavers of the mill are still out, although the other departments are working as usual. The shutdown affects 200



TEDDY-B MD TEDDY-G DETECTIVES

The Sunday Oregonian has secured the exclusive publication rights in Oregon of Mr. Seymour Eaton's new TEDDY BEAR stories. When, three years ago, Mr. Eaton created TEDDY-B and TEDDY-G and started them on their tour of the world, he builded better than he knew. He gave to the nursery two new characters as interesting and as lovable as Silverlocks and Red Riding Hood.

These Teddy Bears have now turned detectives, and have undertaken to solve the mysteries and to explain the riddles and to answer the questions which for centuries have been puzzling boys and girls. They are engaged by Little Bo-Peep to find her sheep; they set out to trap a Fairy Queen and get into a peck of trouble; they explore the secret rooms in the House that Jack built; they secure the arrest of the wolf who frightened Little Red Riding Hood's granny; they discover the murderer of Cock Robin; they take up one mystery after another and using all the detective accessories of a Sherlock Holmes they search out the guilty parties and win the applause of the children.

These new stories are written in the same merry jingles which have made Mr. Eaton's Teddy Bear books so readable and entertaining. They are brim full of pointed humor which the older readers will recognize as a burlesque upon popular detective stories, but which will be appreciated by the children as harmonizing beautifully in imaginative detail with the famous nursery stories upon which these new creations have been founded.

Every line is clean and wholesome; every suggestion is generous and kindly; and every picture intelligent and funny. Nothing better than the Teddy Bear stories has been offered to children for many a long day. Mr. Eaton, himself, considers this new series, by all odds, his best.

THE FIRST STORY OF THIS NEW SERIES WILL BE PUBLISHED NEXT SUNDAY IN

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