SETTLING DOWN TO NORMAL BASIS

Money Is Flowing Back to Strong Banks.

INCOMING STREAM OF GOLD

Lusitania Sails for New York With \$10,000,000.

ALL EAGER FOR CURRENCY

Each City Husbands Its Own Supply. Cortelyou to Deposit Funds in the South and Help the Cotton Exports.

PINANCIAL STATUS.

of gold abroad. Lusttania bringing banks. Each city refuses to pay currency to other cities. Government to deposit funds in South to handle cotton crop. National City Bank to issue \$1,000,000 more notes. WASHINGTON - Government issues National bank notes under new rules and has many inquiries.
PARIS—General opinion that crisms

will continue some time. Money loaned at moderate rates. LONDON-Additional £658,000 in gold taken from Bank of England for shipment to America. GRAND ISLAND, Neb.—Bank fails

through fallure of bank at Chari-PITTSBURG-Clearing-House decides to leave small bank checks for use in payment of wages, in order to

keep industrial army at work. NEW YORK, Nov. 1.-The financial

situation was gradually clearing today vithout showing any striking features. Runs on the banks and trust companies are practically over; money, which was temporarily withdrawn from banks sub-ject to runs, is flowing to the stronger banks, and currency is being provided in most cases where the demand for it is considered legiumate.

Further engagements of gold by Boston and other points have brought up the total engagements abroad under the recent movement to \$26,550,000. The Lusitania, which salledefrom Liverpool today, has on board about \$10,000,000 in gold, one of the largest single shipments ever made. Prices of exchange were firm during the early part of the day and did not yield seriously at any time. The fact that the Stock Exchange of London and Paris were closed on account of All-Saints day prevented any comparison of quotations

All Grabbing Currency.

Balances with the clearing-house have settled down to a normal condition, but there is still something of a blockade in domestic exchange through the unwillingness of New York banks to pay cur rency on drafts from other cities and the unwillingness of other cities to pay out their currency upon drafts from New York. The condition of affairs indicates a continued pressure for currency rather than a breakdown of credits, but reasonable demands are being met for regular customers of the banks.

The possibility of hastening the export movement of wheat and cotton still en gages the attention of foreign exchange dealers and also of those who endeavor to keep in touch with the general situa-

Doubt is expressed whether the Secretary of the Treasury will be able to carry out on any considerable scale the project of New Orleans exporters for accepting cash at Government fiscal ascucles abroad and transferring it by telegraph to points in this country, but Cortelyou is said to be willing to make such deposits of public money at cotton exporting points as will to a considerable extent relieve the strain.

CHECKS TO REPLACE NOTES

Pittsburg Bankers' Plan to Pay the Wages of Workmen.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 1.-The Pittsburg Clearing House committee tonight announced the details of a plan upon which it had been working for some days. whereby the vast industrial army of the Pittaburg district is to be paid in bank checks of small denominations in lieu of currency. The object sought to be attained by the action is to insure the steady operation of all mills and factories in the district during the existing money stringency, and to continue the present unequalled prosperity.

It was decided to have the various manufacturing establishments pay their workingmen with checks in denominations of \$5, \$10 and \$20 in place of cash. These checks, when properly signed by employers, will be used as currency and will be accepted as cash by tradesmen

The payroll of the Pittsburg district now exceeds \$1,000,000 a day, and is fast growing, and the belief of the bankers e that this plan will keep many thou ands of workingmen in steady employment who might otherwise be denied work this Winter.

Standard Oll to Issue Money.

NEW YORK, Nov. L-Frank A. Vanderlip, vice-president of the National City Bank, announced today that the bank

had purchased Government bonds sufficient to cover an issue of \$1,000,000 of ad-ditional currency. Mr. Vanderlip also stated that the National City Bank has arranged to import \$300,000 in currency

BRYAN FEARS NO LONG PANIC

Opposes Asset Currency as Tending to Aggravate Troubles.

OMAHA, Nov. 1 .- William J. Bryan in Omaha today gave out the following interview on the business and financial conditions:

"I do not look for any prolonged trouble in the business world. Condision in 1892 are entirely different now. Then prices were falling because of a restricted money supply. Now we are in the midst of a tremendous gold production, which gives an abundant money supply and maintains prices, so that business is brisk."

"Then you do not think the present bank trouble shows the need of an emergency or asset currency?"

"Not by any means. On the contrary, I think it is a strong argument



sylvania Railroad, Which Declared Dividend Yesterday and Resolved to Reduce Expense in Face of Increasing Traffle.

against an asset currency. Suppose for instance, we had been using asset currency during the past year and in addition to the present trouble the people had distrust about the money? That would make matters so much the worse. As it is now, there is no doubt about the quality of our money."

FRANCE BAS MONEY TO LEND

Offers Private Loans at Less Than Regular Discount Rate.

PARIS, Nov. 1.-The week-end financial articles, which on account of the holithe world-wide monetary stringency. The corsensus of opinion is that the storm is too general to subside quickly, and much felicitation is expressed over France's strong position in the present

While every exchange in Europe is feeling the squeeze in money and many have been compelled to raise their bank rates of discount, the rate of the Bank of France remains at 3½ per cent and money is so plentiful that it was loaned privately yesterday at 2½ per cent. The high rates prevailing in Germany, Belgium and Holland attracted consider-able French money during the week at

516 and 616 per cent. The Temps thinks that, if the monthly ettlement is safely passed on Monday, the Paris Bourse will have definitely escaped the American contagion, and be in a position to undertake some public issues upon the most advantageous terms

GETTING TOGETHER AT RENO

Business Transacted as Usual-They Agree Not to Withdraw Funds.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 1 .- Reno banks today went on a clearing-house basis, following the example of other cities. Business was transacted as usual. The Blokey banks will probably open Tues-day under an agreement signed last night by the bank officials and the depositors, whereby the depositors agree not to withdraw any funds for three months. Ten per cent will be paid at the end of three months, 20 per cent at the end of 12 months from date A loan of \$290,000 made by the Keane-Wonder Mining Company will be taken up by President Rickey. The Nye and Ormsby County banks are

CIRCULATION SHOWS INCREASE Controller of the Currency Issues

Monthly Statement.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 .- The monthly circulation statement issued by the Con-troller of the Currency shows that at the close of business yesterday the total circulation of National bank notes was \$200.990,166, which is an increase for the month of \$5,993,352, and for the year an increase of \$25,868,451.

The amount of circulation based on United States bonds was \$562,727,514, an United States bonds was \$502,127,044, an increase for the month of \$6,626,285 and an increase for the year of \$25,794,446.

The circulation secured by lawful money amounted to \$47,282,852, a decrease the month of \$682,933 and an increase for the year of \$1,014,036.

NEBRASNA BANK IS CLOSED

Troubles of Iowa Depositary Are Thought to Be Responsible.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Nov. 1.-The Commercial State Bank of this city to-day closed its doors. Fifty thousand dollars of the funds of the bank were in the First National Bank of Chariton, la., whose cashier committed suicide year terday. Fearing the reserve of the Comterday. Fearing the reserve of the Com-mercial would be threatened, its directors decided to close. The capital of the bank was \$50,000, with a surplus of \$5000. Deposits amounted to \$386,000. The bank was owned in Iowa. Other local banks

Concluded on Page 5.

GIVEN TIME TO FIND HITCHCOCK

Bondsmen May Find Him Near Home.

ONE OF VICTIMS IS MISSING

Many Theories as to Actor's Disappearance.

MAY HAVE FLED TO CANADA

Several Reports Trace Him on Road to Boundary-May Be Roaming New York Disguised Under the Makeup of an Actor.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.-The bondsmen of Raymond Hitchcock still have five days in which to deliver the comedian to the court, where he is charged with offenses against young girls. It was hinted today that the actor was living quietly in this city and would be on hand to face his accusers when the case is called next Wednesday.

A new twist to the case was given today, when the police attempted to locate Zella McKenzie, aged 17 years, one of Hitchcock's accusers. She told her story to the Children's Society early in the Fall, after which she became reconciled with her family and returned home. She left month ago and took rooms in West Sixtleth street. According to the agents of the Children's Society, she had met Hitchcock since his troubles began. She left her last lodging about the time the actor was indicted. The police believe the girl could throw some light on what has become of Hitchcock.

Effort to Release Girls.

It was said that an effort would be made to obtain the release under habeas corpus proceedings of Eisle Voecks and Helen von Hagen, two of the girls who testified before the grand jury and who are now detained in the House of the Good Shepherd. The agents of the Gerry Society probably will fight the rulease, alleging that friends of Hitchcock are behind the proceedings.

The only other developments today were in the way of new theories regarding the actor's disappearance. The most fanciful days are published today, continue to be theory, which found some favor, was that absorbed in the American situation and the actor had called into play his "maketheory, which found some favor, was that The police have learned that a man

TRANSPORTATION

closely resembling Hitchcock sailed on the Majestic on Wednesday, and a wire-less telegram has been sent to the cap-

tain of the ship asking him to have the actor held by the English police if he is aboard.

Probably Readed for Canada. Probably Headed for Canada. A gateman at the Grand Central Station

said today that he saw Hitchcock take a train for Boston Wednesday afternoon, valle there is a report from North Adams Mass., that the actor was seen there by William Newman, a botel clerk, A rail-Hitchcock and two companions as far as North Adams, Mass., yesterday. It is learned that while in North Adams the men asked about the quickest route to Manchester, N. H., or Rutland, Vt. Late Wednesday night, according to advices received here, the men were seen in Ben nington, Vt., so it is presumed they were making for Canada as fast as possible. It is said that if Hitchcock has fled across the border he will be safe there from extradition, as the crime with which he is charged is not extraditable.

Wife Wears Brave Front.

Mrs. Hitchcock, wife of the actor, is bearing up bravely, despite the keen inguish caused by her husband's plight

and his apparent abandonment of her

General William Booth, of the Sal-vation Army, for Whom New Yerk Is Preparing a Great Reception.

She has taken her place in the "Yankee was the star, appearing at every performance since her busband disappeared, and going through the part as if nothing had happened. Though she is putting on a brave front and hoping for the best, it is said that inwardly she fears Hitchcock has committed suicide. This is also said to be the bellet of a number of close friends of the actor, who point to the fact that when he left home he was in no way prepared for flight and had but a few dollars in

The police have been informed that Hitchcock wears a gold bracelet wound about his right wrist to ward off rheu matism, and that this bracelet has never

New Orleans Operators Give Up.

TREAD LIGHTLY AND CARRY A BIG STICK!

BRITISH ROADS

Union Votes to Tie Up United Kingdom.

EFFORTS TO AVERT STRUGGLE

Lloyd George Comes Forward as Peacemaker.

COMPANIES DO NOT YIELD

Rules of Union Leave Respite Before

LONDON, Nov. 1.-Notwithstanding the owerful influences that have been at ork for some time in the hope of averting trouble in the British railroad world tonight there seems to be but little prob ability of preventing a strike which will have the most serious consequences to the traveling public and the men and companies involved, as well as to commercial interests generally.

The action taken today by the execu tive committee of the Amelgamated So clety of Railway Servants in passing a resolution to call a general strike leaves little or no hope for a favorable outcome. This society always has been looked upon as one of the most conservative of the labor unions, and its leader, Richard Bell, M. P., has been noted for his efforts to prevent strikes and for his utterances in favor of the rights of cap ital as well as the rights of the work ingman. Consequently the resolution of today is not taken lightly, and in view the men even to discuss a settlement by of these declarations and the determined stand taken by the society since the grievances of the men were first voiced. it does not seem likely that the men will withdraw from their present position.

Lloyd-George as Mediator.

While there is a long list of alleged grievances, the principal one has turned on recognition of the union, and this the ailroad companies, whose chief spokes man is Lord Claude Hamilton, refuse, Under the rules of the society and the equirements of the law the strike can not take place for some weeks. In the the efforts of David Lloyd-George, who, NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 1.—So far as tion as president of the Board of Trade, the telegraphers' strike is now over. Operators will a settlement will be successful. So about a settlement, will be successful. So far, however, Mr. Lloyd-George's admittedly great energy in this regard has

MER

WANTED:

history

been unfruitful, but in a speech tonight he declared that he would keep on trying to bring about peace with honor to both parties. His earnestness is indicated by the announcement that he will call into consultation representatives of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, in the hope of bringing employers and employes into line, thus placing him in the position of a conciliatory arbitrator, whose function it will be to hear both

Socialism as a Bogey.

The railroads charge that the present agitation is due to the growth of Socialism, and, curiously enough, while this idea was being volced by Lord Claude Hamilton tonight in a declaration that Socialism was "irreligious and immoral in its teachings," Mr. Lloyd-George wa averring in his address that Socialism was a "bogey of today, introduced to frighten the unwary," and that there was no danger, but a "certain advantage in Socilaism, insomuch as it stirred the people to think."

The resolution adopted by the executive mmittee of the employes reads:

"The conference of representatives of the railway men of England, Ireland. Scotland and Wales regrets that the ar



David Lloyd George, President of Board of Trade of Great Britain, Who Is Trying to Avert General Rallroad Strike.

bitrary refusal of the railway companies to meet the accredited representatives of friendly negotiations leaves no other course open but to carry out the mandate of our members."

Each Party Boosts Itself.

Mr. Bell, who is secretary of the emloyes' association, said: "Not only the members of the society, but every man in the railway service, will get notice. We took the opinion of our members, and knowing also that thousands outside the society are in sympathy with us, we resolved to call on every one to come out."

Secrecy is maintained as to the ballot. meantime there is a remote hope that but it is understood that 70,000 to 80,000 declared for a general strike, and that at drama without being infected," least 100,000 men belonging to the Amai-

gamated Society will strike. The companies contend that the Amalgamated Society by no means represents the entire body of railway employes, and they say that they have had a very satisfactory response to circulars asking who can be counted upon to remain loyal.

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NEGRESS MAKES **OUEER CHARGES**

Colored Girls Unsafe Among Whites.

COURTS DO NOT PROTECT THEM

Says Colored Mothers Should Ask References.

TRAFFIC IN WHITE SLAVES

speaker at Purity Congress Says It Is Organized on Large Scale-Seattle Clearing-House for Export to Foreign Countries.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Nov. 1 .-Mrs. Mary Church Terrell, president of the National Association of Colored Women, delivered a curious invective against the people of the South before the Purity Congress here tonight.

"No servant girl is safe in the homes of the white people," she declared, "and no mother who considered her daughter's honor would allow her to become a servant without first requiring refer-She declares that all of the states of

the South have plotted to shut out the children of the blacks from an education, and that the courts had refused to protect colored women. Mrs. Terrell was especially bitter in her condemnation of the women of the South, some of whom she quoted as saying the negro women were devold of honor, "Many of our rich men will gladly give thousands to help my race," she said, "but refuse to give an honest,

honorable, educated negro respectable employment" Examination Before Marriage.

John H. Roberts, delegate of the Alliance of Honor, of London, England, urged that young men and women about to marry pass not only a mental and intellectual examination, but a physical examination before a license is issued to them. He urged the suppression of immoral literature and liquor. Though once an actor himself, Mr. Roberts declared that purity work-

ers must antagonize the theater. "Our young cannot touch the modern clared. "Most of our modern plays deal with the so-called love of two men for one woman, or two women for one home, and if we don't fight it, it will engulf the Anglo-Saxon race in a sea

of lust and infamy." At the afternoon meeting Dr. Rudolph Holmes, a member of the Chicago Society of Social Hygiene, declared that race suicide was attempted in this country in 35 out of a possible 100 cases and that physicians who are still within the pale sign fictitious causes to death of infant cases.

Traffic in Young Girls. In this afternoon's session of the Na-

tional Purity Congress, Chairman Wiley J. Phillips, of the White Slave Traffic Committee, a California editor, declared in his report that "America is not only receiving girl victims of an organized traffic, but is exporting them to other countries." "Seattle," said he, "Is an export station from which girls from Los Angeles,

New Orleans and New York are sent."

only international, but local organizations. Chicago is a stake market. In the Twenty-second street district 278 girls under 14 years of age were taken by the police in Mr. Phillipps said that the number of foreign girls is proof of the systematic importation with which the Government should interfere. He charged that the local agents who get into trouble are de-fended by friends of the organization.

He continued: "We have to combat not

Negro Avenges Wife.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 1.—R. E. Weber, a sergeant in the United States army, stationed at the Columbus barracks, was killed tonight by Edward Mitchel, a negro, who came home unexpectedly and found Weber in company with Mrs.

AND WHERE IS FAIR HELEN?

Clarkson Returns to London Without Maloney's Daughter.

LONDON, Nov. 1 .- Samuel Clarkson, hose elopement a month ago with Miss Helen Maloney, daughter of Martin Maloney, the papal Marquis of Philadelphia, stirred up two continents, has created another sensation by returning to London without the young woman and settling down to his former dilettante life in lodgings near his club in Piccadilly.
Where Miss Maloney is no one knows.

POPE PIUS IS VERY SICK

Said to Be Suffering From Heart Trouble and Gives Up Work.

PARIS, Nov. 2 .- Advices from Rome to the Eciair says that Pope Pius is suffering from an attack of heart trouble. He is very weak, according o the correspondent, and is obliged to take to his bed and abandon ail ap-