Supreme Court Decision Turns fore, that the aggregate incorporation should full so largely below that of last year. Criminals.

LEGAL TECHNICALITY

But State's Attorney Steps In to Prevent Outbreak of Crime and Will Hold Jailbirds for a New Trial.

CHICAGO, III., Nov. 1 .- (Special.) -- The doors of the Joliet Penitentiary swing open tomorrow and the first batch of nearly 100 murderers, highwaymen, burg; lars and other criminals will be turne cose as a result of a recent decision of the Supreme Court, which held that the Musicipal Courts of Chicago could not le-gally fry cases in which the indictments were returned by a Cook County grand

The situation is one of the most serious that ever confronted Chicago. If the decision of the highest court is to stand, it means that on the eve of Winter footpads, murderers, and criminals of all classes are to be turfied loose on the streets of the situation.

State's Attorney John J. Healy, however, has decided to take drastic steps to pre-vent the wholesale liberation of criminals. He construes the decision to mean that the Supreme Court never intended that convicted criminals should be given liberty, but that each and every man must stand trial again-this time in the Crim-

SETTLE DOWN TO NORMAL

(Continued From Page 1.)

will assist the Commercial and a re-ceiver will probably not be asked for. A committee which went over the books of the bank this afternoon declared it to be solvent, with deposits of \$380,000 and assets of \$448,000.

WOODMEN HIT BY FAILURE

Have \$350,000 on Deposit In Closed Iowa Bank.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 1 .- The Modern Woodmen of America, it was announced today, had on deposit in the First National Bank of Chariton, Ia., which closed its doors following the suicide of Cashier F. R. Crocker, \$350,-600 of the order's funds. The directors and officers of the order are exsected in Chariton tomorrow to inves tigate the situation. It is stated that the order is fully protected by bonds several times in excess of the sum on deposit. Crocker was former head banker for the order.

CANNOT SHAKE THE NATION

Senator Warren Says Panic Shows Trust Companies Need Control.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 .- Senator Franch Warren, of Wyoming, who has just re turned from a vacation trip abroad, was greatly interested in the recent financial disturbance and asked many questions about it when he landed. He said he believed there was no occasion for alarm as the troubles were merely caused by the swinging back of the pendulum.

"These panies cannot hurt the country," said Mr. Warren, "I have noticed that the country after each financial depression is much stronger than it was before. We see how really strong the Nation is when these panies come. The funda-mental industries of the Nation are never shaken by these conditions. I am not advocating any idea to take powers or rights away from states, but I do think that something stronger than state con-

ISSUE MORE CIRCULATION

National Banks Adopt Ridgeley's Plan and More Will Follow.

Professor Is an Optimist.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Berke UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Berkeley, Cal., Nov. 1.—Professor Miller, of the
economics department, in a lecture to one
of his classes concerning the present condition of the money market, was exceedingly optimistic and asserted there would
be no such conditions as existed in 1888,
and that there will be a stendy adjustment
of the money market. He said: "The
present crisis was brought on by a general
feeling of alarm throughout the country,
aided by the anti-trust policy of the Naaided by the anti-trust policy of the Na-tional Government. The big men have nothing to fear and quotations will soon resume their usual conditions."

Sacramento Banks Open.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Nov. L.—Following the action taken yesterday, the banks of this city remained open today. It was stated at the Governor's office this morning that the holidays will, in all probability, and tomorrow.

Cabinet Takes No Action.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.-President Roosevelt was in consultation with his Cabinet three hours today. The financial situation was discussed, but it was stated that the satisfactory conditions at the present moment warranted no new action.

tion.
Secretary Garfield said that Federal
appointments for the State of Oklahoma
had not been decided upon.

New Corporations Decrease.

nied in the Eastern states in Outober for capitalization of corporations with an individual capital of \$1,000,000 or more represented a total capitalization.

of \$78,130,000, which compares with \$76,000,000 in September and \$138,550,000 in October last year. The grand one in October hist year. The grand total of all companies incorporated in October with a capitalization of \$100.000 and over, including other states than those of the East, was \$132,425.000, against \$112,660,000 in September and \$275,876,000 in October a year ago.

Conditions generally in October this year militated to a greater extent than in any previous month of 1997 against the promotion of new enterprises of

Coinage in September. WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The amount of coinage executed at the mints of the United States during September was \$12,-968,720, as follows:

Gold double eagles, \$10,364,720; silver, \$1,500,000; minor coins, \$100,000.

This is exclusive of \$4,820,000 executed for the Philippine government.

Cleveland May Issue Scrip.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 1—Cleveland bankers today took under consideration the advisability of issuing scrip or certified checks to take the place of the shortage of currency. The plan, it is said by prominent financiers, will be put into effect within a day or so. feet within a day or so.

More Gold Shipped From London. LONDON, Nov. 1 .- Further amounts, £201,000 in bar gold and £457,000 in American cagles—were taken out of the Bank of England today for shipment to the United States. The steamer Lusitants, leaving Liverpool tomorrow, will take £2,000,000 in buillon.

Heinze Out of Butte Bank.

BUTTE, Mont., Nov. 1-M. S. Largey, president of the State Savings Bank, which closed its doors two weeks ago, states today that F. Augustus Heinze will retire from the bank in a few days. Heinze owns one-half the stock.

PANIC IN CHICAGO HOTEL

FIRE CAUSES GUESTS TO JUMP FROM WINDOWS.

Three Hundred People, Scantily Clad, Driven in Early Morning From Plaza Hotel.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.-More than 300 guesta of the Plaza Hotel, North avenue and Clark street, fled from their rooms in confusion early today, when fire broke out in the basement of the hostlery. The building was quickly filled with smoke and many of the guests had difficulty in reaching the street. About 100 men and women fled down the fire-escape to the first floor, from where they were assist ed by firemen. The fire, which started in the laundry, spread rapidly and a few minutes after the alarm was soundled the entire building was filled with smoke.

The hotel is eight stories high and has accommodations for about 800. The guests, most of them thinly clad, sought refuge in stores near by. Some of them had been slightly affected by the smoke. About 40 women, beco ing exhausted, were carried down ladders and fire escapes by firemen.

Mr. Thurhart, the night clerk, and two beliboys nearly lost their lives in warning the guests of their danger. When the firemen reached the building the fire escapes were crowded with frightened men and women. Some o landings without waiting to be taken

MORE PENSIONS ARE GIVEN Pension Service Law Takes Care of

Soldiers.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Nov. 1.—The service pension law, passed February 6, 1907, is proving means of support to thousands of old soldiers who have been unable heretofore to draw any pension at all under the old laws or who have been allowed merely & nominal sum because of insignificant disabilities. Between February 6 and June 30, 1907, the close These companies should have at least 25 per cent in reserve but we find when the upheaval comes that some of them have only 5 per cent. The power and efficiency of Federal supervision over financial companies is manifest in the condition of the National banks in the present panic."

February 6 and June 30, 1907, the close of the fiscal year, 350,000 applications were filed under this new law and over 120,000 of these claims have been approved and pensions paid. The great flood of applications caused a congestion of the National banks in the present panic." of clerks was wholly incapable of handling the business as fast as it was presented, but the Commissioner of Pensions expresses belief that before the end of the next fiscal year all service pensions cases will be brought up as soon as they are presented and can be disposed of at once.

More than 2000 of the claims sllowed under the new law were presented by survivors of the Mexican War and all but 10 february and all the control of the Mexican war and all

Ridgeley announced at the close of business today that \$1.33.000 of circulation notes had been issued by the Treasury today to various National banks of the country. The names of the banks taking out the notes were not disclosed.

Mr. Ridgeley received since office hours yesterday about 200 telegrams from banks indicating a general purpose to assist in relieving the stringency.

The high-water mark in the pension office was reached in 1902 when there were 999,446 pensioners on the roll. Although this is the maximum record Although this is the maximum record in number of pensioners, the total amount paid in pensions; that year was about \$20,000,000 less than was paid out in the record year of 1893 when the cost of the pension roll was \$156,906,-527. The total amount of pensions paid in 1802 was nearly \$137,504,267, Since 1902 the number of pensioners have fallen off gradually because of the high rate of mortality among the Civil War veterans. In 1907 there were but 367,371 pensioners on the roll; the aggregate pensions amounted to \$188,155,412.

The adjustment of claims under the

The adjustment of claims under the service pension act may bring the to-tal number of claims next year higher than the record of 1902. A great deal depends upon the rate at which these claims are presented in the next eight

Another interesting feature of the report of the Commissioner of Pensions is the tabulated statement of the War of Revolution.
War of 1812
Indian Wars
War with Mexico
War of Rebellion
War with Spain
Regular establishment
Unclassified 5 70,000,000,00 45,625,989,24 8,822,587,20 30,307,733,57 18,906,512,48 9,884,844,67 16,200,307,64

There are three claims still paid to daughters of soldiers who served in the War of the Revolution, and 558 claims to widows of men who served in the War of 1812. The last survivor of the War of the Revolution died in 1869 at the age of 109 years. The last survivor of 1812 died in 1905 at the age of 105 years. Both were New Yorkers.

Conflicting Reports as to Public Sentiment for Re-election of Roosevelt.

VERDICT STILL IN DOUBT

No Unanimous Expression From South or West, While in New England Support of Governor Hughes Is Growing Steadily.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washngton. Nov 1.-In spite of the claims of the Roosevelt third-term boomers, there appears to be a wide diversity of opinion as to the trend of sentiment in the Republican party in various parts of the country. Reports do not coincide, and it is difficult to get an accurate line on the true situation. The drrival of Senators

and Representatives in Washington does not clear the atmosphere, on the contrary, opinions of these men differ.

A month or more ago Senator Scott, of West Virginia, who is anything but an admirer of President Roosevelt, declared that the Republicans of his state were unanimously demanding the renomination of the President. Yet Representative Gaines, of that state, mentioned ative Gaines, of that state, mentioned as probable successor to Senator Elkins, comes to Washington with the report that West Virginians entertain a very distinct prejudice against the third term idea, and moreover, have such a regard for the President as to be willing to refor the President as to be willing to respect his wishes. The President having declared he is not a candidate and that he would not accept another nomination, the West Virginia Republicans, according to Gaines, are not thinking about the possibility of renominating Roosevelt, but are trying to satisfy themselves as to which of the other candidates is best equipped to continue the reforms inaugurated during the Roosevelt administration. Gaines says that the West Virginia Republicans do not consider that the Republicans do not consider that the President's re-election is essential to carrying out reforms which have proven and will prove, for the welfare of the

Wyoming Senators Differ.

Jumping out to the West, there is a like difference of opinion as to sentiment in Wyomins. Senator Warren, when in Washington a month ago, declared that more than 60 per cent of the voters of his state, irrespective of party, were in favor of renominating Roosevelt. Senator Clark, of the same state, who came to Washington at a later late, said that he had not observed the slightest demand for Rocseveit's renomination, and had or Receivelt's renomination, and had not seen any indication whatsoever that Nyoming Republicans, to say nothing of the Democrats, were anxious that Receivelt should serve third term. His ob-servation had satisfied him that Wyom-ing, when the time came, would sup-port some other candiate for the nomina-

Both Senators from Montana fin strong sentiment in favor of Roosevelt's renom-ination; so to the two Senators from North Dakota, but Iowa, that is no in-consierable factor in a National conven-tion, apparently does not share the Mon-tuna and North Dakota idea. Former Representative Lacey, of that state, long chairman of the House Committee on Public Lands, and a man with no ax to grind, says that Iowa Republicans look with extreme favor upon Governor Hughes, of New York, and while they would be pleased should Roosevelt be nominated, they are giving serious attention to Hughes and to Taft, though the former appears to be growing more popular in Iowa Republican circles than is the estremed Secretary of War.

New England is deeply engrossed in local campaigns this Fall, and is giving little consideration to National politics, but reports from that section show that notwithstanding the pecularity of grind, says that Iowa Republicans look

that notwithstanding the popularity of the President, the Republicans gener-ally are inclined to take him at his word. In New England, as in Iowa, word. In New England, as in lowa, Governor Hughes is growing stronger every day, though New England sentiment has by no means crystallized in his favor. There are some New England politicians who believe that section will get on the Roosevelt bandwagen but these men appears to be wagon, but these men appear to be in the minority.

Oregon Delegation Divided.

As Senators and Congressmen drift into Washington more and more with be heard about the popularity of veri-ous candidates, and further conflict-ing reports are to be expected. The two Senators from Oregon hold differ-ent views of the Presidential situaent views of the Presidential situation, Senator Bourne being a most enthusiastic Roosevolt man, while his colleague has declared for Taft. Senator Heyburn, of Idaho, takes the President at his word, and displays no interest in the third-term movement; his colleague recently declared his belief that Roosevelt or Taft would be nominated. Evidently these men view the situation in their states differently, and the very fact that they disagree is evidence that there is no unanimity of sentiment in either Oregon or Idaho. If the people of Oregon were unanimously in favor of the renomination of President Roosevelt, as is claimed by some, it is quite natural to suppose that Senator Fulton, who is no novice in politics, would appreciate this fact and not take a position adverse to a well-defined public sentiment, especially as he is soon to come up for re-election.

ly as he is soon to come up for re-elec-tion. Exactly the same situation exists in Idaho, where Senator Heyburn will soon go before the people and ask for another term. Neither Senator would ignore the Roosevelt movement if it were as strong as claimed by its were as strong as claimed by its friends. And it is more than probable that the next few weeks will show that other Senators, from other states, East and West, will entertain as conflicting views as those held by the men from Oregon and Idaho. The fact annarent that there is no createllies. is apparent that there is no crystalliza-tion of sentiment at the present time; the race is yet to be run; the winner is still to be picked.

NINETY-FIVE MORE RETURN

Operators Applying for Work at the Rate of 100 a Day.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—General Superintendent Brooks, of the Western Union tenuent Brooks, of the Western Union Telegraph Company, said today that 95 of the striking telegraphers returned to work yesterday, 15 in the Southern, 33 in the Western and 47 in the Eastern di-vision. Mr. Brooks said the strikers were applying for work at the rate of about 109 a day.

Found by Picture Postcard.

You can rely on Hood's Sarsaparilla for every form of scrofula. It purifies the blood.

CHICAGO. Nov. 1.—The pictured post-card craze yesterday reunited a family which had been separated for two years, when Louis F. Nonnast received an 11-luminated card from his son Harry, 25,

who disappeared from home two years ago. The postcard was written from San Francisco and simply said that the writer was well and prosperous. Mr. Nonnast said there had been no rea-

son for Harry's leaving home two years ago, and said that it was probably an at-tack of "wander lust." The card did not state whether the writer intended to re-turn home. The father had offered \$100 reward for a trace of the boy.

SPOILS ARE IN DANGER Standpatters Aim to Kill German Tariff Agreement.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 .- (Special.)-A programme has been agreed upon by the ultra-tariff opponents of the German reciprocity agreement for a review of that arrangement before Congress. As soon as Congress meets it s planned to have a resolution of inquiry introduced calling upon the President to furnish Congress with the details of the present modus vivendi on the tariff under which tariff duties are now being collected on German imports.

The question of legality of the act of the administration in negotiating the arrangement may be referred to the ommittee on judiciary in Congress, and the arrangement itself may be sent to the committees on ways and means and finance for analysis, with a view to informing Congress what shall be done in the event a general reciprocity treaty with Germany shall be negotiated or in the event of a full revision of

Speaker Cannon and other Republic an leaders have been approached with a view to permitting this programme to be adopted in the house.

TRANSFER GREELY TO EAST

Commander of Department of Columbia Will Be Sent to Dakota.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 1.—General A. W. Greely has been relieved of the command of the Department of the Columbia and given command of the Department of the Dakotas, and will probably leave for the East in a couple of weeks. His successor on the Coast has not been selected. not been selected.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, Wash Nov. 1-(Special.)-General Greely left tonight for Seattle, and nothing could be learned regarding his change in com-mand as reported from Washington.

COMES IN. CARGO ABLAZE

Bark Barossa, Loaded With Coffee, Arrives in Serious Plight.

PENSACOLA, Fia., Nov. 1.—With her cargo of 500 sacks of coffee on fire and the crew exhausted from fighting the flames, the Norwegian bark Barossa, from Hualpa for Pensacola, was towed into port today. Tugboats immediately went to the resoue of the vessel and tonight the fire is under control. The fire was caused by spontaneous combustion, and while the vessel is possibly not greatly damaged, the damage to the cargo will probably be heavy.

RESENTS ROWDY PRANK

Chinaman, Tripped by Wire, Fires at Boys, Killing One.

TUCSON, Ariz., Nov. 1.—A Halloween prank resulted in murder last night in Tucson. Hamon Layota aged 20, with companions, stretched a wire across the of Fred A. Boron, cashier and treasurer.

sidewalk which tripped a Chinese mer chant named Wong. The latter drew i revolver and shot into a building, killing Lavota instantly. The murderer was causht and narrowly excaped lynching by the crowd. He is now in fall.

Oregon Meets Salem Today.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene eleven left tonight for Salem, where the team will play Willamette tomor Several of the Oregon eleven are out of the game this week, which weakens the team somewhat, but varsity enthusiasts are confident of victory tomorrow.

Northwest Postal Affairs. OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Nov. 1.-Fred Hanvey has been appointed regular. Wina Hanvey substitute, rural carrier, route No. 4, Mount Vernon, Wash.

Washington postmasters appointed: Raymond, Frederick B. Sturgis, vice L. V. Raymond, removed: Zellah, Daniel McCleary, vice J. P. Fox, resigned.

Bank Falls, Cashler a Suicide.

last Sunday. The examination by the di- | pie's Bank, owing to a heavy demand of ectors and the Clearing-House Association found a shortage of \$35,000, against which stands the cashier's bond of \$20,-000 and overdrafts amounting to \$18,000, on which \$9000 was realized yesterday.

For the strong-that they

For the weak-that they

For the young that they

Uneeda Biscuit

the most nutritious food made

Clean, crisp and fresh.

In moisture and

dust proof packages.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

may keep their strength.

may regain their strength.

may grow in strength.

from wheat.

Solvent, but Has No Cash. PORTSMOUTH, Va., Nov. 1 .- The Peo-

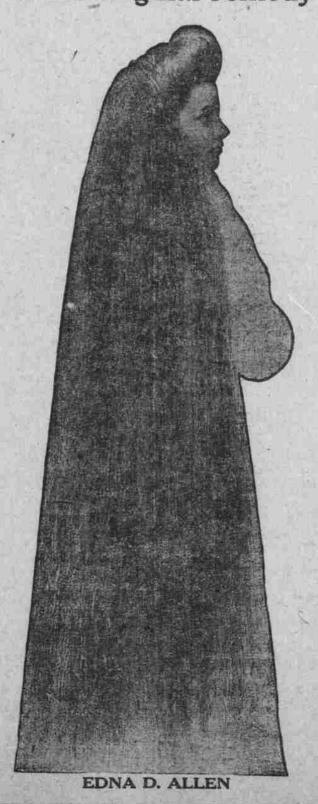
depositors yesterday and inability to realneeded cash, failed to open today. The bank is declared to be entirely

One difference between a Hanan Shoe and others is that the Hanan fits better all over than the others do in spots. Sold at Rosenthal's.



WILL ARLES OF TO TO TO THE

Is the original remedy that "kills the dandruff germ"



germ or microbe. To cure dandruff, this germ-a tiny vegetable growth-must be destroyed and kept out of the

scalp by Newbro's Herpicide.

7 ITHOUT dandruff the hair must grow luxuriant-

ly, except in chronic baldness, which is incurable. Dandruff is a contagious disease caused by a

A WOMAN TO BE PRETTY

A woman to be pretty must have pretty hair. Beautiful locks have a subtle charm, for the poet says, "fair tresses man's imperial race ensuare." The unpoetic and intensely real dandruff microbe makes the hair dull, brittle and lusterless with later dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair. Newbro's Herpicide destroys this enemy of beauty and enables the hair to resume its natural luster and abundance. Almost marvelous results sometimes follow the continued use of Herpicide. Overcomes excessive oiliness and makes the hair light and fluffy. It contains no grease or dye. Stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

Discriminating ladies who have used Newbro's Herpicide speak of it in the highest terms, for its almost magical effect upon the scalp, and also for its excellence as a regular hair dressing. It is delightfully fragrant and refreshing.

> "I have found Newbro's Herpicide excellent for the hair. The first application stops itching of the scalp and leaves the hair soft and silky.' (Signed) EDNA D. ALLEN, Syracuse, N. Y.

Two sizes-50c and \$1.00-at drugstores. Send 10c in stamps to the Herpicide Co., Dept. N., Detroit, Mich., for a sample. Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906. Serial No. 915. If a substitute is suggested, buy genuine Herpicide at the next drugstore. For sale at all drugstores. Applications at prominent barber