



the dissolving elements in a solution are made to crystalize around a center. The situation that began to emerge was found

"It would be selfish of me," said the financier, "to remain silent at this time, uld tend to aid i

000,000. Forty-four of the principal copper stocks have lost \$500,000,000 of their nominal value. On the miscellaneous stocks and bonds listed, the shrinkage has did not vote at all, are back in line and

ticians are sanguine that the big registration augurs that Republicans hitherto out of line with their party locally, who



Gregomtan.

prevalent features indeed having risen to the stage of unreason and hysteria among depositors in the institutions which were subjected to runs. However lacking in reason, the condition . thus precipitated was sufficiently serious, and indications of this were striking and often sensational. The pressure on credits, even in the expanded condition to which they had attained, had become severe, every baromoter having reflected this for many months past.

Cortelyou Into the Breach.

The events in New York resulted in drawing down deposits of banks, thus inishing the very basis of the volume of credits. The consequence was a violent constriction of credits which blight on values where it touched. The task confronting the financial generals in New York was to limit as far as possible the field of operation of these constrictions of credit. The Secretary of the Treasury came into cooperation with the great capitalists of the country to supply reserves for meeting the crisis. The requirement was a avy one, owing to the contagious nature of the financial fright, and the general movement which followed among banking institutions which fortify themselves even beyond their needs. Millions of ready money had to be thrown into the vaults of the trust companies which ware sustaining a run, while demands were made on the banks by other trust companies which had funds on deposit with the banks,

As the great depository center of the country, New York banks are subject to similar demands from all over the country during a period of threatened money conditions. The consequence was that credit in certain departments of the money market was practically paralyzed. This was true of operations in the stock market, where a condition of deadlock had developed by Thursday, which was only broken by the offering of \$25,000,000 on call when the traders were in greatest need of it.

Ousting the Wildcat.

It is not expected that affairs will subside immediately into placidity after so violent an upheaval. The lopping off of offending members of the financial body has made wide progress. and the removal of a threatening factor in the New York banking situation is viewed with great satisfaction by all friends of solidity and safety in banking. Even great gratification is felt over the opening of the way to reform New York trust company altuations. Orderly co-operation and mutual assistance among these powerful institutions are in themselves important achievements, and notable additions to the fortifying of the whole financial fabric. These measures have sprung up full-grown out of the week's situation. Provision for systematic information of the actual condition of the trust companies and periodical reports of this to their own central authority in the manner of the clearing-house committee among the panks, are safe-

clearing up present conditions and in helping the anxious depositors in the banks and trust companies to see things in the light in which they should be seen. I think the situation is better now than it has been at any moment of the last two weeks. "The importation of gold is going to re-

lleve the money stringency materially, but I think that the Treasury ought to deposit more gold in the banks in order facilitate the importation which has been planned. The securities necessary to safeguard Treasury deposits are in

existence and upon their presentation the Government should act immediately. While the gold is on the other side and in transit it is impossible for shippers to sell their bills here. Consequently Treasury deposits would fill in and enable the shippers to realize on their good paper

credits. "The demands of the manufacturing and commercial elements are going to shrink shortly, and in my opinion, before the next 60 or 90 days, money will be easier than for years. Those who have been withdrawing their deposits from the banks and trusts will then be as eager to get it back as they have been to take it out. "Let me tell you again that this is

the time for a man with a little money to invest it in good securities. The opportunity is fleeting, and I doubt if it will ever knock at his door again. Good securities have never been so low. The man and woman with sev-ings of a few hundred dollars have never had such a chance to better themselves or use their mite to the advantage which now exists. 'My reason for saying this is based on

the underlying conditions. Everything is sound because of our having had such a surplus of crops, and this year this is true, not so much in quantity, as in "I am optimistic. The tide of recent

disturbances has begun to drop. All that is needed to hasten the descent is more gold, and that to be used principally in the scheme of buying shippers' bills and thus enabling the movement of the idle thus enabling the move grain and cotton crop."

CHECK DRAIN ON THE BANKS.

cautionary Measures.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 27 .- Representatives of the banks of St. Paul. Minneapolis and Duluth this afternoon agreed to discontinue the payment of money on checks, certificates of deposit or drafts except for small sums, and that for the present no money should be furnished to bank corre-spondents. It was agreed, however, that the banks should certify checks on balances in their hands, payable through the clearing-houses only. The savings banks and trust companies will require the 60 and 90-day notices. The payment of checks and drafts through the clearing-house will proceed in the usual way. A statement was issued after the

meeting that the action as outlined was taken for the purpose of protect-ing commercial interests, and for preventing a drain on the banks. It (Concluded on Page 5.)

In the table below, the approximate loss in value of the leading railroad and industrial stocks of the country is shown: Railroad Stocks.

\$6,000, 20,000, 10,000

10.000.0

4.300,00

91,500,00 9,750,00

3,650,000

4,200,00 \$0,000,00 40,000,00

12,000,000 3,000,000 52,750,000 5,250,000

16,250,000 4,700,000 10,000,000 2,000,000

2,250,000

107.300.00

15.400.00

22.750.00

35,000.0

.875.0

7,000,000 8,125,000 12,500,000 141,000,000 91,750,000 18,200,000 17,500,000

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dians to next June's Ross Festival.

on America's commanding positio

day. Page 9.

Captain L. D. Mahone speaks to Y. M. C. A

Four arrests made for disposing of liquor on

R. L. Cates, prominent real estate dealer, dies at Hillsboro, Page 14.

High. Oct. 25, 1907. 1907. Shrinkage. Atlantic Coast Line.133. 0145 \$22,000,000 Atchison. 1053 \$5 Atchison. 1053 \$5 Atchison. 1053 \$5 Atchison. 1054 \$5 Baltimore & Ohio. 122 \$6 Brook. Rapid Tran. 55% \$3 Brook. Rapid Tran. 55% \$3 Cenadian Pacific. 10545 \$15654 \$47,100,000 Chicago Great West 18 7% \$5,000,000 Chicago A. W. 205 13149 \$8,000,000 Colorado & Southern 35% \$144 \$18,500,000 Colorado & Southern 35% \$144 \$18,500,000 Delaware & Hudson.2274 \$12845 \$3,000,000 Dela.Lack & West 510 \$300 \$2000,000 Dela.Colorado & Southern 35% \$15% \$10,000,000 Dela.Lack & West 510 \$300 \$2000,000 Dela.Colorado & \$2000,000 \$200000,000 \$20000,000 \$200000 \$20000,000 \$20000,000 \$20000,000 \$2000 Dein. Lack & West 510 300 D. & R. G. 10 425 185 D. & R. G. pfd ... 835 185 Erie, 1st yfd ... 857 57 Erie, 1st yfd ... 765 80 Erie, 2d pfd ... 97 284 Gt. Northern pfd. 15034 111 Hocking Valley ... 114 74 Hilmois Central ... 172 117 Interboro Metrop. 58 64 Iowa Central ... 285 114 Iowa Gentral, pfd. 51 83 S. C. Southern ... 904 23 1184 994 28 614 70 1054 168 1343 48% Central ...

Y. Central Y. Ontario & W. folk & West. folk & W. pfd... thern Pacific ... ific Mail nsylvania . 02 % 90 %

Industrial Stocks.

Twin Citles and Duluth Take Pre-

Industrial St Amalgamated Cop. 1215 Am Cotton Oll. 36.5 American Ice 88 American Lineed. 194 American Lineed. 194 American States 194 American Sugar 194 Cont Leather 194 Consolidated Gas 194 State 194 Consolidated Gas 194 Pressed Steel Car 57 Pressed Steel

All's Well in Bay City.

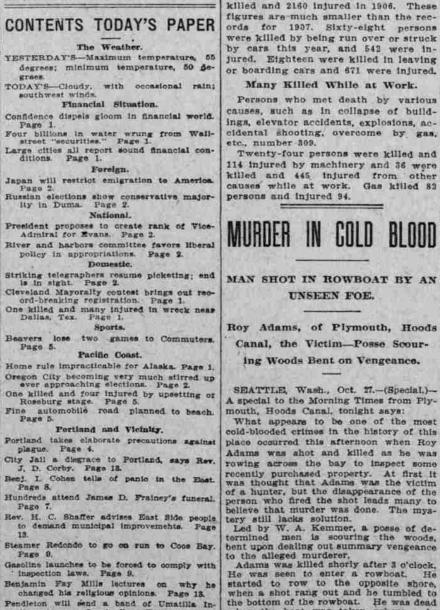
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 27 .- The oper ing of a new week finds absolute confi-

ready to vote. They point to the fact that the biggest increase in registration has been in the heavy Republican wards Mayor Johnson and his assistants, how-

ever, are equally sanguine that the increased interest in municipal affairs as shown by the big registration is due to his position on the question of lower streetcar fares.

Increase Railway Rates.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 27 .-- It was au thoritatively stated today that a general increase in the railway rates of the country would go into effect in the near future.



Department, and shows, according to the city statistician, that the police did not follow up many cases of accidents to see whether death resulted or not. Mr. Grosser shows that the percentage of accidental deaths in 1905 was 27 in each 103,000 population. In 1906 it was 39, and in 1907 it had grown to 322.

Seventy-eight persons were killed in 1905 by streetcars and 98 persons were killed and 2160 injured in 1906. These figures are much smaller than the rec-ords for 1907. Sixty-eight persons were killed by being run over or struck by cars this year, and 542 were injured. Eighteen were killed in leaving

Many Killed While at Work.

Persons who met death by various causes, such as in collapse of buildings, elevator accidents, explosions, accidental shooting, overcome by gas,

114 injured by machinery and 36 were killed and 445 injured from other causes while at work. Gas killed 82 persons and injured 94.

BLOOD

Canal, the Victim-Posse Scouring Woods Bent on Vengeance. SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 17 .- (Special.)-A special to the Morning Times from Ply-mouth, Hoods Canal, tonight says: cold-blooded crimes in the history of this place occurred this afternoon when Roy Adams was shot and killed as he was rowing across the bay to inspect some recently purchased property. At first it was thought that Adams was the victim of a hunter, but the disappearance of the person who fired the shot leads many to that murder was done. The mysthis afternoon.

Led by W. A. Kemmer, a posse of de-ermined men is scouring the woods, termined men is scouring the woods, bent upon dealing out summary vengeance

to the alleged murderer, Adams was killed shorly after 3 o'clock. He was seen to enter a rowboat. He started to row to the opposite shore, when a shot rang out and he tumbled to the bottom of the rowboat. He was dead when the boat was taken ashore. As

far as known the person who fired the shot was not seen. A careful search along the shore was made but no trace of

was popular in Plymouth. He leaves a ing financial conditions, except to say widow and five children. His widow is that he will not return to New York.

those most seriously hurt were hurrled to hospitals, while those whose injuries were of a less serious nature According to the police report, the were attended by the company's surnumber of violent deaths was 1299. geons, who met the train at the depot. That is below the record of the Health Those most seriously injured are: T. E. Lusk, Jackson, Mich., seriously

injured about back, with internal complications, may die. Samuel Nolen, Royse, Texas, leg

broken in two places. Adelaide Ray, Dennison, colored, internal injuries, may not recover. Bob Slaydon, engineer of the freight engine, back, head and spine hurt.

TIMES TOO GOOD FOR PANIC

Bryan Comments on Situation in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27 .- The best way to prevent a recurrence of the financial conditions, in the opinion of William J. Bryan, would be to provide a guarantee fund raised by taxing the banks themselves, which could be used in emergency "But the bankers," said Mr. Bryan, "are the very men who fight such a plan

Are the very men who light such a pinh because they object to the tax." Mr. Bryan said he thought a general panle would not result from the present conditions in New York City. He is not inclined to hold President Roosevelt re-sponsible for the present conditions. "It would be unfair to hold President Processed wholly responsible for the site. Roossveit wholly responsible for the sit-uation," said Mr. Bryan. "He should not be criticised for attacking manifest evils, but I do not mean to say that he has been wise in all that he has done. The local situation locks more like a scare to me, than anything else," continued Mr. Bryan. 'Certainly the conditions throughout the

country are not such as to warrant a panicky feeling. All industries are unusually prosperous, and prices are ad-vancing. In that respect the conditions are just the reverse of what they were in the partic of 1895, when prices were fall-ing. Present conditions do not invite a general panic. I am not prepared to say how much the scarcily of money has to do with the situation."

BANK CASHIER SHOT DEAD

Mysterious Murder of Fred A. Boron

of Akron, Ohio.

AKRON, O., Oct. 27 .- Fred A. Boron, cashier of the Dollar Savings Bank, and

one of the most prominent men in the city, was shot and killed in his home His family was away and a servant girl returned to the house shortly after 7:30 o'clock and found him lying on the floor dead. The Coroner and the police were summoned immediately and a message was sent to Mrs. Boron, in Cleveland, asking her to come home at once. The police suspect foul play. The directors of the bank state that his books are in first-class condition.

Back to Washington.

some of the expenses these figures in dicate are necessary in the Northland. But the taxes levied directly or indirectly upon the Alaskans do not pay anything like the cost of county government.

Suppose, say sober-minded Alaskans who are earnestly for territorial government, that Alaska were to be set off as a territory and several counties erected. Suppose a felony were committed at Nome and the guilty man fled to Juneau, or Eagle or any other distant place one can imagine. By the way, Valdez is an even better illustration. A Sheriff would travel for any length of time up to a month to capture him and when he arrived might find he had flown again. Or if captured by another Sheriff the bill of expense in going after him would be tremendous. Alaska is a country of magnificent distances and if one spilled the map of that country over the Atlantic Coast he would have to tip up the edges to find Forida and Maine. To talk about crecting three counties in that empire is like talking about a single Sheriff ruling the Southeastern part of Oregon. Harney or Malheur County looks like a big piece of the United States, but neither district would make a precinct in the proposed county organization of Alaska,

Pattern After Michigan.

There is another way of looking at this territorial government scheme for Alaska and that is the way the conservative men of the Northland regard it. They suggest a modified form of self-government, something similar to that first sc-corded Michigan. The Alaskans want this difference though: Michigan had a legislative assembly composed half of appointees and half of elected delegates. Alaska wants elected lawmakers. In addition Alaska wants the government to assume the heavier burdens, such as the maintenance of the Marshal's office and of road building. The Federal Government in any event would continue to name Marshals and Judges and Govern ors, so the conservative Alaskans suggest that a modified form of territorial government be provided whereby a limited amount of local legislation can be provided by the Legislature and the Federal Government compelled to do most of the law enforcement and law enactments.

Taxation Will Be an Issue.

The interest of the big mining corporations in the fight against territorial government is illustrated in this: One of the smallest of the so-called big operators pays no taxes now. To maintain a territorial form of government he would have to pay from \$10,000 to \$20,000 a year in taxes. Then, reconcile this, if you think you can understand Alaska politics, this man is going to help the fight for territorial government at Juneau.

Unquestionably the Juneau convention will demand territorial government. Irrespective of their various views on terfar as known the person who fired the shot was not seen. A careful search along the shore was made but no trace of lim was found. It was then that clizens became con-vinced that Adams was murdered. Adams was popular in Plymouth. He leaves a widow and five children. His widow is ever provided a people

What appears to be one of the m tery still lacks solution.